

Victoria Government Gazette

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GENERAL

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As from 27 November 2003

The last Special Gazette was No. 223 dated 26 November 2003. The last Periodical Gazette was No. 1 dated 12 June 2003.

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PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS

DOROTHY MAY SMITH, late of Broughtonlea Nursing Home, 9–17 Broughton Road, Surrey Hills, Victoria, widow, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 7 August 2003, are required by Equity Trustees Limited, ACN 004 031 298, the proving executor of the Will of the deceased, to send particulars of their claims to the executor in the care of the undermentioned solicitor by 28 January 2004 after which date the executor may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which it then has notice.

ANDREW G. J. ROWAN, solicitor, Level 4, 472 Bourke Street, Melbourne 3000.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims against the estate of RONALD ALBERT BYRON, late of Unit 3, 3 Burke Street, Chiltern, Victoria, retired, who died on 6 October 2003, are required to send particulars of their claims to Mavis Florence Harvey, C/- Andrew P. Melville, solicitors of 110 Main Street, Rutherglen 3685, the personal representative on or before 28 January 2004 after which date Mavis Florence Harvey may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

ANDREW P. MELVILLE, barristers & solicitors, 110 Main Street, Rutherglen 3685.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of LEON LEVY, late of Level 1, Room 18, 518 Dandenong Road, North Caulfield, Victoria, deceased, who died on 6 October 2002, are required to send particulars of their claims to the executors care of the undermentioned solicitor by 27 January 2004 after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

B. GERSHOV, solicitor, Level 10, 356 Collins Street, Melbourne. Re: SHIRLEY ROSELEIGH WRIGHT, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin or others having claims in respect of the estate of SHIRLEY ROSELEIGH WRIGHT, deceased, who died on 13 July 2003, are to send particulars of their claims to the executor, John Francis Murdoch at 195-2 Kooyong Road, Toorak, Victoria 3142 no later than sixty (60) days from the date of this advertisement after which date the executor will distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which the executor then has notice.

DE KEVER SPAULDING, lawyers, 173 Boronia Road, Boronia 3155.

Re: Estate of MARIE JOYCE COOPER.

Creditors, next-of-kin or others having claims in respect of the estate of MARIE JOYCE COOPER, late of 27 McKenzie Street, Nandaly, in the State of Victoria, widow, deceased, who died on 4 September 2003, are to send particulars of their claim to the executrix care of the undermentioned legal practitioners by 6 February 2004 after which date the executrix will distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

DWYER MAHON & ROBERTSON, legal practitioners, Beveridge Dome, 194–208 Beveridge Street, Swan Hill.

Re: Estate of MARY ROMA GIDDINGS.

Creditors, next-of-kin or others having claims in respect of the estate of MARY ROMA GIDDINGS, late of Carinya Hostel for the Aged, McClelland Avenue, Sea Lake, in the State of Victoria, widow, deceased, who died on 1 November 2003, are to send particulars of their claim to the executors care of the undermentioned legal practitioners by 6 February 2004 after which date the executors will distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

DWYER MAHON & ROBERTSON, legal practitioners, Beveridge Dome, 194–208 Beveridge Street, Swan Hill. Re: JOYCE EMILY EMMERSON, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin or others having claims in respect of the estate of JOYCE EMILY EMMERSON, late of 12 Queens Parade, Burwood, Victoria, but formerly of 45 Park Road, Surrey Hills, Victoria, widow, deceased, who died on 31 May 2003, are to send particulars of their claims to the executor care of the undermentioned solicitors by 31 January 2004 after which date the executor will distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which the executor then has notice.

E. P. JOHNSON & DAVIES, solicitors for the applicant, 52 Collins Street, Melbourne.

Re: MARY BEATRICE COUPER, late of 101 Punt Road, Windsor, Victoria, but formerly of 24 Tulip Street, Black Rock, retired kindergarten director, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 25 August 2003, are required by the trustee, Beth Bastin of 5 Gordon Street, Beaumaris, Victoria, home duties, to send particulars to the trustee by 30 January 2004 after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the trustee has notice.

G. R. HERBERT & CO., solicitors, Level 1, 1 Bluff Road, Black Rock 3193.

Re: MARGARET AGNES McFARLANE, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 5 August 2003, are required by the trustees, Kerry Patrick Power, Margaret Elizabeth Dillon and Gordon Robert McFarlane, to send particulars to them by 5 February 2004 after which date the trustees may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

GARDEN & GREEN, solicitors, 4 McCallum Street, Swan Hill 3585.

ETHEL ALMA BOYACK, late of Flat 8, Fairview Homes for the Aged, Sargeant Street, Warragul, widow, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 31 August 2003, are required by the trustees, Joan Margaret Kinder and Robert James Boyack, to send particulars of their claims to them care of the undersigned solicitors by 27 January 2004 after which date the trustees may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

GRAY FRIEND & LONG, solicitors, 70 Queen Street, Warragul 3820.

MARGALISA ALLEN, late of 9 Fairway Street, Frankston, Victoria 3199, in the State of Victoria, pensioner, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 12 October 2003, are required by Guido Albert Pirona and Maria Gullaci, the executors of the said estate, to send particulars by 30 January 2004, to their solicitors, Gullaci & Gullaci, of 158 Bell Street, Coburg, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

Dated 18 November 2003 GULLACI & GULLACI, solicitors, 158 Bell Street, Coburg, Victoria 3058.

LESLIE MILTON POWELL, late of 356 Disney Street, Bittern, printer/advertising consultant, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 24 August 2003, are required by the trustee, care of Harris & Chambers, lawyers of 338 Charman Road, Cheltenham, to send particulars to him by 28 January 2004 after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he then has notice.

HARRIS & CHAMBERS, lawyers, 338 Charman Road, Cheltenham 3192.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of HAZEL GIBSON GILLANDERS, late of Lorikeet Lodge, 24–28 Moorooduc Highway, Frankston South, Victoria, home duties, deceased, who died on 11 July 2003, are to send particulars of

their claims to Russell Rogers and Reverend Neville Horn care of Hill Legal, Suite 1, 7 Davies Avenue, Mount Eliza 3930 by 27 January 2004 after which date they will distribute the assets of the estate having regard only to the claims which they then have notice.

HILL LEGAL, lawyers,

Suite 1, 7 Davies Avenue, Mt Eliza, Vic. 3930.

Re: KEVIN GERARD O'TOOLE, late of 5 Burnett Court, Yarragon, farmer, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 31 January 2003, are required by the trustees, Paul Michael O'Toole and John Francis Newton, to send particulars of their claim to them C/- the undermentioned solicitors by 29 February 2004 after which date the trustees may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

M. DAVINE & CO., solicitors, 5 Smith Street, Warragul 3820.

Re: Estate of LORNA ADELINE JAKOBI, late of Cooinda Lodge Nursing Home, Sargeant Street, Warragul, in the State of Victoria, farmer, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 12 June 2001, are required by Edna Dawn Reid of 3 Durham Road, Newborough, Victoria (in the Will called Edna Reid) and David McCraw of Unit 9, Manor Retirement Village, 156 Beach Road, Batemans Bay, NSW, the executors appointed in the Will, to send particulars to their solicitors within sixty (60) days from the date of publication of this notice, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

M. DAVINE & CO., solicitors, 5 Smith Street, Warragul 3820.

RONALD SOMHAIRLE MACDONALD, late of 1 Stevenson Street, Kew, Victoria, retired, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 9 November 2003, are required by the executor, ANZ Executors & Trustee Company Limited, (ACN 006 132 332) of 530 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, to send particulars to it by 27 January 2004 after which date it may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which it then has notice.

MILLS OAKLEY, lawyers, 121 William Street, Melbourne.

WILLIAM GRAHAM MURPHY (also known as Graham William Murphy), late of Camberwell Terrace, 22–24 Palmerston Street, Camberwell, Victoria, but formerly of 22 Fairview Avenue, Burwood, Victoria, retired, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 6 November 2003, are required by the executor, ANZ Executors & Trustee Company Limited, (ACN 006 132 332) of 530 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, to send particulars to it by 27 January 2004 after which date it may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which it then has notice.

MILLS OAKLEY, lawyers, 121 William Street, Melbourne.

Re: DOROTHY EILEEN LOOBY, late of 30 Perry Street, Orbost, Victoria, home duties.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 20 July 2003, are required by Cynthia Patricia Hadwick of Unit 1, 98 Durham Road, Surrey Hills, Victoria, the executor appointed in the Will, to send particulars to her solicitor within sixty days from the date of publication of this notice, after which date the executor may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

MOSLEY & PALMER, solicitors, PO Box 243, Orbost 3888.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of HILDA JEAN GORSUCH, late of 4 Tirana Street, Mitcham, Victoria, deceased, who died on 28 July 2003, are required to send particulars of their claims to the executors, care of the undermentioned

solicitors by 25 January 2004 after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

PERRY WESTON, solicitors, 37 Railway Road, Blackburn.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of ISLA VIOLET WATHEN, late of 64 Carween Avenue, Mitcham, Victoria, deceased, who died on 21 April 2003, are required to send particulars of their claims to the executors, care of the undermentioned solicitors by 25 January 2004 after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

PERRY WESTON, solicitors, 37 Railway Road, Blackburn.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of SARA SNOW, late of 19 Crimea Street, North Caulfield, in the State of Victoria, widow, deceased, who died on 8 July 2003, are required to send particulars of such claims to the executor care of the undermentioned solicitors by 26 January 2004 after which date the executor will convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which the executor then has notice.

PIETRZAK SOLICITORS, 222 La Trobe Street, Melbourne.

JUNE ROBINSON RIDDELL, late of 32 Polden Crescent, Morwell, Victoria, home duties, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 5 November 2003, are required by ANZ Executors & Trustee Company Limited, ACN 006 132 332, the executor of the Will of the deceased, to send particulars of their claims to the executor at Level 21, 530 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, by 27 January 2004 after which date the executor may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

RUSSELL KENNEDY, solicitors, Level 11, 469 La Trobe Street, Melbourne 3000. STEPHEN JOHN ARTUS, late of 230 Hall Road, Skye, Victoria, deceased. Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 8 May 2003, are required by the administrator, Sean Stephen Artus of Unit 1, 11 Deane Street, Frankston, Victoria, to send particulars to him by 24 January 2004 after which date the administrator may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he then has notice.

STIDSTON & WILLIAMS WEBLAW, solicitors,

313 Main Street, Mornington.

Re: KATHLEEN GERMAINE TAYLOR, late of 8/90 Karingal Drive, Frankston, Victoria, widow, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 19 October 2003, are required by the trustee, Robert Dale Knight of 3/434 Nepean Highway, Frankston, Victoria 3199, solicitor, no relation, to send particulars to the trustee by 27 January 2004 after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the trustee has notice.

WHITE CLELAND PTY, solicitors, Level 3, 454 Nepean Highway, Frankston 3199.

Unclaimed Moneys Act 1962

Register of Unclaimed Moneys held by the —

Name of Owner on Books and Last Known Address	Total Amount Due to Owner	Description Of Unclaimed Money	Date when Amount first became Payable
AGL VICTORIA PTY LIMIT	ED		
	\$		
Hung, Quang & Thi Tran Hu, Phuc, 284 Springvale Road, Springvale Help (Australia) Pty Ltd, Ste 3 & 4, 283 Bay Street, Brighton Hederson, Fraser, 2 Von Nida Court, Dingley Morfa Pty Ltd, Fcty 27, 134 Springvale Road, Springvale Jennings Centre Mgmt, Shop 127, The Glen, Glen Waverly M. K. M Homes P/L, 2 Birrarrung Court, Bulleen	1,427.60 156.59 127.90 798.05 129.30 234.95	Cheque	09/03/96 13/03/96 19/03/96 20/03/96 25/03/95 29/03/96
King, Geoffrey & Hayse, Lorene, 51 Clow Street, Dandenong	122.95	,,	30/03/96
Designnwyse Pty Ltd, Off. 2, 57 Robinson Street, Dandenong Kao, C.P. Chi & Mark, 227 Nepean Highway, Chelsea	248.50 416.55	"	31/03/96
Swift, Dale, Fl 12, 77 Nunns Road, Mornington	158.60	"	"
Hadlum, David, 31 Hornsby Drive	137.00	"	"
Gardiner, Scott, 50 Kionga Street, Clayton	472.20	22	10/04/96
Cato, K. & L., 38 Callanans Road, Red Hill South Gordon Glass Co., Fcty 3, 14 Latham Street, Mornington	167.40 388.45	,,	15/04/96
Astorino, Robert, Fl 1, 8 Tripoli Court, Hallam R. Salzser P/L, corner of Nantilla & Dunlop Roads, Mulgrave	124.10 194.45	"	30/04/96
Rose, William Leslie, 34 Overport Road, Frankston	102.75	"	03/07/96
Warren, S. Durie & A., 5 Station Avenue, Glen Iris Brad Clark, trading as Ecotech Laboratories,	246.40	"	02/09/96
Fcty7, 17 Kitchen Road, Dandenong	285.68	"	09/09/96
Global Creations P/L, 86 Levanswell Road, Moorabbin	353.31	"	13/09/96
Patel, Gulbanoo, 30 Mawarra Crescent, Chadstone	117.35 200.26	,,	18/10/96
Nevein, William J., 6 Pecan Court, Frankston North Parks, Jason, 152 Gladesville Blvd, Patterson Lakes Eastkauski, Leszek & Ana,	1,165.90	"	24/10/96
Shop 4A, 46 Outlook Drive, Dandenong	236.07	"	15/11/96
Blayney, M. F., 8 Rosemary Grove, Burwood	212.80	22	28/11/96
Bolle, Steven, Fl 3, 65 Reserve Road, Beaumaris	129.20	"	02/12/96
Hilton, David, 28 Bickerton, Roweville	185.55	***	12/12/96
Fifield, Mitchell, 16 Holoway Road, Sandringham	167.05	"	13/12/96
O'Toole, J., Fety 3, 50 Roberna Street, Moorabbin	499.46	"	20/12/96
Mather, Thomas	105.50	"	15/01/97
Reddie, Jeff, 40 Serpells Road, Templestowe McDonald, Anne-Maree, 58 Kenross Drive, Glen Waverley	195.20 146.76	"	21/01/97 04/03/97
Bonsusse P/L, Shop 185, 1156 Nepean Hwy, Cheltenham	114.25	,,	21/03/97
Turnerbarry, Fl 2, 57 The Corso, Mentone	528.15	"	24/03/97
Gonez, L. J., Unit 4, 47 Willesden Road, Oakleigh	109.60	"	20/05/97
Duffy, Leslie, 219A Hotham Street, Elsternwick Winter, Colin, 126 Martin Street, Elsternwick	108.40 270.30	"	22/05/97 27/06/97

