



THE SOUTH AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

ALL PUBLIC ACTS appearing in this GAZETTE are to be considered official, and obeyed as such

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY, 27 MARCH 2003

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GOVERNMENT GAZETTE NOTICES

ALL poundkeepers' and private advertisements forwarded for publication in the *South Australian Government Gazette* must be PAID FOR PRIOR TO INSERTION; and all notices, from whatever source, should be legibly written on one side of the paper only and sent to **Government Publishing SA** so as to be *received no later than 4 p.m. on the Tuesday preceding the day of publication. Phone 8207 1045 or Fax 8207 1040. E-mail: governmentgazette@saugov.sa.gov.au*. Send as attachments in Word format and please confirm your transmission with a faxed copy of your document, including the date the notice is to be published and to whom the notice will be charged.

Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Adelaide, 27 March 2003

HIS Excellency the Governor's Deputy directs it to be notified for general information that he has in the name and on behalf of Her Majesty The Queen, this day assented to the undermentioned Act passed by the Legislative Council and House of Assembly in Parliament assembled, viz.:

No. 1 of 2003—Nuclear Waste Storage Facility (Prohibition) Amendment Act 2003. An Act to amend the Nuclear Waste Storage Facility (Prohibition) Act 2000.

By command,

JANE LOMAX-SMITH, for Premier

DPC 02/0586

Adelaide, 27 March 2003

HIS Excellency the Governor's Deputy has been pleased to appoint the Honourable Rory John McEwen, MP, Minister for Trade and Regional Development, Minister for Local Government and Minister Assisting the Minister for Federal/State Relations to be also Acting Minister for Social Justice, Acting Minister for Housing, Acting Minister for Youth and Acting Minister for the Status of Women for the period 15 April 2003 to 25 April 2003 inclusive during the absence of the Honourable Stephanie Wendy Key, MP.

By command,

JANE LOMAX-SMITH, for Premier

MSJ 007/03CS

Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Adelaide, 27 March 2003

HIS Excellency the Governor's Deputy has revoked the appointment of Grant William Barron as a Member of the Physiotherapists Board of South Australia pursuant to the Physiotherapists Act 1991 and the Acts Interpretation Act 1915.

By command,

JANE LOMAX-SMITH, for Premier

MHEA-MGR0030CS

Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Adelaide, 27 March 2003

HIS Excellency the Governor's Deputy has accepted the resignation of His Honour Justice D. F. Wicks from the Office of Justice of the Supreme Court of South Australia with effect from 28 March 2003.

By command,

JANE LOMAX-SMITH, for Premier

ATTG 0059/03CS

Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Adelaide, 27 March 2003

HIS Excellency the Governor's Deputy in Executive Council has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned to the Adelaide Festival Corporation Board, pursuant to the provisions of the Adelaide Festival Corporation Act 1998:

Member: (from 27 March 2003 until 26 March 2006)

Brett Gregory Rowse

By command,

JANE LOMAX-SMITH, for Premier

ASA 001/02CS

BUILDING WORK CONTRACTORS ACT 1995

Exemption

TAKE notice that, pursuant to section 45 of the Building Work Contractors Act 1995, I, Michael John Atkinson, Minister for Consumer Affairs, do hereby exempt the person named in Schedule 1 from the application of Division 3 of Part 5 of the Act in relation to domestic building work described in Schedule 2.

SCHEDULE 1

Brianni Constructions, GL 54450.

SCHEDULE 2

Domestic building work performed by the licensee at lot 40, Valley Road, Montacute, pursuant to a contract between the licensee and Seghetti Estates Pty Ltd in accordance with the architect's schedule of drawings, document 870 of the architect's specification numbered 1298, dated August 2002.

Dated 18 March 2003.

M. J. ATKINSON, Minister for Consumer Affairs

Ref: 600/03-00032

Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Adelaide, 27 March 2003

HIS Excellency the Governor's Deputy in Executive Council has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned to the Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare Advisory Committee, pursuant to the provisions of the Occupational Health, Safety and Welfare Act 1986:

Member: (from 7 April 2003 until 27 August 2003)

Margaret Michele Patterson

Presiding Member: (from 7 April 2003 until 27 August 2003)

Margaret Michele Patterson

By command,

JANE LOMAX-SMITH, for Premier

MIR-WPS005/03CS

CROWN LANDS ACT 1929: SECTION 5

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the Crown Lands Act 1929, I JOHN HILL, Minister for Environment and Conservation, Minister of the Crown to whom the administration of the Crown Lands Act 1929 is committed DO HEREBY resume the land defined in The Schedule.

The Schedule

Reserve for Educational Radio Transmission Purposes, allotment 100 of DP 43824, Hundred of Port Adelaide, County of Adelaide, the notice of which was published in the *Government Gazette*, 7 December 1995 at page 1557, being the whole of the land contained in Crown Record Volume 5326 Folio 380.

Dated 27 March 2003.

J. HILL, Minister for Environment and Conservation

DENR 9672/1995

Department of the Premier and Cabinet
Adelaide, 27 March 2003

HIS Excellency the Governor's Deputy in Executive Council has been pleased to appoint the undermentioned to the Physiotherapists Board of South Australia, pursuant to the provisions of the Physiotherapists Act 1991:

Member: (from 27 March 2003 until 19 March 2006)

Grant William Taylor

By command,

JANE LOMAX-SMITH, for Premier

MHEA-MGR 0030CS

Department of the Premier and Cabinet

CROWN LANDS ACT 1929: SECTION 5

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the Crown Lands Act 1929, I JOHN HILL, Minister for Environment and Conservation, Minister of the Crown to whom the administration of the Crown Lands Act 1929 is committed DO HEREBY:

1. Dedicate the Crown Land defined in The First Schedule as a Public Road.
2. Dedicate the Crown Land defined in The Second Schedule as a Public Recreation Reserve and declare that such land shall be under the care, control and management of The District Council of Elliston.

The First Schedule

Allotment 5 of DP 57306, Hundred of Ward, County of Musgrave, being within the district of Elliston.

The Second Schedule

Allotment 9 of DP 57306, Hundred of Ward, County of Musgrave, exclusive of all necessary roads.

Dated 27 March 2003.

J. HILL, Minister for Environment and Conservation
DEHAA 08/0451

CROWN LANDS ACT 1929: SECTION 5

TAKE NOTICE that pursuant to the Crown Lands Act 1929, I JOHN HILL, Minister for Environment and Conservation, Minister of the Crown to whom the administration of the Crown Lands Act 1929 is committed DO HEREBY:

1. Dedicate the Crown Land defined in The First Schedule as a Walkway Reserve and declare that such land shall be under the care, control and management of the Alexandrina Council.
2. Dedicate the Crown Land defined in The Second Schedule as a Parkland Reserve and declare that such land shall be under the care, control and management of the Alexandrina Council.

The First Schedule

Allotment 13 of DP 59505, Hundred of Goolwa, County of Hindmarsh, exclusive of all necessary roads, being the whole of the land contained in Crown Record Volume 5876 Folio 319, subject nevertheless to an existing easement to Distribution Lessor Corporation (subject to Lease 8890000) for the transmission of electricity by overhead cable *vide* RLG 9205513.

The Second Schedule

Allotment 11 of DP 59505, Hundred of Goolwa, County of Hindmarsh, exclusive of all necessary roads, being the whole of the land contained in Crown Record Volume 5876 Folio 317.

Dated 27 March 2003.

J. HILL, Minister for Environment and Conservation
DEHAA 12/0696

DEVELOPMENT ACT 1993: SECTION 28 (1): DECLARATION OF INTERIM OPERATION OF YORKE PENINSULA DISTRICT COUNCIL—PORT VINCENT MARINA PLAN AMENDMENT

NOTICE

PURSUANT to section 28 (1) of the Development Act 1993, I, the Governor's Deputy, with the advice and consent of the Executive Council, being of the opinion that it is necessary in the interest of the orderly and proper development of the area affected by the 'Yorke Peninsula District Council—Port Vincent Marina Plan Amendment' that the Plan Amendment should come into operation without delay, declare that the Plan Amendment will come into operation on an interim basis on 27 March 2003.

Given under my hand at Adelaide, 27 March 2003.

BRUNO KRUMINS, Governor's Deputy
MFUDP CAB CPSA2003/00002CS

DEVELOPMENT ACT 1993

District Council of Yorke Peninsula—Port Vincent Marina—Plan Amendment Report Prepared by the Council—Draft for Public Consultation

THE District Council of Yorke Peninsula has prepared a draft Plan Amendment Report to rezone land associated with the Port Vincent Marina.

Matters addressed in the draft Plan Amendment Report include:

- The creation of Commercial and Residential zones within the boundary of the marina, in accord with the approval granted to the development under the terms of the Environmental Impact Statement;
- The introduction of objectives and principles of development control for each of the proposed zones, with particular regard to protecting the coastal environment and views of the development from the sea and adjoining built up areas;
- New mapping to reflect the approved boundary of the Council area to include the marina, and the zones to be created.

The draft Plan Amendment Report and Statement of Investigations will be available for public inspection and purchase at \$10 a copy during normal working hours, at the Council Offices, 8 Elizabeth Street, Maitland, 18 Main Street, Minlaton, or 15 Edithburgh Road, Yorketown.

The Plan will be on display from Thursday, 27 March to Friday, 30 May 2003.

Written submissions regarding the draft amendment should be lodged no later than 5 p.m. on Friday, 30 May 2003. All submissions should be addressed to The Chief Executive Officer, District Council of Yorke Peninsula, P.O. Box 88, Minlaton, S.A. 5575, and should clearly indicate whether you wish to be heard in support of your submission.

Copies of all submissions will be available for inspection by interested persons at the Council Offices from 30 May 2003 until the public hearing.

A public hearing will be held at 7.30 p.m. on Wednesday, 4 June 2003 at the Supper Room, Main Street, Port Vincent.

The public hearing will not be held if no submissions are received or if no submission has a request to be heard.

Dated 27 March 2003.

S. GRIFFITHS, Chief Executive Officer

DEVELOPMENT ACT 1993: SECTION 46 (1)

Preamble

Section 46 (1) of the Development Act 1993 allows the Minister for Urban Development and Planning to apply that section to a specified kind of development or project if the Minister is of the opinion that a declaration under that section is appropriate or necessary for the proper assessment of development or a project of major environmental, social or economic importance.

NOTICE

PURSUANT to Section 46 (1) of the Development Act 1993, being of the opinion that a declaration under that section is appropriate for the proper assessment of development of major environmental, social and economic importance, I declare that section 46 of the Act applies to all development of a kind specified in Schedule 1, in that part of the State specified in Schedule 2.

J. WEATHERILL, Minister for Urban Development and Planning

Dated 27 March 2003.

SCHEDULE 1

The following kinds of development are specified:

- (a) the construction of a building within the site specified in Schedule 2 for one or more of the following purposes:
 - (i) residential accommodation;
 - (ii) retail premises;
 - (iii) commercial premises;
- (b) the demolition of a building within the site specified in Schedule 2;
- (c) the construction of a carpark associated with development within the ambit of paragraph (a), whether undertaken within the site specified in Schedule 2 or on, under or over adjacent land (including a road, street, footpath, thoroughfare or reserve);
- (d) a change in the use of land associated with any development within the ambit of a preceding paragraph (whether in respect of the site specified in Schedule 2 or in respect of adjacent land (including a road, street, footpath, thoroughfare or reserve));
- (e) the division of an allotment associated with any development within the ambit of a preceding paragraph (whether in respect of the site specified in Schedule 2 or in respect of adjacent land (including a road, street, footpath, thoroughfare or reserve));
- (f) any related or ancillary development associated with development within the ambit of a preceding paragraph (whether undertaken within the site specified in Schedule 2 or on, under or over adjacent land (including a road, street, footpath, thoroughfare or reserve)).

SCHEDULE 2

The whole of the land contained in Certificate of Title Volume 5559, Folios 78, 79 and 80, and Volume 5779, Folio 146. (More generally known as the RAA corner of Grenfell Street and Hindmarsh Square in the City of Adelaide.)

ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AUTHORITY

Exemption

THE Environment Protection Authority has issued to Flinders University Union Incorporated an exemption from the Environment Protection (Industrial Noise) Policy 1994 with respect to a music event held at Flinders University Campus, Sturt Road, Bedford Park. The exemption relates to the music event held on 22 March 2003 known as the 'Orientation Ball'.

G. SCLARE, Delegate, Environment Protection Authority

ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION AUTHORITY

Exemptions

THE Environment Protection Authority has issued to Brian Gleeson Event Management Pty Ltd an exemption from the Environment Protection (Industrial Noise) Policy 1994 with respect to a music event held at Memorial Drive, North Adelaide. The exemption relates to the music event which will be held on 30 March 2003 known as the 'Santana' concert.

The Environment Protection Authority has issued an exemption to the City of West Torrens, who is exempted from the requirement of Section 45 (5) of the Environment Protection Act 1993 to comply with conditions of Licence. This exemption relates to non-compliance with condition 67-458 of EPA Licence 242, and allows for the collection of hazardous waste on the day 15 March 2003 only at 179 Morphett Road, North Plympton.

G. SCLARE, Delegate, Environment Protection Authority

FISHERIES ACT 1982: SECTION 59

TAKE notice that, pursuant to section 59 of the Fisheries Act 1982, the Director of Fisheries is exempt from the time limit prescribed in subregulation 8 (1) of the Scheme of Management (Lakes and Coorong Fishery) Regulations 1991 insofar as he may renew a licence in respect of the fishery, subject to the conditions set out in Schedule 1, on application made more than twelve months after the expiry of the licence.

SCHEDULE 1

This exemption from the 12 month time limit prescribed in subregulation 8 (1) of the Scheme of Management (Lakes and Coorong Fishery) Regulations 1991 only applies in relation to an application made in respect of licence number L18 being a Lakes and Coorong Fishery Licence issued under the Fisheries Act 1982.

This exemption from the 12 month time limit prescribed in subregulation 8 (1) of the Scheme of Management (Lakes and Coorong Fishery) Regulations 1991 applies to one application for renewal only and such application must be made by the licensee within 1 month of the gazettal date of this Notice.

Dated 25 February 2003

P. HOLLOWAY, Minister for Primary Industries and Resources

GEOGRAPHICAL NAMES ACT 1991

Notice to Assign Names and Boundaries to Places

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to the provisions of the above Act that I, Jay Weatherill, Minister for Administrative Services, Minister of the Crown to whom the administration of the Geographical Names Act 1991 is committed DO HEREBY:

1. Rename the area declared as WALL within the Rural City of Murray Bridge, as shown in the *Government Gazette* of 16 March 2002 and on Rack Plan 833, as WALL FLAT.

2. Assign the names MAUDE, LINDLEY, BEATTY, BOWER, MOUNT MARY, EBA, MORGAN, NORTH WEST BEND, BEAUMONTS, MORPHETTS FLAT, BRENDA PARK, CLAYPANS, WOMBATS REST, STUART, CADELL LAGOON, TAYLORVILLE, CADELL, MURBKO, McBEAN POUND, BLANCHETOWN, BROWNLOW, STEINFELD, DUTTON EAST, FRANK-TON, DUTTON, TRURO, ANNADALE, SANDLETON, KEYNETON, TOWITTA, SEDAN, FISHER, SWAN REACH, MARKS LANDING, LANGS LANDING, PUNYELROO, BIG BEND, GREENWAYS LANDING, NILDOTTIE, FORSTER, WONGULLA, SUNNYDALE, BLACK HILL, CAMBRAI, EDEN VALLEY, SPRINGTON, SANDERSTON, MOUNT PLEASANT, MILENDELLA, ANGUS VALLEY, PUNTHARI, WALKER FLAT, CAURNAMONT, PURNONG, BOWHILL, YOUNG-HUSBAND, YOUNGHUSBAND HOLDINGS, TEAL FLAT, OLD TEAL FLAT, LAKE CARLET, ROCKY POINT, PELLARING FLAT, FIVE MILES, FRAHNS, COWIRRA, BOLTO, PORT MANNUM, MANNUM, FRAYVILLE, APAMURRA, PALMER, TUNGKILLO, BIRDWOOD, MOUNT TORRENS, ROCKLEIGH, TEPKO, CALOOTE, ZADOWS LANDING, PONDE, WALL FLAT, POMPOOTA and BURDETT to those areas within the Mid Murray Council and shown numbered 1 to 83 on Rack Plan 844.

Dated 20 March 2003.

J. WEATHERILL, Minister for Administrative Services

04/02001

HOUSING IMPROVEMENT ACT 1940

WHEREAS by notice published in the *Government Gazette* on the dates mentioned in the following table the South Australian Housing Trust did declare the houses described in the said table to be substandard for the purposes of Part 7 of the Housing Improvement Act 1940, the South Australian Housing Trust in the exercise of the powers conferred by the said Part, does hereby fix as the maximum rental per week which shall be payable subject to section 55 of the Residential Tenancies Act 1995, in respect of each house described in the following table the amount shown in the said table opposite the description of such house and this notice shall come into force on the date of this publication in the *Gazette*.

Address of House	Allotment, Section, etc.	Certificate of Title		Date and page of <i>Government Gazette</i> in which notice declaring house to be substandard published	Maximum rental per week payable in respect of each house \$
		Volume	Folio		
8 Caire Street, Alberton	Allotment 70 in filed plan 143134, Hundred of Yatala	5466	785	24.9.87, page 963	90
43 Port Street, Gladstone	Allotment 60 in deposited plan 357, Hundred of Yangya	5484	226	30.11.89, page 1635	50
	Allotment 61 in deposited plan 357, Hundred of Yangya	5483	936		
Lot 38 Coats Crescent, Golden Heights (Waikerie)	Allotment 38 in deposited plan 7326, Hundred of Waikerie	5233	251	24.10.02, page 3892	20
11 Tod Street, Kapunda	Allotment 105 in filed plan 198958, Hundred of Kapunda	5524	861	11.11.76, page 1612	80
Flat 1, 28 Augusta Street, Maylands	Allotment 30 in filed plan 134881, Hundred of Adelaide	5711	386	28.11.96, page 1755	100
Flat 3, 28 Augusta Street, Maylands	Allotment 30 in filed plan 134881, Hundred of Adelaide	5711	386	28.11.96, page 1755	100
50 Davenport Street, Millicent	Allotment 3 in deposited plan 518, Hundred of Muirhead	5810	609	26.5.94, page 1277	130
2 Emerald Road, Morphett Vale	Allotment 38 in deposited plan 6879, Hundred of Noarlunga	5336	781	30.5.02, page 2020	110
65 Alfred Street, Parkside	Allotment 380 in filed plan 14666, Hundred of Adelaide	5153	16	24.10.02, page 3892	200
65 Robsart Street, Parkside	Allotment 189 in filed plan 14671, Hundred of Adelaide	5860	824	3.7.75, page 6	190
79 Percy Street, Prospect	Allotment 56 in filed plan 109921, Hundred of Yatala	5821	400	26.11.64, page 1687	150
House at Section 123 Day Road, Redbanks	Section 123, Hundred of Grace	5886	165	3.2.00, page 714	75
Detached stone and brick house at Lot 12, Section 119 Verner Road, Redbanks	Allotment 12 in deposited plan 45629, Hundred of Grace	5382	803	28.10.93, page 2118	90
81 Sherriffs Road, Reynella	Allotment 101 in filed plan 215625, Hundred of Noarlunga	5707	225	19.12.02, page 4771	75
5 High Street West, Snowtown	Allotment 193, Town of Snowtown, Hundred of Barunga	5216	8	24.4.97, page 1622	82
20 Webb Street, Taillem Bend	Allotment 310, Town of Taillem Bend, Hundred of Seymour	5196	151	19.12.02, page 4771	100
18 George Main Road, Victor Harbor	Allotments 33 and 34, Town of Newland, Hundred of Encounter Bay	5240	515	13.7.89, page 87	110
Detached rendered stone house at Section 2384 (known as 59 Datson Road) Wallaroo Mines	Section 2384, Hundred of Wallaroo	5245	557	30.7.92, page 760	90

Dated at Adelaide, 27 March 2003.

H. FULCHER, Acting General Manager, Housing Trust

HOUSING IMPROVEMENT ACT 1940

WHEREAS by notice published in the *Government Gazette* on the dates mentioned in the following table the South Australian Housing Trust did declare the houses described in the said table to be substandard for the purposes of Part 7 of the Housing Improvement Act 1940, and whereas the South Australian Housing Trust is satisfied that each of the houses described hereunder has ceased to be substandard, notice is hereby given that, in exercise of the powers conferred by the said Part, the South Australian Housing Trust does hereby revoke the said declaration in respect of each house.

Address of House	Allotment, Section, etc.	Certificate of Title		Date and page of <i>Government Gazette</i> in which notice declaring house to be substandard published
		Volume	Folio	
187 Gilbert Street, Adelaide	Allotment 3 in filed plan 156342, Hundred of Adelaide	5284	254	6.7.72, page 104
102 Gray Street, Adelaide	Allotment 491 in filed plan 181333, Hundred of Adelaide	5718	453	15.9.77, page 773
25-27 Pickering Street, Brompton	Allotments 21 and 22 in deposited plan 459, Hundred of Yatala	5554	868	30.3.67, page 1174
	Allotments 21 and 22 in deposited plan 459, Hundred of Yatala	5554	869	
102 West Street, Brompton	Allotment 72 in filed plan 119490, Hundred of Yatala	5265	194	9.2.67, page 361
Lot 16 Bowhill Road, Burdett	Allotment 16 in filed plan 3571, Hundred of Burdett	5385	210	25.5.00, page 2647
Galvanised iron pickers quarters at Section 252, Pipeline Reserve Road, Loveday	Section 252, Cobdogla Irrigation Area, County of Hamley	Crown Lease 1592	78	30.11.95, page 1513
Semi-detached timber-framed house at Section 252, Pipeline Reserve Road, Loveday	Section 252, Cobdogla Irrigation Area, County of Hamley	Crown Lease 1592	78	29.10.92, page 1438
3 Hakea Street, Lucindale	Allotment 277 in filed plan 205623, Hundred of Joyce	5753	511	24.3.03, page 799
Flat 2, 28 Augusta Street, Maylands	Allotment 30 in filed plan 134881, Hundred of Adelaide	5711	386	28.11.96, page 1755
16 York Street, Prospect	Allotment 76 in deposited plan 991, Hundred of Yatala	5329	401	29.7.93, page 716
229 Fourteenth Street, Renmark	Allotment 583 in filed plan 177789, Out of Hundreds (Renmark)	5376	976	29.4.93, page 1556
32 Gage Street, St Morris	Allotment 64 in deposited plan 2157, Hundred of Adelaide	5522	965	26.4.01, page 1664
'Atrevida' Lots B and D, Section 171, Yankalilla Road (also known as Inman Valley Road), Victor Harbor	Allotment 663 in filed plan 165912, Hundred of Encounter Bay	5743	870	26.5.94, page 1278
5 Dew Court, Vista	Allotment 9 in deposited plan 7811, Hundred of Yatala	5320	651	29.8.02, page 3220

Dated at Adelaide, 27 March 2003.

H. FULCHER, Acting General Manager, Housing Trust

HOUSING IMPROVEMENT ACT 1940

NOTICE is hereby given that the South Australian Housing Trust in the exercise of the powers conferred by the Housing Improvement Act 1940, does hereby declare the houses described in the table hereunder to be substandard for the purposes of Part 7 of the Housing Improvement Act 1940.

No. of House and Street	Locality	Allotment, Section, etc.	Certificate of Title	
			Volume	Folio
9 Thomas Street	Aldinga Beach	Allotment 65 in deposited plan 3244, Hundred of Willunga	5624	469
26 East Pallant Street	North Adelaide	Allotment 799 in filed plan 184071, Hundred of Yatala	5748	455
157 Moscow Street	Peterborough	Allotment 228 in deposited plan 3224, Hundred of Yongala	5523	595

Dated at Adelaide, 27 March 2003.

H. FULCHER, Acting General Manager, Housing Trust

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Marquis Philips Pty Ltd has applied to the Licensing Authority for the Removal of a Producer's Licence and S & S Marquis Pty Ltd have applied for the Removal of the Wholesale Liquor Merchant's Licence from premises situated at 2 Riviera Court, Pasadena S.A. 5042 to Level 1, Building 8, 938 South Road, Edwardstown S.A. 5039.

The application has been set down for hearing on 24 April 2003.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicants at the applicants' address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 14 March 2003.

Applicants

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that The Royal Hotel, Crystal Brook Pty Ltd has applied to the Licensing Authority for an Extended Trading Authorisation in respect of the premises situated at Bowman Street, Crystal Brook, S.A. 5523 and known as Royal Hotel.

The application has been set down for hearing on 24 April 2003 at 9 a.m.

Conditions

The following licence conditions is sought:

The following hours are sought in the application to apply to the areas as depicted in the plan lodged with this office:

For consumption on the licensed premises:

Thursday—Midnight to 2 a.m. the following morning.

Friday and Saturday—Midnight to 3 a.m. the following morning.

Sunday—8 a.m. to 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. to midnight.

Public Holidays—Midnight to 2 a.m. the following morning.

For consumption off the licensed premises:

Sunday—8 a.m. to 11 a.m. and 8 p.m. to 9 p.m.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicant at the applicant's address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 25 March 2003.

Applicant

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Alistair Malcolm and Alison Gay MacKinnon, David Garrick, Nancy Helen Watson and Ian Elliot Davey have applied to the Licensing Authority for a Producer's Licence in respect of premises situated at 13 Blyth Street, Glen Osmond, S.A. 5064 and to be known as Nine Gums Vineyards.

The application has been set down for hearing on 24 April 2003 at 9 a.m.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicants at the applicants' address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 25 March 2003.

Applicants

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Jamnong Khunsongaksorn and Suthira Khunsongaksorn have applied to the Licensing Authority for a Restaurant Licence in respect situated at Shop 18, 13-23 Unley Road, Parkside, S.A. 5063 and to be known as Pira Thai Cuisine.

The application has been set down for hearing on 24 April 2003.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicants at the applicants' address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 20 March 2003.

Applicants

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Elmscot Hotel No. 1 Pty Ltd has applied to the Licensing Authority for a variation of existing Extended Trading Authorisation in respect of the premises situated at 319-327 Payneham Road, Royston Park, S.A. 5070 and known as Payneham Tavern.

The application has been set down for hearing on 24 April 2003 at 9 a.m.

Condition

The following licence condition is sought:

A variation to the current Extended Trading Authorisation to include:

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday—Midnight to 3 a.m. the following day.

Thursday—Change from 2 a.m. to 3 a.m. on the following day.

Sunday—Change from 8 a.m. to 9 a.m. and midnight to 3 a.m. the following day.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicant at the applicant's address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 25 March 2003.

Applicant

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Vitifoliae Projects Pty Ltd, c/o Hunt & Hunt has applied to the Licensing Authority for a Producer's Licence in respect of premises situated at 15 Ifould Drive, Burnside Park Estate, S.A. 5066 and to be known as Vitifoliae Projects.

The application has been set down for hearing on 24 April 2003 at 9 a.m.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicant at the applicant's address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 25 March 2003.