Estate of Jamieson, T.	148.20	,,	18/07/97
Alsafe Safety Industries P/L	136.20	"	"
GEC Australia P/L	132.48	"	"
Household Financial Services Ltd,			
Ground Floor, 6 Clow Street, Dandenong	258.00	"	23/07/97
Boncorp P/L	208.66	"	"
Valvadellis, C., 4 Madison Court, Cheltenham	191.65	"	29/07/97
Loy, Bonhuei, Fl 9, 1158 Dandenong Road, Carnegie	234.90	"	04/08/97
Plafadelis, Tom, 12 Edith Court, Doncaster	113.45	"	"
Owe'Young, George & Therese, 129 North Road, Brighton	176.90	"	18/08/97
Anson, J. H., 34 Rosedale Grove, Frankston	118.25	"	"
Feben, Lara, 9 Tania Court, Carrum Downs	126.75	"	29/08/97
Cyrran Mairlad	212.89	"	26/09/97
Pro-Dem P/L	250.00	"	22
Elizabeth Trainor	100.00	"	**
Greaves, D.	580.43	"	"
B. D. Toll P/L	792.24	"	30/09/97
Chan & Praument P/L	249.79	"	"
Rahmi Karaca	675.85	"	"
Land, Patrick, Fcty 2, 25 Tower Court, Noble Park	497.71	,,	15/10/97
Taylor, Joanne, Fl 4, 133 Glenhuntly Road, Elwood	372.65	"	17/10/97
Hira Jasbir Singh	342.01	"	21/10/97
Plastifoam Poly	132.40	"	21/10/57
A. C. Reid	496.14	"	,,
Chante, Ray Barclay & Daniel,	770.17		
Fcty 2, 41 Moresby Avenue, Seaford	155.00	"	22/10/97
Raygon P/L, 37 Downward Street, Braeside	176.10	,,	13/11/97
Lucas, Helen, Fl 2, 16 Belmont Avenue, Glen Iris	102.05	,,	17/11/97
Lam, Miu Fong, 4 Shiralee Court, Glen Waverley	151.10	"	26/11/97
International Wire & Cable	1,446.42	"	27/11/97
Sam Skountzis	220.00	"	2//11/9/
Jenkins, Barbara	117.75	"	"
Pastel Bond P/L	339.60	"	"
Dempster, Kenneth, 53 Chatsworth Quad, Lower Templestow		,,	02/01/98
Aust Services Union	132.00	"	13/01/98
Sevier, Pamela B.	174.05	,,	13/01/98
Ben Wong	574.88	"	,,
Jiang, Xiao Mei, Fcty 10, 63 Voltri Street, Mentone	202.77	,,	16/01/98
Earl, H. F., Fl 1, 9 Cootamundra Avenue, Rosebud West	106.20	,,	10/01/98
	4,226.30	"	28/01/98
IPC Corp Aust P/L Voilege Peter Unit 25, 20 Old Warrandute Peed Denvelo	122.20	,,	
Koikas, Peter, Unit 25, 30 Old Warrandyte Road, Donvale		"	02/02/98 11/02/98
Ryan, Patrick, 23 Staughton Road, Glen Iris	175.75	"	
Fox, Alex, 45 Rawdon Hill Drive, Dandenong	119.25	"	24/02/98
Invon P/L	120.00	,,	26/02/98
International Wire & Cable	6,763.61	"	,,
Phone Direct	174.00	"	,,
Damitra, Joseph	141.90	,,	
Deer Horn of Australia P/L, 2 Margaret St, Oakleigh South Dominie (Vic) Pty Ltd,	204.55		27/02/98
Fcty 4, 65 Whiteside Road, Clayton South	103.20	"	06/03/98
Meehan, Chris, 9 Toolang Court, Mt Waverley	102.95	"	"
Kerry, Attila, 314 George Street, Doncaster	202.45	"	13/03/98
Molnar, J. Perri & S., 440 Glenhuntly Road, Elsternwick	129.14	"	27/03/98

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Kengo Japanese Restaurant, 26 Burwood Hwy, Burwood	495.	53	"	30/03/98
Kar Pro Pty Ltd, 7 Keys Road, Frankston	124.		,,	"
Lewis, Paul David, 49 Amberley Crescent, Dandenong	109.		**	"
Nguyen, Lung, 43 View Road, Springvale	113.		"	31/03/98
Taylor & Fang Li Serena, Robert,				
36 Briggs Street, Caulfield South	140.	.25	"	"
Gallace, Max, 211 Balaclava Road, Caulfield North	177.	.79	"	15/04/98
Australian Chamber of Manufacturing	420.	.00	"	11/05/98
K Mart Australia Ltd	1,761.	.73	"	"
Austotel Trading P/L	941.	.30	**	"
Computer Vision International P/L,				
Suite 3, 2 Church Street, Brighton	328.	.73	**	15/05/98
King, Robert, Unit 1, 96 Addison Street, Elwood	139.	.05	**	19/05/98
Kikkert, John & Claire, 6 Cottswold Rise, Templestowe	233.	.20	**	01/06/98
Bay, Alan, 292 Waverley Road, Malvern East	107.	.52	"	03/06/98
S. Tsolakis & N. Economou	123.	.43	**	13/07/98
John Hopkins	511.	99	"	"
Harry Heaths	8,269.	.29	"	"
Lepage, Miakar & Lowe	252.	.84	"	"
P. Soedijono	106.	.00	**	"
Hotline Elec S/S	140.	.00	"	"
C. Crowe	124.	.00	**	"
GBC Australia P/L	202.	.85	"	21/07/98
Johnny Santo	365.	.13	"	22/07/98
Malka Lawrence	149.	70	"	07/08/98
Shinoda Hiroshi	213.	.05	**	25/08/98
AMP Society	235.	.70	"	"
AMP Society	517.	.50	**	"
Peter Martin	130.		**	09/09/98
Budgetware (Australia)	110.	.00	**	28/09/98
Geoff Risstrom	121.		**	08/10/98
Masood Chapnevis	116.	.80	**	16/10/98
Paul Kritikos	248.	.85	**	22/10/98
M. Pittard	100.		"	30/10/98
Bulleen Elect Services	135.		"	"
Michael McCormack	109.		"	30/11/98
Learning and Training	795.		??	,,
Neil Wynne (Wynne Const)	133.		**	31/12/98
Public Transport Corporation	2,438.		**	"
David & M. Peters & Rick Bugieja	396.		***	"
Ji Hey Hwang	115.		,,	"
Buildline Pty Ltd	139.		"	"
Sanders Jan	153.		,,	"
Sealand Meat Fish & Poultry	123.		"	"
Zhe Biao Yin	236.		,,	,,
Vlassious Zenos	122.		"	31/01/99
Panchaecharam Shabesal	105.		"	"
Lee Nick	156.		,,	,,
Hills Trade Products Divis	140.		"	09/03/99
Mei Ha Kwong	253.		,,	77
Tran Duc (Advance Fashions)	375.		,,	14/03/99
Angie Maloney & Da Maloney	249.		"	30/03/99
In Home Services Australia P/L	129.	.69	•	**

Reef Electrics	135.00	"	13/04/99
Nedjelko Hercegovac	372.60	"	15/04/99
Ramsay Jim & Assoc. P/L	107.70	"	21/04/99
Maria Isabel Da Silva	122.75	"	09/05/99
Centre for Corp Public Affairs	685.00	"	29/06/99
Pranil & Veena Sharma	120.15	"	22
Nepean Electrical Service	135.00	"	"
Monash Chamber of Comm. & Ind.	130.00	"	"
J. Perri & S. Molner	129.14	"	05/07/99
Leader Newspapers	1,000.00	"	07/07/99
Fenning Way P/L trading as Kanga	349.07	"	12/08/99
Henry Hansen	192.12	"	09/09/99
Catherina Recourt	290.50	"	"
Doherty Conquest P/L	106.39	"	"
Henry Hansen	192.12	"	29/10/99
Bank of Melbourne	340.75	"	23/11/99
H. Ward & Scott O'Day	106.40	"	29/11/99
Neca	200.00	"	"
Rachel Barrow, 78 South Gate Way, Langwarrin	100.00	"	05/12/99
N. White	124.80	"	30/12/99
Peter Harper	308.89	"	"
Estrelita Bluhm	192.35	"	"
Guido Assmann	156.75	"	30/01/00
Mrs E. Byrne	120.00	"	08/03/00
Shirley Kaye	137.40	"	"
Yolande Meerwald	257.55	"	09/03/00
H. D. Chan Chan, Mandarin Palace	401.60	"	15/03/00
R. J. Foster	110.55	"	16/03/00
Robert Soegaanpo	125.85	"	28/03/00
Lorraine McGeary	277.75	"	29/03/00
Edward Meysztowicz	254.73	"	31/03/00
J. & S. Taylor	135.10	"	"
Mr Jack Shahine, 267 Bluff Road, Sandringham	632.80	"	03/04/00
Samuel Wang	236.95	"	"
Ross Poulter	124.25	"	07/04/00
Sulzer Australia P/L	265.10	"	10/04/00
Marina Ross	100.25	"	11/04/00
Ethel Fredericks	118.30	"	12/04/00
Albert Z. Jokubaitis	214.60	"	,,,
Colin Beard	120.95	"	14/04/00
She Quing Wu	100.05	"	"
Mrs V. Savage	130.60	"	26/04/00
Bhagat Singh, 6 Selwood Court, Rowville	105.10	"	02/05/00
Keneng Group	128.79	"	03/05/00
Fenning Way P/L, 37/22 Dunn Crescent, Dandenong	151.05	"	"
A. G. Foulsham	114.45	"	10/05/00
Brendan John Richards, PO Box 49, Patterson Lakes	184.55	"	11/05/00
Minh Trang Nguyen	326.77	"	"
Christopher Elkins	290.70	"	,,
G. E. Wolf & Co. P/L	381.95	"	12/05/00
Margaret Annie Marchioro	118.05	"	23/05/00
Mervin Bounds	110.55	"	06/06/00
Ross M. Palmington, 22 Vunabere Avenue, Bentleigh	158.35	,,	11/07/00

G 48	27 Nov	ember 2003	2989

C. G. Robinson & Co. (Vic.) P/L	783.85	,,	17/07/00
Miss Karey-Anne Whitfort, 1/3 Kallay Street, Mt Waverley	779.55	"	08/08/00
Sung Je Cho	258.67	"	10/08/00
Mr Keith & Mrs P. Williams, 53 McMahons Road, Frankston	230.05	"	"
Mrs L. M. McCarthy	180.00	"	18/09/00
A-Z Auto Gas	604.73	"	13/10/00
Slobadan Marovic	329.04	"	25/10/00
Spinway Cables P/L	1,819.80	"	13/11/00
Lorna Jean Justice	105.11	"	??
Peter Cain, trading as Jolly Ropes Australia	263.17	"	14/11/00
Rodney Baker	139.30	"	"
Cong-Le Zhang	598.00	"	21/11/00
Public Transport Corporation, 589 Collins Street, Melbourne	260.00	"	"
Citibank Limited, 377 Little Lonsdale Street, Melbourne	150.00	"	"
Con & Belinda Ceh Kasapas, 48 Barlyn Road, Mt Waverly	163.60	"	"
E. Franklin, 3 Butler Street, Kilsyth	109.05	"	"
Classic Caravan Centre P/L, 9 Longfort Court, Springvale	3,014.80	"	"
Clive Roberts, 18 Grandview Road, Warrandyte	251.50	"	"
Prestige Auto Wheels P/L, 37 Industrial Drive, Braeside	197.36	"	"
Shayle McNab, 37 Callander Road, Noble Park	400.00	"	"
Arpad Plander & Attila Szabo,			
trading as Millstone Bakery, GPO Box 584, Box Hill	250.05	"	"
Public Transport Corporation, 589 Collins Street, Melbourne Gudrun Rogers,	640.00	,,	,,
C/- Jan Edwards, 111 Rosemary Court, Frankston	112.25	"	"
Citibank Limited, 377 Little Lonsdale Street, Melbourne	150.00	"	"
Leo Ramman, 2/30 Tawnpon Drive, Cheltenham	264.25	"	"
Ivy Elizabeth Field, 27 First Avenue, Rosebud	182.15	"	"
Dorevitch Pathology P/L,	102.13		
Level 3/691 Burke Road, Camberwell	187.05	"	"
Swiss Models Sportswear P/L,			
PO Box 118, Footscray West	178.85	"	"
Devi Bachani, C/- Noel Jones Real Estate,			
69 Railway Road, Blackburn	117.65	"	"
Ward Motors P/L, 2 Cambridge Street, Box Hill	1,110.09	"	"
Hai Au P/L, 5/11 Sullivan Street, Springvale	197.87	"	"
Brinker Australia P/L, 363 Manningham Road, Doncaster	249.54	"	"
Graham Lear, 1/15 Hadley Street, Frankston North	111.15	"	"
Michael Griffin, 39 Edwards Avenue, Port Melbourne	184.40	"	"
R. Cheeseman, Karrinyup Post Office, Karrinyup, WA	155.75	"	15/12/00
Darryl & Tania Lavery	378.25	"	"
Panessa P/L, 2/7 Maher Street, Brighton	156.05	"	21/12/00
B. V. & V. L. Seares, 66 Old Main Creek Road, Main Ridge	220.60	"	10/01/01
Rose Dabadie	112.95	"	02/05/01
Valerie Dennis, 22 Hornsby Drive, Langwarrin	279.50	"	12/02/01
Optus Vision Hub Site, PO Box 1, North Sydney	7,335.20	"	01/03/01
Susanne Bennett, 1/125 Hobble Street, Echuca	113.40	"	"
June Mavis Meyers, 3/72 Broadway, Chelsea	150.00	"	"
Henderson's Industries, 1317 North Road, Oakleigh South	794.08	"	"
Optus Vision Hub Site, P.O. Box 1, North Sydney	1,676.90	"	"
Lend Lease Employer Systems Ltd,	,		
9–11 Miles Street, Mulgrave	122.38	"	"
P. D. Thomas, 13 Orlando Street, Hampton	105.55	"	"
, 1			

Grahame Falvey, PO Box 277, Carnegie	244.14	,,	"
N. Nguyen, trading as Mizzuri Blue Pty Ltd			
5/14 Audsley Street, Clayton South	394.25	"	28/03/01
R. S. R. Tooling Pty Ltd,			
C/- R. Stumpf (R. S. R. Tooling Pty Ltd),			
40 Clarice Road, Box Hill	141.80	"	"
Cullen Egan Dell Limited, PO Box 539, Melbourne	4,000.00	"	16/05/01
Ann Cairncross, 62/158 Kororoit Creek Road, Williamstown	277.70	"	17/05/01
Mrs R. M. McCarthy, 3/97 Bay Road, Sandringham	139.10	"	01/06/01
Bayside Brighton Health & Fitness Club,	157.10		01/00/01
2 Dunville Avenue, Hawthorn	489.05	"	21/08/01
B. A. Reid, 3/89 Ludstone Street, Hampton	1,128.24	"	21/00/01
J. Brown, 23 Barbara Avenue, Dandenong	200.00	"	"
Jenconn P/L, Competitive Kitchens, 18 Govan Street, Seaford	101.50	,,	04/10/01
Telstar Clothing Co.	471.48	"	17/10/01
Ho Hai Tran	1,581.59	"	"
Adam Richards & Bradley Johnston,	1,361.39		
3/187 Grange Road, Carnegie	111.85	"	19/10/01
Greg & Yvette McKenzie, 201 Park Road, Donvale	166.80	,,	19/10/01
	579.53	,,	22/10/01
Ross Spataro	438.21	,,	22/10/01
J. & H. B. Pty Ltd, 2A Westall Road, B6/Springvale		,,	24/10/01
Simmone Boden Ortho Clinical Diagnostics	163.30		25/10/01
Ortho-Clinical Diagnostics,			
C/- A Division of J. & J. Medical,	1 (72 00	,,	26/10/01
601 Doncaster Road, Doncaster	1,673.80	,,	26/10/01
Glenn Smerdon, PO Box 174, Essendon	513.92	,,	21/10/01
Gnbao Zhang	307.38	"	31/10/01
Innovative Hi-Tech Products P/L	373.24	,,	"
Kum Fah Yip, 358 Neerim Road, Carnegie	449.78	"	"
Duckbill Burrow P/L, 31 Portman Street, Oakleigh	207.92	22	"
Unhee Lee, 3/120 Murrumbeena Road, Murrumbeena	214.40	,,	"
J. & H. Commercial & Domestic Stainless	292.36	,,	
Dhanika Ranharak	116.41	,,	02/11/01
M.R.T. Industries P/L, 59A Osborne Avenue, Springvale	182.05	,,	
Joan E. Ryan, 94 Lindrum Road, Frankston	1,436.10	,,	05/11/01
Margaret G. Diggle	104.60		08/11/01
Peter Kalasatas	117.30	"	,,
Mr Andrew Armstrong Flextrak,			
PO Box 2632, Carrum Downs	117.95	"	"
North Eastern Electrical Services Pty Ltd,			
42 White Road, Wonthaggi	223.01	"	22/11/01
Ruzdi Asanavski, 117 Foster Street, Dandenong	175.05	"	23/11/01
Alva Bellard, 6/10 Stud Road, Dandenong	100.00	"	29/11/01
Knowlege Works P/L, PO Box 200, Caulfield East	278.29	"	18/12/01
Jennifer Pahare Hakkis	113.28	"	19/12/01
Dorothy Elliott, 1/14 Devon Road, Pascoe Vale	350.00	"	**
I. Jungue	111.40	"	21/12/01
Miss Kim R. Lynch	251.90	"	"
Suzanne Irwin, 3/10A Marine Parade, St Kilda Beach	121.50	"	"
Shirley Butler, 38 Gordon Street, Tullamarine	108.92	"	24/12/01

03260

CONTACT: NINH HOANG, PHONE: (03) 9201 7409.

Unclaimed Moneys Act 1962

Register of Unclaimed Moneys held by the —

Name of Owner on Books and Last Known Address	Total Amount Due to Owner	Description Of Unclaimed Money	Date when Amount first became Payable
SLATER & GORDON			
	\$		
Tamara Fredericks, 4B Lehay Court, Willeton, WA	497.00	Cheque	14/02/02
Annie Cao, 4/4 Clifton Street, Clifton Hill	423.00	,,,	26/07/01
Merlette Gee, 4/26 Derbigh Road, Armadale	457.20	"	01/08/01

03280

CONTACT: GARY BERMINGHAM, PHONE: (03) 9602 6896.

PROCLAMATIONS

ACTS OF PARLIAMENT

Proclamation

I, John Landy, Governor of Victoria, declare that I have today assented in Her Majesty's name to the following Bills:

No. 91/2003 Electoral (Amendment) Act 2003

No. 92/2003 Emerald Tourist Railway (Amendment) Act 2003

No. 93/2003 Residential Tenancies (Amendment) Act 2003

No. 94/2003 Road Safety (Amendment) Act 2003

Given under my hand and the seal of Victoria at Melbourne on 25 November 2003.

(L.S.) JOHN LANDY Governor

By His Excellency's Command

STEVE BRACKS MP Premier

No. 91/2003 Electoral (Amendment) Act 2003

This Act comes into operation on the day after the day on which it receives the Royal

No. 92/2003 Emerald Tourist Railway (Amendment) Act 2003

This Act comes into operation on the day after the day on which it receives the Royal Assent.

No. 93/2003 Residential Tenancies (Amendment) Act 2003

- (1) Subject to sub-section (2), this Act comes into operation on a day or days to be proclaimed.
- (2) If a provision of this Act does not come into operation before 30 June 2004, it comes into operation on that day.

No. 94/2003 Road Safety (Amendment) Act 2003

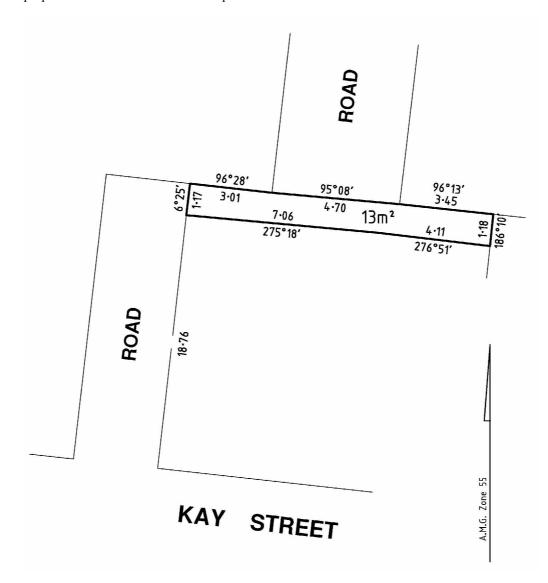
- (1) This Part and Part 2 (except sections 7 and 10), Part 3 (except section 29), Part 4 (except section 35) and Part 5 come into operation on the day after the day on which this Act receives the Royal Assent.
- (2) Subject to sub-section (3), the remaining provisions of this Act come into operation on a day or days to be proclaimed.
- (3) If a provision of this Act does not come into operation before 1 January 2005, it comes into operation on that day.

GOVERNMENT AND OUTER BUDGET SECTOR AGENCIES NOTICES

CITY OF MELBOURNE

Public Highway Declaration

Under Section 204(1) of the **Local Government Act 1989** ("the Act"), Melbourne City Council, on 10 July 2003 resolved to declare Private Lane 5039, Carlton as a Public Highway for the purposes of the Act as shown on the plan hereunder.



Dated 21 November 2003

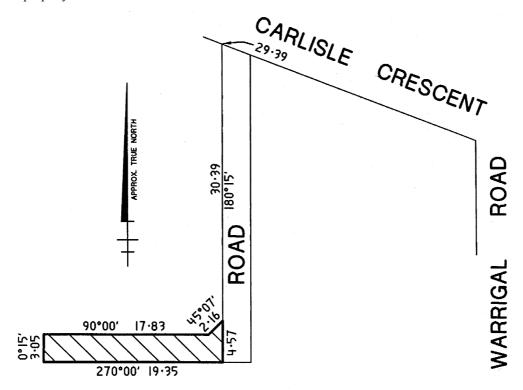
DAVID PITCHFORD Chief Executive Officer

MONASH CITY COUNCIL

Road Discontinuance

At its meeting on 18 February 2003 and acting under Clause 3 of Schedule 10 to the **Local Government Act 1989**, Monash City Council ("Council"):

- 1. formed the opinion that part of the road abutting the rear of 84 Carlisle Crescent, Hughesdale [and being the land shown hatched on the plan below ("the road")], is not reasonably required as a road for public use; and
- 2. resolved to discontinue the road and sell the land from the road by private treaty to the abutting property owner.



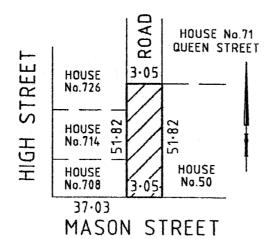
DAVID CONRAN Chief Executive Officer

DAREBIN CITY COUNCIL

Road Discontinuance

Pursuant to section 206 and schedule 10, clause 3 of the **Local Government Act 1989**, the Darebin City Council at its ordinary meeting held on 17 November 2003, formed the opinion that the road adjacent to 50 Mason Street and the rear of 708 to 726 High Street, Reservoir, and shown by hatching on the plan below, is not reasonably required as a road for public use and resolved to discontinue the road and to sell the land from the road by private treaty to the abutting property owner at 50 Mason Street, Reservoir.

The road is to be sold subject to the right, power or interest held by Yarra Valley Water Limited in the road in connection with any sewers, drains or pipes under the control of that authority in or near the road.



PHILIP SHANAHAN Chief Executive Officer



CASEY CITY COUNCIL ADOPTION OF CASEY COMMUNITY (AMENDMENT) LOCAL LAW No. 4

The Casey City Council at the meeting held on Tuesday 18 November 2003 in accordance with the provisions of the **Local Government Act 1989** resolved to make a local law known as Casey Community (Amendment) Local Law No. 4. The Local Law came into operation on 18 November 2003.

Casey Community (Amendment) Local Law No. 4 amends Casey Community Local Law No. 2.

The purposes of the amending Local Law are to ensure that community assets are protected from damage, that community safety and amenity are enhanced and that the administration and enforcement of the principal Local Law is improved.

The general purport of the amendments are to:

- (a) create offences for vehicles that use land not intended for the purpose or contrary to the provisions of the Local Law;
- (b) introduce a schedule of fixed penalty notice amounts for infringement notice purposes for offences against the Local Law so that they reflect the nature of the offence committed;

(c) make a number of minor drafting changes to improve the application of the Local Law.

A copy of the Local Law may be inspected or obtained from City of Casey Customer Service Centre, Magid Drive, Narre Warren.



PROPOSED AMENDMENT — LOCAL LAW NO. 3 — MUNICIPAL PLACES

Amendment No. 9

At its meeting on 10 November 2003, the Mitchell Shire Council resolved to amend Local Law No. 3 Municipal Places, pursuant to the provisions of Section 119(2) of the Local Government Act 1989.

The general purpose of the Amendment is as follows:—

- (a) Schedule 6 Consumption of Alcohol Pyalong — Northern Highway
 - Change from between Pyalong— Lancefield Road and Cemetery Road to between Pyalong—Lancefield Road and Reg Walters Drive.

In effect alcohol must not be consumed or possessed in unsealed containers in this area.

- (b) Part 7 Consumption of Liquor
 - L7.1: Municipal Places where liquor may not be consumed
 - Delete reference to Liquor Control Act 1987 and replace with Liquor Control Reform Act 1998.
- (c) Schedule 6 Nominated Alcohol Free Areas
 Pyalong
 - Change from Pyalong Recreation Complex between Sunset to Sunrise unless a permit has been issued, to Pyalong Recreation Complex between Sunset to Sunrise unless an authorised function approved by the Committee of Management.

Persons affected by the making of the proposed Amendments are entitled to make a submission pursuant to the provisions of Section 223 of the **Local Government Act 1989** and should contain an indication of whether they wish to be heard in respect of their submission.

Written submissions should be addressed to the undersigned and will be received up until 4.00 pm on Thursday 11 December 2003.