Applicant

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Jennifer Joan Horder has applied to the Licensing Authority for the transfer of a Restaurant Licence in respect of premises situated at 27 Valley Road, Angaston, S.A. 5353 and known as South Australian Company Store and to be known as the Company Kitchen.

The application has been set down for hearing on 28 April 2003 at 10.30 a.m.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicant at the applicant's address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 25 March 2003.

Applicant

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that DCV Investments Pty Ltd, c/o Stuart Andrew Solicitors has applied to the Licensing Authority for a Producer's Licence in respect of the premises situated at Section 5/555 Tunkin Road, Barmera, S.A. 5345 and to be known as Nookamka Estate Wines.

The application has been set down for hearing on 24 April 2003 at 9 a.m.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicant at the applicant's address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 14 March 2003.

Applicant

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Jemat Pty Ltd (ACN 073 639 577) has applied to the Licensing Authority for the transfer of a Hotel Licence in respect of premises situated at 18 Coromandel Place, Adelaide, S.A. 5000 and known as the Historian Hotel.

The application has been set down for hearing on 28 April 2003 at 11 a.m.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicant at the applicant's address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 20 March 2003.

Applicant

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Jillian and Mark Woodward have applied to the Licensing Authority for the transfer of a Restaurant Licence in respect of the premises situated at Urimbirra Fauna Park, Victor Harbor, S.A. 5211 and known as Urimbirra Fauna Park Restaurant.

The application has been set down for hearing on 28 April 2003 at 10 a.m.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicants at the applicants' address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 25 March 2003.

Applicants

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997

Notice of Application

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 (2) (b) of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997, that Astilbe Pty Ltd (ACN 009 638 448) as trustee for the Dardanella Trust, c/o Piper Alderman, 167 Flinders Street, Adelaide S.A. 5000 has applied to the Licensing Authority for a transfer of the Residential Licence in respect of the premises situated at 66-76 McKenzie Street, Ceduna, S.A. 5690 and known as East West Motel.

The application has been set down for hearing on 29 April 2003 at 10.30 a.m.

Any person may object to the application by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicant at the applicant's address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the application are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 18 March 2003.

Applicant

LIQUOR LICENSING ACT 1997 AND GAMING MACHINES ACT 1992

Notice of Applications

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to section 52 of the Liquor Licensing Act 1997 and section 29 of the Gaming Machines Act 1992, that Paul Lewis Hocking and Krystine Louise Hocking, both c/o Piper Alderman, 167 Flinders Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000 have applied to the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner for the transfer of the Hotel Licence and Gaming Machine Licence in respect of premises situated at 26 Main Road, Charleston, S.A. 5244 and known as Charleston Hotel.

The applications have been set down for hearing on 29 April 2003.

Any person may object to the applications by lodging a notice of objection in the prescribed form with the Licensing Authority, and serving a copy of the notice on the applicants at the applicants' address given above, at least seven days before the hearing date.

Plans in respect of the premises the subject of the applications are open to public inspection without fee at the Office of the Liquor and Gaming Commissioner, 9th Floor, East Wing, 50 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000.

Dated 20 March 2003.

Applicants

MINING ACT 1971

NOTICE is hereby given in accordance with section 28 (5) of the Mining Act 1971, that the Minister for Mineral Resources Development proposes to grant an Exploration Licence over the undermentioned area:

Applicant: Tasman Resources NL

Location: Stuart Creek Area—Approximately 80 km west of Marree

Term: 1 year

Area in km²: 928

Ref: 039/2003

Plan and co-ordinates can be found on the PIRSA Sarig website: <http://www.minerals.pir.sa.gov.au/sarig> or by phoning Mineral Tenements on 08 8463 3103.

H TYRTEOS, Mining Registrar, Department of Primary Industries and Resources

MINING ACT 1971

Notice is hereby given in accordance with section 28 (5) of the Mining Act 1971, that the Minister for Mineral Resources Development proposes to grant an Exploration Licence over the undermentioned area.

Applicant: Gravity Capital Ltd

Location: Tarcoola Area

Term: 1 year

Area in km²: 1 249

Ref: 036/2003

Plan and co-ordinates can be found on the PIRSA Sarig website: <http://www.minerals.pir.sa.gov.au/sarig> or by phoning Mineral Tenements on 08 8463 3103.

H TYRTEOS, Mining Registrar, Department of Primary Industries and Resources

MINING ACT 1971

NOTICE is hereby given in accordance with section 28 (5) of the Mining Act 1971, that the Minister for Mineral Resources Development proposes to grant an Exploration Licence over the undermentioned area.

Applicant: Torrens Resources Pty Ltd

Location: Lake Torrens area—Approximately 100 km north-east of Port Augusta

Term: 1 year

Area in km²: 639

Ref: 162/2002

Plan and co-ordinates can be found on the PIRSA Sarig website: <http://www.minerals.pir.sa.gov.au/sarig> or by phoning Mineral Tenements on 08 8463 3103.

H TYRTEOS, Mining Registrar, Department of Primary Industries and Resources

MINING ACT 1971

NOTICE is hereby given in accordance with section 28 (5) of the Mining Act 1971, that the Minister for Mineral Resources Development proposes to grant an Exploration Licence over the undermentioned area.

Applicant: Oxford Resources Pty Ltd

Location: Mulgathing area—Approximately 60 km north-west of Tarcoola

Term: 1 year

Area in km²: 299

Ref: 137/2002

Plan and co-ordinates can be found on the PIRSA Sarig website: <http://www.minerals.pir.sa.gov.au/sarig> or by phoning Mineral Tenements on 08 8463 3103.

H TYRTEOS, Mining Registrar, Department of Primary Industries and Resources

MINING ACT 1971

NOTICE is hereby given in accordance with section 28 (5) of the Mining Act 1971, that the Minister for Mineral Resources Development proposes to grant an Exploration Licence over the undermentioned area.

Applicant: Genex Resources Pty Ltd (80%) and Hornet Resource Assessment Services Pty Ltd (20%)

Location: Garford area—Approximately 140km South West of Coober Pedy

Term: 1 year

Area in km²: 497

Ref: 160/2002

Plan and co-ordinates can be found on the PIRSA Sarig website: <http://www.minerals.pir.sa.gov.au/sarig> or by phoning Mineral Tenements on 08 8463 3103.

H TYRTEOS, Mining Registrar, Department of Primary Industries and Resources

NOTICE TO MARINERS

No. 15 of 2003

South Australia—Gulf St Vincent—Port Adelaide River—Outer Harbor—Passenger Vessel 'Crystal Symphony'—Exclusion Zones

MARINERS are advised that the *Crystal Symphony* will be at No. 2 berth, Outer Harbor on 28 March 2003. For security reasons exclusion zones of 0.5 nautical miles around the vessel whilst manoeuvring and 100 m ahead, astern and on the seaward side of the vessel whilst alongside the berth will be in place for the duration of the visit.

Mariners are advised that all vessels are prohibited from entering or remaining in these areas during the visit of the vessel.

Navy chart affected: Aus 137.

Local chart: Port Adelaide and Approaches.

Publications affected: Australia Pilot, Volume 1 (7th Edition, 1992) page 128.

Adelaide, 19 March 2003.

M. WRIGHT, Minister for Transport

TSA 2003/00738

NOTICE TO MARINERS

No. 16 of 2003

South Australia—Gulf St Vincent—Port Adelaide River—Osborne and Outer Harbor—Beacon Light Characteristics Altered

MARINERS are advised that the light characteristics of the following beacons have altered:

- The beacon on the south-western end of the northern revetment at Outer Harbor, which was formerly a flashing red light every four seconds, has been altered to a quick flashing red light (i.e. sixty flashes per minute) QR.
- The No. 34 beacon in the Port Adelaide River at Osborne, which was formerly a fixed red light, has been altered to a quick flashing red light (i.e. sixty flashes per minute) QR.

All other characteristics remain unchanged.

Navy chart affected: Aus 137.

Local chart: Port Adelaide and Approaches.

Publications affected: Australia Pilot, Volume 1 (7th Edition, 1992) page 128.

Admiralty List of Lights and Fog Signals Volume K (2003/04 edition) Nos. 2058.5 and 2070.

Adelaide, 17 March 2003.

M. WRIGHT, Minister for Transport

TSA 2003/00738

NATIONAL ELECTRICITY (SOUTH AUSTRALIA)
ACT 1996

NOTICE UNDER SECTION 6 (2) OF THE NATIONAL ELECTRICITY
LAW AND NATIONAL ELECTRICITY CODE

Technical Standards Code Changes

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 6 (2) (b) of the National Electricity Law, which forms the Schedule to the National Electricity (South Australia) Act 1996 and clause 8.3.9 (d) of the National Electricity Code approved under section 6 of the National Electricity Law, that the following changes have been made to the National Electricity Code: clauses 3.11.7, 4.2.5, 4.3.4, 4.7.1, 4.11.1, 5.1.3, 5.2.4, 5.2.5, 5.3.1, 5.3.2, 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 5.3.5, 5.3.6, 5.3.7, 5.3.8, 5.7.3, 5.7.4, 8.6.2 and 8.8.1 and schedules 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.3a and 5.6 are amended; clause 5.2.6 is deleted; new clauses 4.13, 4.14, 4.15, 5.3.4A and 8.8.4 and schedule 5.1a are inserted, and Chapter 10 definitions are amended and new definitions inserted.

These amendments to the National Electricity Code commence on 16 November 2003.

As required by clause 8.3.9 (d) of the National Electricity Code, a copy of the ACCC's letter dated 26 February 2003 granting authorisation is set out below.

The amendments referred to above and a copy of the ACCC's letter dated 26 February 2003 can be viewed in full in the document entitled 'Technical standards' which can be viewed on the Internet website of National Electricity Code Administrator Limited (ACN 073 942 775) ('NECA') at www.neca.com.au under 'The Code'—'Gazette notices' section of that website.

The National Electricity Code can be viewed on the NECA Internet website at www.neca.com.au and at the offices of NECA and National Electricity Market Management Company Limited (ACN 072 010 327). A list of addresses where the Code can be viewed is available on the NECA website.

Dated 27 March 2003.

ACCC Letter of Authorisation

26 February 2003

Stephen Kelly
Managing Director
National Electricity Code Administrator Limited
Level 5, 41 Currie Street
ADELAIDE, S.A. 5000

Dear Stephen

Determination—Technical Standards Code Changes

On 3 June 2002, the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission (Commission) received applications for authorisation (Nos A90834, A90835 and A90836) of amendments to the National Electricity Code (Code). The applications were submitted by the National Electricity Code Administrator (NECA), under Part VII of the Trade Practices Act 1974 (TPA). The Code changes relate to the implementation of the conclusions and recommendations of the Reliability Panel's review of technical standards in the National Electricity Market (NEM).

Please find enclosed a copy of the Commission's determination in respect of these applications for authorisation. The Commission's determination outlines its analysis and views on the proposed Code changes. The Commission has granted authorisation, conditional upon a number of amendments to the proposed Code changes being made. The conditions of authorisation are outlined in Chapter 5 of the determination.

In accordance with s.101 of the TPA, a person dissatisfied with the Commission's determination may apply to the Australian Competition Tribunal for a review of the determination. Each application must be lodged on the appropriate form within 21 days of the date of the determination, with the Registrar of the Tribunal. The Tribunal is located in the Office of the Registrar of the Federal Court in each State.

A copy of this letter together with the determination will be placed on the Public Register kept by the Commission.

If you have any queries or require further information please call Mrs Maxine Helmling on (02) 6243 1246.

Yours sincerely,

SEBASTIAN ROBERTS, Acting General Manager,
Regulatory Affairs—Electricity.

COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

PETROLEUM (SUBMERGED LANDS) ACT 1967

Notice of Invitation of Applications for Exploration Permits

I, BARRY ALAN GOLDSTEIN, the Delegate of the Designated Authority in respect of the adjacent area in respect of South Australia and on behalf of the Commonwealth-South Australia Offshore Petroleum Joint Authority, acting pursuant to delegated powers dated 14 July 2002, *Gazetted* 22 August 2002, page 3127 and pursuant to section 20 (1) of the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1967 of the Commonwealth of Australia, hereby invite applications for the grant of an exploration permit in respect of each of the following areas as scheduled below:

SCHEDULE

(The references hereunder are to the names of the map sheets of the 1:1 000 000 series and to the numbers of graticular sections shown thereon).

The Commonwealth/State/Territory jurisdictional boundary in coastal waters is determined by the Australian Maritime Boundaries Information System Dataset of 2000, released in January 2001 by the Australian Surveying and Land Information Group (now Geoscience Australia National Mapping Division).

Section 5AAA of the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1967 provides that, where a change to the baseline of Australia's territorial sea would impact on the boundary of an existing petroleum title (in Commonwealth or State or Territory waters), there is in fact no such impact. The Commonwealth, State or Territory Act (as the case may be) under which the title has been granted, continues to apply to the title and the whole title area for as long as the title remains in force. Therefore, this Instrument does not apply to any such area that is already under title.

DESCRIPTION OF BLOCKS

AREA S03-1

Ceduna Sub-basin, Bight Basin, South Australia.

Map Sheet SI 53 (Port Augusta)

1955	2027	2028	2029	2099	2100
2101	2102	2171	2172	2173	2174
2175	2176	2243	2244	2245	2246
2247	2248	2315	2316	2317	2318
2319	2320	2387	2388	2389	2390
2391	2392	2459	2460	2461	2462
2463	2464	2531	2532	2533	2534
2535	2536	2603	2604	2605	2606
2607	2608	2675	2676	2677	2678
2679	2680	2747	2748	2749	2750
2751	2752	2753	2754	2755	2819
2820	2821	2822	2823	2824	2825
2826	2827	2891	2892	2893	2894
2895	2896	2897	2898	2899	2963
2964	2965	2966	2967	2968	2969
2970	2971	3035	3036	3037	3038
3039	3040	3041	3042	3043	3107
3108	3109	3110	3111	3112	3113
3114	3115	3179	3180	3181	3182
3183	3184	3185	3186	3187	3251
3252	3253	3254	3255	3256	3257
3258	3259				

Assessed to contain 128 graticular blocks

AREA S03-2

Ceduna Sub-basin, Bight Basin, South Australia.

Map Sheet SI 53 (Port Augusta)

2393	2394	2395	2396	2465	2466
2467	2468	2469	2470	2471	2472
2537	2538	2539	2540	2541	2542
2543	2544	2545	2546	2547	2548
2609	2610	2611	2612	2613	2614
2615	2616	2617	2618	2619	2620
2681	2682	2683	2684	2685	2686
2687	2688	2689	2690	2691	2692
2756	2757	2758	2759	2760	2761
2762	2763	2764	2828	2829	2830
2831	2832	2833	2834	2835	2836
2900	2901	2902	2903	2904	2905
2906	2907	2908	2972	2973	2974
2975	2976	2977	2978	2979	2980
3044	3045	3046	3047	3048	3049
3050	3051	3052	3116	3117	3118
3119	3120	3121	3122	3123	3124
3188	3189	3190	3191	3192	3193
3194	3195	3196	3260	3261	3262
3263	3264	3265	3266	3267	3268

Assessed to contain 120 graticular blocks

APPLICATIONS

Applications lodged under section 20 of the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1967 are required to be made in the approved form and should be accompanied by:

(a) Details of:

- (i) the applicant's technical assessment of the petroleum potential of the area, including the concepts underlying its proposed exploration program, with sufficient detail to support that program;

- (ii) the applicant's minimum guaranteed proposal (including indicative minimum expenditure) for exploration wells to be drilled, 3D and 2D seismic and other surveying activities, data evaluation and other work, for each year of the first three years of the permit term. This proposal, to be known as the minimum guaranteed work program should comprise work expected to involve a substantial exploration component—normally, appraisal work should not be included;

- (iii) the applicant's proposal (including indicative minimum expenditure) for exploration wells to be drilled, 3D and 2D seismic and other surveying activities, data evaluation and other work, for each of the three remaining years of the permit term. This proposal, to be known as the secondary work program, should comprise work expected to involve a substantial exploration component—normally, appraisal work should not be included.

(b) Particulars of:

- (i) the technical qualifications of the applicant and of its key employees;
- (ii) the technical advice available to the applicant;
- (iii) the financial resources available to the applicant, including evidence of the applicant's ability to fund the work program proposed, a statement of other exploration commitments over the next six years, and a copy of the latest annual report and quarterly reports for each applicant company;
- (iv) where relevant, the viability of the consortium lodging the application, including evidence that a satisfactory settlement has been, or can be, reached on the Joint Operating Agreement (a copy of a signed Heads of Agreement Dealing will generally suffice); and
- (v) the percentage participation interest of each party to the application.

- (c) Such other information as the applicant wishes to be taken into account in consideration of the application.

- (d) Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$A3 900, payable to the Commonwealth of Australia through an Australian bank or bank cheque.

Further details of the work program bidding system outlined above, including the criteria for assessment of applications and the conditions to apply following the award of a permit, are available from the Director Petroleum, Minerals Petroleum and Energy, Department of Primary Industries and Resources in Adelaide and from the Offshore Resources Branch, Department of Industry, Tourism and Resources in Canberra.

It should be noted that any income derived in the future from the recovery of petroleum from this area will be subject to the Commonwealth Government's Resource Rent Tax.

Applications together with relevant data should be submitted in the following manner to the Director Petroleum, Minerals Petroleum and Energy, Department of Primary Industries and Resources SA, Level 7, 101 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000 before 4 p.m., Thursday, 25 March 2004.

The following special instructions should be observed:

- two copies of the application and supporting data, together with a fee of \$A3 900, payable to the Commonwealth of Australia through an Australian bank or by bank cheque, should be enclosed in an envelope or package;
- the application should then be sealed and clearly marked as 'Application for Area S03—.....—Commercial-in-Confidence';
- this envelope or package should then be enclosed in a plain covering envelope or package and delivered by hand or posted to the relevant address above.

Copies of the basic exploration data pertaining to the blocks comprising this notice may be purchased from the Petroleum Group, Minerals Petroleum and Energy, Department of Primary Industries and Resources SA. Verbal enquiries may be directed to Barry Goldstein, Director Petroleum (Tel (08) 8463 3200; or email Goldstein.Barry@saugov.sa.gov.au).

Dated 5 March 2003.

Made under the Petroleum (Submerged Lands) Act 1967 of the Commonwealth of Australia.

B. A. GOLDSTEIN, Delegate of the Designated Authority for and on behalf of the Commonwealth-South Australia Offshore Petroleum Joint Authority

RADIATION PROTECTION AND CONTROL ACT 1982

Exemption

PURSUANT to section 44 of the Radiation Protection and Control Act 1982, I, Jill Fitch, Acting Director of the Radiation Protection Division of the Environment Protection Authority, being a person to whom the powers of the Minister under that section have been delegated under the Act, exempt Dr Sunil Gupta, MBBS, FRANZCR, FRACP from the requirement of Regulation 41 of the Ionizing Radiation Regulations 2000, to the extent that he may authorise the treatment with radionuclides of patients suffering from the disorders listed in Column 1 of the Schedule provided that:

- (1) the type and maximum activity of the radionuclides to be used in the treatment shall conform with those listed in Column 2 of the Schedule;
- (2) authorisation for treatment of malignant disorders shall only be given following consultation with a radiation oncologist;
- (3) the treatments shall only be carried out at premises registered under section 29 of the Radiation Protection and Control Act 1982; and
- (4) the treatment of malignant disorders using I-131 shall only be carried out at the following hospitals: Royal Adelaide Hospital, North Western Adelaide Health Service (TQEH), Women's and Children's Hospital and Flinders Medical Centre.

THE SCHEDULE

Column 1	Column 2
Neuro endocrine tumours	In-111 7 GBq
Advanced malignant pheochromocytoma, neuroblastoma or other endocrine tumours with active uptake	I-131 5 GBq
Thyroid malignancy.....	I-131 5 GBq
Thyrotoxicosis.....	I-131 600 MBq
Painful bone metastases.....	Sr-89 200 MBq
Painful bone metastases.....	Sm-153 5 GBq
Polycythaemia rubra vera and thrombocytosis.....	P-32 200 MBq
Rheumatoid arthritis and related diseases.....	Y-90 500 MBq
Haemophiliac arthropathy	Y-90 500 MBq

Dated 18 March 2003.

J. FITCH, Delegate of the Minister for Environment and Conservation

ROADS (OPENING AND CLOSING) ACT 1991: SECTION 24

NOTICE OF CONFIRMATION OF ROAD PROCESS ORDER

*Park Way, Mawson Lakes
Deposited Plan 61558*

BY Road Process Order made on 21 February 2003, the Development Assessment Commission ordered that:

1. Portion of the public road (the southern end of Park Way) extending northerly from Levels Road to the north-west corner of Allotment 1 in Deposited Plan 46413, more particularly being portion of the land lettered 'A' in the Preliminary Plan No. 02/0024 be closed.

2. The whole of the land subject to closure be transferred to the Land Management Corporation in accordance with agreement for transfer dated 6 January 2003 entered into between the City of Salisbury and the Land Management Corporation.

3. The following easement is granted over portion of the land subject to that closure.

Grant to the South Australian Water Corporation an easement for sewerage purposes.

On 11 March 2003 that order was confirmed by the Minister for Administrative and conditionally on approval and deposit of the survey plan by the Registrar-General. The condition has now been fulfilled.

Pursuant to section 24 (5) of the Roads (Opening and Closing) Act 1991, NOTICE of the order referred to above and its confirmation is hereby given.

Dated 27 March 2003.

K. SARNECKIS, Acting Surveyor-General

REAL PROPERTY ACT 1886

Application for Extinguishment of Right of Way under Section 90B

NOTICE is hereby given that Application 9480190 has been made to me to extinguish the right of way contained in Certificate of Title Volume 305 Folio 82.

John Nock or any person claiming through or under his estate or any other person claiming to be entitled to the benefit of the right of way are invited to make representations in writing to me regarding this application within 21 days of the publication of this notice.

If no representations are made to me within this period the right of way will be extinguished and Certificates of Title cancelled or amended accordingly.

S. LIBBIS, Registrar-General

THE ANGLICAN CHURCH OF AUSTRALIA

Constitutional Amendment

NOTICE is hereby given that the Most Reverend Dr Peter Carnley, Archbishop of Perth, President of the General Synod and Primate of The Anglican Church of Australia has declared, pursuant to section 67(2) of the Constitution and the Rules of the General Synod, that on 16 June 2003 the following Constitutional amendments shall come into effect and the Constitution on and from that day will be altered accordingly.

Constitution Alteration (Tribunals) Canon 1998

Constitution Alteration (Tribunals) Amendment Canon 2001

Constitution Alteration (Suspension from Duties) Canon 2001

Constitution Alteration (Special Tribunal) Canon 2001

P. CARNLEY, President of the General Synod

POLICE ACT 1998

Performance Standards

PURSUANT to section 16 of the Police Act 1998, I hereby publish the performance standards that are required by the Deputy Commissioner of Police duly appointed under Part 3 of the Police Act as follows:

*2002-2003 Performance Agreement for Deputy Commissioner of Police
John Ronald White*

Performance Requirement	Performance Assessment
1. Effectively contribute as a member of SEG to the leadership, strategic direction and performance of SAPOL.	1. Degree to which there is positive contribution.
2. Oversight the management and performance of direct reports.	2. Standard of performance by direct reports.
3. Ensure that direct reports operate within allocated budgets and other budget targets are met.	3. Extent to which targets are met.
4. Effectively contribute to the implementation of the Future Directions Strategy, and encourage and initiate other performance improvement initiatives.	4. Degree to which there is a positive contribution.
5. Effectively conduct and maintain the Performance Outcomes Review process.	5. Extent to which the system is implemented in a timely and effective way.
6. With the Commissioner, provide continuous executive availability to respond to critical organisational performance issues and responsibilities under the State Disaster Act.	6. Extent to which availability is maintained.
7. Ensure major projects are managed in an effective and timely manner.	7. Extent to which deadlines are met.
8. Ensure HRS implements modern and contemporary HR management principles and practices.	8. Standard of performance by HRS.

Dated 20 March 2003.

M. A. HYDE, Commissioner of Police

POLICE ACT 1998

Performance Standards

PURSUANT to section 16 of the Police Act 1998, I hereby publish the performance standards that are required to be achieved by the Assistant Commissioners of Police duly appointed under Part 3 of the Police Act as follows:

*2002-2003 Performance Agreement for Assistant Commissioners of Police
Gary Thomas Burns, Madeleine Elizabeth Glynn and Graeme Arthur Barton*

Performance Requirement	Performance Assessment
1. Effectively contribute as a member of SEG to the leadership, strategic direction and performance of SAPOL.	1. Degree to which there is positive contribution.
2. Oversight and manage the performance of direct reports.	2. Standard of performance of the Service.
3. Ensure that direct reports operate within allocated budgets and other budget targets are met.	3. Extent to which targets are met.
4. Effectively contribute to the implementation of the Future Directions Strategy and encourage and initiate other performance improvement initiatives.	4. Degree to which there is a positive contribution.
5. Ensure that all operational staff are appropriately trained and adopt safe operating practices.	5. Extent to which standards are met.
6. Ensure that, where required, flexible targeted operating practices are implemented.	6. Extent to which targeted operations and rostering occurs.
7. Ensure that OHS&W becomes an integral part of all Service activities.	7. Extent to which requirements and standards are met.
8. Effectively and efficiently implement the annual Service Action Plan.	8. Extent to which the Plan's performance requirements are met.
9. With the Deputy Commissioner develop and effectively implement a system to ensure the continuous accountability of operational managers for service delivery performance.	9. Extent to which the system is effectively implemented.
10. Act as duty Commissioner as required.	10. Performance as required.

Dated 20 March 2003.