A copy of the Local Law with the proposed Amendments are available for inspection at the Municipal Offices, 113 High Street, Broadford or by visiting Council's website — www.mitchellshire.vic.gov.au

GARRY CECIL Chief Executive Officer



NOTICE OF MAKING A LOCAL LAW

Recreational Vehicles Local Law 2003

The Moorabool Shire Council gives notice pursuant to Section 119 (3) of the **Local Government Act 1989** that at its Ordinary Council Meeting on 12 November 2003 it made a local law to be referred to as the Moorabool Shire Council Recreational Vehicles Local Law 2003

The purpose of the local law is to support reasonable use of Recreational Vehicles in areas identified as suitable and subject to predetermined criteria. The local law supersedes Council's Recreational Vehicles Local Law 2001, introducing amending provisions including:

- a) prohibiting the use of any recreational vehicle on land located in any urban area, as defined, or which cannot comply with specified noise levels, or which cannot comply with a condition that any recreational vehicle must not be ridden within 50 metres of a boundary fence of the property for which a permit is issued;
- b) requiring landowners to apply for permits for rural properties that abut an urban area;
- c) fixing an increased application fee of \$50.00;
- d) including conditions that may be applied to permits in respect to distance from property boundaries, the number of recreational vehicles allowed to be used on properties relative to the size of the properties, a requirement for a non-riding period and specification of hours outside which the riding of recreational vehicles is prohibited.

The general purport of the local law will:

- a) regulate the use of recreational vehicles;
- b) place conditions on the use of recreational vehicles;
- c) in the process of considering permit applications, have regard to—
 - the location of the relevant land;
 - the use made of the relevant land (a dwelling must be on the land);
 - the use made of any land proximate to the relevant land;
 - the potential for environmental damage;
 - the impact on the amenity of the neighbourhood;
 - the suitability of the land for use by recreational vehicles;
 - the number of vehicles for which the permit is required;
 - the days, time and hours which the vehicle is to be used (EPA Guidelines applicable);
 - the risk of danger to person or property;
 - any submissions from the area and adjacent owners and occupiers; and
 - any other relevant factor.
- d) allow the suspension or cancellation of any permit for the use of recreational vehicles on the basis of failure to comply with the permit conditions, which may be the subject of substantiated complaints from other parties.

The local law came into effect on the day of making—12 November 2003.

A copy of the local law may be obtained from Council's offices at 15 Stead Street, Ballan, and 197 Main Street, Bacchus Marsh (behind the library), during office hours—8.30 am to 5.00 pm Monday to Friday.

ROBERT DOBRZYNSKI Chief Executive Officer

WARRNAMBOOL CITY COUNCIL

Half Day Public Holiday

Warrnambool City Council, pursuant to Section 7(1)(b) of the **Public Holidays Act 1993**, has determined that Thursday 6 May 2004 be declared a Half Day Public Holiday in the Municipal District of the Warrnambool City Council for Warrnambool Cup Day.

LINDSAY A. MERRITT Chief Executive



LOCAL LAW NO. 6— MEETING PROCEDURE LOCAL LAW

Notice is hereby given pursuant to section 119(3) of the **Local Government Act 1989** that the Nillumbik Shire Council proposes to amend Local Law No. 6—Meeting Procedure Local Law

The purpose of the proposed amendments are:

- Supplementary and Urgent Business— Clause 24.11: to ensure only matters of the utmost urgency are dealt with which have had the appropriate investigation undertaken.
- Foreshadowed Motion—Clause 33: to clarify the provision of foreshadowed motions to be raised during debate.
- Procedural Motions—Clause 34: clarification of the process for formally moving motions.
- Procedure Not Provided in Local Law— Clause 62: amend this clause to stipulate which House of Parliament is the reference point.
- Interruptions, Interjections and Relevance— Clause 36: avoid unnecessary interruptions during debate.

A copy of the proposed amendments may be inspected at www.nillumbik.vic.gov.au or obtained from the Shire Offices, Civic Drive, Greensborough during office hours: Monday 8.30 am to 6.30 pm; Tuesday to Friday 8.30 am to 5.00 pm.

(Note: January hours, Monday to Friday 8.30 am to 5.00 pm.)

Copies are also available for inspection at the Eltham and Diamond Valley Libraries and Living and Learning Centres during opening hours.

Any person affected by the proposed amendments may make a submission to the Council. Submissions received by the Council within 30 days of the publication of this notice will be considered in accordance with section 223 of the Local Government Act 1989.

Any person requesting that he or she be heard in support of a written submission is entitled to appear before a meeting of the Policy and Services Committee on 21 January 2003 at 7.30 pm at the Shire Offices either personally or by a person acting on his or her behalf.

Submissions marked "Amendments Local Law No. 6—Meeting Procedure Local Law" should be posted to the Chief Executive Officer, PO Box 476, Greensborough 3088 or delivered to the Shire Offices, Civic Drive, Greensborough. Telephone enquiries concerning the proposed Local Law should be directed to Ms Lidia Harding on 9433 3284.

CATHERINE DALE Chief Executive Officer

Planning and Environment Act 1987

BRIMBANK PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of the Preparation of an Amendment to a Planning Scheme and Notice of an Application for Planning Permit

Amendment C65

Application P030419

The land affected by the Amendment is 455–467 Ballarat Road, Sunshine.

The land affected by the application is 457–459 Ballarat Road, Sunshine.

The Amendment proposes to rezone land at 455–467 Ballarat Road, Sunshine from Residential 1 and Business 4 Zones to a Business 2 Zone.

The application is for a permit to develop land for an office building and associated car parking and alter access to a road in a Road Zone, Category 1 at 457–459 Ballarat Road, Sunshine.

The person who requested the Amendment and the applicant for the permit is Mr P. Siassios C/- Coomes Planning.

You may inspect the Amendment and the application, and any documents that support the Amendment and application, and the explanatory report about the Amendment and application, at the office of the planning authority, Brimbank City Council Keilor Office, Old Calder Highway (corner of Borrell Street) Keilor 3036; and at the following: Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning

Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne 3000.

This can be done during office hours and is free of charge.

Any person who may be affected by the Amendment or by the granting of the permit may make a submission to the planning authority.

The closing date for submissions is 20 January, 2004. A submission must be sent to: Brimbank City Council, Attention: Ms Kristen Gilbert, PO Box 70, Sunshine 3020.

ANDREW GRAY, Manager Statutory Planning.

Planning and Environment Act 1987

COLAC OTWAY PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of Preparation of Amendment Amendment C13

The Colac Otway Shire Council has prepared Amendment C13 to the Colac Otway Planning Scheme.

The land affected by the Amendment is part of PC362933N, Montrose Avenue (Piggery Lane), Apollo Bay.

The Amendment proposes to rezone the land from Environmental Rural Zone to Industrial 1 Zone and Public Conservation and Resource Zone.

You may inspect the Amendment, any documents that support the Amendment and the explanatory report about the Amendment at the following locations: at the office of the planning authority, Colac Otway Shire, 2–6 Rae Street, Colac, Vic. 3250; at the Colac Otway Shire Apollo Bay office, 69–71 Nelson Street, Apollo Bay, Vic. 3323; at the Department of Sustainability & Environment, South West Region Office, 180 Fyans Street, South Geelong 3219; and at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne, Vic. 3000.

This can be done during office hours and is free of charge.

Any person who may be affected by the Amendment may make a submission to the planning authority.

The closing date for submissions is 9 January 2004. A submission must be sent to The Colac Otway Shire, P.O Box 283, Colac 3250.

ROB SMALL Chief Executive Officer

Planning and Environment Act 1987

QUEENSCLIFFE PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of the Preparation of an Amendment to a Planning Scheme and Notice of an Application for Planning Permit

Amendment C14

Application 2003/160

The land affected by the Amendment and application is described as "Crows Nest", 1 Flinders Street, Queenscliff. In addition, the Amendment applies to specifically identified portions of the Public Purposes Reserve and Government Road.

The Amendment proposes to introduce the Residential 1 Zone (R1Z) over part of the land. government road and public purposes reserve; Public Conservation and Resource Zone over part of the land; Schedule 1 (Queenscliff) to the Design and Development Overlay over the northern part of the land and Schedule 3 (Foreshore Areas) to the Design and Development Overlay over the southern part of the land; Heritage Overlay (HO11 — Central Oueenscliff Urban Conservation Precinct) over the land, and the inclusion of the gun emplacements/batteries in the Heritage Overlay: and Road Closure Overlay over the portion of government road within the existing fence line of the site, and within the existing fenceline of the Public Purpose Reserve.

The application is for a permit for the demolition of buildings on the land, the removal of vegetation, the subdivision of the land into 24 lots, and the development of one dwelling on each of Lots 1 to 13 inclusive, and associated buildings and works.

The person who requested the Amendment and the applicant for the permit is Sidcorp.

You may inspect the Amendment and the application, and any documents that support the Amendment and application, and the explanatory report about the Amendment and application, at the office of the planning authority, the Borough

of Queenscliffe, Municipal Offices, 50 Learmonth Street, Queenscliff; Department of Sustainability and Environment, South Western R e g i o n Office, 180 Fyans Street, South Geelong; or Department of Sustainability and Environment, Level 3 Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne.

This can be done during office hours and is free of charge.

Any person who may be affected by the Amendment or by the granting of the permit may make a submission to the planning authority.

The closing date for submissions is 5.00 pm 5 January 2004. A submission must be sent to Natalie Walker, Manager of Planning and Development, PO Box 93, Queenscliff 3225.

GARY PRICE Chief Executive Officer

Planning and Environment Act 1987

SOUTH GIPPSLAND PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of the Preparation of an Amendment to a Planning Scheme and Notice of an Application for Planning Permit

Amendment C18
Application 2003/274

The land affected by the Amendment is Barry Road, Barry Point CA 45, Section C, & Pt CA 45E, Section C, PSH Toora.

The land affected by the application is Barry Road, Barry Point being CA 45, Section C, & Pt CA 45E, Section C, PSH Toora.

The Amendment proposes to rezone the land known as CA 45, Section C, & Pt CA 45E, Section C, PSH Toora to the south of the ESSO BHP facility, west of Barry Road, Barry Beach from a 'Public Conservation and Resource Zone' to a 'Special Use Zone' (SUZ) with an associated Schedule 3 to the Special Use Zone (SUZ3) and incorporate land to the south of the site previously not included in the South Gippsland Planning Scheme in a 'Public Conservation and Resource Zone' (PCRZ).

The application is for a permit to use and develop the land for a marine terminal, associated buildings and works, marine dredging and for the development of a wharf.

The person who requested the Amendment and the applicant for the permit is Ancon Australia P/L C/- Beveridge Williams & Co P/L, PO Box 2205, Caufield Junction, Victoria 3161.

You may inspect the Amendment and the application, and any documents that support the Amendment and application, and the explanatory report about the Amendment and application, at the office of the planning authority, South Gippsland Shire Council, 9 Smith Street, Leongatha.

This can be done during office hours and is free of charge.

Any person who may be affected by the Amendment or by the granting of the permit may make a submission to the planning authority.

The closing date for submission is 27 December 2003. A submission must be sent to the Chief Executive Officer, South Gippsland Shire Council, Private Bag 4, Leongatha 3953.

Planning and Environment Act 1987

SWAN HILL PLANNING SCHEME Notice of Preparation of Amendment Amendment C16

Swan Hill Rural City Council has prepared Amendment C16 to the Swan Hill Planning Scheme.

The land affected by the Amendment is known as Lot 2, LP 133917, Parish of Bumbang, Latje Road, Robinvale.

The Amendment proposes to rezone the land from a Rural Zone to a Residential 1 Zone.

The subject land is currently owned by Council. Council has resolved to sell the land to the Robinvale District Health Service. The Amendment will enable the District Health Service to develop, in collaboration with the Urban and Regional Land Development Corporation, professional housing stock for schools, police and health service staff.

You may inspect the Amendment, and any documents that support the Amendment and explanatory report about the Amendment at the following locations: at the offices of the Planning Authority, Swan Hill Rural City Council, 45 Splatt Street, Swan Hill, or Robinvale Resource Centre, 72 Herbert Street, Robinvale; at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, North West Regional Office,

corner of Taylor Street and Midland Highway, Epsom; and at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne.

This can be done during office hours free of charge.

Any person who may be affected by the Amendment may make a submission to the planning authority.

The closing date for submissions is Thursday 8 January 2004. A submission about the Amendment must be sent to John Weekley, Development Manager, Swan Hill Rural City Council, PO Box 488, Swan Hill, 3585.

JOHN WEBB Chief Executive Officer Rural City of Swan Hill Council

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims against the estate of any of the undermentioned deceased persons are required to send particulars of their claims to State Trustees Limited, ABN 68 064 593 148, 168 Exhibition Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000, the personal representative, on or before 29 January 2004 after which date State Trustees Limited may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which State Trustees Limited then has notice.

- HOCKING, Violet Marjorie, late of Fletcher Road, Beechworth, Victoria 3747, retired and who died on 23 October 2003.
- McASKIL, Marjorie, formerly of 55 Orchard Grove, Blackburn South, but late of Coronella Retirement Village, 163–165 Central Road, Nunawading, pensioner and who died on 15 November 2003.
- REYNOLDS, Arthur Patrick, late of Polwarth House, C/- Colac Area Health, Connor Street, Colac, Victoria 3250, pensioner and who died on 2 November 2003.
- WALSH, Irene Adelaide, late of Little Sisters of the Poor, 112B St Georges Road, Northcote, retired and who died on 19 October 2003.
- WIDDICOMBE, Margaret Joan, late of 56 Langhorne Street, Dandenong, home duties and who died on 15 July 2003

Dated 20 November 2003

LAURIE TAYLOR Estate Manager State Trustees Limited Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims against the estate of any of the undermentioned deceased persons are required to send particulars of their claims to State Trustees Limited, ABN 68 064 593 148, 168 Exhibition Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000, the personal representative, on or before 2 February 2004 after which date State Trustees Limited may convey or distribute the assets having regard only to the claims of which State Trustees Limited then has notice.

- BARRETT, Keith David, late of Unit 3, 11 Reid Street, Oakleigh South, retired and who died on 2 October 2003.
- McBRIDE, Claire Agnes, late of Colanda Centre—Martin Unit, Forest Street, Colac, Victoria 3250, pensioner and who died on 3 October 2003.
- PERRY, Rex, formerly of 2 Broughton Road, Surrey Hills, Victoria, but late of 90 Templeton Street, Wangaratta, Victoria, builder and who died on 28 August 2003.
- WAKEHAM, John Reginald, late of Blue Gum Caravan Park, Wells Road, Chelsea Heights, Victoria, forklift operator and who died on 25 September 2003.
- WATKINS-BAKER, Robert, late of Bayview Private Nursing Home, 26 Fernhill Road, Sandringham, pensioner and who died on 8 September 2003.

Dated 24 November 2003

LAURIE TAYLOR Estate Manager State Trustees Limited

EXEMPTION

Application No. A398/2003

The Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal has considered an application pursuant to Section 83 of the **Equal Opportunity Act 1995** by Kelly Anne Iannalone. The application for exemption is to enable the applicant to provide a relaxation massage service to women only and to advertise that service.

Upon reading the material submitted in support of the application the Tribunal is satisfied that it is appropriate to grant an exemption from Sections 42, 100 and 195 of the Act to enable the applicant to provide a relaxation massage service to women only and to advertise that service.

In granting this exemption the Tribunal noted:

- that the Applicant intends to provide this service from her home:
- that some two years ago the Applicant was violently assaulted in a public place by an unknown male and has taken two years to recover from the emotional trauma resulting from this incident:
- the Applicant would feel unsafe if male clients were to come to her residence, particularly given that her relaxation massage services require the clients to be in a state of partial undress;
- a women only environment in a home setting will provide a comfortable and non-threatening venue for women who, like the Applicant, have suffered violence at the hands of men and who wish to access relaxation massage services in an atmosphere in which they can feel safe;
- there are a number of women only relaxation massage services operating in the Melbourne metropolitan area which have obtained exemptions from this Tribunal. The Applicant's service will be provided outside the metropolitan area.

The Tribunal hereby grants an exemption to the applicant from the operation of Sections 42, 100 and 195 of the **Equal Opportunity Act** 1995 to enable the applicant to provide a relaxation massage service to women only and to advertise that service.

This exemption is to remain in force from the day on which notice of the exemption is published in the Government Gazette until 26 November 2006.

Dated 19 November 2003

C. McKENZIE Deputy President

EXEMPTION

Application No. A429/2003

The Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal has considered an application, pursuant to Section 83 of the **Equal Opportunity Act** 1995, by Women's Legal Service Victoria. The application for exemption is to enable the applicant to engage in the specified conduct.

In this exemption "specified conduct" means—to advertise for and employ women only in the following positions—

- Manager;
- Principal Lawyer;
- Senior Lawyer;
- Lawyer;
- Lawyer;
- Lawyer;
- Law Reform and Policy Lawyer;
- Community Legal Education Officer;
- Finance Officer;
- Office Administrator;
- Administrative Assistant;
- Lawyer/Telephone Advice Line Supervisor.

Upon reading the material submitted in support of the application the Tribunal is satisfied that it is appropriate to grant an exemption from Sections 13, 100 and 195 of the Act to enable the applicant to engage in the specified conduct.

In granting this exemption, the Tribunal noted:

- the Applicant aims to give legal advice and help in ongoing case work to women who are at a disadvantage in respect of access to the legal system;
- these services are provided to non-english speaking women, rural women, women in correctional establishments and women who are the victims of domestic violence or sexual abuse;
- the Applicant aims to provide their services in a non-threatening environment where women can feel comfortable in speaking about legal issues and accessing information and obtaining advice;
- all the positions the service wish to advertise for are positions which have ongoing contact with women clients of the service. Even the positions that deal mainly with statistics and finances have contact with distressed women, and deal with sensitive and confidential statistics;
- the applicant, under its former name of Women's Legal Resource Group Inc Victoria was granted a previous exemption in 2000 which expired on 30 August 2003.

The Tribunal grants an exemption from the operation of Sections 13, 100 and 195 of the **Equal Opportunity Act 1995**, to enable the applicant to engage in the specified conduct.

This exemption is to remain in force from the day on which notice of the exemption is published in the Government Gazette until 26 November 2006.

Dated 19 November 2003

C. McKENZIE Deputy President

Associations Incorporation Act 1981 SUB-SECTION 36E(5)

Notice is hereby given that the incorporation of the associations mentioned below are cancelled in accordance with Section 36E(5) of the **Associations Incorporation Act 1981**.

Australian Association of Precision Drill Teams Inc., Bagshot School Restoration Committee Inc., Ballarat Citizens Small Bore Rifle Club Inc., 'Best For Kids' Inc., Blokes Brunch Inc., Canterbury Ladies' Probus Club Inc., Numurkah Irrigation Research and Development Group Inc., Old Strathconians' Association Inc., Pilkington Social Club of Geelong Inc., Polyester Insulation Manufacturers Association Inc., Richmond Employment Group Inc., Sanuk Thai Inc., South Gippsland Volunteer Resource Centre Inc., St Stephens Calisthenics Club Inc., St. Patrick's School Association Camperdown Inc., Sunraysia Seniors Touring Club Inc., Tahara Carnival Inc., Tallangatta Repeater Service Inc., The Angliss Adult Social Group Inc., The Cedah Group Inc., The Knox School Parents & Friends Association Inc., The Lapidary and Gem Club of Victoria Inc., The Lions Club of Fitzroy Inc., The Murray Region Cactus and Succulent Club Inc., The Whole Health Clinic Inc., Travelling Parkers Cricket Club Inc., Wangaratta Information & Referral Centre Inc., Watchem West Landcare Group Inc., Woodvale Flying Group Inc., Young Parkinsons' Housing Inc., Your World International Care Inc.

Dated 27 November 2003

ANN HAMMANN Deputy Registrar of Incorporated Associations

Country Fire Authority Act 1958

DECLARATION OF FIRE DANGER PERIOD

In pursuance of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the **Country Fire Authority Act 1958**, I, Neil Graeme Bibby, Chief Executive Officer of the Country Fire Authority, after consultation with the Secretary to the Department of Sustainability and Environment, hereby declare the following periods to be the Fire Danger Period in the municipal districts of the municipalities or parts of municipalities specified, commencing on the dates shown and, unless varied by subsequent declaration, ending at 0100 hours on 1 May 2004.

To commence from 0100 hours on 1 December 2003: Shire of Wellington; Latrobe City Council; East Gippsland Shire Council; Yarriambiack Shire Council (Remainder); Hindmarsh Shire Council (Remainder); Horsham Rural City (Northern Part), that part north of the line described by the following roads:- Bow Lake Fire Access Road, Bow Lake Road, Jallumba/Clear Lake Road, Jallumba/Mockinya Road, Wonwondah/Toolondo Road, North East Wonwondah Road, Grampians Wonwondah/Dadswells Bridge Road, Fulbrooks Road to the Wimmera River; West Wimmera Shire Council (part), that part north of the line described by the following roads:- Elliots Road, Northern Break, McDonald Highway; Northern Gampians Shire Council.

To commence from 0100 hours on 8 December 2003: City of Greater Bendigo; Loddon Shire Council; Mt Alexander Shire Council; Moira Shire Council; Mansfield Shire Council; Benalla Rural City Council; Rural City of Wangaratta; Alpine Shire Council; Indigo Shire Council; Towong Shire Council; Wodonga City Council; Campaspe Shire Council.

N. BIBBY Chief Executive Officer

Forests Act 1958, No. 6254 DECLARATION OF THE PROHIBITED PERIOD

In pursuance of the powers conferred by section 3 sub-section (2) of the **Forests Act 1958**, I, Gary Morgan, delegated officer for the Minister for Environment in the State of Victoria, hereby declare the Prohibited Period for all land

within the Fire Protected Area (other than State forest, National park and protected public land) within the municipalities nominated for the period specified in the schedule below:

SCHEDULE 1

The Prohibited Period shall commence at 0100 hours on Monday 1 December 2003 and end at 0100 on 1 May 2004 (unless varied) in the following municipalities: Wellington Shire Council, Latrobe Shire Council, East Gippsland Shire Council.

GARY MORGAN
Chief Fire Officer
Department of Sustainability
and Environment
Delegated Officer,
pursuant to section 11,

Conservation Forests and Land Act 1987

Human Tissue Act 1982

AUTHORIZATION OF A SCHOOL OF ANATOMY UNDER SECTION 35(4)

I, Bronwyn Pike, Minister for Health, under section 35(4) of the **Human Tissue Act 1982**, authorize the carrying out of anatomical examinations and the teaching and study of anatomy concerning ankle joints, knee joints and bases of skulls of the human body, at the Royal Australasian College of Surgeons, College of Surgeons Gardens, Spring Street, Melbourne, not being a place within a prescribed institution as defined under that Act.

This authorization will commence operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

Dated 10 November 2003

BRONWYN PIKE Minister for Health

Land Acquisition and Compensation Act 1986

FORM 7

S.21 Reg. 16

Notice of Acquisition

Compulsory Acquisition of Interest in Land

The Roads Corporation (VicRoads), declares that by this notice it acquires the following interest in the land described as part of Lots 1 and 2 on Plan of Subdivision PS504517C,

Parish of Wollert, comprising 1.999 hectares and being land described in Certificate of Title Volume 10727, Folio 198 and Certificate of Title Volume 10727, Folio 199, shown as Parcels 29 and 30 on Survey Plan 20162C.

Interest Acquired: That of Thomas James Love and all other interests.

Published with the authority of VicRoads. Dated 27 November 2003

For and on behalf of VicRoads: GERRY TURNER, Manager Property Services Department

Mineral Resources Development Act 1990

EXEMPTION FROM EXPLORATION LICENCE OR MINING LICENCE

- I, Richard Aldous, Executive Director Minerals and Petroleum, pursuant to section 7 of the **Mineral Resources Development Act 1990** and under delegation by the Minister for Energy Industries and Resources—
- 1. HEREBY EXEMPT all that Crown land situated within the boundaries of exploration licence application 4779 that has been excised from the application, from being subject to an exploration licence or mining licence.
- 2. Subject to paragraph 3, this exemption applies until the expiration of 2 years after the grant of the licence (if the licence is granted), or until the expiration of 28 days after the application lapses or is withdrawn or refused.
- 3. This exemption is REVOKED in respect of any land that ceases to lie within the boundaries of the application or licence, at the expiration of 28 days after the said land ceases to lie within the boundaries of the application or licence.

Dated 18 November 2003

RICHARD ALDOUS Executive Director Minerals and Petroleum

INTERIM CREDITING RATE— STATE SUPERANNUATION FUND

For the purposes of the sub-sections 46(1) and 58(1) of the **State Superannuation Act** 1988, sub-section 35(1) of the **Transport**

Superannuation Act 1988 and sub-section 37(1) of the **State Employees Retirement Benefits Act 1979**, the Government Superannuation Office has determined an annual rate of 1.4% to be applied as an interim crediting rate on exits on or after 24 November 2003.

PETER J. WYATT Chief Financial Officer

Transport Act 1983

TOW TRUCK DIRECTORATE OF VICTORIA

Tow Truck Application

Notice is hereby given that the following application will be considered by the Licensing Authority after 30 December 2003.

Notice of any objection to the granting of an application should be forwarded to reach the Director, Tow Truck Directorate of Victoria, Level 6, 14–20 Blackwood Street, North Melbourne (PO Box 666, North Melbourne 3051) not later than 24 December 2003.

It will not be necessary for interested parties to appear on the date specified, unless advised in writing.

Malcolm Monaghan Pty Ltd. Application for variation of conditions of tow truck licence number TOW456 which authorises the licensed vehicle to be managed, controlled and operated from a depot situated at 16 Bridge Street, Eltham to change the depot address to 157 Para Road, Greensborough.

Note: This licence is under consideration for transfer to Jaychess Pty Ltd.

Dated 27 November 2003

STEVE STANKO Director

Electricity Safety Act 1998 Essential Services Commission Act 2001

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE ESSENTIAL SERVICES COMMISSION AND THE OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR

THIS MEMORANDUM is made on 18 November 2003

PARTIES: ESSENTIAL SERVICES COMMISSION (the "Commission") and OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR (the "OCEI")

BACKGROUND:

- A. The OCEI is a prescribed agency for the purposes of the **Essential Services Commission Act 2001**.
- B. The parties have entered into this memorandum of understanding to provide for consultation between them and the integration and co-ordination of their regulatory and other activities, in accordance with sections 15 and 16 of the **Essential Services**Commission Act 2001.

OPERATIVE PROVISIONS:

1. Definitions

In this memorandum, including the background:

"ES Act" means the Electricity Safety Act 1998 (Vic);

"ESC Act" means the Essential Services Commission Act 2001 (Vic);

"prescribed agency" has the same meaning as in the ESC Act;

"regulated industry" has the same meaning as in the ESC Act.

2. Objectives and purpose of this memorandum

This memorandum seeks to:

- (a) ensure that the regulatory and decision making processes of the parties in relation to regulated industries are closely integrated and better informed;
- (b) avoid overlap or conflict between regulatory schemes (either existing or proposed) affecting regulated industries;
- (c) provide for sharing information between the parties in the context of their respective roles in relation to regulated industries;
- (d) promote the adoption of a best practice approach to regulation; and
- (e) assist in ensuring that the Commission is in a position to have regard to relevant electricity safety legislation and regulatory practice in its decision making in relation to regulated industries.