M. A. HYDE, Commissioner of Police

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE ADVERTISEMENT RATES

To apply from 1 July 2002

	\$		\$
Agents, Ceasing to Act as.....	34.10	Firms:	
Associations:		Ceasing to Carry on Business (each insertion).....	22.70
Incorporation	17.40	Discontinuance Place of Business	22.70
Intention of Incorporation	43.00	Land—Real Property Act:	
Transfer of Properties	43.00	Intention to Sell, Notice of.....	43.00
Attorney, Appointment of.....	34.10	Lost Certificate of Title Notices	43.00
Bailiff's Sale.....	43.00	Cancellation, Notice of (Strata Plan)	43.00
Cemetery Curator Appointed.....	25.50	Mortgages:	
Companies:		Caveat Lodgment.....	17.40
Alteration to Constitution	34.10	Discharge of.....	18.30
Capital, Increase or Decrease of	43.00	Foreclosures.....	17.40
Ceasing to Carry on Business	25.50	Transfer of	17.40
Declaration of Dividend.....	25.50	Sublet.....	8.75
Incorporation	34.10	Leases—Application for Transfer (2 insertions) each	8.75
Lost Share Certificates:		Lost Treasury Receipts (3 insertions) each.....	25.50
First Name.....	25.50	Licensing.....	51.00
Each Subsequent Name.....	8.75	Municipal or District Councils:	
Meeting Final.....	28.75	Annual Financial Statement—Forms 1 and 2	481.00
Meeting Final Regarding Liquidator's Report on		Electricity Supply—Forms 19 and 20.....	341.00
Conduct of Winding Up (equivalent to 'Final		Default in Payment of Rates:	
Meeting')		First Name	68.00
First Name.....	34.10	Each Subsequent Name.....	8.75
Each Subsequent Name.....	8.75	Noxious Trade.....	25.50
Notices:		Partnership, Dissolution of.....	25.50
Call.....	43.00	Petitions (small).....	17.40
Change of Name	17.40	Registered Building Societies (from Registrar-	
Creditors.....	34.10	General).....	17.40
Creditors Compromise of Arrangement	34.10	Register of Unclaimed Moneys—First Name.....	25.50
Creditors (extraordinary resolution that 'the Com-		Each Subsequent Name	8.75
pany be wound up voluntarily and that a liquidator		Registers of Members—Three pages and over:	
be appointed').....	43.00	Rate per page (in 8pt)	218.00
Release of Liquidator—Application—Large Ad.....	68.00	Rate per page (in 6pt)	288.00
—Release Granted	43.00	Sale of Land by Public Auction.....	43.50
Receiver and Manager Appointed.....	39.75	Advertisements.....	2.40
Receiver and Manager Ceasing to Act.....	34.10	Advertisements, other than those listed are charged at \$2.40 per	
Restored Name.....	32.25	column line, tabular one-third extra.	
Petition to Supreme Court for Winding Up.....	59.50	Notices by Colleges, Universities, Corporations and District	
Summons in Action.....	51.00	Councils to be charged at \$2.40 per line.	
Order of Supreme Court for Winding Up Action.....	34.10	Where the notice inserted varies significantly in length from	
Register of Interests—Section 84 (1) Exempt.....	77.00	that which is usually published a charge of \$2.40 per column line	
Removal of Office.....	17.40	will be applied in lieu of advertisement rates listed.	
Proof of Debts.....	34.10	South Australian Government publications are sold on the	
Sales of Shares and Forfeiture.....	34.10	condition that they will not be reproduced without prior	
Estates:		permission from the Government Printer.	
Assigned	25.50		
Deceased Persons—Notice to Creditors, etc.....	43.00		
Each Subsequent Name.....	8.75		
Deceased Persons—Closed Estates.....	25.50		
Each Subsequent Estate.....	1.10		
Probate, Selling of	34.10		
Public Trustee, each Estate	8.75		

All the above prices include GST

GOVERNMENT GAZETTE NOTICES

ALL private advertisements forwarded for publication in the *South Australian Government Gazette* must be PAID FOR PRIOR TO INSERTION; and all notices, from whatever source, should be legibly written on one side of the paper only and sent to **Government Publishing SA** so as to be **received no later than 4 p.m. Tuesday preceding the day of publication. Phone 8207 1045 or Fax 8207 1040. E-mail: governmentgazette@saugov.sa.gov.au.** Send as attachments in Word format and please confirm your transmission with a faxed copy of your document, including the date the notice is to be published and to whom the notice will be charged.

MISCELLANEOUS LEGISLATION AND GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS PRICES AS FROM 1 JULY 2002

Acts, Bills, Rules, Parliamentary Papers and Regulations					
Pages	Main	Amends	Pages	Main	Amends
1-16	1.95	0.85	497-512	28.10	27.00
17-32	2.70	1.70	513-528	28.90	27.75
33-48	3.50	2.50	529-544	29.70	28.75
49-64	4.45	3.35	545-560	30.50	29.75
65-80	5.20	4.30	561-576	31.25	30.50
81-96	6.00	5.00	577-592	32.30	31.00
97-112	6.90	5.85	593-608	33.10	32.00
113-128	7.70	6.75	609-624	33.90	33.00
129-144	8.65	7.65	625-640	34.60	33.50
145-160	9.50	8.50	641-656	35.40	34.50
161-176	10.40	9.30	657-672	36.00	35.25
177-192	11.20	10.20	673-688	37.50	36.00
193-208	12.00	11.10	689-704	38.30	37.00
209-224	12.80	11.80	705-720	38.80	38.00
225-240	13.60	12.60	721-736	40.25	38.50
241-257	14.50	13.30	737-752	40.75	39.75
258-272	15.40	14.20	753-768	41.75	40.25
273-288	16.30	15.20	769-784	42.25	41.50
289-304	17.00	16.00	785-800	43.00	42.25
305-320	17.90	16.80	801-816	43.75	42.75
321-336	18.70	17.60	817-832	44.75	43.75
337-352	19.60	18.60	833-848	45.75	44.50
353-368	20.40	19.40	849-864	46.50	45.25
369-384	21.30	20.30	865-880	47.25	46.50
385-400	22.00	21.10	881-896	47.75	47.00
401-416	22.80	21.80	897-912	49.25	47.75
417-432	23.90	22.70	913-928	49.75	49.25
433-448	24.60	23.60	929-944	50.50	49.75
449-464	25.50	24.40	945-960	51.50	50.25
465-480	26.00	25.20	961-976	52.50	51.25
481-496	27.10	26.00	977-992	53.50	52.00

Legislation—Acts, Regulations, etc:	\$
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ROAD TRAFFIC ACT 1961*Transporting 2.9 Metre High Containers*1. *Approval*

1.1 Pursuant to section 161A of the Road Traffic Act 1961, and Regulation 35 of the Road Traffic (Miscellaneous) Regulations 1999, I hereby approve:

1.1.1 Articulated Motor Vehicles, which exceed 4.3 m in height when carrying 2.9 m high containers to operate in South Australia subject to the conditions specified in this Notice.

2. *Exemption*

2.1 Pursuant to section 163AA of the Road Traffic Act 1961, I hereby exempt:

2.1.1 Articulated Motor Vehicles carrying 2.9 m high containers from the following provisions of the:

i) Road Traffic (Vehicle Standards) Rules 1999:

- Rule 72(1) – Height

Subject to the conditions specified in this Notice.

3. *Conditions Applying to this Approval and Exemption*

3.1 The containers shall have a maximum overall height not exceeding 2.9 m.

3.2 The overall height of the vehicle and load shall not exceed 4.6 m.

3.3 The overall width of all axles or axle groups of the vehicle carrying the load, excluding the front axle or front axle group, when measured between two vertical parallel planes located at the outer extremities of the tyres, shall not be less than 2.1 m.

3.4 The conditions set out in this Notice apply to the vehicles operating under this Notice and does not relieve the owner and/or driver of the duty to observe all other provisions of the Road Traffic Act and Regulations.

3.5 The conditions set out in this Notice may be overridden by a limitation fixed at any time on a bridge, culvert, causeway road or road ferry.

3.6 When operating under this Notice, the driver must carry a legible, current and complete copy of this Notice and produce this document when requested by a Transport SA Inspector appointed under the Road Traffic Act 1961 and/or the Motor Vehicles Act 1959, or a Police Officer.

3.7 Except as otherwise specified in this Notice, the Standard Form Conditions prescribed in the Road Traffic (Oversize or Overmass Vehicle Exemptions) Regulations 1999, for the purposes of section 115 of the Road Traffic Act 1961, shall not apply.

3.8 This Notice shall stand alone. It cannot be used in conjunction with any other exemption, notice or permit.

4. *Commencement and Expiry of this Notice*

4.1 This Notice is valid from 1 April 2003 and expires at midnight on 31 December 2004. The Notice appearing in the South Australian Government Gazette dated 27 June 2002, is revoked at midnight on 31 March 2003.

Explanatory Notes

- Some parts of the road system, such as bridges, overhead services and wires, roadside furniture (signs, traffic lights etc) and vegetation, may not provide sufficient clearance for a vehicle and load travelling under this Notice.
- Section 106 of the Road Traffic Act 1961, *Damage to roads and works*, requires you to notify the Police, Transport SA or Passenger Transport Board if you cause damage to roads, bridges and culverts, or interfere with roadside furniture.
- If you have caused anything to fall on to the road that may obstruct, damage or cause injury to people or vehicles, Australian Road Rule 293 requires you to remove it or take action to have it removed. Examples include tree branches or damaged traffic signs.
- This concession has been provided to allow time for the transport industry to re-equip with low profile vehicles so that these containers can be carried within an overall vehicle height limit of 4.3 m. However, this concession has been extended pending the national implementation of the Performance Based Standards Scheme, which may allow the long-term transport of these containers on some vehicles (up to a height of 4.6 m) that meet specified Performance Based Standards.

Executive Director, Transport SA, Authorised delegate for the Minister for Transport

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

*Lotteries (General) Rules*1. *Preliminary*

- 1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (General) (Amendment) Rules 2003.
- 1.2 The Lotteries (General) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999, as amended by the amendment published in the *Government Gazette* on 22 February 2001, are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.
- 1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.
- 1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. *Amendment of Rule 2*

Rule 2 of the Principal Rules is amended by inserting after the definition of 'coupon' the following definition:

' "Easiplay Club member" means a player whose personal details have been provided to the Commission and have been recorded for the purpose of providing a player registration service to the player;'

3. *Amendment of Rule 8.5*

Rule 8.5 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'8.5 The Commission will be entitled to assume that any Easiplay Club member or any applicant for Easiplay Club membership is not a minor. An Easiplay Club member or an applicant for Easiplay Club membership must provide such evidence of their age as the Commission requires. If the Commission subsequently ascertains that Easiplay Club membership has been issued to a minor, the Commission may cancel such membership and, in accordance with these Rules, decline to pay any prize that would otherwise have been payable.'

4. *Amendment of Rule 8.6*

Rule 8.6 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'8.6 An Agent to whom a duly completed application form is submitted, together with such evidence of the applicant's age as the Agent may require, will forthwith issue an Easiplay Club temporary membership voucher that the applicant will be able to use immediately. The Autopay facility will not be available to the holder of an Easiplay Club temporary membership voucher until such time as the application form is processed and accepted.'

5. *Amendment of Rule 8.8*

Rule 8.8 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'8.8 An Easiplay Club member must ensure that the Commission is advised of any changes to information held in the Easiplay Club membership file. Where requested by the Commission, an Easiplay Club member must sign and send a change of details form through any selling point or directly to Head Office. Neither the Commission nor any agent will be liable to make good any loss incurred in respect of any prize forwarded to any address shown in the Easiplay Club membership file at the time of expiration of the relevant claim period.'

6. *Amendment of Rule 10.3.2*

Rule 10.3.2 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'10.3.2 At the expiry of the Autopay period any prize or unclaimed part thereof will be paid to the Syndicate Manager, jointly with such second member as may be nominated, and if posted will be sent to the address stated on the application form.'

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,

P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

*Lotteries (SA Lotto) Rules*1. *Preliminary*

- 1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (SA Lotto) (Amendment) Rules 2003.
- 1.2 The Lotteries (SA Lotto) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999 are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.
- 1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.
- 1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. *Amendment of Rule 2.1*

The definition of 'claim period' in Rule 2.1 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "claim period" means the period commencing at midnight on the day of determination of the draw results ("relevant day") and ending at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter. If the 14th day is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday the claim period will end at the Commission's close of business on the immediately preceding working day;'

3. *Amendment of Rule 11*

Rule 11 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'11 *Prize Reserve Fund*

- 11.1 From time to time, the Commission may set aside a proportion of the total amount received from entry fees to any draw and, in respect of that draw, the distribution of prizes will be reduced *pro rata* in all prize winning divisions. The amount set aside will be accumulated by the Commission to constitute a pool called the Prize Reserve Fund.
- 11.2 The Prize Reserve Fund will be applied from time to time for the purpose of additional or increased prizes in respect of such subsequent lottery or lotteries conducted by the Commission, in such amount(s) and to such player(s) as the Commission in its absolute discretion determines.

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,
P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

Lotteries (Oz Lotto) Rules

1. *Preliminary*

- 1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (Oz Lotto) (Amendment) Rules 2003.
- 1.2 The Lotteries (Oz Lotto) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999 are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.
- 1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.
- 1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. *Amendment of Rule 2.1*

The definition of 'claim period' in Rule 2.1 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "claim period" means the period commencing at midnight on the day of determination of the draw results ("relevant day") and ending at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter. If the 14th day is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday the claim period will end at the Commission's close of business on the immediately preceding working day; '.

3. *Amendment of Rule 11*

Rule 11 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'11 *Prize Reserve Fund*

- 11.1 From time to time, the Commission may set aside a proportion of the total amount received from entry fees to any draw and, in respect of that draw, the distribution of prizes will be reduced *pro rata* in all prize winning divisions. The amount set aside will be accumulated by the Commission to constitute a pool called the Prize Reserve Fund.
- 11.2 The Prize Reserve Fund will be applied from time to time for the purpose of additional or increased prizes in respect of such subsequent lottery or lotteries conducted by the Commission, in such amount(s) and to such player(s) as the Commission in its absolute discretion determines.
- 11.3 The amounts to be set aside and the amounts to be applied to additional or increased prizes must be agreed with the Bloc members.'

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,
P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

Lotteries (Powerball) Rules

1. *Preliminary*

- 1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (Powerball) (Amendment) Rules 2003.
- 1.2 The Lotteries (Powerball) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999 are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.
- 1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.
- 1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. *Amendment of Rule 2.1*

The definition of 'claim period' in Rule 2.1 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "claim period" means the period commencing at midnight on the day of determination of the draw results ("relevant day") and ending at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter. If the 14th day is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday the claim period will end at the Commission's close of business on the immediately preceding working day; '.

3. *Amendment of Rule 11*

Rule 11 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'11 *Prize Reserve Fund*

- 11.1 From time to time, the Commission may set aside a proportion of the total amount received from entry fees to any draw and, in respect of that draw, the distribution of prizes will be reduced *pro rata* in all prize winning divisions. The amount set aside will be accumulated by the Commission to constitute a pool called the Prize Reserve Fund.
- 11.2 The Prize Reserve Fund will be applied from time to time for the purpose of additional or increased prizes in respect of such subsequent lottery or lotteries conducted by the Commission, in such amount(s) and to such player(s) as the Commission in its absolute discretion determines.
- 11.3 The amounts to be set aside and the amounts to be applied to additional or increased prizes must be agreed with the Bloc members.'

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,

P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

Lotteries (Lotto) Rules

1. *Preliminary*

- 1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (Lotto) (Amendment) Rules 2003.
- 1.2 The Lotteries (Lotto) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999 are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.

1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.

1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. Amendment of Rule 2.1

The definition of 'claim period' in Rule 2.1 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "claim period" means the period commencing at midnight on the day of determination of the draw results ("relevant day") and ending at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter. If the 14th day is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday the claim period will end at the Commission's close of business on the immediately preceding working day; '.

3. Amendment of Rule 11

Rule 11 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'11 Prize Reserve Fund

11.1 From time to time, the Commission may set aside a proportion of the total amount received from entry fees to any draw and, in respect of that draw, the distribution of prizes will be reduced *pro rata* in all prize winning divisions. The amount set aside will be accumulated by the Commission to constitute a pool called the Prize Reserve Fund.

11.2 The Prize Reserve Fund will be applied from time to time for the purpose of additional or increased prizes in respect of such subsequent lottery or lotteries conducted by the Commission, in such amount(s) and to such player(s) as the Commission in its absolute discretion determines.

11.3 The amounts to be set aside and the amounts to be applied to additional or increased prizes must be agreed with the Bloc members.'

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,

P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

Lotteries (The Pools) Rules

1. Preliminary

1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (The Pools) (Amendment) Rules 2003.

1.2 The Lotteries (The Pools) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999 are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.

1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.

1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. Amendment of Rule 2.1

The definition of 'claim period' in Rule 2.1 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "claim period" means the period commencing at midnight on the day of determination of the draw results ("relevant day") and ending at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter. If the 14th day is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday the claim period will end at the Commission's close of business on the immediately preceding working day; '.

3. Amendment of Rule 10

Rule 10 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'10 Prize Reserve Fund

10.1 From time to time, the Commission may set aside a proportion of the total amount received from entry fees to any draw and, in respect of that draw, the distribution of prizes will be reduced *pro rata* in all prize winning divisions. The amount set aside will be accumulated by the Commission to constitute a pool called the Prize Reserve Fund.

10.2 The Prize Reserve Fund will be applied from time to time for the purpose of additional or increased prizes in respect of such subsequent lottery or lotteries conducted by the Commission, in such amount(s) and to such player(s) as the Commission in its absolute discretion determines.

10.3 The amounts to be set aside and the amounts to be applied to additional or increased prizes must be agreed with the Bloc members.'

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,

P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

Lotteries (Super 66) Rules

1. Preliminary

1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (Super 66) (Amendment) Rules 2003.

1.2 The Lotteries (Super 66) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999 are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.

1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.

1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. Amendment of Rule 2.1

The definition of 'claim period' in Rule 2.1 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "claim period" means the period commencing at midnight on the day of determination of the draw results ("relevant day") and ending at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter. If the 14th day is a Saturday, Sunday or Public Holiday the claim period will end at the Commission's close of business on the immediately preceding working day; '.

3. Amendment of Rule 10

Rule 10 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'10 Prize Reserve Fund

- 10.1 From time to time, the Commission may set aside a proportion of the total amount received from entry fees to any draw and, in respect of that draw, the distribution of prizes will be reduced *pro rata* in all prize winning divisions. The amount set aside will be accumulated by the Commission to constitute a pool called the Prize Reserve Fund.
- 10.2 The Prize Reserve Fund will be applied from time to time for the purpose of additional or increased prizes in respect of such subsequent lottery or lotteries conducted by the Commission, in such amount(s) and to such player(s) as the Commission in its absolute discretion determines.
- 10.3 The amounts to be set aside and the amounts to be applied to additional or increased prizes must be agreed with the Bloc members.'

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,

P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

Lotteries (Traditional Lottery) Rules

1. Preliminary

- 1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (Traditional Lottery) (Amendment) Rules 2003.
- 1.2 The Lotteries (Traditional Lottery) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999 are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.
- 1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.
- 1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. Amendment of Rule 2.1

The definition of 'claim period' in Rule 2.1 is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "claim period" means the period commencing at midnight on the day of determination of the draw results and ending at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter. If the 14th day is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday the claim period will end at the Commission's close of business on the immediately preceding working day;'

3. Amendment of Rule 7

Rule 7 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

'7 Prize Reserve Fund

- 7.1 From time to time, the Commission may set aside a proportion of the total amount received from entry fees to any draw and, in respect of that draw, the distribution of prizes will be reduced *pro rata* in all prize winning divisions. The amount set aside will be accumulated by the Commission to constitute a pool called the Prize Reserve Fund.

- 7.2 The Prize Reserve Fund will be applied from time to time for the purpose of additional or increased prizes in respect of such subsequent lottery or lotteries conducted by the Commission, in such amount(s) and to such player(s) as the Commission in its absolute discretion determines.

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,

P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

Lotteries (Keno) Rules

1. Preliminary

- 1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (Keno) (Amendment) Rules 2003.
- 1.2 The Lotteries (Keno) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999, as amended by the amendment published in the *Government Gazette* on 22 February 2001, are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.
- 1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.
- 1.4 All lottery draws conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each game or draw in any particular lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. Amendment of Rule 2.1

The definition of 'claim period' in Rule 2.1 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "claim period" means the period commencing immediately after the draw ("relevant day") and ending at the close of business on the 14th day thereafter. If the 14th day is a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday the claim period will end at the Commission's close of business on the immediately preceding working day;'

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member
HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Dated 27 March 2003.

Approved,

P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

STATE LOTTERIES ACT 1966

Lotteries (Instant Scratchies) Rules

1. Preliminary

- 1.1 These Rules may be cited as the Lotteries (Instant Scratchies) (Amendment) Rules 2003.
- 1.2 The Lotteries (Instant Scratchies) Rules made under the State Lotteries Act 1966 and published in the *Government Gazette* on 19 July 1999 are hereinafter referred to as the 'Principal Rules'.
- 1.3 The Principal Rules are hereby amended effective from midnight on 30 March 2003 and these Rules will take effect immediately thereafter, except as provided in these Rules.

1.4 All Instant Scratchies lotteries conducted by the Commission current as at midnight on 30 March 2003 will be conducted pursuant to the Principal Rules as if these Rules had not been enacted. For this purpose each series or lot in any particular Instant Scratchies lottery will be regarded as a separate lottery conducted by the Commission.

2. *Amendment of Rule 2.1*

The definition of 'Instant Scratchies' in Rule 2.1 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following is substituted therefor:

' "Instant Scratchies" means a lottery promoted or conducted by the Commission in which tickets are sealed or concealed in some way (whether by means of removable opaque material or otherwise) the symbols giving rise to the winning chance.'

3. *Amendment of Rule 5*

Rule 5 of the Principal Rules is deleted and the following are substituted therefor:

'5 *Sale of Tickets*

5.1 The Commission may continue to distribute and sell tickets from a particular ticket series or lot, even if any or all of the prizes for that series or lot have already been won or claimed;

5.2 Nothing in these Rules requires the Commission to release to a person or to the public generally information as to:

5.2.1 whether any or all of the prizes for a particular ticket series or lot, or a particular lottery, have been won or claimed;

5.2.2 players who have won prizes in any lottery; or

5.2.3 the amount (if any) of the prize pool still available to be won from a particular ticket series or lot, or a particular lottery.'

The common seal of the Lotteries Commission of South Australia was affixed pursuant to a resolution of the Commission in the presence of:

(L.S.) SUZANNE MACKENZIE, Commission Member

HANS J. OHFF, Commission Member

Approved,

P. CONLON, Minister for Government Enterprises

TRANS-TASMAN MUTUAL RECOGNITION ACT 1997
OF THE COMMONWEALTH

TRANS-TASMAN MUTUAL RECOGNITION (SOUTH
AUSTRALIA) ACT 1999

Endorsement of Regulations

I, MICHAEL DAVID RANN, as the designated person for the State of South Australia, and in accordance with section 43 of the Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997 of the Commonwealth ('the Act'), endorse the proposed regulations set out in Schedule 1 for the purposes of section 48 of the Act.

M. D. RANN, Premier

SCHEDULE 1

Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Amendment Regulations 2003
(No.)

Statutory Rules 2003 No. ²

made under the Trans-Tasman Mutual Recognition Act 1997.

RULES OF THE LEGAL PRACTITIONERS EDUCATION AND ADMISSION COUNCIL 2004

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Pursuant to sections 14C, 14J and 17A of the Legal Practitioners Act 1981 as amended and to all other enabling powers, the Legal Practitioners Education and Admission Council makes the following Rules:

1. PRELIMINARY

1.1 These rules-

- (a) may be cited as the LPEAC Rules 2004;
- (b) will come into operation on 1 January 2004.

1.2 Upon the coming into operation of these rules, the LPEAC Rules 1999 are repealed.

1.3 In these Rules unless the contrary intention appears -

“Admission” means admission and enrolment as a practitioner.

“Board of Examiners” or “Board” means the Board of Examiners established pursuant to section 14I of the Act.

“Court” means the Full Court of the Supreme Court.

“Employed practitioner” means a practitioner employed:

- (i) in a private law practice;
- (ii) in a government department or semi-government authority, if the employment requires the performance of the work of a legal practitioner which the Council considers appropriate for the purposes of these rules;
- (iii) in a corporate legal office;
- (iv) in a community legal service;
- (v) in the office of the Crown Solicitor, the Director of Public Prosecutions, the Commonwealth Australian Government Solicitor or the Commonwealth Director of Public Prosecutions;
- (vi) in any other organisation, department or office which the Council approves for the purposes of this rule;
- (vii) as a judge’s associate.

“Graduate Diploma in Legal Practice” (“GDLP”) means the diploma so described awarded by the Law Society.

“Law Society” means the Law Society of South Australia.

“Local applicant” means a person applying for admission on the basis of academic and practical qualifications obtained in Australia.

“LPEAC” means the Legal Practitioners Education and Admission Council established pursuant to section 14B of the Act.

“Practising certificate” means a practising certificate issued pursuant to s 52 of the Act.

“Registrar” means the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

“Supreme Court” means the Supreme Court of South Australia.

“the Act” means the Legal Practitioners Act 1981 as amended.

“the Council” means LPEAC.

“the repealed rules” means the rules repealed by rule 1.2.

“the State” means the State of South Australia.

“to practise as a sole practitioner” means to practise other than as an employed practitioner, where the employer is a practitioner entitled to practise as a sole practitioner or is controlled or managed by a practitioner who is so qualified, or other than as a partner in a firm where at least one full-time principal is so qualified and provided also that an employer or principal so qualified is in full-time practice at the place at which the practitioner is employed or engaged.

2. REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION

2.1 Subject to sub-rule 2.3, the academic requirement for admission is the completion of a tertiary academic course in Australia, whether or not leading to a degree in law, which includes the equivalent of at least

- three years full-time study of law, being a course of study which, in the opinion of the Council, requires a satisfactory level of understanding and competence in the areas of knowledge referred to in Appendix A.
- 2.2 The degree of Bachelor of Laws of the University of Adelaide and the degrees of Bachelor of Laws and Bachelor of Laws and Legal Practice of the Flinders University of South Australia are, so long as in the opinion of the Council they require a satisfactory level of understanding and competence in the areas of knowledge referred to in Appendix A, sufficient academic courses for the purposes of this rule.
- 2.3 In lieu of its inclusion in a course of study of the kind referred to in rule 2.1, or a course of study leading to either of the degrees referred to in rule 2.2, the subject Professional Conduct referred to in Appendix A may be included in one or other of the courses referred to in rule 2.4, or in the case of an applicant who undertakes articulated clerkship, in such course as may be approved for that purpose by the Council.
- 2.4 The practical requirements for admission are:
- (a) The completion of a course of study which in the opinion of the Council requires understanding and competence in the skills, values and practice areas set out in Appendix B at the level of proficiency therein prescribed. In applying this sub-rule, the Council shall have regard to the matters set out in the Preface to Appendix B; or
 - (b) The course of study leading to the grant of the Graduate Diploma in Legal Practice or the course of study leading to the degree of Bachelor of Laws and Legal Practice of the Flinders University of South Australia which courses shall be sufficient practical courses for the purposes of this rule so long as the Council forms the opinion required by sub-rule (a) with respect to those courses and continues to hold that opinion; or
 - (c) The completion of at least one year's articles of clerkship, together with the completion of such supplementary course of study or other form of tuition or training which, in the opinion of the Council, will be likely to achieve understanding and competence in the skills, values and practice areas set out in Appendix B at the level of proficiency therein prescribed.
- 2.5 A tertiary institution or other course provider may apply to the Council for approval of a combined academic and practical course.
- 2.6
- (a) To assist the Council in determining whether or not a course offered wholly or in part in-house by an employer during the course of employment of an applicant for admission is of a nature and standard to enable it to form the opinion required by rule 2.4, the Council may require an employer or a principal engaged in the practice conducted by the employer to certify that the course offered by the employer, together with such other training or experience which the applicant for admission has received or will receive before admission will, in the opinion of the person furnishing the certificate, be sufficient to impart an adequate understanding and competence in the skills, values and practice areas set out in Appendix B at the level of proficiency therein prescribed.
 - (b) A supplementary course of study or other form of tuition or training for the purposes of rule 2.4(c)-
 - (i) may be specified by the Council as of general application to all clerks serving in articles or may be directed to a particular clerk or category of clerk intending to serve in articles; and
 - (ii) shall be designed to ensure, so far as is practicable, that upon completion of his or her service in articles, the clerk shall have attained a satisfactory level of understanding and competence in the skills, values and practice areas set out in Appendix B.
 - (c) To assist the Council in determining whether or not a supplementary course of study or other form of tuition or training should be undertaken for the purposes of rule 2.4(c) in a particular case, the Council may require that the intended principal furnish to the Council by statutory declaration or by such other means as the Council may request before entry into articles with the intending clerk, details of the nature and scope of the legal work which is likely to be undertaken by the clerk during his or her service in articles and the extent of the supervision and training which will be offered.
- 2.7 In forming an opinion as to a course of study of the kind referred to in rule 2.1 or rule 2.4, the Council may take into account that an admitting authority in any other State or Territory has recognised the particular course of study as satisfying, either wholly or in part, the academic or practical requirement for admission in that State or Territory.