3. The role of the Commission

- 3.1 The Commission currently has functions relating to the economic regulation of the electricity, gas, ports, grain handling, freight rail, taxi, hire car, tow truck, statutory insurance and water industries. Its specific functions are:
 - (a) to perform such functions as are conferred by the ESC Act and the relevant legislation under which a regulated industry operates;
 - (b) to advise the relevant Minister on matters relating to the economic regulation of regulated industries, including reliability issues;
 - (c) when requested by the Minister to do so, to conduct an inquiry into any systemic reliability of supply issues related to a regulated industry or other essential service specified by the Minister in the request;
 - (d) to conduct inquiries and report under the ESC Act on matters relating to regulated industries:
 - (e) to make determinations in accordance with the ESC Act;
 - (f) to make recommendations to the Minister as to whether an industry which provides an essential service should become a regulated industry or whether a regulated industry should continue to be a regulated industry;
 - (g) to conduct public education programs for the purpose of promoting its objectives under the ESC Act and the relevant legislation and in relation to significant changes in the regulation of a regulated industry;
 - (h) to advise the Minister in relation to any other matter referred to the Commission by the Minister; and
 - (i) to administer the ESC Act.
- 3.2 The Commission's primary objective in performing those functions is to protect the long-term interests of Victorian consumers with regard to the price, quality and reliability of essential services. In seeking to achieve that primary objective, the Commission must have regard to the following facilitating objectives:
 - (a) to facilitate efficiency in regulated industries and the incentive for efficient long-term investment;
 - (b) to facilitate the financial viability of regulated industries;
 - (c) to ensure that the misuse of monopoly or non-transitory market power is prevented;

- (d) to facilitate effective competition and promote competitive market conduct;
- (e) to ensure that regulatory decision making has regard to the relevant health, safety, environmental and social legislation applying to the regulated industry;
- (f) to ensure that users and consumers (including low-income or vulnerable customers) benefit from the gains from competition and efficiency; and
- (g) to promote consistency in regulation between States and on a national basis.
- 3.3 The Commission must also perform its functions and exercise its powers in such a manner as the Commission considers best achieves any objectives specified in the relevant legislation under which a regulated industry operates.

4. The role of the OCEI

- 4.1 The OCEI has broad powers in relation to protecting and improving the electrical safety environment for all Victorians. Among other things, it is responsible for the implementation and enforcement of the ES Act and the regulations, standards, codes and policies under that Act, which apply to and have implications for regulated industries.
- 4.2 The OCEI is established under the ES Act. The prime objective is to minimise injury, loss of life and damage to property due to electrical causes by:
 - improvement in community electrical safety awareness and performance;
 - consolidation and reform of the electrical safety legislation and regulations;
 - development, implementation and enforcement of an industry consultation process; and
 - audit for compliance.

The OCEI is, in accordance with the ES Act, responsible for the safety of electricity supply and the use and efficiency of electrical equipment in Victoria through the relevant regulations and codes. Specifically, the OCEI's objectives are:

- (a) to ensure the electrical safety of electrical generation, transmission and distribution systems, electrical installations and electrical equipment;
- (b) to control the electrical safety standards of electrical work carried out by electrical workers;
- (c) promote awareness of energy efficiency through energy efficiency labelling of electrical equipment and energy efficiency regulation of electrical equipment;
- (d) to protect underground and underwater structures from corrosion caused by stray electrical currents; and
- (e) to maintain public and industry awareness of electrical safety requirements.

5 How the parties will consult

- 5.1 Where relevant, the Commission will, as early as practicable, consult with the OCEI:
 - (a) in the making of a determination;
 - (b) in the conduct of an inquiry or investigation, after first consulting with the Minister; and
 - (c) in preparing and reviewing the Commission's Charter of Consultation and Regulatory Practice.
- 5.2 The OCEI will, if requested in writing by the Commission to do so, consult with the Commission:
 - (a) in relation to any matter specified by the Commission which is relevant to its objectives or functions; and
 - (b) in respect of a matter specified by the Commission which may impact on a regulated industry.

- 5.3 Each party having regard to their respective roles in relation to each regulated industry will:
 - (a) consult with and involve the other in the performance of any function that has or is likely to have material implications for the other¹;
 - (b) ensure that such consultation occurs as early as practicable in the parties' regulatory, advisory or decision making processes;
 - (c) on request, provide the other with timely advice on regulatory matters, complaints or enquiries for which it is responsible;
 - (d) provide the other with timely relevant information on industries or industry issues for which both parties have some responsibility;
 - (e) promptly inform the other of any material changes to its role or to the regulatory arrangements it administers;
 - (f) exchange details of annual work programs to the extent that they are relevant to the role of the other;
 - (g) provide the other with advance notice of its intention to undertake a major review or activity that will or may have material implications for the other;
 - (h) identify opportunities to coordinate strategic planning and undertake knowledge sharing initiatives to optimise material understanding of roles and strategic directions;
 - (i) identify relevant project officers to allow for the coordination of particular regulatory projects; and
 - (j) publish this memorandum on its website.

6. How the parties will manage their relationship and resolve disputes

- 6.1 Each party will ensure that, at all times while this memorandum is in force, one of its staff members is designated and known to the other as its contact officer for the purposes of this memorandum.
- At the date of this memorandum, the contact officer for the Commission is Mr Peter Walshe, and the contact officer for the OCEI is Mr Bill Greenland. Each party will give notice of any change to its contact officer to the other, promptly after the change is made.
- Each party will ensure that its contact officer:
 - (a) makes themself (or an alternate) available at all relevant times to address any questions, concerns or disputes arising out of the operation of this memorandum which are raised by either party;
 - (b) instigates periodic (and, in any event, not less than three yearly) reviews of this memorandum directed, in particular, to the potential for improvement in its terms or operation and to the effect (if any) of regulatory change on its terms, operation or utility; and
 - (c) arranges (in conjunction with the other's contact officer) such meetings of appropriate staff of the parties as and when necessary or desirable, preferable quarterly, to facilitate the efficient and effective operation of this memorandum and including, in any event, a meeting of the Chairperson and the Chief Electrical Inspector of the parties no less frequently than annually.
- 6.4 If there is a dispute between the parties as to the terms or operation of this memorandum, each party will ensure that its contact officer endeavours in good faith to resolve that dispute with the other's contact officer. If, however, a contact officer gives notice to the other party's contact officer of the view that the dispute is unlikely to be resolved by discussions between the contact officers, then each party's contact officer must promptly:
 - (a) brief the party's Chairperson or Chief Electrical Inspector (or a nominee of the party's Chairperson or Chief Electrical Inspector) of details of the relevant dispute; and

¹ For example, the Commission proposes to give the OCEI the opportunity to sit on the Commission's working groups in conducting major reviews or inquiries.

(b) arrange with the other's contact officer for a meeting of the Chairperson and Chief Electrical Inspector of the parties (or their respective nominees), with the objective of settling the dispute amicably.

7. Use and disclosure of information

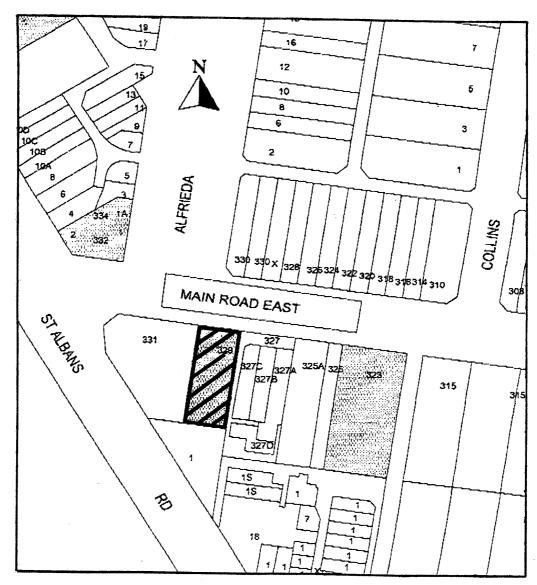
- 7.1 The capacity of a party to use or disclose information, or take information into account, is or may be (depending on the nature or source of the information) restricted by law.
- 7.2 If a party discloses information to the other party under this memorandum, the disclosing party may place restrictions on the recipient's use or disclosure of that information, being restrictions it believes in good faith are necessary for compliance with binding restrictions on disclosure. A party receiving information will observe any such restriction noting, however, that this requirement does not limit:
 - any other legal obligation of a party relating to the disclosure or use of information; and
 - (b) any right of a party concerning information obtained otherwise than under this memorandum.

EXECUTED AS A MEMORANDUM BY: THE COMMON SEAL of the ESSENTIAL SERVICES COMMISSION) was affixed pursuant to the authority of the Commission JOHN C . TAMBLYN Chairperson THE COMMON SEAL of the OFFICE OF THE CHIEF ELECTRICAL INSPECTOR is duly affixed by the authority of the Office on 18 November 2003 IAN KEITH GRAHAM Chief Electrical Inspector

Road Safety Act 1986

ORDER UNDER SECTION 98 **ROAD SAFETY ACT 1986**EXTENDING PROVISIONS TO CAR PARK AT 329 MAIN ROAD EAST, ST ALBANS

- I, Bruce Gidley, Regional Manager, VicRoads Metro North West Region, delegate of the Minister for Transport under Section 98 of the **Road Safety Act 1986** by this Order extend the application of:
- (a) Sections 59, 64, 65, 76, 77, 85–90 and 100 of the Act; and
- (b) The Road Safety (Road Rules) Regulations 1999; and
- (c) Parts 5 and 6 and Schedules 3 and 4 of the Road Safety (General) Regulations 1999. to the car park at 329 Main Road East, St Albans within the City of Brimbank, particulars of which are shown on the attached plan.



Dated 21 November 2003

BRUCE GIDLEY Regional Manager

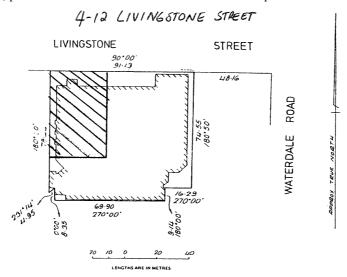
Road Safety Act 1986

ORDER UNDER SECTION 98 ROAD SAFETY ACT 1986

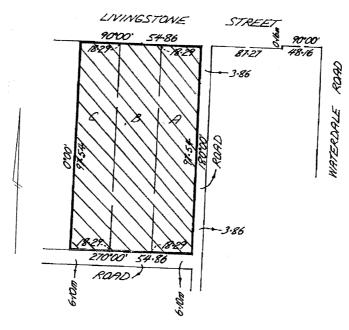
EXTENDING PROVISIONS TO IVANHOE PLAZA SHOPPING CENTRE CARPARK AT 4–12 AND 14 LIVINGSTONE STREET, IVANHOE

I, Bruce Gidley, Regional Manager, VicRoads Metro North West Region, delegate of the Minister for Transport under Section 98 of the **Road Safety Act 1986** by this Order extend the application of:

- (a) Sections 59, 64, 65, 76, 77, 85–90 and 100 of the Act; and
- (b) The Road Safety (Road Rules) Regulations 1999; and
- (c) Parts 5 and 6 and Schedules 3 and 4 of the Road Safety (General) Regulations 1999.
- to Ivanhoe Plaza Shopping Centre Carpark at 4–12 and 14 Livingstone Street, Ivanhoe within the City of Banyule, particulars of which are shown on the attached plan.



LI LIVINGSTONE STREET, IVANHUE



Dated 18 November 2003

Private Agents Act 1966

NOTICE OF RECEIPT OF APPLICATIONS FOR LICENCES UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE **PRIVATE AGENTS ACT 1966**

I, the undersigned, being the Registrar of the Magistrates' Court at Melbourne hereby give notice that applications as under, have been lodged for hearing by the said Court on the date specified.

Any person desiring to object to any of such applications must—

- (a) lodge with me a notice in the prescribed form of his objection and of the grounds thereof;
- (b) cause a copy of such notice to be served personally or by post upon the applicant at least three days before the hearing of the applications; and
- (c) send or deliver
 - (i) where the objection is not made by the officer in charge of the police district in which the Court is situated—a copy of the notice to such officer; and
 - (ii) where the objection is not made by the Registrar or Deputy Registrar—a copy to the Registrar.

Full name of Applicant or in the case of a Firm or Corporation, of the Nominee	Place of Abode of Applicant or Nominee	Name of Firm or Corporation	Address for Registration	Type of Licence
Christopher Chant	113 Lum Road, Wheelers Hill 3150	Receivables Management	363 King Street, Melbourne 3001	Commercial Sub-Agents Licence
Lorraine Margaret Mace	6 James Street, Frankston 3199	Receivables Management	363 King Street, Melbourne 3001	Commercial Sub-Agents Licence
Josefina De Joya	10 Plymouth Court, Epping 3076	Receivables Management	363 King Street, Melbourne 3001	Commercial Sub-Agents Licence
Ari Taliadouros	341 Station Street, Thornbury, Victoria	Receivables Management	363 King Street, Melbourne 3001	Commercial Sub-Agents Licence
Evan Carydakis	15 Hilgay Street, Coolaroo 3045	Receivables Management	363 King Street, Melbourne 3001	Commercial Sub-Agents Licence

Dated at Melbourne 21 November 2003

Registrar of the Magistrates' Court GRAEME HORSBURGH Principal Registrar Magistrates' Court of Victoria

Planning and Environment Act 1987

CASEY PLANNING SCHEME Notice of Approval of Amendment Amendment C47

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C47 to the Casey Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Government Gazette.

The Amendment rezones the former water storage facility at 27A Gloucester Avenue, Berwick from a Public Use Zone — Service & Utility (PUZ1) to a Residential 1 Zone (R1Z).

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne and at the offices of the Casey City Council, Magid Drive, Narre Warren.

PAUL JEROME General Manager Planning, Land Services and Environmental Regulation Department of Sustainability and Environment

Planning and Environment Act 1987

GREATER SHEPPARTON PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of Approval of Amendment Amendment C11

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C11 to the Greater Shepparton Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Government Gazette.

The Amendment:

- rezones land in both the North and South Growth corridors of Shepparton from Rural (RUZ) and Rural Living (RLZ) to Residential 1 (R1Z);
- removes the Development Plan Overlay (DPO1) from all the land within the north and south growth corridor;

- includes the land being rezoned to Residential 1 (R1Z) in the North and South Corridors and to other land in the north corridor that is zoned Low Density Residential (LDRZ) or is identified for future residential development in a Development Plan Overlay (DPO);
- includes the land being rezoned to Residential 1 (R1Z) in the North and South Growth corridors and to other land in the North corridor that is zoned Low Density Residential (LDRZ) or is identified for future residential development in a Development Contribution Plan Overlay (DCPO);
- includes land in the South Growth corridor, west of Goulburn Valley Highway, that lies within the 135 metre contour for the east-west runway in the Design and Development Overlay (DDO);
- includes all land being rezoned to Residential 1 (R1Z) in the Shepparton North and South Growth corridors in a Environmental Audit Overlay (EAO);
- amends the Table of Contents to include the Development Contributions Plan Overlay;
- amends Clause 21.05 "Residential development", to reflect the adoption of Outline Development Plans for the North and South Growth corridors of Shepparton;
- amends Clause 21.07 "Reference documents", to include adopted Outline Development Plans for the North and South Growth corridors of Shepparton;
- inserts a new schedule to the Design and Development Overlay, Schedule 2 (DDO2)
 "Airport Environs", to guide building height and materials in the vicinity of the Shepparton Airport;
- inserts new schedules to the Development Plan Overlay (DPO), being DPO3 — Shepparton South Growth Corridor and DPO4 — Shepparton North Growth Corridor to guide residential development within these corridors;
- inserts new schedules to the Development Contributions Plan Overlay (DCPO) being DCPO1 — North Corridor Development Contributions Plan and DCPO2 — South Corridor Development Contributions Plan to require contributions through the residential development of these areas;

- insert a new schedule to Clause 61.01–61.04 to specify Design Development Overlay, Development Contribution Plan Overlay, and the Environmental Audit Overlay as new maps to the scheme;
- includes the Shepparton North and South Growth Corridor Development Contribution Plan in Clause 81 as an incorporated document.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne; the Department of Sustainability and Environment north-eastern regional office, 35 Sydney Road, Benalla and at the offices of the Greater Shepparton City Council, 90 Welsford Street, Shepparton.

PAUL JEROME General Manager Planning, Land Services and Environmental Regulation Department of Sustainability and Environment

Planning and Environment Act 1987

HUME PLANNING SCHEME Notice of Approval of Amendment Amendment C19 Part 1

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C19 Part 1 to the Hume Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Government Gazette

The Amendment:

• corrects spelling, grammatical, formatting and referencing errors and omissions in Clauses of the LPPF, Zones (schedules) and Overlays (schedules), and corrects mapping errors on Maps 6, 11DPO, 17, 18, 22, 22ESO, 23 and 24.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne; and at the offices of Hume City Council,

Broadmeadows Office, 1079 Pascoe Vale Road, Broadmeadows 3047; the Craigieburn Office, 59 Craigieburn Road West, Craigieburn and the Sunbury Office, 36 Macedon Street, Sunbury 3429.

PAUL JEROME General Manager Planning, Land Services and Environmental Regulation Department of Sustainability and Environment

Planning and Environment Act 1987

MACEDON RANGES PLANNING SCHEME Notice of Approval of Amendment Amendment C27

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C27 to the Macedon Ranges Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Government Gazette.

The Amendment:

- applies the Public Acquisition Overlay to the affected land to identify land to be acquired by VicRoads and to reserve land for the future Calder Highway/Freeway between north of Malmsbury East Road and Boundary Road;
- applies the Design and Development Overlay to land within 150m either side of the centre line of the new roadway. This overlay seeks to ensure that development within the vicinity of the Calder Highway/Freeway between north of Malmsbury East Road and Boundary Road is undertaken with consideration of noise attenuation measures to minimise the impact of traffic noise on noise sensitive activities;
- makes a change to the Environmental Significance Overlay, Schedule 4, so that VicRoads does not require a permit for vegetation removal;
- amends the Schedule to Clause 52.17 so that no permit is required to remove, destroy or lop native vegetation for works undertaken by or on behalf of VicRoads associated with a road in a Road Zone, Category 1 or covered by a Public Acquisition Overlay and

required for construction of the Calder Highway/Freeway between the northern end of the Kyneton bypass and Boundary Road;

 amends the General Provisions — Clause 61.01 — 61.04 to update the list of maps forming part of the planning scheme.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne; at the North West Regional Office of the Department of Sustainability and Environment, 1 Taylor Street, Epsom and at the offices of the Macedon Ranges Shire Council, Kyneton Administration Centre, 129 Mollison Street, Kyneton.

PAUL JEROME General Manager Planning, Land Services and Environmental Regulation Department of Sustainability and Environment

Planning and Environment Act 1987

MOUNT ALEXANDER PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of Approval of Amendment Amendment C21

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C21 to the Mount Alexander Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Government Gazette.

The Amendment:

- rezones a small section of Public Conservation and Resource Zone (PCRZ) to Road Zone, Category 1 (RDZ1);
- applies the Public Acquisition Overlay to the affected land to identify land to be acquired by VicRoads and to reserve land for the future Calder Highway/Freeway between Boundary Road and south of Metcalfe-Taradale Road;
- amends the existing Design and Development Overlay within the vicinity of Metcalfe—Taradale Road. This overlay seeks to ensure that development within the

- vicinity of the Calder Highway/Freeway is undertaken with consideration of noise attenuation measures to minimise the impact of traffic noise on noise sensitive activities;
- applies the Design and Development Overlay to land within 150m either side of the centre line of the new roadway between Boundary Road and just south of the Metcalfe-Taradale Road;
- applies an Environmental Significance Overlay to land between Spring Creek and just south of Metcalfe—Taradale Road to protect and enhance biodiversity values on freehold land;
- amends the Schedule to Clause 52.17 so that no permit is required to remove, destroy or lop native vegetation for works undertaken by or on behalf of VicRoads associated with a road in a Road Zone, Category 1 or covered by a Public Acquisition Overlay and required for construction of the Calder Highway/Freeway between Kyneton and Faraday; and
- amends the General Provisions Clause 61.01 — 61.04 to update the list of maps forming part of the planning scheme.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne; at the North West Regional Office of the Department of Sustainability and Environment, 1 Taylor Street, Epsom and at the offices of the Mount Alexander Shire Council, Castlemaine Office, 25 Lyttleton Street, Castlemaine.

PAUL JEROME General Manager Planning, Land Services and Environmental Regulation Department of Sustainability and Environment

Planning and Environment Act 1987

NILLUMBIK PLANNING SCHEME Notice of Approval of Amendment Amendment C9

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C9 to the Nillumbik Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Government Gazette.

The Amendment affects land known as Area A at Diamond Creek North (generally bounded by Broad Gully Road, Black Gully Road, Grassy Flat Road, Brownlow Drive and Everleigh Drive.) and provides for development contributions and open space contributions for Area A by way of:

- changing the Municipal Strategic Statement (MSS) in Clause 21.05–5, Infrastructure, by providing a link between the Development Contributions Plan for Area A and the existing MSS objective "to require development contributions to ensure the timely provision of appropriate infrastructure";
- inserting the VPP Clause 45.06 (Development Contributions Plan Overlay) and a new Schedule Number 1. The schedule sets out a summary of the costs and contributions prescribed in the Development Contributions Plan for Area A;
- including Maps 9DCPO & 10DCPO and designating Area A as DCPO1;
- amending the Schedule to Clause 52.01 to specify an open space provision of 5% to apply to all the lots contained in Area A;
- incorporating the Development Contributions Plan for Area A in the Schedule to Clause 81;
- updating the Contents section and the Schedule to Clause 61.01 61.04 (inclusive) to reflect the above changes.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne and at the offices of the Nillumbik Shire Council, Civic Drive, Greensborough.

PAUL JEROME General Manager Planning, Land Services and Environmental Regulation Department of Sustainability and Environment

Planning and Environment Act 1987

WARRNAMBOOL PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of Approval of Amendment Amendment C19

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C19 to the Warrnambool Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Government Gazette.

The Amendment changes Clauses 21.08 and introduces an additional Schedule 11 to the Design and Development Overlay and applies it to land at the Rodger Place estate at Bushfield. The Schedule to Clause 61 is also changed to reflect the new overlay map.

The Amendment also updates Clause 22.01–9 to reflect the changes introduced by Amendment C12 which were incorrectly removed by a subsequent amendment to the Planning Scheme.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the Department of Sustainability and Environment, Planning Information Centre, Upper Plaza, Nauru House, 80 Collins Street, Melbourne and at the offices of the Warrnambool City Council, Liebig Street, Warrnambool.

PAUL JEROME General Manager Planning, Land Services and Environmental Regulation Department of Sustainability and Environment

Planning and Environment Act 1987

WHITEHORSE PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of Lapsing of Amendment Amendment C46 Part 1

The Whitehorse City Council has resolved to abandon Amendment C46 Part 1 to the Whitehorse Planning Scheme.

The Amendment proposed to include properties in Sheehans Road, Blackburn in the Significant Landscape Overlay.

The Amendment lapsed on 31 October 2003.

PAUL JEROME General Manager Planning, Land Services and Environmental Regulation Department of Sustainability and Environment

ORDERS IN COUNCIL

Control of Weapons Act 1990

ORDER IN COUNCIL

The Governor in Council pursuant to section 8B of the Control of Weapons Act 1990 (the Act):

- 1. Grants an exemption, subject to Clause 2 and 3, to:
 - all members of the Victoria Police Special Operations Group from section 5(1)(e) of the Act in relation to the M–26 and X–26 Air Tasers and/or cartridges manufactured by Taser International subject to the conditions that:
 - (i) the use of the M–26 Air Taser or X–26 Air Taser (once the condition in Clause 2 is satisfied) is in accordance with the Victoria Police Use of Force Policy as contained in the Victoria Police Manual and Victoria Police Special Operations Group Standard Operating Procedures, and
 - (ii) when not in operational use, all M-26 Air Tasers and X-26 Air Tasers (once the condition in Clause 2 is satisfied) and/or cartridges shall be stored in the same manner as other firearms and ammunition are required to be stored under the **Firearms Act 1996**.
 - (b) all members of Victoria Police and employees of the office of the Chief Commissioner of Police from section 5(1)(b) and 5(1)(e) of the Act in relation to M-26 and X-26 Air Tasers and/or cartridges manufactured by Taser International, subject to the conditions that:
 - (i) this exemption does not include the use of M-26 and X-26 Air Tasers and/or cartridges manufactured by Taser International; and
 - (ii) this exemption shall only apply in the performance of their administrative duties in relation to the supply, distribution, transportation, storage and disposal of M–26 and X–26 Air Tasers and/or cartridges manufactured by Taser International.
- 2. The exemption does not operate in relation to X-26 Air Tasers until the Minister for Police and Emergency Services certifies in writing to the Chief Commissioner of Police that the Minister has received adequate information regarding the safe use of the X-26 Air Taser on human subjects.
- 3. The exemption shall apply for a period of twelve months from the date the Order comes into operation.

This Order comes into operation on 25 November 2003.

Dated 25 November 2003

ANDRÉ HAERMEYER

Minister for Police and Emergency Services

SUDHA KASYNATHAN Acting Clerk of the Executive Council

Land Act 1958

APPROVAL BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL TO THE SALE OF CROWN LAND BY PRIVATE TREATY

Order in Council

The Governor in Council, pursuant to Sections 99A(1)(a) & 99A(2) of the Land Act 1958, approves the sale by private treaty of the Crown Land described in the attached schedule.

Dated 25 November 2003 Responsible Minister: JOHN LENDERS MP Minister for Finance

> SUDHA KASYNATHAN Acting Clerk of the Executive Council

SCHEDULE No. 99A/10/2003

PROPERTIES TO BE SOLD BY THE DEPT OF SUSTAINABILITY AND ENVIRONMENT

DESCRIPTION: Allotment 8, Section 34

Township of Kerang Parish of Kerang

AREA: 2427m²

PROPERTY 6–8 Ninth Street,

ADDRESS: Kerang

Parliamentary Committees Act 1968

SCRUTINY OF ACTS AND REGULATIONS COMMITTEE INQUIRY INTO ELECTRONIC DEMOCRACY

Extension of Reporting Date

Order in Council

The Governor in Council, under section 4F of the **Parliamentary Committees Act 1968**, amends the reporting date referred to in the Order in Council dated 3 June 2003 requiring the Scrutiny of Acts and Regulations Committee to inquire into, consider and report to Parliament on electronic democracy, by substituting the date by which the Committee must report to the Parliament on the Inquiry from 31 March 2004 to the last sitting day of the Spring 2004 session of Parliament.