3. RIGHT TO PRACTISE FOLLOWING ADMISSION

- 3.1 A local applicant admitted to practise in this State shall not be entitled to practise as a sole practitioner until he or she has completed in this State or in another State or Territory:
- (a) a continuous period of two years full-time employment as an employed practitioner following the first issue to him or her of a practising certificate; or
 - (b) in the case of an applicant for admission who offers as evidence of satisfaction of the practical requirements for admission the completion of no less than twelve months service in articles of clerkship in this State, a continuous period of eighteen months full-time employment as an employed practitioner.
- 3.2 For the purposes of this rule-
- (a) a local applicant may accumulate periods of practice as an employed practitioner in more than one State or Territory where he or she is entitled to practise;
 - (b) the Council may, in its discretion, permit discontinuous periods of employment to be accumulated.

4. OVERSEAS APPLICANTS

- 4.1 A person who holds qualifications obtained outside Australia which are recognised as qualifying him or her to be admitted to practise in an overseas jurisdiction, including New Zealand, but who is not admitted to practise in that jurisdiction, may apply to the Board for a direction as to what further, if any, academic or practical requirements must be complied with in order to satisfy the requirements for admission in the State.
- 4.2 An applicant for such a direction must lodge with the Board a statutory declaration-
- (a) stating the nature and details of the applicant's academic qualifications and practical qualifications and experience;
 - (b) providing evidence that the applicant has the academic and practical qualifications relied upon, annexing to the declaration any original or authenticated documentary evidence that the applicant has the academic and practical qualifications relied upon; and
 - (c) stating whether the applicant has applied for admission in any other Australian jurisdiction and the result of any such application.
- 4.3 In dealing with any application under rule 4.1, the Board may decline to give a direction or direct that the applicant:
- (a) comply with any further academic requirements as may be specified by the Board;
 - (b) obtain further specified practical training or experience or both;
 - (c) is not required to undertake any further academic or practical training.
- 4.4 A person who is admitted to practise in an overseas jurisdiction other than New Zealand may apply to the Board for a direction as to what academic and practical requirements must be complied with in order to satisfy the requirements for admission.
- 4.5 An applicant for such a direction must lodge a statutory declaration:
- (a) stating the nature and details of the applicant's academic qualifications and practical qualifications and experience;
 - (b) providing evidence that the applicant has the academic and practical qualifications relied upon, annexing to the declaration original or authenticated documentary evidence that the applicant has the academic and practical qualifications relied upon;
 - (c) providing original or authenticated documentary evidence of the applicant's admission in the overseas jurisdiction;
 - (d) stating that the applicant is currently admitted and entitled to practise in the overseas jurisdiction, has not at any stage been struck off the roll of practitioners or otherwise suspended from practice and is not presently subject to disciplinary inquiry or proceedings;
 - (e) describing the nature, range, duration and character of the applicant's practice in the overseas jurisdiction; and
 - (f) stating whether the applicant has applied for such a direction or for admission in any other Australian jurisdiction and the result of any such application.

- 4.6 In dealing with any application under rule 4.4 the Board may decline to give a direction or direct that the applicant:
- (a) comply with any further academic requirements as may be specified by the Board;
 - (b) obtain further specified practical training or experience or both;
 - (c) is not required to undertake any further academic or practical training.
- 4.7 In formulating directions pursuant to rule 4.3 or 4.6, the Board shall endeavour to ensure that the applicant's qualifications, training and experience equate as closely as may be reasonably practicable with those of a local applicant.
- 4.8 Upon completion of the requirements of the Board given pursuant to rule 4.3 or 4.6, or where the board determines that no further academic or practical training is required, the applicant shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic and practical requirements for admission in the State.
- 4.9 A person who seeks a direction pursuant to this rule, must, when applying to the Board for directions, in addition to the matters referred to in rule 4.2 and 4.5, provide to the Board:
- (a) evidence such as a passport to verify his or her identity;
 - (b) independent evidence that the applicant is the person who has obtained the academic, practical and professional qualifications relied upon, such as a notarised certification from the tertiary institution or professional body which has awarded or conferred the qualification which identifies the applicant by reference to the applicant's passport (or other document of identity) including the number of the passport and the country of issue;
 - (c) where the applicant has been admitted to practise in an overseas jurisdiction, two statutory declarations (or the overseas equivalent of same) from legal practitioners in that jurisdiction who have known the applicant for at least two years and who themselves have been admitted in that jurisdiction for not less than five years, attesting to the good character and fitness to be admitted of the applicant;
 - (d) where the applicant has not been admitted in an overseas jurisdiction, two statutory declarations (or the overseas equivalent of same) from persons of good repute who have known the applicant for at least five years, attesting to the applicant's good character.
- 4.10 If the first language of an applicant for admission in the State is not English, the applicant must satisfy the Board that the applicant has a sufficient knowledge of written and spoken English to practise in Australia.
- 4.11 The Board may, in relation to any application made by an overseas applicant, make such further enquiries as it thinks fit concerning the system of jurisprudence of the country in which the applicant has obtained his or her qualifications or in which the applicant has been admitted as a legal practitioner (as the case may be), the nature and adequacy of the applicant's training and experience in the practice of the law and the applicant's fitness to be admitted to practise in this State and the Board may act in respect of such matters on the written advice of the Attorney-General or the Solicitor-General for the State of South Australia, the Dean or Associate Dean of Law of the University of Adelaide or of the Flinders University of South Australia, any other admitting authority in Australia, or on the report of a committee appointed by the Board for that purpose.

5. ENTRY INTO ARTICLES OF CLERKSHIP

- 5.1 No person may enter into Articles of Clerkship unless:
- (a) he or she has fulfilled the academic requirements for admission; and
 - (b) he or she has duly applied for, but has been unable to obtain, entry into the course leading to the grant of the GDLP or either of the courses referred to in rule 2.4(b) in the year for which he or she wishes to service in articles; and
 - (c) he or she has given to the Board and to the Law Society at least twenty-one clear days' notice of his or her intention to enter into Articles. Such notice shall be in Form 1 in the schedule hereto.
- 5.2 Within one month after the execution of Articles of Clerkship the articulated clerk shall:
- (a) lodge the articles with the Board, together with a statutory declaration verifying the due execution thereof;
 - (b) produce to the Board a certificate or certificates given by the appropriate authority showing that the clerk has fulfilled the academic requirements for admission.
 - (c) serve on the Law Society copies of the statutory declaration and of every such certificate.

- 5.3 Within one month after the execution of any supplementary articles, or any assignment of articles, the clerk shall:
- (a) forward to the Board the supplementary articles, or the assignment, together with a statutory declaration verifying the due execution thereof; and
 - (b) serve on the Law Society a copy of the said statutory declaration and of any decision or determination of the Board given or made pursuant to rule 25(2).

6. SERVICE UNDER ARTICLES

- 6.1 (a) No clerk shall be articed to a practitioner unless the practitioner has been in practice in the State of South Australia for a continuous period of at least five years and is in practice as a principal at the commencement of the articles, unless the practitioner is the Crown Solicitor for the State, an officer authorised by the Secretary to the Commonwealth Attorney-General's Department to act in the name of the Australian Government Solicitor in the State, the South Australian Director of Public Prosecutions or the Commonwealth Director of Public Prosecutions.
- (b) Compliance with this rule may be dispensed with by the Board upon it being satisfied that it is proper in all the circumstances to do so.
- 6.2 No practitioner shall have more than three articed clerks serving under articles at the same time, provided that, for the purposes of this rule only, an articed clerk shall be deemed not to be serving under articles from and after the time at which he or she has served a period of articles adequate to entitle him or her (if he or she is in all other respects so entitled) to be admitted.
- 6.3 Notwithstanding the provisions of rule 6.2, the Crown Solicitor for the State, an officer authorised by the Secretary to the Attorney-General's Department to act in the name of the Australian Government Solicitor, the South Australian Director of Public Prosecutions and the Commonwealth Director of Public Prosecutions may have any number of articed clerks provided that each of them give written notification to the Board before 31 January in each year of the following:
- (a) the name of each articed clerk in their employ at the time the notification is given; and
 - (b) in each case, the approximate date upon which the service in articles will be completed.
- 6.4 Clerks articed to the Crown Solicitor for the State may, for the purposes of carrying out the employment required by rule 6.7, be employed in such duties of a legal nature within the Departments administered by or under the Attorney-General for the State as the Crown Solicitor for the State may direct.
- 6.5 For the purposes of this rule, "Crown Solicitor for the State" shall mean, if that office is vacant, the person for the time being or from time to time performing the duties of the Crown Solicitor for the State.
- 6.6 No practitioner shall take, or retain any articed clerk after he or she has ceased to practise as a practitioner, or whilst he or she is employed by another practitioner.
- 6.7 Subject to these Rules, every articed clerk shall during the whole term of his or her articles be actually and continuously employed in the State in the proper business, practice and employment of a practitioner under the personal supervision of:
- (a) the practitioner practising in the State to whom he or she is articed; or
 - (b) a partner of the practitioner; or
 - (c) a practitioner who for the time being is carrying on the business of the practitioner to whom the clerk is articed.
- 6.8 (a) For the purposes of rule 6.7(b) or (c), the partner or practitioner must have been in practice in the State for a continuous period of five years and at the time of such supervision must be in practice as a principal.
- (b) The Deputy and Assistant Crown Solicitors for the State shall for the purposes of this rule be deemed to be partners of the Crown Solicitor for the State and the Deputy Directors of Public Prosecutions shall for the purposes of this rule be deemed to be partners of the Directors of Public Prosecutions.
- 6.9 Absence on duty as a member of the naval, military, or air forces of the Commonwealth of Australia shall not terminate a clerk's articles, but any period of such service which exceeds sixteen days in any one year shall not be deemed service under articles unless the Board otherwise determines.
- 6.10 Where, before the expiration of the period for which a clerk is articed, the practitioner to whom he or she is articed ceases to practise as a practitioner or dies, or his or her articles are cancelled by mutual

- consent, the clerk may enter into supplementary articles to another practitioner for the remainder of the period of articles.
- 6.11 (a) The Board may terminate existing articles on application to it either by the principal or by the clerk if the Board is satisfied that the clerk has ceased substantially to derive any benefit under the articles, or that the clerk is not receiving satisfactory general instruction, or that for any other sufficient reason it is advisable to terminate the articles.
- (b) The Board may thereupon allow the clerk to enter into supplementary articles to another practitioner for the residue of the period of service required by these rules or for such longer period as the Board may determine.
- (c) Except as provided by this rule articles of clerkship may not be terminated without the approval of the Board.
- 6.12 In the case of a person entering into articles after the commencement of these Rules with a practitioner practising outside a radius of fifty kilometres from the Adelaide GPO, up to one half of the period of articles prescribed by these Rules may be served with the Adelaide agent of such practitioner, and the employment of the clerk as a bona fide pupil of the Adelaide agent, or his or her partner (if any) for such period shall be deemed to be service under his or her articles of clerkship.
- 6.13 Service as an associate to a judge may be counted as service in articles to the extent permitted by the Board.
- 6.14 No articles of clerkship shall bind a clerk to service after he or she has been admitted as a practitioner.

7. BOARD OF EXAMINERS

- 7.1 All questions coming before the Board shall be decided by a majority of those present, and the Chairperson (and in the Chairperson's absence, the Deputy Chairperson) shall have a casting vote as well as a deliberative vote.
- 7.2 When the Board makes any report to the Court or to the Council any member may make a dissenting or individual report.
- 7.3 The Board may require any applicant, and a practitioner to whom the applicant was articulated, or under whose supervision he or she has served, or with whom he or she has served as a bona fide pupil, to answer in writing, or to attend before it and answer orally, such questions relevant to his or her application for admission as the Board thinks fit.
- 7.4 (a) Except where any of these rules (apart from rule 10.1) confer upon the Council a power of exemption, the Board may exempt any person from the requirements of or from compliance or further compliance with any of these rules either entirely or in part and in any event subject to such conditions the Board may think it appropriate to impose.
- (b) This rule is in addition to the power of the Council to delegate all or any of its powers to the Board.
- (c) (i) A person who claims to have been qualified for admission pursuant to the repealed rules or any previous Admission Rules made pursuant to s 72(1) VI a of the Supreme Court Act 1935 (as amended) but has not been admitted to practise as a legal practitioner in the State, may apply to the Board for an exemption from compliance with these rules or for a direction as to what further, if any, academic or practical requirements must be complied with in order to satisfy the requirements for admission.
- (ii) Any such exemption or direction may be given on such terms or conditions as the Board deems fit.
- 7.5 The Board may refer any question arising out of any application made to the Board in pursuance of these rules or under the Act or arising out of any inquiry made by the Board in pursuance of these rules to the Court or to the Council and the Court or the Council may either dispose of the matter or refer it back to the Board with such directions as it may think fit.
- 7.6 (a) In addition to any other inquiry which by law it may be authorised to undertake, the Board shall inquire into every application for admission and any objection thereto and report to the Court whether the applicant:
- (i) is eligible for admission;
- (ii) is a fit and proper person to be admitted;

- (iii) has complied with the Act, these Rules and the Supreme Court Admission Rules 1999 insofar as the applicant has been required to do so; and
 - (iv) has complied with any other requirement as to which the Board has been requested to report by the Court.
- (b) In the process of inquiry into the question of whether or not the applicant is a fit and proper person to be admitted, the Board of Examiners may make a request in writing to any teaching institution at which the applicant has pursued any course of study as to the practical or academic requirements for admission for a statement in writing as to whether or not the applicant has to the knowledge of the institution during the time when the applicant was enrolled for any such course of study been guilty of any dishonest conduct, including plagiarism, or other conduct relevant to the determination of the question whether the applicant is a fit and proper person to be admitted as a practitioner.
- (c) Subject to rule 13(11) of the Supreme Court Admission Rules 1999, where the Board enquires into an application for readmission it shall, in addition to the matters referred to in sub-rule (1) hereof, report to the Court as to the fitness and capacity of the applicant to act as a practitioner in all business and matters usually transacted by or entrusted to practitioners.
- (d) Where the circumstances so require the report of the Board shall be prefaced by or have attached thereto a statement of the Board's findings in relation to the facts of the case.

8. APPLICATION FOR INTIMATION AS TO ELIGIBILITY

8. (a) Any person may at any time apply to the Board for an intimation as to whether or not he or she would, in the opinion of the Board, be ineligible on grounds relating to his or her character or fitness or both to be admitted as a practitioner.
- (b) The Board may require any person applying under this Rule to attend before it and to furnish such evidence of his or her good character and fitness as it thinks fit.
- (c) The Board may in its discretion give such intimation as to the eligibility of the application as it thinks fit.
- 8.2 Where, on an application for admission, the applicant relies upon any intimation given by the Board of Examiners pursuant to this rule or by the Board of Examiners constituted pursuant to any rules of the Supreme Court relating to the admission of practitioners, the Board shall give effect to the intimation when preparing its report to the Court in respect of the application for admission except where the Board is satisfied that:
- (a) the intimation was obtained by fraud;
 - (b) the intimation was obtained in circumstances where the applicant, whether deliberately or otherwise, failed to disclose to the Board facts material to the application for an intimation; or
 - (c) the conduct of the applicant since the intimation was given requires a reconsideration by the Board as to whether or not the applicant is ineligible for admission by reason of his or her character or fitness to be admitted.

9. RENEWAL OF PRACTISING CERTIFICATES

9.1 This rule:

- (a) does not apply to practitioners to whom Rule 6 applies;
- (b) otherwise applies to:
 - (i) practitioners who apply for a practising certificate for the first time in this State more than three years after the practitioner was admitted in this State; and
 - (ii) practitioners whose practising certificate has expired and has not been renewed for a period of three or more years from the date of expiry.

9.2 A practitioner shall not be eligible to obtain a renewal or issue of a practising certificate unless the practitioner first obtains and complies with the directions (if any) given by the Board pursuant to this rule.

9.3 A practitioner may apply to the Board for directions as to what (if any) further practical training and experience must be undertaken before the practitioner's practising certificate is reissued.

- 9.4 An application pursuant to rule 9.3 must be by way of statutory declaration setting out the evidence relied upon by the practitioner and to which is exhibited any documentary evidence relied upon by the practitioner.
- 9.5 The statutory declaration must be lodged with the Board of Examiners.
- 9.6 On any application made pursuant to this rule the Board may:
- (a) direct that no practising certificate be issued to the applicant until further direction or until the happening of specified events;
 - (b) direct that the practitioner:
 - (i) undertake further specified training or experience or both;
 - (ii) is not required to undertake any further practical training or experience;
 - (c) direct that a practising certificate be reissued subject to conditions which the Board considers appropriate while the practitioner undertakes any further practical training and experience directed to be undertaken by the Board pursuant to this rule.
- 9.7 Subject to rule 9.6(c), where the Board has directed that the practitioner undertake further practical training and experience or both, the practitioner must satisfy the Board that he or she has adequately completed the further training and experience or both as directed by the Board before the practising certificate may be reissued.
- 9.8 The authority responsible for the renewal or issue of the practising certificate shall act upon the certificate of the Board in relation to the reissue of practising certificates in respect of practitioners to whom this rule applies.

10. MISCELLANEOUS AND EXEMPTIONS

- 10.1 The Council may exempt any person from the requirements of or from compliance or further compliance with any of these rules either entirely or in part and in any event subject to such conditions as the Council may think fit to impose.
- 10.2 For any purpose relating to the exercise of its powers under these rules, the Council may:
- (a) seek a report from the Board;
 - (b) appoint an ad hoc advisory committee which may comprise or include persons who are not members of the Council or of the Board, to report to the Council;
 - (c) either in a particular case or generally, have regard to and give such weight as it thinks fit to any approval, exemption, condition or decision given, allowed, imposed or made by any admitting authority or other statutory or regulatory body whose activities relate to legal practitioners in any other State or Territory of Australia.
- 10.3 The Law Society shall be entitled to be represented by a solicitor or counsel before the Council or the Board on any inquiry, or on any application.
- 10.4 The Council or the Board may request the Law Society to appoint a practitioner to investigate any matter arising on any inquiry or application coming before it, or to assist the Council or the Board on any such inquiry or application.

APPENDIX A
SYNOPSIS OF AREAS OF KNOWLEDGE

Appendix A sets out detailed descriptions of the areas of knowledge referred to in rule 2.1 which have been prepared for the guidance and assistance of admitting authorities.

Although the topics below are grouped for convenience under the headings of particular areas of knowledge, there is no implication that a topic needs to be taught in a subject covering the area of knowledge in the heading rather than in another suitable subject.

CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE

1. The definition of crime.
2. Elements of crime.
3. Aims of the criminal law.
4. Homicide and defences.
5. Non-fatal offences against the person and defences.
6. Offences against property.
7. General doctrines.
8. Selected topics chosen from:
 - attempts
 - participation in crime
 - drunkenness
 - mistake
 - strict responsibility.
9. Elements of criminal procedure. Selected topics chosen from:
 - classification of offences
 - process to compel appearance
 - bail
 - preliminary examination
 - trial of indictable offences.

OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should provide knowledge of the general doctrines of the criminal law and in particular examination of both offences against the person and against property. Selective treatment should also be given to various defences and to elements of criminal procedure.

TORTS

1. Negligence, including defences.
2. A representative range of torts (other than negligence) and their defences.
3. Damages
4. Concurrent liability.
5. Compensation schemes.

OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The potential compass of this areas is so large that considerable variation might be anticipated. At the very least, there should be a study of negligence and of a representative range of torts, with some consideration of defences and damages, and of alternative methods of providing compensation for accidental injury. Examples of these topics are: concurrent liability, defamation, economic torts, nuisance, breach of statutory duty and compensation scheme.

CONTRACTS

1. Formation, including capacity, formalities, privity and consideration.
 2. Content and construction of contract.
 3. Vitiating factors.
 4. Discharge.
 5. Remedies.
 6. Assignment.
- OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

Some variation may be expected in the breadth and detail of the topics. In general, however, knowledge of the formal requirements for concluding contracts, capacity, the content and interpretation of contracts, their performance and discharge, available remedies, together with an understanding of the broad theoretical basis of contract would be expected.

PROPERTY

1. Meaning and purposes of the concept of property.
 2. Possession, seisin and title.
 3. Nature and type (ie fragmentation) of proprietary interests.
 4. Creation and enforceability of proprietary interests.
 5. Legal and equitable remedies.
 6. Statutory schemes of registration.
 7. Acquisition and disposal of proprietary interests.
 8. Concurrent ownership.
 9. Proprietary interests in land owned by another.
 10. Mortgages.
- OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should provide knowledge of the nature and type of various proprietary interests in chattels and land, and their creation and relative enforceability at law and in equity. Statutory schemes or registration for both general law land and Torrens land should be included. A variety or other topics might be included eg fixtures, concurrent interests and more detailed treatment of such matters as sale of land, leases, mortgages, easements, restrictive covenants, etc.

EQUITY

1.
 - (a) The nature of equity
 - (b) Equitable rights, titles and interests
 - (c) Equitable assignments
 - (d) Estoppel in equity
 - (e) Fiduciary obligations
 - (f) Unconscionable transactions
 - (g) Equitable remedies.
2. Trusts, with particular reference to the various types of trusts and the manner and form of their creation and variation. The duties, rights and powers of trustees should be included, as should the consequences of breach of trust and the remedies available to, and respective rights of, beneficiaries. (It is expected that about half the course will be devoted to trusts.)

OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should cover the elements of trust law, equitable doctrines apart from those relating to trusts, and equitable remedies. The following aspects of trusts law should be dealt with: various kinds of trusts; the rights, duties, powers of trustees; the consequences of breach of trust. Apart from trusts, the following equitable doctrines might be covered, for example, fiduciary obligations, equitable assignments, unconscionability and confidential information. The remedies of specific performance, injunction, declaration and damages in equity should be included. (It is expected that about half the course will be devoted to trusts.)

COMPANY LAW

1. Corporate personality.
 2. The incorporation process.
 3. The corporate constitution.
 4. Company contracts.
 5. Administration of companies and management of the business of companies.
 6. Duties and liabilities of directors and officers.
 7. Share capital and membership.
 8. Members' remedies.
 9. Company credit and security arrangements.
 10. Winding up of companies.
- OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should include an analysis of incorporation and its effects, management and control of a company, the various methods of financing - by the issue of shares and by debt, and the processes of winding up a company.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

1. Organisation and structure of the administration.
 2. Administrative law theory.
 3. Common law and statutory avenues of judicial review at Commonwealth and State level.
 4. Grounds of judicial review.
 5. Remedies.
 6. Crown immunity.
 7. Administrative Appeals Tribunal
 8. Statutory review.
 9. Freedom of information.
- OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should not only embrace traditional common law remedies concerning judicial review of administrative action, but should also cover the range of Commonwealth and State statutory regimes.

FEDERAL AND STATE CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

1. State constitutions and constitutional systems.
 2. The Commonwealth Constitution and constitutional system.
 3. The constitution and operation of the legislature, executive and judiciary.
 4. The relationship between the different institutions of government and the separation of powers.
 5. The relationship between the different levels of government.
- OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should include knowledge of the major principles of both the relevant State or Territory Constitution and the Commonwealth Constitution, including the relations between the different Commonwealth and State or Territory laws. A general knowledge of the scope of both State or Territory and Commonwealth Constitutions is required, although the topics will differ in the depth of treatment of specific heads of power, particularly in the Commonwealth sphere.

CIVIL PROCEDURE

1. Court adjudication under an adversary system.
 2. The cost of litigation and the use of costs to control litigation.
 3. Service of originating process - as foundation of jurisdiction, including service out of the relevant State or Territory and choice of forum.
 4. Joinder of claims and parties, including group proceedings and the defence of prior adjudication as instances of the public interest in avoiding a multiplicity of proceedings and inconsistent verdicts.
 5. Defining the questions for trial - pleadings, notices to admit and other devices.
 6. Obtaining evidence - discovery of documents, interrogatories, subpoena and other devices.
 7. Disposition without trial, including the compromise of litigation.
 8. Extra judicial determination of issues arising in the course of litigation.
 9. Judgement.
 10. Appeal.
 11. Enforcement.
- OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should embrace the general study of rules of civil procedure relevant in the State or Territory. Rules concerning jurisdiction, the initiation and service of process, the definition of issues through pleadings and judgment and enforcement should all be included.

EVIDENCE

1. Introduction.
 2. Competence and compellability.
 3. Privilege.
 4. The examination of witnesses.
 5. Disposition and character.
 6. Similar fact evidence.
 7. The accused as a witness.
 8. Burden and standard of proof.
 9. Documentary evidence.
 10. Opinion evidence and prior determination.
 11. Hearsay:
 - the exclusionary rule
 - the common law and statutory exceptions.
 12. Admissions and confessions in criminal cases.
 13. Illegally obtained evidence and confirmation by subsequent fact.
 14. Res gestae.
 15. Corroboration.
- OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should include examination of both the sources and acceptability of evidence, including rules concerning the burden and standard of proof and technical rules concerning such matters as hearsay, admissions and confessions, illegally obtained evidence and res gestae.

PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT (including basic Trust Accounting)

Professional and personal conduct in respect of practitioner's duty:

- (a) To the law;
 - (b) To the Courts;
 - (c) To clients, including a basic knowledge of the principles of trust accounting; and
 - (d) To fellow practitioners.
- OR

Topics of such breadth and depth as to satisfy the following guidelines.

The topics should include knowledge of the various pertinent rules concerning a practitioner's duty to the law, the Courts, clients and fellow practitioners, and a basic knowledge of the principles of trust accounting.

The aims of the trust account segment of Professional Conduct are:

- (a) To impart an understanding of the legal requirements on solicitors for dealing with trust property.
- (b) To help students obtain a level of competence in, and understanding of, the recording requirements for trust accounts and other trust dealings.

Areas covered should include:

- (a) Provisions of the relevant State or Territory legislation governing the legal profession which relate to the handling of trust money and other trust property.
- (b) Legislative provisions which enable the proper identification of trust moneys.
- (c) The ramifications of breach of trust.
- (d) Methods of maintaining trust accounts records. This includes class exercises in recording of receipts, payments and direct payments of trust moneys and of investments (including mortgage investments) by solicitors on behalf of their clients.
- (e) A detailed study of any relevant legislation, regulations or rules relating to trust accounting.

**APPENDIX B
COMPETENCY STANDARDS FOR ENTRY LEVEL LAWYERS**

PREFACE

The following Competency Standards for practical legal training for entry level lawyers have been jointly developed by the Australasian Professional Legal Education Council (APLEC) and the Law Admissions Consultative Committee.

They seek to describe the observable performance required of entry-level lawyers at the point of admission to practise, in a number of key areas. The Competency Standards have been drafted in the light of both:

- *National Competency Standards, Policy and Guidelines*, National Training Board, Canberra 1991; and
- Heywood, Gonczi and Hager, *A Guide to the Development of Competency Standards for Professions*, Department of Employment, Education and Training, Canberra 1992.

It is in the interests of clients and the public that entry-level lawyers should only be admitted to practise – and subsequently licensed and held out to the public as legal practitioners – if they have acquired threshold competence to practise by completing appropriate academic and practical training. Before they are admitted to practise they must have the knowledge, values, attitudes and skills required to practise law competently.

At the point of admission, each applicant will thus be expected to provide evidence that the applicant has achieved the requisite competence in the following Skills, Practice Areas and Values:

Skills	Practice Areas	Values
Lawyer's Skills Problem Solving Work Management and Business Skills Trust and Office Accounting	Civil Litigation Practice Commercial and Corporate Practice Property Law Practice One of: Administrative Law Practice Criminal Law Practice Family Law Practice And one of: Consumer Law Practice Employment and Industrial Relations Practice Planning & Environmental Law Practice Wills and Estates Practice	Ethics and Professional Responsibility

The relevant Competency Standards for each Skill, Practice Area and Value are set out from page 37 onwards.

The Law Admissions Consultative Committee considers that:

- (a) every applicant seeking admission to practise should provide evidence that the applicant has attained the requisite competence required by the Standards, whether the applicant has completed a PLT Course, Articles of Clerkship, a Bar Admission Course or a combination of more than one of them;
- (b) an applicant should generally have undertaken the relevant practical legal training and demonstrated attainment of the requisite competence either in the final year of a law degree or after completing that degree, or a combination of both of them;
- (c) at whatever stage an applicant undertakes practical legal training, that training should be provided at a level equivalent to post-graduate training. It should build on the knowledge and understanding of the law, the legal system and of legal practice which a graduate should have acquired by the end of an undergraduate law degree;

diversity in the ways in which practical legal training is given should be encouraged, provided that the quality of that training is not compromised and remains the paramount consideration;

the training requires both programmed training and workplace experience. It requires an allocation of tuition hours and resources to curriculum which are appropriate as an equivalent of:

- a program of academic study at graduate diploma level which incorporates at least 90 hours of workplace training; or
- 12 months (1800 work hours) of closely supervised full time indenture as an articled clerk incorporating at least 90 hours of programmed training; or
- a non-award training course of at least 6 months (900 hours) in which at least 450 hours is programmed training and at least 90 hours is workplace experience.

“programmed training” means structured and supervised training activities, research and tasks with comprehensive assessment. When programmed training is delivered as distance training or in electronic form, it should be devised to require an input of time from an applicant of at least 450 hours.

“workplace experience” means supervised employment in a law or law related work environment or equivalent unpaid engagement in such an environment.

while the Competency Standards propose minimum requirements for entry-level lawyers, they are not intended to discourage either wider, or more detailed, Practical Legal Training;

the Competency Standards are designed, where possible, to allow:

- (i) competence in one relevant area to be acquired in the course of acquiring competence in another relevant area; and
- (ii) practical legal training to be given in flexible and innovative ways, where this is desirable.

It follows that an applicant need not acquire the requisite competence in any particular Skill, Practice Area or Value by undertaking training in any predetermined topic or area of practice;

an applicant’s competence in each Practice Area should be assessed in a way which allows the applicant also to demonstrate competence in relevant Skills and Values, at the same time;

those who teach in PLT Courses or who supervise the work of potential applicants for admission while they acquire competence in the relevant Practice Areas, Skills and Values, should either have substantial recent experience practising law, or comparable relevant qualifications or experience;

any program of practical legal training should:

- (i) introduce a potential applicant for admission to Legal Aid and Pro Bono systems and schemes; and
- (ii) include practical experience in the use of current information technology;

any course providing components of practical legal training to potential applicants, including Articles of Clerkship, should have formal means of assessing whether, and certifying that, an applicant has achieved the requisite level of competence in each relevant skill, practice area or value;

each Admitting Authority should:

- (i) require any course providing components of practical legal training to potential applicants (other than Articles of Clerkship) to be approved by it; and
- (ii) monitor the provision of practical legal training (including Articles of Clerkship) to satisfy itself that the training is of an appropriate quality.

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer who practises in administrative law should be able to obtain information for clients under freedom of information legislation and otherwise, seek review of administrative decisions, and represent parties before courts and administrative tribunals.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Obtaining information	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified whether freedom of information legislation applies to the situation. • identified the specific legislation under which the information may be obtained. • taken the steps required under that legislation. • identified and taken any other practical steps required to obtain the information.
2. Obtaining review of administrative decisions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • concluded correctly that the decision may be reviewed. • identified and discussed with the client alternative means of obtaining a review. • completed all preparation required by law, good practice and the circumstances of the matter. • represented the client effectively at any mediation, hearing or other review forum, where this is appropriate and permitted.
3. Representing a client	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified all alternative means of obtaining redress and discussed them with the client. • completed all preparation required by law, good practice and the circumstances of the matter. • represented the client effectively at any mediation, hearing or other forum.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to State and Federal administrative law and practice and proceedings before both State and Federal courts and tribunals.

For an entry level lawyer administrative law practice may be either an area of specialised practice or an ancillary part of general practice.

Preparing to represent a client in a court or tribunal may include drafting written submissions.

CIVIL LITIGATION PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer should be able to conduct civil litigation in first instance matters in courts of general jurisdiction, in a timely and cost-effective manner.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Assessing the merits of a case and identifying the dispute resolution alternatives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • assessed the strengths and weaknesses of both the client's and opponent's cases. • identified the facts and evidence required to support the client's case. • identified all means of resolving the case, having regard to the client's circumstances. • advised the client of relevant rights and remedies in a way which the client can easily understand. • where possible, confirmed in writing any instructions given by the client in response to initial advice. • identified and complied with the relevant limitation period.

- 2. Initiating and responding to claims**
 - identified an appropriate claim or defence.
 - identified a court of appropriate jurisdiction.
 - identified the elements of the claim or defence, according to law.
 - followed procedures for bringing the claim or making the defence in accordance with the court's rules and in a timely manner.
 - drafted all necessary documents in accordance with those procedures.
- 3. Taking and responding to interlocutory and default proceedings**
 - identified any need for interlocutory steps or default proceedings, according to the court's rules.
 - followed procedures for taking those steps or proceedings in accordance with the court's rules and in a timely manner.
 - drafted all necessary documents in accordance with those procedures and rules.
- 4. Gathering and presenting evidence**
 - identified issues likely to arise at the hearing.
 - identified evidence needed to prove the client's case or disprove the opponent's case, according to the rules of evidence.
 - gathered the necessary evidence.
 - presented that evidence according to law and the court's rules.
- 5. Negotiating settlements**
 - conducted settlement negotiations in accordance with specified principles.
 - identified any revenue and statutory refund implications.
 - properly documented any settlement reached.
- 6. Taking action to enforce orders and settlement agreements**
 - identified procedures for enforcing the order or settlement according to law and the court's rules.
 - followed those procedures in a timely manner.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to first instance civil litigation in a local lower and a local higher court of an Australian State or Territory, having general jurisdiction, and in the Federal Court.

Means by which a dispute might be resolved include, but are not limited to:

- negotiation;
- mediation;
- arbitration;
- litigation;
- expert appraisal

Means by which evidence might be gathered include:

- statements from witness;
- notices to admit;
- discovery;
- subpoena;
- expert reports;
- certified official records, banker's books etc.

Means by which evidence might be presented include:

- orally on oath;
- affidavits;
- video or telephone link.

Means of enforcement include:

- execution process including attachment of debts;
- taxation or assessment of costs;
- oral examination.

COMMERCIAL AND CORPORATE PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer should be able to conduct commercial transactions such as the sale or purchase of a small business. The lawyer should be able to set up standard business structures using entities such as companies, trusts and partnerships; provide basic advice on finance and securities and the obligations of companies and their officers; and appreciate the type of advice needed to assess the revenue implications of standard commercial transactions.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Conducting commercial transactions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the nature of the transaction properly. • undertaken sufficient searches and inquiries to investigate any relevant issues of title to real or personal property. • drafted documents, had them executed, and (if necessary) certified, stamped and registered them, according to law and good practice. • obtained or given any necessary consents to, or notifications of, the transaction required by law.
2. Setting up commercial structures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • selected a structure that will achieve the client's objectives. • drafted all documents required to set up the structure (including establishing any discrete entities that will form part of the structure) had them executed and (if necessary) certified, stamped and registered them, according to law and good practice. • informed the client of any continuing obligations in relation to the structure, and where the structure involves a corporation, the continuing obligations of the company and its officers.
3. Dealing with loans and securities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the various appropriate types of financial arrangements and securities available to the borrower and lender. • informed the borrower and lender of their immediate, continuing, and potential liabilities under any proposed financing and security arrangements. • drafted loan or security documents which reflect the agreement between lender and borrower. • had the loan or security documents executed and (if necessary) stamped and registered them according to law.
4. Advising on revenue law and practice	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the possible general revenue implications of the client's proposed commercial venture or arrangement. • referred the client to experts for more comprehensive or detailed advice, where appropriate.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to commercial and corporate practice. It includes:

- some common commercial transactions, such as the sale or purchase of a small business;
- setting up standard business structures and entities, including companies;
- advising on the legal obligations of corporations and their officers;
- advising on due diligence investigations;
- identifying in a general way the possible revenue implications of standard commercial dealings and structures;
- drafting standard loan agreements and securities.

Business structures include:

- trusts;
- private companies;
- partnerships;
- joint ventures;
- franchise arrangements

Securities include:

- bills of sale;
- chattel leases;
- loans agreements;
- guarantees, including guarantees from spouses.

Revenue implications include:

- stamp duties;
- income tax;
- capital gains tax;
- GST;
- fringe benefits tax;
- land and property taxes

CONSUMER LAW PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer who practises in consumer law should be able to advise clients on the procedures and remedies available in relation to consumer complaints and to represent the client in any related negotiations or proceedings.

Element**Performance criteria**

The lawyer has competently:

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. Obtaining information | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the situation as one to which consumer protection legislation applies. • identified the relevant legislation and any applicable case law. • identified any possible common law remedies. |
| 2. Drafting documents | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • drafted any documents required, in accordance with the client's instructions and the relevant legislation. |
| 3. Initiating and responding to claims | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the appropriate forum for initiating or responding to a claim. • initiated a claim or taken action to oppose a claim in accordance with the rules and procedures of the relevant court or tribunal, in a timely manner. • obtained all necessary evidence and drafted all necessary documents in accordance with those rules. |
| 4. Representing the client | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified all possible means of resolving the dispute to the satisfaction of the client and discussed them with the client. • completed all necessary preparation in accordance with the law, good practice and the circumstances of the matter. • represented the client effectively at any negotiation, mediation, hearing or other forum. |
| 5. Taking action to implement outcomes | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • documented any order or settlement properly and explained it to the client in a way which the client can easily understand. • identified any procedures necessary to enforce the order or settlement and carried them out in a timely manner. |

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to the practice of consumer law. It includes both State and Federal consumer protection legislation and codes.

Consumer protection legislation includes State and Federal legislation and codes dealing with:

- trade practices;
- misleading and deceptive conduct;
- motor car traders;
- domestic building contracts;
- consumer credit;
- residential tenancies

A consumer protection dispute includes disputes relating to:

- trade practices;
- misleading and deceptive conduct;
- motor car traders;
- domestic building contracts;
- consumer credit;
- guarantees;
- residential tenancies

A court or tribunal includes;

- Federal Courts;
- State Courts;
- statutory tribunals;
- industry complaint panels;
- industry Ombudsmen

CRIMINAL LAW PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer who practises in criminal law should be able to advise clients before arrest, seek bail, make pleas, participate in minor contested hearings and assist in preparing cases for trial.

Element

Performance criteria

The lawyer has competently:

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. Providing advice | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the client's legal rights and legal powers of the police or other prosecutors or investigators in the situation. • informed the client of those rights and powers in a way which the client can easily understand. • identified the legal elements of any offence with which the client is charged. • where possible, confirmed in writing any instructions given by the client in response to initial advice. • implemented the client's instructions when it is appropriate in the circumstances to do so. |
| 2. Applying for bail | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the client's options and communicated them to the client in a way the client can easily understand. • helped the client to make an informed decision about which option to select. • made an application for bail or taken other action effectively in the circumstances. • fully advised the client of any bail conditions. |
| 3. Making pleas | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the client's options and communicated them to the client in a way the client can easily understand. • identified and gathered all material useful to the plea according to law and good practice. • presented the plea in an effective and persuasive manner, having regard to the circumstances of the case. • advised the client fully of the outcome in a way the client can easily understand. |
| 4. Representing a client in minor matters | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • completed all preparation required by law, good practice and the circumstances of the case. • represented the client effectively at a contested and uncontested hearing. |
| 5. Assisting to prepare cases for trial | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified and gathered the evidence needed to support the client's case. • identified and briefed appropriate experts (including counsel) having regard to good practice and the requirements of the case. |

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to criminal law practice. It includes:

- advising clients before and after arrest;
- making a simple bail application on behalf of an accused person;
- making a plea in mitigation of penalty in a simple matter;
- some aspect of preparing a matter for hearing, such as briefing counsel;
- participating in a minor contested hearing.

Criminal matters include:

- traffic offences;
- domestic violence and apprehended violence orders;
- drink driving;
- drug offences.

EMPLOYMENT AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer who practices in the area of employment and industrial relations should be able to advise clients on the relevant law and procedures, represent clients in negotiations and initiate and respond to applications in relevant State and Federal courts and tribunals.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Assessing the merits of the dispute and identify the dispute resolution alternatives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the relevant facts. • assessed the strengths and weaknesses of the dispute according to the relevant law. • identified all means of resolving the dispute, having regard to the client's circumstances.
2. Advising client on procedures	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • advised the client of means to avoid a dispute, where appropriate. • advised the client of available steps to strengthen the client's position.
3. Commencing negotiations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • explored all opportunities for a negotiated settlement, subject to the client's instructions. • represented the client effectively at any negotiations.
4. Initiating and responding to proceedings	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the appropriate jurisdiction. • initiated or opposed a claim in accordance with the rules of the relevant court or tribunal, in a timely manner. • obtained all necessary evidence and drafted all necessary documents in accordance with those rules.
5. Representing the client	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • completed all preparation required by law, good practice and the circumstances. • represented the client effectively at any mediation, hearing or other forum.
6. Taking action to implement outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • properly documented any order or settlement and explained it to the client in a way which the client can understand. • identified and carried out any procedures required to enforce the order or settlement.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to the practice of employment and industrial relations law at both State and Federal levels.

A dispute may involve:

- award negotiations;
- an industrial dispute relating to an individual employee or to a workplace or industry;
- an equal employment opportunity or anti-discrimination claim;
- a claim for unfair dismissal.

The means by which a dispute might be resolved include, but are not limited to:

- negotiation;
- mediation;
- conciliation;
- arbitration;
- litigation.

Steps available to a client to avoid a dispute or to strengthen the client's position include:

- altering internal employment practices and procedures;
- drafting and revising employment contracts;
- entering or revising enterprise bargaining agreements;
- altering individual employment contracts;
- taking disciplinary proceedings;
- allowing industrial representation.

ETHICS AND PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer should act ethically and demonstrate professional responsibility and professional courtesy in all dealings with clients, the courts, the community and other lawyers.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently;
1. Acting ethically	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified any relevant ethical dimension of a particular situation. • taken action which complies with professional ethical standards in that situation.
2. Discharging the legal duties and obligations of legal practitioners	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified any duty or obligation imposed on the lawyer by law in a particular situation. • discharged that duty or obligation according to law and good practice.
3. Complying with professional conduct rules	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified any applicable rules of professional conduct. • taken action which complies with those rules.
4. Complying with fiduciary duties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • recognised and complied with any fiduciary duty, according to law and good practice.
5. Avoiding conflicts of interest	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified any potential or actual conflict, as soon as is reasonable in the circumstances. • taken effective action to avoid a potential conflict or, where a conflict has already arisen, dealt with it in accordance with law and good practice. • taken appropriate action, where applicable, to prevent such a conflict arising in the future.
6. Acting courteously	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • demonstrated professional courtesy in all dealings with others.
7. Complying with rules relating to the charging of fees	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified any rules applying to charging professional fees. • complied with those rules, where they are relevant. • maintained records and accounts in accordance with law and good practice.
8. Reflecting on wider issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • reflected on that lawyer's professional performance in particular situations. • brought to the attention of an employer or professional association any matters that require consideration or clarification. • recognised the importance of pro bono contributions to legal practice. • demonstrated an awareness that mismanagement of living and work practices can impair the lawyer's skills, productivity, health and family life.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to:

- ethics;
- statutes and general law relating to the duties and obligations of legal practitioners;
- written and unwritten rules of professional conduct;
- written and unwritten rules of professional courtesy.

The duties and obligations imposed by law on legal practitioners include duties:

- of confidentiality;
- to act competently and to maintain competence;
- to act honestly;
- not to mislead the court;
- not to pervert the course of justice or the due administration of justice.

Conflicts of interest commonly arise between:

- joint venture partners;
- directors and shareholders of a company;
- trustees and beneficiaries in a family trust;
- parties to any transaction where their interests potentially differ.

FAMILY LAW PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer who practises in family law should be able to apply for dissolution of marriage, and advise and take action in relation to parenting matters property settlements, spouse maintenance and child support problems.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Applying for dissolution of marriage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • obtained instructions reflecting the client's informed wishes. • prepared an application complying with the relevant court rules. • filed and served the application in accordance with those rules. • proved service in accordance with those rules. • presented the client's application to the court effectively.
2. Acting in relation to ancillary matters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • informed the client of all options, having regard to the circumstances of the case, in a way which the client can easily understand. • fully prepared the client's case having regard to the client's circumstances, the dispute resolution process the client has decided to pursue and good practice. • pursued the case in accordance with good practice for the chosen dispute resolution process. • identified and explained to the client the revenue implications of any proposed settlement. • documented and acted upon any results of the chosen dispute resolution process, as required by law and good practice.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to dissolution of marriage and ancillary matters arising from the breakdown of marriages or other domestic relationships. It includes:

- applying for dissolution of marriage; and
- managing an ancillary matter in a family court up to the first directions hearing.

Ancillary matters include:

- parenting matters;
- property settlements;
- spouse maintenance;
- child support;
- domestic violence orders;
- injunctions and sole use orders;
- de facto proceedings.

Acting includes:

- participating in primary dispute resolution processes;
- informal negotiation;
- initiating or responding to court proceedings for urgent, interim or final relief.

LAWYER'S SKILLS

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer should be able to demonstrate oral communication skills, legal interviewing skills, advocacy skills, negotiation and dispute resolution skills, and letter writing and legal drafting skills.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Communicating effectively	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the purpose of a proposed communication, the most effective way of making it, an appropriate communication strategy, and the content of the proposed communication. • presented thoughts, advice, and submissions in a logical, clear, succinct and persuasive manner, having regard to the circumstances and the person or forum to whom the communication is made. • identified and appropriately dealt with verbal, non-verbal and cross-cultural aspects of the proposed communication. • taken any follow-up action in accordance with good practice.
2. Interviewing clients	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • prepared for the interview properly, having regard to relevant information available before the interview and the circumstances. • conducted the interview using communication techniques appropriate to both the client and the context. • ensured that the client and lawyer have both obtained all the information which they wanted from the interview in a timely, effective and efficient way, having regard to the circumstances. • ensured that the lawyer and client left the interview with a common understanding of the lawyer's instructions (if any) and any future action that the lawyer or client is to take. • made a record of the interview that satisfies the requirements of law and good practice. • taken any follow-up action in a timely manner.
3. Writing letters	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the need for, and purpose of, the letter. • written the letter in simple, straightforward English which conveys its purpose clearly and can be easily understood by the person to whom it is sent.
4. Drafting other documents	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the need for, and purpose, of the document. • devised an effective form and structure for the document having regard to the parties, the circumstances, good practice, principles of writing simple, straightforward English and the relevant law. • drafted the document effectively having regard to the parties, the circumstances, good practice, principles of writing simple, straightforward English, and the relevant law. • considered whether the document should be settled by counsel. • taken every action required to make the document effective and enforceable in a timely manner and according to law (such as execution by the parties, stamping, delivery and registration).

- 5. Negotiating settlements and agreements**
- prepared the client's case properly having regard to the circumstances and good practice.
 - identified the strategy and tactics to be used in negotiations and discussed them with and obtained approval from the client.
 - carried out the negotiations effectively having regard to the strategy and tactics adopted, the circumstances of the case and good practice.
 - documented the negotiation and any resolution as required by law or good practice and explained it to the client in a way the client can easily understand.
- 6. Facilitating early resolution of disputes**
- identified the advantages and disadvantages of available dispute resolution options and explained them to the client.
 - performed in the lawyer's role in the dispute resolution process effectively, having regard to the circumstances.
 - documented any resolution as required by law or good practice and explained it to the client in a way the client can easily understand.
- 7. Representing a client in court**
- observed the etiquette and procedures of the forum.
 - organised and presented in an effective, strategic way:
 - factual material;
 - analysis of relevant legal issues; and
 - relevant decided cases.
 - presented and tested evidence in accordance with the law and good practice.
 - made submissions effectively and coherently in accordance with law and good practice.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to "composite" skills which require a lawyer to synthesise several generic skills and apply them in a specific legal context. Lawyers must be able to exercise such skills effectively.

Representation refers to advocacy on behalf of a client in a court, tribunal or other forum. It includes:

- an aspect of preliminary or pre-trial civil or criminal proceedings;
- an aspect of first instance trial advocacy in a simple matter;
- leading evidence-in-chief, cross-examination, re-examination and making submissions.

Dispute resolution options include:

- negotiation;
- mediation;
- arbitration;
- litigation;
- expert appraisal.

PLANNING AND ENVIRONMENTAL LAW PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer who practises in planning and environmental law should be able to advise clients on the relevant law, generally assist them in the planning process; initiate or oppose applications in, and obtain and present relevant evidence before appropriate courts or tribunals; and represent clients in various forums.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Assessing the merits of the matter and advising the client	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • obtained full instructions from the client. • analysed the facts in accordance with the relevant law. • obtained and clarified any relevant technical information. • advised the client of any rights and obligations of the client and potential penalties if obligations are not observed. • identified all options and developed a plan of action in accordance with the client's instructions. • examined the commercial, political and public relations implications of any proposed action and explained them to the client.
2. Preparing applications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified and analysed the relevant provisions of the relevant planning scheme. • prepared an application for development approval and submitted it to the relevant authority. • obtained any necessary plans. • identified potential grounds of objection.
3. Initiating and responding to claims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the appropriate forum for initiating or responding to a claim. • initiated or opposed a claim in accordance with the rules of the relevant court or tribunal, in a timely manner. • obtained all necessary evidence and drafted all necessary documents in accordance with those rules.
4. Representing the client	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified all available means of resolving the matter to the satisfaction of the client and discussed them with the client. • completed all preparation required by law, good practice and the circumstances. • represented the client effectively in any negotiation, mediation, hearing or other forum.
5. Implementing outcomes	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • properly documented any order or settlement and explained it to the client in a way which the client can easily understand. • identified and carried out any procedures to enforce the order or settlement in a timely manner.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to the practice of planning and environmental law under both State and Federal legislation.

The client's rights and obligations include rights and obligations under statute and at common law.

A claim or dispute may include:

- an application for or exemption from a permit, licence, approval or other authority;
- an objection to or appeal or application for review in relation to such an application;
- a prosecution for breach of relevant legislation;
- civil action relating to either or both of planning and environmental issues.

Reference to a court or tribunal includes a body exercising statutory powers.

Preparation for providing representation in a court or tribunal may include:

- drafting written submissions;
- briefing counsel.

PROBLEM SOLVING

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer should be able to investigate and analyse facts and law, provide legal advice and solve legal problems.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Analysing facts and identifying issues	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified and collected all relevant facts as far as is practicable. • analysed the facts to identify any existing or potential legal and other issues. • distinguished facts that might be used to prove a claim from other facts, if the matter so requires.
2. Analysing law	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified any questions of law raised by the matter. • researched those questions of law properly, having regard to the circumstances. • identified and interpreted any relevant statutory provisions and applied them appropriately to the facts.
3. Providing legal advice	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • applied the law to the facts of the matter in an appropriate and defensible way. • given the client advice in a way which the client can easily understand. • kept up with any developments that might affect the accuracy of previous advice and told the client about the effect of those developments.
4. Generating solutions and strategies	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the problem and the client's goals as fully as is practicable. • investigated the facts and legal and other issues as fully as is practicable. • developed creative options and strategies to meet the client's objectives. • identified the advantages and disadvantages of pursuing each option or strategy including costs and time factors. • assisted the client to choose between those options in a way consistent with good practice. • developed a plan to implement the client's preferred option. • acted to resolve the problem in accordance with the client's instructions and the lawyer's plan of action. • remained open to new information and ideas and updated advice to the client where necessary.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to:

- analysing facts;
- analysing legal and practical issues;
- analysing law;
- interpreting statutes;
- giving advice;
- solving problems in the context of legal practice.

Analysing law includes researching legal issues using:

- law libraries;
- on-line searches;
- electronic data bases;
- legal citators and digests.

It also includes applying principles of precedent.

Other issues include:

- risk management;
- public relations;
- financial implications.

PROPERTY LAW PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer should be able to convey, lease and mortgage real property. The lawyer should also be able to provide general advice on standard matters arising under legislation relating to land use in that State or Territory.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Transferring title	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the nature of the interest being dealt with properly, having regard to the applicable title system. • prepared, commented on and advised on an appropriate contract of sale or other type of agreement and had it executed according to law and good practice. • undertaken sufficient searches and inquiries to investigate title, any issues about land use and responsibility for outgoings. • drafted an appropriate instrument of transfer or conveyance and had it executed and (if necessary) stamped and registered, according to law. • obtained or given any consents to, or notifications of, the transfer or conveyance according to law.
2. Creating leases	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • made and obtained all searches and consents required by law and good practice. • drafted, commented on and advised on a lease in a form allowed by law, reflecting the agreement between lessor and lessee and protecting their respective interests. • arranged for the lease to be executed and (if necessary) stamped and registered, according to law.
3. Creating and releasing securities	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • made and obtained all searches and consents required by law and good practice. • drafted, commented on and advised on an effective instrument to create or release the security, reflecting the agreement between the grantor and grantee and protecting their respective interests. • arranged for the instrument to be executed and (if necessary) stamped and registered, as required by law.
4. Advising on land use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified any legislative scheme regulating the relevant use. • advised the client generally about processes to be followed to obtain permission for, or to object to the use, as the case requires.
5. Advising on revenue implications	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the revenue implications of any transaction and advised the client accordingly.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to dealings with interests in real and leasehold property, land use and securities. It must include:

- contracts for sale of land including special conditions;
- transferring title (or equivalent interest under the scheme of land title that exists in the particular State or Territory);
- creating standard commercial leases;
- creating standard residential tenancies or leases;
- creating and releasing of mortgages;
- some aspect of land use.

The competency standard includes dealings under the main system of land title operating in the jurisdiction in which the lawyer practises. For example, in Queensland it would include dealings in respect of freehold title under the *Land Title Act 1994*.

Aspects of land use might involve issues arising out of :

- town planning schemes;
- local government by-laws;
- environment and heritage legislation;
- revenue and tax legislation.

This competency standard is limited to:

- the main system of land title operating in a State or Territory;
- transactions which an entry level lawyer would be expected to perform.

TRUST AND OFFICE ACCOUNTING

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer should have a sound general knowledge of the significance of, and the principles governing, trust and general accounting in legal practice and sufficient knowledge, skills and values to maintain trust and general account records according to law and good practice, to the extent usually permitted and expected of an employed solicitor.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Receiving money	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • dealt with money received from or on behalf of a client, as required by law and good practice. • where the law and good practice requires money to be deposited in a trust account, controlled or general account, recorded the deposit as required by law and good practice. • issued any receipt required by law and good practice.
2. Making outlays	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • made any outlay from the correct account, according to law and good practice. • recorded the outlay as required by law and good practice.
3. Rendering costs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • calculated the costs in accordance with law, good practice and any agreement between the lawyer and client. • added to the bill all outlays made by the firm for which the client is responsible. • accounted to the client for any money received from the client on account of costs and outlays, as required by law and good practice. • drafted the bill and delivered it in accordance with law and good practice.
4. Maintaining Trust account	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • maintained any trust account in accordance with specific statutory requirements, including any requirements relating to common fund deposits and auditing.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to trust and general accounting . It requires a general knowledge of bookkeeping and knowledge of the solicitors' trust account law and practice and auditing requirements in the lawyer's jurisdiction.

WILLS AND ESTATES PRACTICE

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer who practises in wills and estates should be able to draft wills, administer deceased estates and take action to solve problems about wills and estates.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Drafting wills	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • advised the client of issues, options, and potential problems that might arise in respect of the client's testamentary intentions. • obtained instructions reflecting the client's informed and independent wishes, which can be effectively implemented. • drafted a will reflecting the client's instructions. • identified any issues of testamentary capacity and resolved them in accordance with law and good practice. • ensured that the client executed the will in accordance with law. • given any necessary follow up advice to the client.
2. Administering deceased estates	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • obtained a grant of probate or letters of administration where required. • identified the debts and assets of the estate. • gathered in the estate or transferred or transmitted assets directly to beneficiaries, as appropriate, having regard to the law, good practice, and the circumstances. • discharged the estate's debts, distributed specific gifts and the residue and ensured that the executors have been released of their obligations in a timely fashion.
3. Taking action to resolve wills and estates problems	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • identified the nature of the problem properly, having regard to the law of the jurisdiction. • identified the client's options for dealing with the problem, having regard to the law of the particular jurisdiction and the client's circumstances. • explained the options to the client in a way the client can easily understand. • taken action to resolve the problem in accordance with the client's instructions.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to wills and deceased estate practice. It must include:

- drawing and advising on standard wills;
- obtaining an uncontested grant of letters of administration on an intestacy or probate where a will exists;
- administering a standard deceased estate;
- helping solve at least one common type of will or estate problem.

Wills and estates problems include:

- testamentary capacity;
- construction;
- validity of the will;
- validity of gifts;
- assets outside the jurisdiction;
- revenue issues;
- family provision;
- mutual wills;
- trusts;
- informal wills;
- testamentary directions.

Follow up advice required may include:

- the effects of marriage on a will;
- the effects of divorce on a will;
- storage options;
- revocation;
- modification;
- availability of associated documents such as enduring powers of attorney.

WORK MANAGEMENT AND BUSINESS SKILLS

Descriptor: An entry level lawyer should be able to manage workload, work habits, and work practices in a way that ensures that clients' matters are dealt with in a timely and cost effective manner.

Element	Performance criteria
	The lawyer has competently:
1. Managing personal time	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • used a diary or other system to record time limits or deadlines and to assist in planning work. • identified conflicting priorities as they arise and managed the conflict effectively. • used available time effectively, to the benefit of the lawyer's clients and employer.
2. Managing risk	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • conducted each matter in a way that minimises any risk to the client, lawyer or firm arising from missed deadlines, negligence or failure to comply with the requirements of the law, a court or other body. • recognised the limits of the lawyer's expertise and experience and referred the client or matter to other lawyers, counsel or other professionals, as the circumstances require.
3. Managing files	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • used a file management system to ensure that work priorities are identified and managed; clients' documents are stored in an orderly and secure manner; and to alert the lawyer to any need to follow up a matter or give it other attention. • rendered timely bills, in accordance with law and any agreement between the lawyer and client, which set out the basis for calculating the lawyer's fees. • accurately recorded all communications and attendances, with details of dates and times.
4. Keeping client informed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • communicated with the client during the course of the matter as frequently as circumstances and good practice require. • confirmed oral communications in writing when requested by the client or required by good practice. • dealt with the client's requests for information promptly. • informed the client fully of all important developments in the matter, in a way which the client can easily understand.
5. Working co-operatively	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • worked with support staff, colleagues, consultants and counsel in a professional and cost effective manner.

Explanatory Note

This competency standard applies to the exercise of good work habits in a legal practice to ensure that:

- clients do not suffer loss or damage from a lawyer missing deadlines or neglecting matters;
- clients are kept informed regularly and fully of the progress of their matters;
- clients' matters are dealt with in a cost-effective manner.

South Australia

National Parks and Wildlife (Cleland Conservation Park) Proclamation 2003

under section 29(3) of the *National Parks and Wildlife Act 1972*

Short title

1. This proclamation may be cited as the *National Parks and Wildlife (Cleland Conservation Park) Proclamation 2003*.

Commencement

2. This proclamation comes into operation on the day on which it is made.

Alteration of boundaries of Cleland Conservation Park

3. The boundaries of the Cleland Conservation Park are altered by adding to that Park the following Crown land:

Allotment 40 of DP 6616, Hundred of Adelaide, County of Adelaide.

Allotment 10 of DP 50942, Hundred of Adelaide, County of Adelaide.

Allotment 51 of DP 56031, Hundred of Adelaide, County of Adelaide.

Allotment 57 of DP 56056, Hundred of Adelaide, County of Adelaide.

Sections 989 and 990, Hundred of Adelaide, County of Adelaide.

Made by the Governor's Deputy
with the advice and consent of the Executive Council
on 27 March 2003.

EC 03/0030 CS

South Australia

Shop Trading Hours (Easter Trading) Proclamation 2003

under section 13 of the *Shop Trading Hours Act 1977*

Short title

1. This proclamation may be cited as the *Shop Trading Hours (Easter Trading) Proclamation 2003*.

Commencement

2. This proclamation comes into operation on the day on which it is made.

Easter trading hours—Country Shopping Districts

3. Subject to the conditions specified in the Schedule—

- (a) all shops in the Balaclava Shopping District are authorised to be open from 8am until 5pm on Saturday, 19 April 2003; and
- (b) all shops in the Kingscote Shopping District are authorised to be open—
 - (i) from 9am until 4pm on Saturday, 19 April 2003; and
 - (ii) from 9am until 5.30pm on Monday, 21 April 2003; and
- (c) all shops in the Loxton Shopping District are authorised to be open from 8.30am until 12.30pm on Saturday, 19 April 2003; and
- (d) all shops in the Millicent Shopping District are authorised to be open from 7.30am until 5pm on Saturday, 19 April 2003; and
- (e) all shops in the Minlaton Shopping District are authorised to be open from 8am until 5pm on Saturday, 19 April 2003; and
- (f) all shops in the Mount Gambier Shopping District are authorised to be open from 6am until 5pm on Saturday, 19 April 2003.

Schedule—Conditions

This proclamation only authorises the opening of a shop if—

- (a) all relevant industrial awards, workplace agreements and enterprise agreements are observed by the shopkeeper and persons employed in the business of the shop during and in relation to the hours specified in this proclamation during which the shop is open; and
- (b) subject to an industrial award, workplace agreement or enterprise agreement to the contrary—a person who is employed in the business of the shop is entitled to refuse to work at the shop during the hours specified in this proclamation unless he or she has agreed with the shopkeeper to work during those hours.

Made by the Governor's Deputy
with the advice and consent of the Executive Council
on 27 March 2003.

MIR03/013CS

South Australia

Shop Trading Hours (Westfield Marion) Proclamation 2003

under 13 of the *Shop Trading Hours Act 1977*

Short title

1. This proclamation may be cited as the *Shop Trading Hours (Westfield Marion) Proclamation 2003*.

Commencement

2. This proclamation comes into operation on the day on which it is made.

Authorisation to open certain shops—Westfield Marion

3. Subject to the conditions specified in the Schedule, the following shops located at Westfield Marion, Diagonal Road, Oaklands Park, are authorised to be open from 7pm until 8pm on Wednesday, 2 April 2003:

- (a) Esprit Retail Pty Ltd;
- (b) Just Jeans Pty Ltd;
- (c) Sportsgirl Pty Ltd;
- (d) Trims Finance Co. Pty Ltd.

Schedule—Conditions

This proclamation only authorises the opening of a shop if—

- (a) the shop keeper ensures that the only persons allowed to enter or remain in the shop during the hours specified in this proclamation (other than persons employed in the business of the shop during those hours) are invitees who are existing database customers of the shops specified in this proclamation; and
- (b) all relevant industrial awards, workplace agreements and enterprise agreements are observed by the shopkeeper and persons employed in the business of the shop during and in relation to the hours specified in this proclamation during which the shop is open; and
- (c) subject to an industrial award, workplace agreement or enterprise agreement to the contrary—a person who is employed in the business of the shop is entitled to refuse to work at the shop during the hours specified in this proclamation unless he or she has agreed with the shopkeeper to work during those hours.

Made by the Governor's Deputy
with the advice and consent of the Executive Council
on 27 March 2003

MIR03/008CS

South Australia

Fences Regulations 2003

under the *Fences Act 1975*

Contents

1. Short title
2. Commencement
3. Exempt classes of Land

Schedule—Revocation of Fences (Exempt Land) Regulations (Gazette 19.9.1991 p 855) as varied

Short title

1. These regulations may be cited as the *Fences Regulations 2003*.

Commencement

2. These regulations will come into operation four months after the day on which they are made (see *Subordinate Legislation Act 1978* section 10AA).

Exempt classes of Land

3. Pursuant to section 20(3) of the *Fences Act 1975*, the following classes of land are exempt from the provisions of that Act:

- (a) land held by the Commissioner of Highways or any council for the purposes of controlling access to a road or proposed road from land abutting the road or proposed road;
- (b) land of, or used by, the Crown, an instrumentality or agency of the Crown or a council that is used solely or principally for the purpose of drainage.

Schedule—Revocation of Fences (Exempt Land) Regulations (Gazette 19.9.1991 p 855) as varied

The *Fences (Exempt Land) Regulations (Gazette 19.9.1991 p 855)*, as varied, are revoked.

Made by the Governor's Deputy
with the advice and consent of the Executive Council
on 27 March 2003.

No. 28 of 2003
AGO0438/02CS

South Australia

Liquor Licensing (Dry Areas—Long Term) Variation Regulations 2003

under the *Liquor Licensing Act 1997*

Contents

Part 1—Preliminary

1. Short title
2. Commencement
3. Variation provisions

Part 2—Variation of Liquor Licensing (Dry Areas—Long Term) Regulations 1997 (Gazette 6.11.1997 p 1217) as varied

4. Variation of Schedule 1—Long term dry areas
5. Variation of Schedule 2—Plans of long term dry areas

Schedule—Plans of long term dry areas

Part 1—Preliminary

Short title

1. These regulations may be cited as the *Liquor Licensing (Dry Areas—Long Term) Variation Regulations 2003*.

Commencement

2. These regulations come into operation on the day on which they are made.

Variation provisions

3. In these regulations, a provision under a heading referring to the variation of specified regulations varies the regulations so specified.

Part 2—Variation of Liquor Licensing (Dry Areas—Long Term) Regulations 1997 (Gazette 6.11.1997 p 1217) as varied

Variation of Schedule 1—Long term dry areas

4. (1) Schedule 1—after item headed "Glenelg—Area 1" insert:

Grange—Area 1*(see Schedule 2: Grange—Plan No 1)*

<i>Area</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Extent of prohibition</i>
The area at Grange bounded as follows: commencing at the point at which the southern boundary of Lot 2 of Filed Plan No. 42, Hundred of Yatala, meets the eastern boundary of the Esplanade, then westerly along the prolongation in a straight line of that boundary of Lot 2 FP 42 to the low water mark, then northerly along the low water mark to the southern side of the Grange jetty, then westerly, northerly and easterly around the outer boundary of the jetty (so as to include all parts of the jetty and any area beneath the jetty) back to the low water mark on the northern side of the jetty, then northerly along the low water mark to its intersection with the westerly prolongation in a straight line of the northern boundary of Lot 14 of Filed Plan No. 96, Hundred of Yatala, then easterly along that prolongation to the point at which the northern boundary of Lot 14 meets the eastern boundary of the Esplanade, then southerly along that eastern boundary of the Esplanade to the point of commencement.	Continuous until 13 March 2004, but excluding any day or portion of a day during which— (a) a festival, exhibition, show or other event of historic, traditional or cultural significance or that promotes tourism is held within the area; and (b) the consumption and possession of liquor within the area are authorised for the purposes of this regulation by the City of Charles Sturt.	The consumption and possession of liquor are prohibited.

(2) Schedule 1—after item headed "**Hallett Cove—Area 6**" insert:**Henley Beach—Area 1***(see Schedule 2: Henley Beach—Plan No 1, Area 1)*

<i>Area</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Extent of prohibition</i>
The area at Henley Beach bounded as follows: commencing at the point at which the northern boundary of Marlborough Street meets the eastern boundary of Hundred Plan 106100941 (the south-western corner of Lot 52 of Deposited Plan No. 52636, Hundred of Yatala), then westerly along the prolongation in a straight line of that northern boundary of Marlborough Street to the low water mark, then northerly along the low water mark to its intersection with the westerly prolongation in a straight line of the southern boundary of Lot 235 of Filed Plan No. 13, Hundred of Yatala (the Grange Sailing Club), then easterly along that prolongation to the point at which it meets the eastern boundary of Hundred Plan 106100940 (the south-western corner of Lot 235 FP 13), then southerly along that eastern boundary of Hundred Plan 106100940 and of Hundred Plan 106100941 (the western boundaries of the Lots to the south of Lot 235 FP 13) to the point of commencement.	Continuous until 13 March 2004, but excluding any day or portion of a day during which— (a) a festival, exhibition, show or other event of historic, traditional or cultural significance or that promotes tourism is held within the area; and (b) the consumption and possession of liquor within the area are authorised for the purposes of this regulation by the City of Charles Sturt.	The consumption and possession of liquor are prohibited.

Henley Beach—Area 2*(see Schedule 2: Henley Beach—Plan No 1, Area 2)*

<i>Area</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Extent of prohibition</i>
<p>The area at Henley Beach bounded as follows: commencing at the point at which the northern boundary of South Street meets the eastern boundary of the Esplanade, then westerly along the prolongation in a straight line of that northern boundary of South Street to the low water mark, then northerly along the low water mark to the southern side of the Henley jetty, then westerly, northerly and easterly around the outer boundary of the jetty (so as to include all parts of the jetty and any area beneath the jetty) back to the low water mark on the northern side of the jetty, then northerly along the low water mark to its intersection with the westerly prolongation in a straight line of the northern boundary of Lot 21 of Filed Plan No. 288, Hundred of Yatala (a public car park), then easterly along that prolongation and boundary of Lot 21, and the easterly prolongation in a straight line of the boundary, to the western kerb of Seaview Road, then southerly along the western kerb alignment of Seaview Road to its intersection with the easterly prolongation in a straight line of the northern boundary of Lot 2 of Filed Plan No. 583, Hundred of Yatala (the southern boundary of a car park and reserve area), then westerly along that prolongation and northern boundary of Lot 2 and the northern boundary of Lot 1 of Filed Plan No. 583, Hundred of Yatala, to the point at which the northern boundary of Lot 1 meets the eastern boundary of the Esplanade, then southerly along that eastern boundary of the Esplanade to the point of commencement.</p>	<p>Continuous until 13 March 2004, but excluding any day or portion of a day during which—</p> <p>(a) a festival, exhibition, show or other event of historic, traditional or cultural significance or that promotes tourism is held within the area; and</p> <p>(b) the consumption and possession of liquor within the area are authorised for the purposes of this regulation by the City of Charles Sturt.</p>	<p>The consumption and possession of liquor are prohibited.</p>

Henley Beach South—Area 1*(see Schedule 2: Henley Beach South—Plan No 1)*

<i>Area</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Extent of prohibition</i>
<p>The area at Henley Beach South bounded as follows: commencing at the point at which the western boundary of Lot 11 of Deposited Plan No. 2378, Hundred of Yatala, meets the southern boundary of that Lot, then westerly along the prolongation in a straight line of the southern boundary of Lot 11 to the low water mark, then northerly along the low water mark to its intersection with the westerly prolongation in a straight line of the northern boundary of Lot 32 of Filed Plan No. 143397, Hundred of Yatala (the southern boundary of the east-west portion of the Esplanade), then easterly along that prolongation and boundary of Lot 32, and the easterly prolongation in a straight line of the boundary, to the western kerb of Seaview Road, then southerly along the western kerb alignment of Seaview Road to its intersection with the easterly prolongation in a straight line of the southern boundary of Lot 100 of Deposited Plan No. 44683, Hundred of Yatala, then westerly along that prolongation and boundary of Lot 100 to the western boundary of that Lot, then southerly along the western boundaries of the Lots to the south of Lot 100 to the point of commencement.</p>	<p>Continuous until 13 March 2004, but excluding any day or portion of a day during which—</p> <p>(a) a festival, exhibition, show or other event of historic, traditional or cultural significance or that promotes tourism is held within the area; and</p> <p>(b) the consumption and possession of liquor within the area are authorised for the purposes of this regulation by the City of Charles Sturt.</p>	<p>The consumption and possession of liquor are prohibited.</p>

(3) Schedule 1—after item headed "**Wattle Park—Area 1**" insert:

West Beach—Area 1
(see Schedule 2: *West Beach—Plan No 1*)

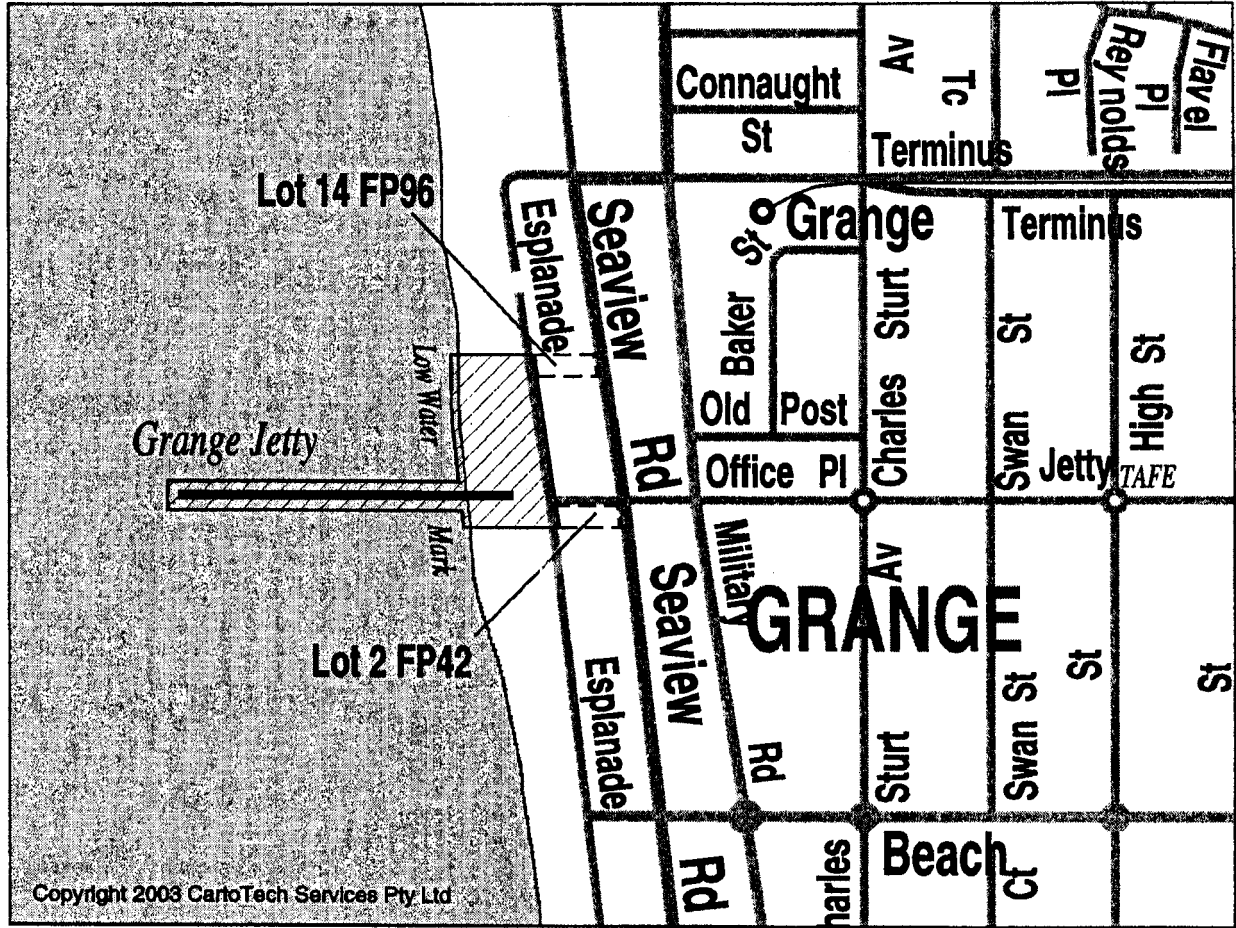
<i>Area</i>	<i>Period</i>	<i>Extent of prohibition</i>
<p>The area at West Beach bounded as follows: commencing at the point at which the eastern boundary of Seaview Road meets the northern boundary of Adelaide Shores Caravan Park (the south-western corner of Strata Plan No. 4034), then westerly along the prolongation in a straight line of the northern boundary of the Caravan Park to the low water mark, then northerly along the low water mark to its intersection with the westerly prolongation in a straight line of the northernmost boundary of Hundred Plan No. 105100652, then easterly along that prolongation and boundary of the Hundred Plan, and the easterly prolongation in a straight line of the boundary, to the eastern boundary of Seaview Road, then generally southerly along that boundary of Seaview Road to the point of commencement.</p>	<p>Continuous until 13 March 2004, but excluding any day or portion of a day during which—</p> <p>(a) a festival, exhibition, show or other event of historic, traditional or cultural significance or that promotes tourism is held within the area; and</p> <p>(b) the consumption and possession of liquor within the area are authorised for the purposes of this regulation by the City of Charles Sturt.</p>	<p>The consumption and possession of liquor are prohibited.</p>

Variation of Schedule 2—Plans of long term dry areas

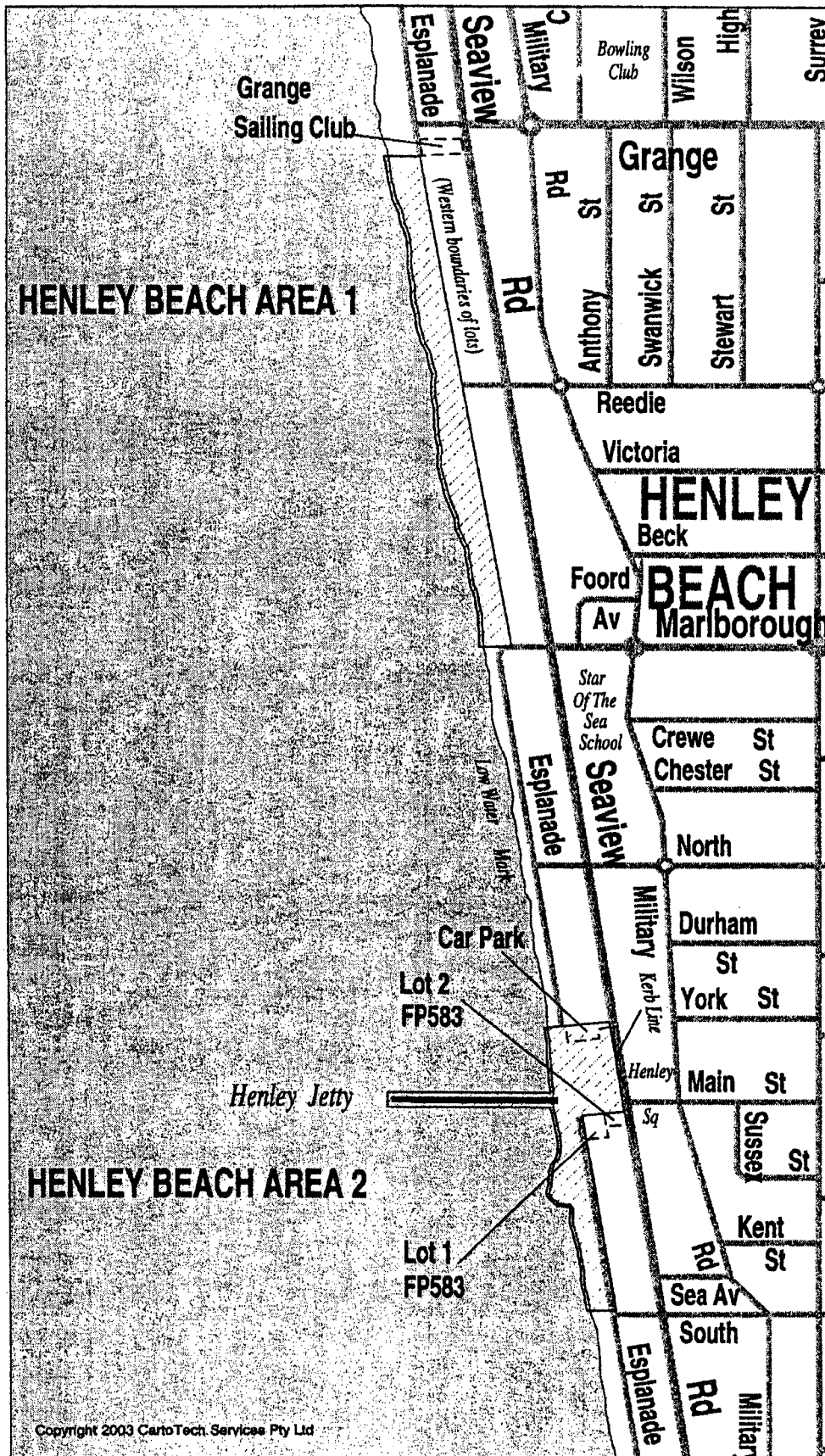
5. (1) Schedule 2—after plan headed "**Glenelg—Plan No. 1**" insert the plan headed "**Grange—Plan No 1**" in the Schedule of these regulations
- (2) Schedule 2—after plan headed "**Hallett Cove—Plan No. 5**" insert the plans headed "**Henley Beach—Plan No 1**" and "**Henley Beach South—Plan No 1**" in the Schedule of these regulations
- (3) Schedule 2—after plan headed "**Wattle Park—Plan No. 1**" insert the plan headed "**West Beach—Plan No 1**" in the Schedule of these regulations

Schedule—Plans of long term dry areas

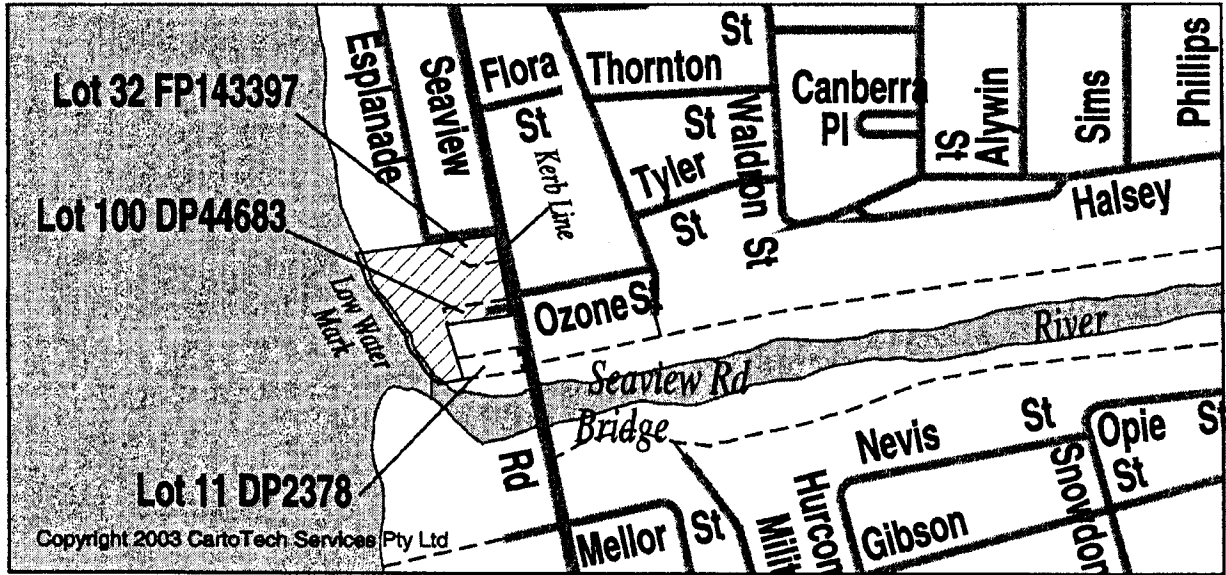
Grange—Plan No 1



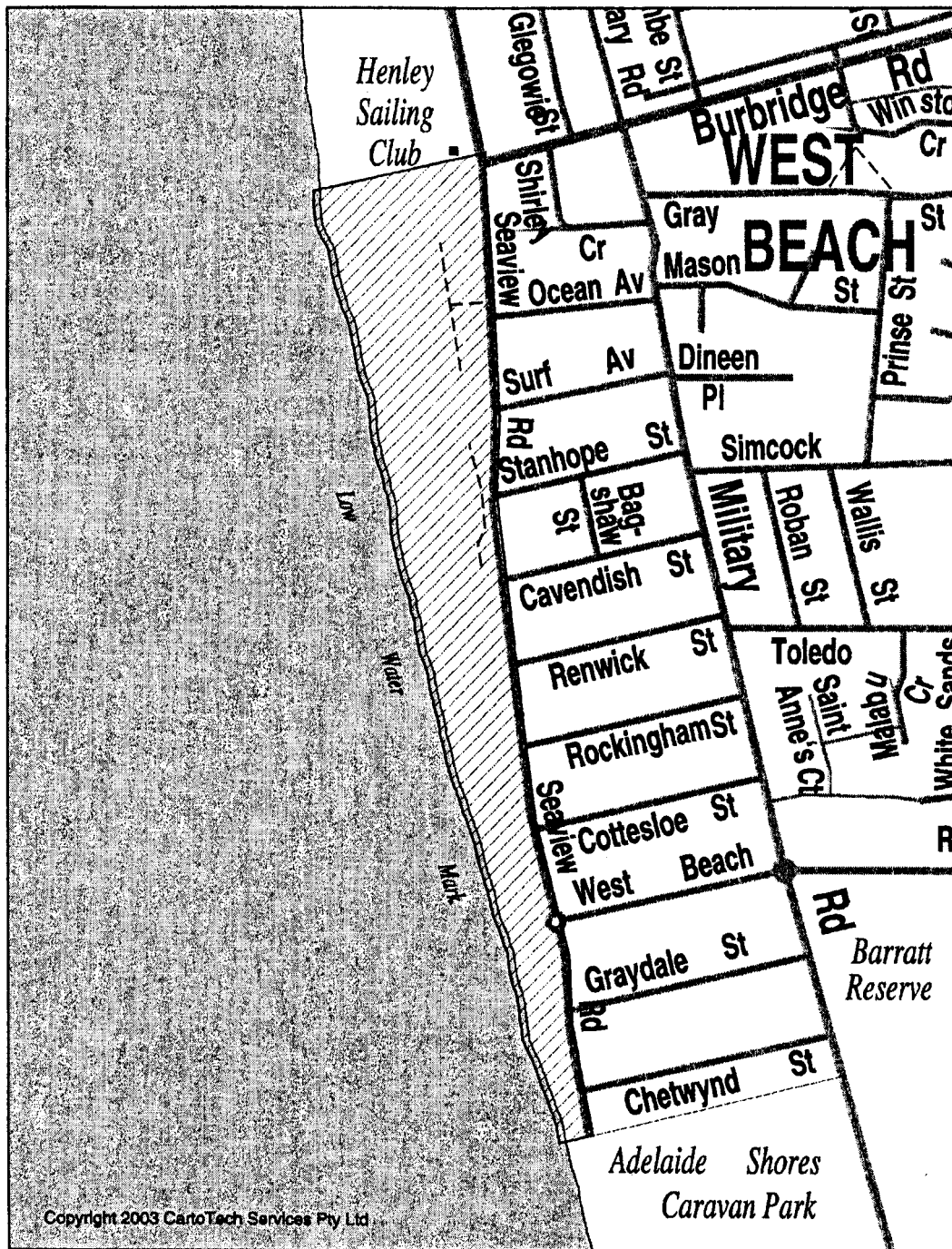
Henley Beach—Plan No 1



Henley Beach South—Plan No 1



West Beach—Plan No 1



Note—

As required by section 10AA(2) of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1978*, the Minister has certified that, in the Minister’s opinion, it is necessary or appropriate that these regulations come into operation as set out in these regulations.

Made by the Governor’s Deputy
with the advice and consent of the Executive Council
on 27 March 2003.

No. 29 of 2003
OLGC 12/2002

South Australia

Liquor Licensing (Dry Areas—Long Term) Variation Regulations 2003

under the *Liquor Licensing Act 1997*

Contents

Part 1—Preliminary

1. Short title
2. Commencement
3. Variation provisions

Part 2—Variation of Liquor Licensing (Dry Areas—Long Term) Regulations 1997 (Gazette 6.11.1997 p 1217) as varied

4. Variation of Schedule 1—Long term dry areas
-

Part 1—Preliminary

Short title

1. These regulations may be cited as the *Liquor Licensing (Dry Areas—Long Term) Variation Regulations 2003*.

Commencement

2. These regulations come into operation on the day on which they are made.

Variation provisions

3. In these regulations, a provision under a heading referring to the variation of specified regulations varies the regulations so specified.

Part 2—Variation of Liquor Licensing (Dry Areas—Long Term) Regulations 1997 (Gazette 6.11.1997 p 1217) as varied

Variation of Schedule 1—Long term dry areas

4. Schedule 1, item headed "**Wattle Park—Area 1**", column headed "*Period*"—delete "2003" and substitute:

2006

Note—

As required by section 10AA(2) of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1978*, the Minister has certified that, in the Minister's opinion, it is necessary or appropriate that these regulations come into operation as set out in these regulations.

Made by the Governor's Deputy

with the advice and consent of the Executive Council
on 27 March 2003

No. 30 of 2003
OLGC2/2003

South Australia

Water Resources (Far North Prescribed Wells Area) Regulations 2003

under the *Water Resources Act 1997*

Contents

1. Short title
2. Commencement
3. Interpretation
4. Declaration of prescribed wells and exclusion of operation of section 7(5) of Act
5. Establishment and prescribed periods

Schedule—Revocation of proclamations and regulations

Part 1—Revocation of proclamations

1. Revocation of proclamation made under the Water Resources Act 1976
2. Revocation of proclamation made under the Water Resources Act 1990

Part 2—Revocation of regulations

3. Revocation of Water Resources (Roxby Downs Exemption) Regulations 1997 (Gazette 26.6.1997 p 3255)
-

Preamble

1. The *Roxby Downs (Indenture Ratification) Act 1982* (the **Indenture Ratification Act**), among other things—
 - (a) ratifies and approves the Indenture, as varied, amended or replaced from time to time (the **Indenture**); and
 - (b) provides that the law of the State is to be construed subject to the provisions of the Indenture and, in the case of any inconsistency between the provision of a State Act or law and the Indenture, the provisions of the Indenture will prevail.
2. The Indenture sets out various matters relevant to water requirements for projects undertaken by the Joint Venturers (within the meaning of the Indenture Ratification Act).
3. In particular, clause 13 of the Indenture includes provisions—
 - (a) for the granting to the Joint Venturers of Special Water Licences to draw water from designated areas; and
 - (b) for every well in a designated area, not already proclaimed under the *Water Resources Act 1976* (the **1976 Act**) or the *Water Resources Act 1990* (the **1990 Act**), to be declared a proclaimed well under the 1990 Act.

4. In accordance with the Indenture—

(a) a Special Water Licence was granted to the Joint Venturers in respect of a designated area and the designated area was declared by proclamation under section 41 of the 1976 Act to be the Curdimurka Proclaimed Region (*Gazette 24.1.1985 p 161*); and

(b) a Special Water Licence was granted to the Joint Venturers in respect of another designated area and that designated area was declared by proclamation under section 33 of the 1990 Act to be the Muloorina Proclaimed Wells Area (*Gazette 25.1.1996 p 807*).

5. It is now appropriate to make a regulation under section 8 of the *Water Resources Act 1997* (the **current Act**) declaring a number of other wells situated in the part of the State that encompasses the Curdimurka Proclaimed Region and Muloorina Proclaimed Wells Area to be proclaimed wells.
7. The regulations to be made under the current Act will make the declarations of the Curdimurka Proclaimed Region and the Muloorina Proclaimed Wells Area otiose but will have no effect on the operation of the Special Water Licences referred to above or on any Special Water Licence granted to the Joint Venturers under the Indenture after the commencement of the regulations.

Short title

1. These regulations may be cited as the *Water Resources (Far North Prescribed Wells Area) Regulations 2003*.

Commencement

2. These regulations come into operation on the day on which they are made.

Interpretation

3. In these regulations—

"Act" means the *Water Resources Act 1997*;

"Far North Prescribed Wells Area" means the area bounded by the bold black line on GRO Plan No 593/2001.

Declaration of prescribed wells and exclusion of operation of section 7(5) of Act

4. (1) Pursuant to section 8 of the Act, wells situated in the Far North Prescribed Wells Area and wells drilled in that Area after the commencement of these regulations are declared to be prescribed wells.

(2) Pursuant to section 7(6) of the Act, the operation of section 7(5) of the Act is excluded in relation to any such prescribed well.

Establishment and prescribed periods

5. For the purposes of section 36 of the Act—

- (a) the establishment period in relation to the Far North Prescribed Wells Area commenced on 1 January 1995 and ended at the commencement of the prescribed period; and
- (b) the prescribed period in relation to the Far North Prescribed Wells Area commenced on 20 December 2001 and will end on 30 December 2005.

Schedule—Revocation of proclamations and regulations

Part 1—Revocation of proclamations

Revocation of proclamation made under the Water Resources Act 1976

1. The proclamation made under section 41 of the *Water Resources Act 1976* revoking a declaration of a proclaimed region and making a fresh declaration of Curdimurka Proclaimed Region (*Gazette 24.1.1985 p 161*) is revoked.

Revocation of proclamation made under the Water Resources Act 1990

2. The proclamation made under section 33(2) of the *Water Resources Act 1990* specifying part of the State as the Muloorina Proclaimed Wells Area (*Gazette 25.1.1996 p 807*) is revoked.

Part 2—Revocation of regulations

Revocation of Water Resources (Roxby Downs Exemption) Regulations 1997 (Gazette 26.6.1997 p 3255)

3. The *Water Resources (Roxby Downs Exemption) Regulations 1997 (Gazette 26.6.1997 p 3255)* are revoked.

Note—

As required by section 10AA(2) of the *Subordinate Legislation Act 1978*, the Minister has certified that, in the Minister's opinion, it is necessary or appropriate that these regulations come into operation as set out in these regulations.

Made by the Governor's Deputy

with the advice and consent of the Executive Council
on 27 March 2003.

No. 31 of 2003

EC 03/005 CS

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CITY OF BURNSIDE

Declaration of Public Road

ERRATUM

IN *Government Gazette* of 22 July 1999 at page 488, second notice appearing, sixth line, for Deposited Plan 4695610, read Deposited Plan 46956.

J. HANLON, Chief Executive Officer

CITY OF PORT ADELAIDE ENFIELD

Conversion of Private Road to Public Road and the Assignment of a Name to a Public Road

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to sections 210 (5) and 219 (4) of the abovementioned Act, that the City of Port Adelaide Enfield at its meeting held on 19 March 2003 resolved:

1. That council hereby accepts the ownership of the private road described as allotment 58 in Filed Plan 44295 for road purposes.
2. That pursuant to the provisions contained in section 210 of the Local Government Act 1999, the City of Port Adelaide Enfield hereby declares allotment 58 in Filed Plan 44295 to be a public road.
3. That pursuant to the provisions contained in section 219 of the Local Government Act 1999, the City of Port Adelaide Enfield hereby assigns the name Destro Lane to allotment 58 in Filed Plan 44295 and allotment 101 in Filed Plan 42813.

H. J. WIERDA, City Manager

CITY OF PROSPECT

Car Parking Plan Amendment Report for Public Consultation

THE City of Prospect has prepared a draft Plan Amendment Report to amend the City of Prospect Development Plan. The Plan Amendment Report will amend the City of Prospect Development Plan by incorporating designated areas suitable for off-street car parking.

The draft Plan Amendment Report and accompanying explanatory statements will be available for public inspection during normal office hours at the Civic Centre, 128 Prospect Road, Prospect, at the Library, 1 Thomas Street, Nailsworth and on the City of Prospect website (www.prospect.sa.gov.au) from 2 April 2003 until 12 June 2003. Copies of the Plan Amendment Report can be obtained from the council.

Written submissions regarding the draft Plan Amendment Report will be accepted by the City of Prospect until 5 p.m. on 12 June 2003. The written submission should also clearly indicate whether you wish to speak at the public hearing on your submission. All submissions should be addressed to the City Manager of the City of Prospect, P.O. Box 171, Prospect, S.A. 5082.

Copies of all submissions received will be available for inspection by interested persons at the City of Prospect, 128 Prospect Road, Prospect from 13 June 2003 until the date of the public meeting.

A public meeting will be held at 7.30 p.m. on 23 June 2003 in the Town Hall, 126 Prospect Road, Prospect. The public hearing may not be held if no submission indicates an interest in speaking at the public hearing.

Dated 28 March 2003.

R. PINCOMBE, City Manager

CITY OF VICTOR HARBOR

Resignation

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 54 (6) of the Local Government Act 1999, that Councillor Neville Riggs resigned from his position as Area Councillor, effective from Tuesday, 4 February 2003. In accordance with the provisions of section 6 of the Local Government (Elections) Act 1999, the position will remain vacant until the completion of the general council elections, closing on 12 May 2003.

G. K. MAXWELL, City Manager

ADELAIDE HILLS COUNCIL

Road Closure—Pollard Road, Forest Range

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 10 of the Roads (Opening and Closing) Act 1991, that council proposes to make a Road Process Order to close and transfer to G. J. and P. B. Flavell the portion of Pollard Road between allotment 45 in Filed Plan 129899 and Stentifords Road as shown lettered 'A' and 'B' on Preliminary Plan No. 03/0016.

A copy of the plan and statement of persons affected are available for public inspection at council's office, 28 Main Street, Woodside and the office of the Surveyor-General, 101 Grenfell Street, Adelaide, during normal office hours.

Any application for easement or objection must be made in writing within 28 days from 27 March 2003, to the council, P.O. Box 44, Woodside, S.A. 5244 and the Surveyor-General, G.P.O. Box 1354, Adelaide, S.A. 5001, setting out full details.

Where a submission is made, council will give notification of a meeting to deal with the matter.

P. PEPPIN, Chief Executive Officer

CLARE AND GILBERT VALLEYS COUNCIL

BY-LAW MADE UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1999

By-law No. 1—Permits and Penalties

TO provide for a permit system and continuing penalties in Council by-laws, to clarify the construction of such by-laws and to repeal by-laws.

A. All previous by-laws made or adopted by the Council, prior to the date this by-law is made, are hereby repealed.

1. *Permits*

- (1) In any by-law of the Council unless the contrary intention is clearly indicated the word 'permission' means the permission of the Council given in writing.
- (2) The Council may attach such conditions to a grant of permission as it thinks fit, and may vary or revoke such conditions or impose new conditions by notice in writing to the permit holder.
- (3) Any permit holder shall comply with every such condition.
- (4) The Council may revoke such grant of permission at any time by notice in writing to the permit holder.

2. *Penalties*

- (1) Any person who commits a breach of any by-law of the Council is guilty of an offence and is liable to a penalty being the maximum amount referred to in the Local Government Act 1999 which may be prescribed by by-law for any breach of any by-law.

- (2) Any person who commits a breach of any by-law of the Council of a continuing nature shall be guilty of an offence and, in addition to any other penalty that may be imposed, shall be liable to a further penalty for every day on which the offence is continued, such penalty being the maximum amount referred to in the Local Government Act 1934, as amended, and/or the Local Government Act 1999, which may be prescribed by by-law for offences of a continuing nature.

3. Construction

Every by-law of the Council shall be subject to any Act of Parliament and Regulations made thereunder.

The foregoing by-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the District Council of Clare and Gilbert Valleys held on 17 March 2003, by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two-thirds of the members present.

M. GOLDSTONE, District Manager

CLARE AND GILBERT VALLEYS COUNCIL
BY-LAW UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1999

By-Law No. 3—Council Land

TO regulate the conduct of persons on and the management of streets, roads, public places, parklands, reserves, ornamental grounds, public squares and other property vested in, or under the control of the Council.

1. Definition

In this by-law:

- (1) 'council land' means all streets, roads, public places, parklands, reserves, ornamental grounds, public squares and other property vested in, or under the control of Council;
- (2) 'liquor' has the same meaning as defined in the Liquor Licensing Act 1997;
- (3) 'road' has the same meaning as defined in the Local Government Act 1999;
- (4) 'authorised person' means a person appointed as an authorised person pursuant to Section 260 of the Local Government Act 1999, and includes any officer of the Council.

2. Activities requiring permission

No person shall without permission on any council land:

Vehicles generally

- (1) (a) being a driver of a vehicle, fail to obey the indications given by any traffic control device (within the meaning of the Road Traffic Act 1961) or any sign erected by or with the authority of the Council, for regulating traffic or indicating the direction or route to be followed by traffic on that land;
- (b) drive or propel a vehicle on any part thereof where the Council has excluded vehicles generally pursuant to Section 238 of the Local Government Act 1999.

Vehicles on parklands, reserves and cemeteries

- (2) comprising a cemetery or parkland or reserve:
 - (a) drive or propel a vehicle thereon, (except a wheelchair), unless on an area, path, or road constructed or set aside by the Council for the parking or travelling of that kind of vehicle;
 - (b) promote, organise or take part in any race, test or trial of any kind in which motor vehicles, motor cycles, motor scooters or bicycles take part (except in a parkland or a reserve on a properly constructed area for that purpose).

Trading

- (3) (a) carry on the business of buying, selling, offering, or exposing for sale or the hiring or leasing of any goods, merchandise, commodity, article, service or thing (including any vehicle, watercraft or aircraft); or
- (b) set up a van or other vehicle or stall or any other structure, tray, carpet or device for the purpose of buying, selling, offering or exposing or sale or the hiring or leasing of any goods, merchandise, commodity, article, service or thing (including any vehicle, watercraft or aircraft).

Advertising

- (4) Display any sign for the purpose of commercial advertising, other than a moveable sign which is displayed on a public street or road in accordance with any by-law of the Council concerning moveable signs.

Fires

- (5) light or maintain any fire, except:
 - (a) in a fireplace provided by the Council for that purpose; or
 - (b) in a portable barbecue, being used for cooking purposes in an area clear of inflammable material.

Tents

- (6) erect or construct any tent, booth, marquee or structure (except the Council or other Government authority).

Camping

- (7) camp or tarry overnight.

Attachments to trees etc.

- (8) attach, hang or fix any rug, blanket, sheet, rope or other material to any tree, shrub, plant, tree guard, tree stake, notice board, seat, fence, post, wall or other item or structure which is the property of, or under the control of the Council.

Flora and fauna

- (9) subject to the Native Vegetation Act 1991, and the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1972:
 - (a) damage, pick, or interfere with any plant or flower thereon; or
 - (b) tease or cause harm to any animal, bird or marine creature.

Athletic and ball sports

- (10) (a) promote, organise or take part in any organised athletic sport;
- (b) to which this sub-paragraph 2 (10) (b) applies, play or practise any game which involves the use of a ball or other object which by the use thereof may cause or be likely to cause injury or discomfort to any person being on or in the vicinity of that land.

No liquor

- (11) to which this sub-paragraph 2 (11) applies (except streets and roads which are not part of parklands and reserves), consume, carry, or be in possession, or in charge, of any liquor.

Admission charge to parklands

- (12) (a) comprising parklands or reserves, levy or collect a charge for admission to any part thereof; and
- (b) where the Council has granted permission to a person, persons or organisation to levy or collect a charge for entry to a certain part of parklands or reserves, enter onto that part without paying the charge unless with the authority of that person, persons or organisation.

Burials and Memorials

- (13) (a) bury or inter any human or animal remains; or
 (b) erect any memorial.

3. *Prohibited activities*

No person shall on any Council land:

Smoking

- (1) smoke tobacco or any other substance in any building or part thereof to which this subparagraph 3 (1) applies.

Use of equipment

- (2) use any item of equipment and/or facilities or other Council property other than in the manner and for the purpose for which it was designed or set aside.

Annoyances

- (3) annoy or unreasonably interfere with any other person's normal use of the land by making noise or by creating a disturbance, unless permission has been granted.

Interference with permitted use

- (4) interrupt or disrupt or interfere with any person's use of parklands or reserves for which permission has been granted.

4. *Restricted lands*

No person shall enter or remain on any part of Council land except a public street or road—

- (1) at any time during which the Council has by resolution declared that part of that land to be closed to the public, and which is indicated by sign adjacent to the entrance to that part of that land;
- (2) where the land is enclosed with fences and/or walls, and gates, at any time when the gates have been closed or locked;
- (3) at any time when the Council has fixed a charge for entry to or use of that part of that land, without payment of the charge, or otherwise without permission; or
- (4) where that person has been requested by an authorised person to leave that part of that land.

5. *Fences, hedges and hoardings*

(1) No person shall without permission erect on any land within 6 m of a corner of the intersection or junction of any streets or roads, any fence or hoarding, or allow any hedge to grow thereon, so that the fence, hedge or hoarding is higher than 1 m from the level of the abutting street or road.

(2) No person shall erect any fence abutting any street or road in any township which is made of barbed wire or which is electrified, or which otherwise presents a danger to users of the street or road.

(3) The Council may serve notice on the owner and/or occupier of any land—

- (a) within 6 m of a corner of the intersection or junction of any streets or roads, requiring that person to reduce and keep reduced the height of any fence, hedge or hoarding on that land, so that the fence, hedge or hoarding is not higher than 1 m from the level of the abutting street or road;
- (b) on which there exists a fence which the council considers is dangerously abutting any street or road, requiring that person to take such measures as the Council thinks fit to make the fence safe to users of the street or road.

(4) The person to whom notice is given shall comply with it forthwith.

(5) If the person to whom notice was given in accordance with this by-law does not comply with it, the Council may carry out such work as shall be necessary to comply with the terms of the notice and recover the costs thereof from that person.

6. *Removal of obstructions to footways or roadways*

- (1) If any object is obstructing any footway or roadway within the area and has not been licensed or otherwise authorised by the Council to be in that place on any such footway or roadway, then any authorised person may remove such object.

Ownership enquiries

- (2) Upon such removal the Council shall make enquiries to ascertain the owner of the object.
- (3) If the Council can ascertain the owner, notice in writing shall be given to that person—
- (a) advising that the object was removed from the footpath or roadway because it was causing an obstruction; and
- (b) inviting that person to collect the object from the Council upon payment of the costs of the Council as provided herein.

Costs

- (4) The owner shall not collect the object until the owner has paid the costs of the Council in removing and/or holding and/or storing the same.

Disposal

- (5) If the object has not been collected after six months from the date of such removal, the Council may dispose of the same in any manner it thinks fit and recover any or all of its costs in removing and/or holding and/or storing and/or disposing of the same, from the owner.

Liability

- (6) The Council shall not be liable for any loss caused by exercising its power under this paragraph.

Definition

- (7) In this paragraph 'object' includes any landscaping materials, builder's materials, soil, rock or aggregate, litter or waste bin, shopping trolley, box, article or thing (but not a moveable sign within the meaning of Section 226 of the Local Government Act 1999).

7. *Removal of persons*

An authorised person may direct, and if necessary remove, any person who is considered to be committing or has committed a breach of this by-law, to leave that part of Council land. Failure to comply with that direction forthwith is a breach of this by-law.

8. *Application*

- (1) The restrictions in this by-law do not apply to any Police Officer, Council Officer or Council employee acting in the course and within the scope of that person's normal duties, or to a contractor while performing work for the Council and while acting under the supervision of a Council Officer, or to the driver of an exempt vehicle (within the meaning of Section 40 of the Road Traffic Act 1961) while driving that vehicle in relation to an emergency.
- (2) Any of paragraphs 2 (10) (b), 2 (11) or 3 (1) of this by-law shall apply only in such portion or portions of the area as the Council may by resolution direct.

The foregoing by-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the District Council of Clare and Gilbert Valleys held on 17 March 2003, by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two-thirds of the members present.

M. GOLDSTONE, District Manager

CLARE AND GILBERT VALLEYS COUNCIL
BY-LAW UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1999
By-Law No. 4—Fire Prevention

FOR the prevention and suppression of fires.

1. *Definition*

In this by-law 'inflammable undergrowth' means grass, weeds or other growth or any other material which is or will become inflammable during the course of the season.

2. *Notices re inflammable undergrowth*

- (1) The Council may give notice to the owner and/or occupier of a property in a township requiring that person to either:
 - (a) destroy all inflammable undergrowth on the property; or
 - (b) destroy all inflammable undergrowth on the property within a distance, that the Council specifies in the notice, of the boundaries thereof.
- (2) The person to whom the notice was given shall comply with the notice within the time specified therein.
- (3) If any such notice is not complied with within the time specified therein the Council may carry out the requirements of the notice and recover the cost of so doing from the person to whom the notice was directed.

3. *Storage of inflammable material*

No person shall, without permission, store or keep any hay, straw, or thatch or other inflammable material in excess of 5 tonnes, on or in any premises in any township.

The foregoing by-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the District Council of Clare and Gilbert Valleys held on 17 March 2003, by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two-thirds of the members present.

M. GOLDSTONE, District Manager

CLARE AND GILBERT VALLEYS COUNCIL
BY-LAW UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1999
By-Law No. 5—Animals and Birds

TO prevent the keeping of animals and/or birds being a nuisance or injurious to health.

1. *No animal or bird to be nuisance*

No person shall keep or allow to remain on any land in any township in the area, of which he/she is the owner or occupier, any animal or bird which is a nuisance or injurious to health by reason of:

- (1) the number of animals and/or birds;
- (2) the noise, dust or odour generated by the presence of the animal and/or bird;
- (3) the attraction of flies, rats, mice or other vermin;
- (4) the aggressive nature of the animal and/or bird;
- (5) the nature and location of housing facilities for the animals and/or bird;
- (6) the animal and/or bird not being adequately contained on the land; or
- (7) without being limited to the above, for any other reason.

2. *Notice to remedy*

(1) If the Council is satisfied that any animal and/or bird kept or allowed to remain on land in any township in the area is or is likely to become a nuisance or injurious to health, the Council may by notice in writing require the owner and/or occupier of that land within the time stated in the notice to take such measures as the Council considers necessary to prevent the animal and/or bird from being, continuing to be, or becoming a nuisance or injurious to health.

(2) Any person to whom notice is given shall comply with the requirements of the notice.

3. *Prevention of horses and poultry being nuisance*

No person shall, without permission, keep or allow to remain on any land within any township in the area:

- (1) any horses where the keeping of horses on the land is likely to be a nuisance or injurious to health; or
- (2) any poultry or domestic birds where the keeping of poultry or domestic birds on that land is likely to be a nuisance or injurious to health.

4. *Dead animals or birds*

No person shall within any township in the area:

- (1) Neglect to bury any dead animal or bird belonging to him or her, or in his or her charge or keeping; or
- (2) Suffer or allow any dead animal or bird to remain unburied on or in any premises occupied by him or her.

The foregoing by-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the District Council of Clare and Gilbert Valleys held on 17 March 2003, by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two-thirds of the members present.

M. GOLDSTONE, District Manager

CLARE AND GILBERT VALLEYS COUNCIL
BY-LAW UNDER THE DOG AND CAT MANAGEMENT ACT 1995
AND THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1999

By-Law No. 6—Number of Dogs and Kennel Establishments

TO limit the number of dogs kept in premises and to set specifications for kennel establishments.

1. *Definition*

In this by-law:

- (1) 'small dwelling' means the premises of a self-contained dwelling either:
 - (a) commonly known as a flat, serviced flat, home unit or the like; or
 - (b) which is contained in a separate strata or community title.
- (2) 'kennel establishment' means a building, structure, area or premises approved for the keeping of dogs on a temporary or permanent basis, by the relevant authority pursuant to the Development Act 1993.

2. *Limit on dog numbers*

- (1) The limit on the number of dogs kept:
 - (a) within a township—
 - (1) in a small dwelling shall be one dog; and
 - (2) on premises other than a small dwelling shall be two dogs.
 - (b) outside of a township shall be three dogs (other than dogs used for the purpose of herding sheep or cattle).
- (2) No person shall, without permission, keep any dog on any premises where the number of dogs exceed the limit.

3. *Licensed kennel establishments*

- (1) No person shall, without permission, use any premises for the purposes of a kennel establishment.
- (2) Permission shall be granted where the Council is satisfied that:
 - (a) the kennel establishment is able to operate lawfully under the Development Act 1993; and
 - (b) the kennel establishment complies with any specifications set by the Council for kennel establishments in the area generally.

The foregoing by-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the District Council of Clare and Gilbert Valleys held on 17 March 2003, by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two-thirds of the members present.

M. GOLDSTONE, District Manager

CLARE AND GILBERT VALLEYS COUNCIL
BY-LAW UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1999
By-Law No. 7—Bees

FOR prohibiting the keeping of bees in places where they may be a nuisance or danger to persons, and for the comfort and safety of the inhabitants of and any other person within the area of the Council.

1. *Definitions*

In this by-law, unless the context otherwise requires, the words:

- (1) 'breeding colony' means a colony of bees set up and maintained for the purpose only of breeding queen bees.
- (2) 'orchard' means a piece of land not less than one acre in area wholly planted with fruit trees and maintained for the purpose of growing fruit for sale.
- (3) 'vineyard' means a piece of land of not less than one acre in area wholly planted with vines and maintained for the purpose of growing grapes for sale or for the production of wine or dried vine fruits for sale.

2. *Restrictions on bee keeping*

No person shall without permission keep any bees:

- (1) within 100 m of, on or in any building in the occupation of another person;
- (2) within 100 m of or on any street, road or public place;
- (3) in any area set aside for predominantly residential use in that part of the Development Plan applicable to the Council's area.

3. *Bee keeping nuisance*

No person shall without permission keep any bees in any part or parts within the Council's area where the keeping of bees is or may become a nuisance or danger to persons therein.

4. *Move hive if interference with safety*

(1) If any hive of bees is in such a place that the bees from that hive are interfering with the convenience, comfort or safety of any inhabitant of or person in the Council area, then the Council may serve notice on the owner of the bees or occupier of the land on which the hive is kept requiring such owner or occupier to move the hive to such a position or place so that the bees from that hive cease to interfere with the convenience, comfort or safety of such inhabitant or person.

(2) The person to whom the notice is directed shall comply with it forthwith.

5. *Bees near vineyards*

(1) No person shall (except with permission) at any time between the 14th day of February and the 14th day of May in each year keep any bees at any place within the district which is within 3 km of any orchard or vineyard in the occupation of any other person.

(2) The Council may authorise by written notice any person to keep not more than four breeding colonies at such place within the Council's area for the whole or such part of the said period as is specified by such notice.

(3) In the case where the Council is of the opinion that the keeping of bees within a lesser distance from any orchard or vineyard than set out in 5(1) above, during the said period is necessary or desirable for the purpose of pollinating lucerne stands, the Council may authorise by written notice any person to keep bees at such lesser distance. Such notice shall specify the number of colonies of bees which may be kept, the place in which they may be kept and the portion of the said period during which they may be kept. Such authority may be revoked in writing by the Council at any time.

The foregoing by-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the District Council of Clare and Gilbert Valleys held on 17 March 2003, by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two-thirds of the members present.

M. GOLDSTONE District Manager

CLARE AND GILBERT VALLEYS COUNCIL
BY-LAW UNDER THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1999
By-Law No 8—Vehicle Nuisances

TO provide for the regulation of the conduct of persons driving vehicles in the area of the Council so as not to create a nuisance.

1. *Definition*

In this by-law:

- (1) 'authorised person' means a person appointed as an authorised person pursuant to Section 260 of the Local Government Act 1999 and includes any officer of the Council;
- (2) 'person' includes both the owner and the driver of a vehicle driven in contravention of this by-law such that each may be guilty of the offence and liable to the relevant penalty pursuant to By-law No. 1—Permits and Penalties;
- (3) 'vehicle' includes a motor cycle and a bicycle.

2. *Vehicles not to cause a nuisance*

No person shall, without permission, use, cause or permit to be used any vehicle such that it is or is likely to be a nuisance to, or injurious to the health of, any other person.

3. *Cessation of nuisance*

Any authorised person may direct any person who is using, causing or permitting any vehicle to be used such that it is or is likely to be a nuisance to, or injurious to the health of, any other person, to cease forthwith. Failure to comply with such direction is a breach of this by-law.

The foregoing by-law was duly made and passed at a meeting of the District Council of Clare and Gilbert Valleys held on 17 March 2003, by an absolute majority of the members for the time being constituting the Council, there being at least two-thirds of the members present.

M. GOLDSTONE, District Manager

DISTRICT COUNCIL OF LE HUNTE

Public Meeting to Discuss Proposed Change to Rating

NOTICE is hereby given that the council has called a public meeting to present a report prepared for consideration of a proposed change in the method of valuing land for the purpose of rating in the council area. The proposed change will have implications for the amount of rates payable by individual ratepayers. It is proposed that the basis for valuation be changed to capital valuation for the total area.

The meeting will be held on Tuesday, 29 April 2003 at 8 p.m. in the Wudinna Cultural Centre, Ballantyne Street, Wudinna.

Copies of the report prepared for the proposed change, meeting agenda and details of written submissions received to date will be available at the meeting. Should you wish to read the report before the meeting, copies will be available from the District Council Offices 7 days prior to the meeting. It will also be available for perusal on the council's web-site www.lehunte.sa.gov.au.

If you wish to comment on the proposal, but are unable to attend the meeting, the council will accept written submissions at the District Council Offices, Burton Terrace, Wudinna up to 5 p.m. on Wednesday, 14 May 2003. Matters raised at the meeting, and by way of written submission, will be taken into account by the council when deciding on the proposal.

Further information on the proposal can be obtained from the District Council Offices or by contacting the undersigned.

A. F. MCGUIRE, Chief Executive Officer

DISTRICT COUNCIL OF MOUNT REMARKABLE

Community Lands

NOTICE is hereby given that council at a meeting held on 11 March 2003 resolved pursuant to section 193 (4) of the Local Government Act 1999 that the following property be acquired and be excluded from the category of Community Lands:

Lots 25 and 26 of Part 57 William Street, Booleroo Centre.

P. J. MOORE, Chief Executive Officer

PORT PIRIE REGIONAL COUNCIL

ROADS (OPENING AND CLOSING) ACT 1991

Public Road (Portion of Night Cart Lane) Port Pirie

NOTICE is hereby given pursuant to section 10 of the Roads (Opening and Closing) Act 1991, that the Port Pirie Regional Council proposes to make a Road Process Order to close a portion of public road between Allotment 111 in DP 43783, Allotment 830 in FP 184102 (portion of the night cart lane between Gordon Street and The Terrace), more particularly delineated and marked 'A' in Preliminary Plan 03/0024. The portion marked 'A' is to be transferred and merged with adjoining Allotment 830 in FP 184102.

A copy of the Preliminary Plan and statement of persons affected is available for public inspection at the Council Office, 115 Ellen Street, Port Pirie or at the Adelaide office of the Surveyor-General during normal office hours.

Any person affected may object to the proposed road process, or apply for an easement to be granted in that person's favour over land subject to the proposed road closure. Such objection or application for an easement must set out the full name and address of the person and reason for making the objection or application. Any application for an easement must give full particulars of the nature and location of the easement and where made by a person as the owner of adjoining or nearby land, specify the land to which the easement is to be annexed.

An objection or application for an easement must be lodged in writing to the Port Pirie Regional Council, 115 Ellen Street, Port Pirie, S.A. 5540 and a copy lodged with the Surveyor-General, Department of Administrative and Information Services, G.P.O. Box 1354, Adelaide, S.A. 5001 within 28 days of this notice.

Where an objection or application for an easement is made, the council will give notification of a meeting at which the matter will be considered, so that the person making the objection or application may attend, if desired, personally or by a representative.

J. VUCIC, Chief Executive Officer

RENMARK PARINGA COUNCIL

Fire Bans

NOTICE is hereby given that council at a meeting held on 25 February 2003 resolved that pursuant to section 33 (3) (a) of the Country Fires Act 1989 to vary the areas available during days of Total Fire Bans as follows:

Barbeque Areas

1. Pursuant to Regulation 33 (3) of the Country Fires Act 1989 the Renmark Paringa council declares that persons may operate gas fires or electric elements for cooking purposes in the open air contrary to the terms of a total fire ban at the following places:

- (a) Renmark Caravan Park;
- (b) Riverbend Caravan Park;
- (c) Paringa Caravan Park.

2. Those portions of land situated within the reserves known as the:

- (a) Jarrett Memorial Gardens, James Avenue;
- (b) TM Price Rotary Park, Sturt Highway;
- (c) Lions Club Picnic area adjacent to Renmark Caravan Park;
- (d) Bert Dix Memorial Park;

(e) SS Ellen Park;

(f) Murtho Road Lawn Area.

3. That portion of land situated adjacent to the Renmark Caravan Park and known as the Aquatic Club Picnic area.

4. Those portions of land situated within the boundaries of the:

- (a) Renmark Oval Complex;
- (b) Renmark Swimming and Leisure Centre;
- (c) Renmark Junior Primary School;
- (d) Renmark Primary School;
- (e) Renmark High School;
- (f) Renmark North Primary School;
- (g) Renmark West Primary School;
- (h) St Joseph's Convent School.

This declaration shall be valid subject to the following conditions at all times until revoked.

Conditions

1. The operation of a gas fire or electric element under this notice is subject to the following conditions:

- (a) The space immediately around and above the gas fire or electric element must be cleared of all flammable material to a distance of at least 4 m.
- (b) A person who is able to control the gas fire or electric element must be present at all times while it is lighted or charged.

An appropriate agent adequate to extinguish any fire must be at hand.

B. HURST, Chief Executive Officer

IN the matter of the estates of the undermentioned deceased persons:

Barber, John Sorrel, late of 10 Sherlock Street, Roebourne, Western Australia, retired crane driver, who died on 29 November 2002.

Bickley, Elizabeth May, late of 14 Chateau Street, Calamvale, Queensland, home duties, who died on 20 July 2002.

Jenetsky, Kevin Robert, late of 52 Dunrobin Road, Hove, retired manufacturing wholesaler, who died on 10 February 2003.

Manning, Irene Maud, late of 342 Marion Road, North Plympton, of no occupation, who died on 24 January 2003.

McDonnell, Florence Julia, late of 81-93 Regency Road, Croydon Park, of no occupation, who died on 19 February 2003.

Qualmann, Gloria Louie, late of 38 Nairne Road, Woodside, home duties, who died on 12 December 2002.

Schiansky, Frank, late of 226 Fullarton Road, Glenside, of no occupation, who died on 29 August 2002.

Smith, Norma Elaine, late of 74 Jetty Street, Grange, home duties, who died on 13 February 2003.

Warnest, Edith, late of 7 McPharlin Avenue, Redwood Park, home duties, who died on 10 October 2002.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the Trustee Act 1936, as amended, the Inheritance (Family Provision) Act 1972, and the Family Relationships Act 1975, that all creditors, beneficiaries, and other persons having claims against the said estates are required to send, in writing, to the Public Trustee, 25 Franklin Street, Adelaide, S.A. 5000, full particulars and proof of such claims, on or before 25 April 2003, otherwise they will be excluded from the distribution of the said estate; and notice is also hereby given that all persons who are indebted to the said estates are required to pay the amount of their debts to the Public Trustee or proceedings will be taken for the recovery thereof; and all persons having any property belonging to the said estates are forthwith to deliver the same to the Public Trustee.

Dated 27 March 2003.

C. J. O'LOUGHLIN, Public Trustee

SALE OF PROPERTY

Auction Date: Wednesday, 16 April 2003 at 11 a.m.

Location: 350 Montague Road, Para Vista

NOTICE is hereby given that on the above date at the time and place stated, by virtue of the Warrant of Sale issued out of the Magistrates Court of South Australia, Action No. AMCCI 14092 of 1996, directed to the Sheriff of South Australia in an action wherein Leina Hanna is the Plaintiff and Peter Lymberopoulos is the Defendant, I, Tim Goodes, Sheriff of the State of South Australia, will by my auctioneers, Griffin Real Estate, make sale of the estate, right, title or interest whatsoever it may be of the Defendant Peter Lymberopoulos as the registered proprietor of an estate in fee simple in the following:

That piece of land situated in the area named Para Vista, being 350 Montague Road, being the property comprised in Certificate of Title Register Book Volume 5239, Folio 737.

Further particulars from the auctioneers:

Griffin Real Estate
179 King William Road
Hyde Park, S.A. 5061
Telephone (08) 8357 3177.

UNCLAIMED MONEYS ACT 1891

Register of Unclaimed Moneys held by Australian Guarantee Corporation Limited for the Year ended 31 December 1995—Over \$10

Name and Address of Owner on Books	Amount Due to Owner \$	Description of Unclaimed Money	Date
H. A. Bernhard, Unknown.....	140.60	Interest Due	15/7/95
H. Blachowicz, 8 High Street, Dry Creek, S.A. 5094.....	78.54	Interest Due	31/10/95
D. J. Blake, Unknown.....	35.00	Interest Due	31/12/95
Blick, Unknown.....	456.00	Overpayment	6/2/95
R. J. Botten, (daughter of Denise), Unknown.....	17.50	Interest Due	30/9/95
H. Chin, 17 Salisbury Road, Salisbury, S.A. 5108.....	52.50	Interest Due	31/12/95
E. Donaldson, Unknown.....	34.99	Interest Due	31/10/95
B. and J. Duckworth, Unknown.....	17.50	Interest Due	31/12/95
A. Elliott, (granddaughter of P. Hall), 94 Autumn Avenue, Lockleys S.A. 5032.....	10.51	Interest Due	31/12/95
P. L. Erdely, 57 Young Street, Parkside, S.A. 5063.....	30.76	Overpayment	21/11/95
A. J. Fisher, Flat 3, 344 Military Road, Largs Bay, S.A. 5016.....	101.50	Interest Due	31/12/95
W. Gibson, (Deceased Estate) Unknown.....	52.50	Interest Due	16/7/95
G. L. Hancock, Unknown.....	98.00	Interest Due	20/6/95
K. M. Kenny, Unknown.....	31.50	Interest Due	31/12/95
N. and I. Kilpatrick, Unknown.....	28.00	Interest Due	31/12/95
T. A. Lampshire, Unknown.....	12.46	Interest Due	15/7/95
N. Mander, (daughter of G. Rogers), 13 West Street, Seacliff Park, S.A. 5049.....	17.50	Interest Due	31/12/95
V. Martin, Unknown.....	35.00	Interest Due	15/6/95
J. E. Paull, 44 Young Street, Parkside, S.A. 5063.....	35.00	Interest Due	30/9/95
T. Perry, Unknown.....	69.99	Interest Due	31/12/95
Peter Florence Fund, Unknown.....	35.00	Interest Due	31/12/95
L. T. Schwarz, Lot 43 Kanwyns Road, Kanmantoo, S.A. 5252.....	49.97	Overpayment	10/3/95
K. Seppelt, (daughter of Garry), 34 Dunrossil Drive, Sunbury, Vic. 3429.....	14.84	Interest Due	15/7/95
G. N. Sharpe, Unknown.....	14.00	Interest Due	31/12/95
N. Skourogrou, Unknown.....	69.99	Interest Due	31/12/95
E. J. Spacie, Unknown.....	106.79	Interest Due	31/5/93
I. V. Spencer, 9 Mill Street, Dulwich, S.A. 5065.....	81.93	Interest Due	31/10/95
J. N. Stapleton, GPO Box 1106, Adelaide, S.A. 5001.....	280.00	Interest Due	31/12/95
J. K. Tripp, Unknown.....	17.50	Interest Due	15/7/95
Unknown.....	20.00	Overpayment	28/9/95
T. Young, (daughter of Pamela), 34 Nakara Terrace, Nakara, N.T. 0810.....	14.02	Interest Due	30/6/95
Total	2 059.39		

UNCLAIMED MONEYS ACT 1891

Register of Unclaimed Moneys held by Australian Guarantee Corporation Limited for the Year ended 31 December 1996—Over \$10

Name and Address of Owner on Books	Amount Due to Owner \$	Description of Unclaimed Money	Date
G. D. Armstrong, Unit 2, 28 York Street, St. Kilda, Vic. 3182	30.27	Overpayment	23/8/96
P. C. Barton, 19 Flotilla Street, Seaford, S.A. 5169	13.23	Interest Due	31/12/96
H. A. Bernhard, Unknown	140.80	Interest Due	15/7/96
H. Blachowicz, 8 High Street, Dry Creek, S.A. 5094	105.30	Interest Due	31/10/96
D. J. Blake, Unknown	35.10	Interest Due	31/12/96
R. J. Botten, (daughter of Denise), Unknown	17.55	Interest Due	30/9/96
D. and J. N. Bowers, 149 Vardys Road, Seven Hills, N.S.W. 2147	68.24	Overpayment	4/4/96
H. Carl, 28 Cambridge Terrace, Kingswood, S.A. 5062	26.46	Interest Due	31/10/96
H. Chin, 17 Salisbury Road, Salisbury, S.A. 5108	52.64	Interest Due	31/12/96
S. D. Cobb, Unit 10, 184 Salisbury Highway, Salisbury, S.A. 5108	100.00	Overpayment	4/4/96
E. Donaldson, Unknown	70.08	Interest Due	31/10/96
B. and J. Duckworth, Unknown	17.54	Interest Due	31/12/96
A. Elliott, (granddaughter of P. Hall), 94 Autumn Avenue, Lockleys S.A. 5032	10.54	Interest Due	31/12/96
A. J. Fisher, Flat 3, 344 Military Road, Largs Bay 5016	203.00	Interest Due	31/12/96
D. J. Garrard, 10 Meridan Road, Salisbury North, S.A. 5108	21.66	Overpayment	4/4/96
W. Gibson, (Deceased Estate) Unknown	52.64	Interest Due	16/7/96
G. L. Hancock, Unknown	98.27	Interest Due	20/6/96
L. R. Hunt, 9 McLay Street, Naracoorte, S.A. 5271	41.94	Overpayment	23/8/96
N. J. Irons, 624 Burbridge Road, West Beach, S.A. 5023	39.97	Overpayment	16/12/96
B. Jagroop, 5 Eastview Street, Brahma Lodge, S.A. 5109	175.48	Interest Due	27/3/96
K. M. Kenny, Unknown	31.58	Interest Due	31/12/96
N. and I. Kilpatrick, Unknown	28.08	Interest Due	31/12/96
R. D. Knevvitt, 7 Eaton Avenue, Magill, S.A. 5072	35.94	Overpayment	4/4/96
T. A. Lampshire, Unknown	12.49	Interest Due	15/7/96
N. Mander, (daughter of G. Rogers), 10 Rothesay Avenue, Glenelg, S.A. 5045	17.55	Interest Due	31/12/96
V. Martin, Unknown	35.10	Interest Due	15/6/96
Midlake Pty Ltd, Unit 4, 2C Lyall Avenue, Panorama, S.A. 5041	43.49	Overpayment	23/8/96
E. M. Milera, 1 Belford Avenue, Devon Park, S.A. 5008	87.79	Overpayment	23/8/96
J. E. M. Paull, 44 Young Street, Parkside, S.A. 5063	35.10	Interest Due	30/9/96
T. Perry, Unknown	70.18	Interest Due	31/12/96
Peter Florence Fund, Unknown	35.10	Interest Due	31/12/96
K. Seppelt, (daughter of Garry), 34 Dunrossil Drive, Sunbury, Vic. 3429	14.88	Interest Due	15/7/96
G. N. Sharpe, Unknown	14.04	Interest Due	31/12/96
N. Skourogrou, Unknown	70.18	Interest Due	31/12/96
E. Spacie, Unknown	107.07	Interest Due	20/11/96
I. Spencer, 9 Mill Street, Dulwich, S.A. 5065	164.09	Interest Due	31/10/96
J. R. Stapleton, GPO Box 1106, Adelaide, S.A. 5001	295.31	Interest Due	13/6/96
J. K. Tripp, Unknown	17.55	Interest Due	15/7/96
Unknown	92.23	Overpayment	6/9/96
Unknown	100.00	Overpayment	4/4/96
Total	2 628.46		

UNCLAIMED MONEYS ACT 1891

Register of Unclaimed Moneys Held by Bridgestone Australia Ltd as at January 2003

Name and Address of Owner on Books	Total Amount Due to Owner \$	Date of Last Claim
Leila Avery, P.O. Box 190, Mittagong, N.S.W. 2575	30.45	17.2.03
Matthew Bascomb, Gum Park Station.....	52.50	17.2.03
Dorothy Beil, P.O. Box 202, Unknown.....	191.40	17.2.03
Peter Belbin, (Est. of P. Belbin) Unknown.....	562.50	17.2.03
Alan Bennett, Unknown.....	13.13	17.2.03
Robert Brown, 617 Portrush Road, Beaumont, S.A. 5066	235.58	17.2.03
Dr Ralph Craven, Unknown.....	75.00	17.2.03
April Davey, 15 Condada Avenue, Park Holme, S.A. 5043.....	22.50	17.2.03
Catherine Elizabeth Prideaux, Unknown.....	150.00	17.2.03
James Ford, Unknown.....	75.00	17.2.03
Matthew Harris, 45 Boundry Street, Roseville, N.S.W. 2069	75.00	17.2.03
George Hutchinson, P.O. Box 2732, Unknown.....	975.00	17.2.03
Robin Jones, Unknown.....	75.00	17.2.03
Max Kaiser, P.O. Box 163, Unknown.....	225.00	17.2.03
Noriyuki Kawaguchi, 6352-26 Yamato, Nishimuta, Japan	150.00	17.2.03
Michelle Kelly, 13 Flora Road, Unknown.....	187.50	17.2.03
Andrew Markwell, 33 Commercial Road, Unknown	20.18	17.2.03
Bendixen Medical Pty Ltd.....	300.00	17.2.03
Alexandra Michelle, 52 Seaview Terrace, Unknown	349.50	17.2.03
John O'Brien, 245 Lygon Street, East Brunswick, Vic. 3057	11.25	17.2.03
PGB Pty Ltd, 365 Doctors Gully Road, Nutfield, Vic. 3099.....	37.50	17.2.03
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