Dated 25 November 2003 Responsible Minister STEVE BRACKS Premier

SUDHA KASYNATHAN Acting Clerk of the Executive Council

Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1986

REVOCATION OF A CODE OF PRACTICE AND THE MAKING OF A CODE OF PRACTICE (REVISION 2)

Order in Council

The Governor in Council, on the recommendation of the Minister for Agriculture, under section 7(1) of the **Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act 1986**:

- revokes the Code of Accepted Farming Practice for the Welfare of Poultry made by the Governor in Council on 4 June 1996 and published in the Government Gazette Number 21 on 29 May 1997; and
- (b) makes the Code of Accepted Farming Practice for the Welfare of Poultry (Revision 2).

Dated 22 July 2003

Responsible Minister:

BOB CAMERON

Minister for Agriculture

HELEN DOYE Clerk of the Executive Council

CODE OF ACCEPTED FARMING PRACTICE FOR THE WELFARE OF POULTRY

(Revision 2)

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PREFACE

This Victorian Code of Accepted Farming Practice for the Welfare of Poultry (Revision 2) is based on the Australian Model Code of Practice for the Welfare of Animals that was prepared by the Animal Welfare Committee (AWC) within the Agriculture and Resource Management Council of Australia and New Zealand (ARMCANZ) system (ARMCANZ was replaced by the Primary Industries Ministerial Council in June 2001).

Membership of AWC comprised representatives from each of the State Departments with responsibility for agriculture, CSIRO, the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry — Australia and other committees within the ARMCANZ system. Extensive consultation took place with industry and welfare groups in the development of the Model Code.

This Victorian Code is intended as a set of guidelines which provides detailed minimum standards for assisting people in understanding the standard of care required to meet their obligations under the laws that operate in Victoria. National QA programs for meat chickens and layer hen industries are well advanced, and will also play an important role in supplementing the Code and assuring the health and wellbeing of poultry.

1. INTRODUCTION

Animal welfare considerations are becoming increasingly important for the keeping and farming of animals, both in Australia and internationally. Practices which may have once been deemed acceptable are now being reassessed in light of new knowledge and changing attitudes.

The minimum standards outlined in this Code are intended to help people involved in the care and management of poultry to adopt standards of husbandry that are acceptable.

This Code of Practice is intended as a guide for people responsible for the welfare and husbandry of domestic poultry. It recognises that the basic requirement for welfare of poultry is a husbandry system appropriate to their physiological and behavioural needs.

The basic needs of poultry are:

- readily accessible food and water to maintain health and vigour;
- freedom to move, stand, turn around, stretch, sit and lie down;
- visual contact with other members of the species;
- accommodation which provides protection from the weather and which neither harms nor causes distress:
- prevention of disease, injury and vice, and their rapid treatment should they occur.

It is noted that there are particular behaviours such as perching, the ability to fully stretch and to lay eggs in a nest that are not currently possible in certain (caged) poultry housing systems. It is further noted that the ability to manage disease is influenced by the housing system. These issues will remain the subject of debate and review.

Special requirements for various species are shown in the attached appendices.

The Code emphasises that, whatever the form of husbandry, managers, employees and all others responsible for the day-to-day needs of domestic poultry have a responsibility to care for poultry under their control.

The importance of good stockmanship in animal welfare cannot be over-emphasised. Persons responsible for the care of poultry should be well trained, experienced and dedicated. Staff should be encouraged to undertake appropriate training in poultry management and husbandry. Knowledge of the normal appearance and behaviour of their birds is essential for them to be treated effectively and efficiently and with consideration.

Assistance with the establishment of poultry farms and advice on the management of poultry can be obtained from qualified advisers with experience in private or government employment. Veterinary advice should also be sought when poultry are in ill-health.

This Code is based on the knowledge and technology available at the time of publication. It does not replace the need for experience and commonsense in the husbandry of domestic poultry.

This Code will be reviewed as frequently as necessary, to take account of advances in technology and in the understanding of animal physiology and behaviour and in regard to the expectations of the industry and the general community. The Code of Practice will be further reviewed in 2010 although an earlier review will be implemented if technologies offering significant welfare benefits are available.

This Code does not deal with common or statute law requirements such as those relating to the establishment and operation of a particular venture, environmental protection and occupational health and safety. Those laws which have animal welfare implications must be complied with.

2. HOUSING

2.1 Definitions

2.1.1 Egg Production

The three basic housing systems for egg production are defined below. It is recognised that individual marketing definitions for table eggs may require more specific descriptions for the housing systems.

2.1.1.1 Cage Systems

Birds in cage systems are continuously housed in cages within a shed.

2.1.1.2 Barn Systems (Non-cage Systems)

Birds in barn systems are free to roam within a shed which may have more than one level. The floor may be based on litter and/or other material such as slats or wire mesh.

2.1.1.3 Free-Range Systems (Non-cage Systems)

Birds in free-range systems are housed in sheds and have access to an outdoor range.

2.1.2 Chicken Meat Production

2.1.2.1 Meat Chicken Shed Systems (Deep Litter System)

Meat chickens are free to move around on a litter substrate in a shed with temperature and ventilation control appropriate to the location.

2.1.2.2 Free-Range Systems

Meat chickens in free-range systems have access to an outdoor range and to indoor shelter.

2.2 General

- 2.2.1 Advice on welfare aspects must be sought when new cages or equipment are being purchased, new buildings being constructed or existing buildings modified. Such advice is available from qualified advisers with experience in private or government employment.
- 2.2.2 Floors, other surfaces, fittings and equipment must be designed, constructed and maintained so as to minimise the risk of injury and disease, and to adequately support the birds.
- 2.2.3 Where chickens are brooded on wire, it is recommended that temporary supportive flooring material, such as paper or matting, is provided during the early brooding period.
- 2.2.4 Innovative husbandry and housing systems which enhance bird welfare should be encouraged, and applied to commercial egg production as practical.
- 2.2.5 Minimal acceptable housing standards including stocking densities are in Appendix 1 and 2.

2.3 Cage Systems for Laying Hens

2.3.1 Standards for Cage Design and Construction

These standards were set by ARMCANZ in the 1995 Model Code (3rd edition) and are applicable to all cages.

- 2.3.1.1 The floor must be constructed to enable support for each forward pointing toe and the slope of the floor should not exceed 8 degrees.
- 2.3.1.2 Multi-deck cages must be arranged so that birds in the lower tiers are protected from excreta from above and so that all birds are fully visible for regular inspection and individual birds can be easily removed from cages as required.
- 2.3.1.3 Not less than 10 cm feed trough per bird must be provided.
- 2.3.1.4 Not less than 10 cm water trough per bird or no fewer than two independent nipple or cup drinkers must be provided within reach of each cage. The splash cup under a nipple drinker is not an independent drinking point.

These standards were set by ARMCANZ in the 1995 Model Code and are applicable to all cages installed after 1 January 1995.

- 2.3.1.5 In cages, birds must be able to stand at normal height. Cages must be at least higher than the maximum height of the birds standing normally. The height of all cages must be at least 40 cm over 65% of the cage floor area and not less than 35 cm at any point.
- 2.3.1.6 The design and size of cage openings must be such that birds can be placed in them and removed from them without causing injury or unnecessary suffering. Cages must have doors the full height and width of the cage. Since 1995, larger cages have been introduced and their doors must open either to full width or to a width of 50 cm.

2.3.2 Standards for cage life

- 2.3.2.1 Cages meeting all 1995 standards above (ie. 2.3.1.1 to 2.3.1.6) have a life of 20 years from date of manufacture, or until 1 January 2008 whichever is the later, when they must be decommissioned or modified to meet standards applying at the time.
- 2.3.2.2 Cages not meeting all of the 1995 standards above have a life until 1 January 2008 when they must be decommissioned or modified to meet the standards applying at the time.
- 2.3.2.3 Cages for laying hens, irrespective of their state of compliance with any design and construction standards, may be used only if they also comply with requirements for stocking density current at the time.
- 2.3.2.4 As of 1 January 2001 the standards applying are 2.3.1 (above) and a stocking density as shown in Appendix 1 (post 1 January 2001 cages).
- 2.3.3 Standards for Stocking Density

See Appendix 1.

2.4 Non-Cage Systems

2.4.1 General

2.4.1.1 Unless stated otherwise the sections below 2.4.2 to 2.4.4 apply to all types of poultry in-non cage systems. Specific standards for different types of poultry, are found in the Appendices.

2.4.2 Substrate

- 2.4.2.1 The floor substrate in indoor floor systems may consist of litter and/or slatted flooring, or wire flooring or any combination of these. Litter is used by hens to dust bathe and forage and the provision of some litter area is therefore encouraged.
- 2.4.2.2 Where litter floors are used the management of the litter is critical for the welfare of the birds. In deciding what depth of litter to use consideration must be given to the stocking density of the birds and length of time in the shed. Poor litter management may lead to litter that is caked, wet or excessively dusty, and attempts must be made to prevent these conditions and rectify them should they occur.
- 2.4.2.3 Where slatted floor systems are used, the design of the slats should be such that the slats adequately support the birds, while achieving a balance between manure removal and damage to the feet and legs of the birds. In this respect, the gaps between the slats should not exceed 25 mm, and the size of the slats should take into consideration the type of birds, eg. layers or breeders.

2.4.3 Perches

- 2.4.3.1 This section applies to laying hens, pullets and breeder hens.
- 2.4.3.2 Provision of adequate perching space is encouraged and can be provided as linear perches or slatted or wire mesh floors. If perches are provided all birds should have the opportunity to roost if that is their preference.
- 2.4.3.3 Available linear perches should allow not less than 15 cm per hen. Perches must be without sharp edges, and must be positioned to minimise fouling of any birds below. The horizontal distance between the perches should be at least 30 cm but not more than 1 metre, and the horizontal distance between perch and the wall should be at least 20 cm
- 2.4.3.4 Slatted or wire mesh perching areas should provide a minimum of 450 cm² per bird.

2.4.4 Nests for Laying Hens

- 2.4.4.1 Laying hens must be provided with at least 1 single bird nest per 7 hens or, for colony (multiple bird) nests, at least 1 m2 of nest box area per 120 hens. Nests must provide seclusion from the flock, be designed and have a floor substrate that encourages nesting behaviour. Rearing experience plays an important role in ensuring that eggs are laid in the nests provided. A high incidence of 'floor eggs', that is eggs laid outside the nests, may indicate failure to meet the above conditions or the need for husbandry changes, in which case corrective action should be taken.
- 2.4.4.2 Nest boxes and roosting areas should be easily accessible and should not be so high above the floor level that birds may be injured when ascending or descending.
- 2.4.4.3 Nest litter, where used, should be kept clean, dry, friable and moisture absorbent. Nest liners should be kept clean and dry.

2.4.5 Free-Range Management

- 2.4.5.1 The outdoor range should be sited and managed to avoid muddy or unsuitable conditions. If such conditions develop, an alternate area should be provided or remedial action undertaken to rectify the problem. The stocking density or rotational program for future flocks should be adjusted to prevent a recurrence of such situations.
- 2.4.5.2 Poultry should not be kept on land which has become contaminated with poisonous plants, chemicals or organisms which cause or carry disease to an extent which could seriously prejudice the health of poultry.
- 2.4.5.3 All birds when fully feathered must have ready access through openings to the outdoor range during daylight hours for a minimum of 8 hours per day. The only exception is under adverse weather conditions or serious outbreaks of disease when birds may be kept inside. Openings should be of a size and number and be evenly distributed to allow easy entry and exit for the birds with no impediments. As a guide openings should be a minimum 35 cm high and 40 cm wide with 2 metres per 1000 birds taking into account the climatic conditions.
- 2.4.5.4 Birds on the range must have ready access to shaded areas and shelter from rain, and windbreaks should be provided in exposed areas.

2.4.5.5 Every reasonable effort must be made to provide protection from predators at all times.

2.4.6 Pullet Rearing

Layer pullets may be reared on wire, slats or litter. For properties where litter rearing is used and enteric infections or vaccination efficacy are a problem chickens may be brooded on wire for the first 3–4 weeks, and then transferred to litter

There are conflicting views as to whether early rearing experience has an impact on the development of certain adverse behaviours and nesting.

- 2.4.6.1 The maximum acceptable live weight density for pullets raised on wire is outlined in A1.7 of Appendix 1. The floor must be constructed to provide support for each forward pointing toe.
- 2.4.6.2 The maximum acceptable live weight densities for pullets raised in non-caged systems is outlined in A2.1.2 of Appendix 2.
- 2.4.6.3 The provision of perches may be beneficial for pullets reared for the barn system.

3. SPACE ALLOWANCES

- 3.1 It is recommended that maximum acceptable live weight densities be reviewed and adjusted according to advances in knowledge of animal welfare and husbandry. The space allowed for each bird will vary according to the species, breed, strain and type of bird in addition to increasing age and weight.
- 3.2 The stocking density will also depend on the quality and type of housing and the capacity to achieve and maintain acceptable levels of temperature, humidity, air exchange, removal of noxious gases and lighting. Upon the occurrence of disease or evidence of behavioural changes such as cannibalism, management practices, including stocking densities should be re-evaluated immediately and adjusted accordingly.
- 3.3 Maximum stocking densities for various species of poultry are presented in the appendices. These densities apply only to birds housed under good management with optimal temperature and ventilation conditions. Maximum densities generally refer to terminal live weights but should not be exceeded at earlier growth stages, eg. prior to thinning-out.
- Floor space specifications in any non-cage system may include any slatted or metal mesh areas and any areas occupied by feeding and watering equipment and nest boxes.

4. EQUIPMENT

- 4.1 All equipment to which poultry have access must be designed and maintained to avoid injury or pain to the birds.
- 4.2 All feeding and watering systems must be checked for efficient operation at least once each day to ensure all birds have access to feed and water.
- 4.3 All automated hatchery and environmental control equipment for controlled environment sheds must have adequate back-up systems and alarms in case of equipment failure (see Section 6.7).

5. LIGHTING

- 5.1 Young birds reared away from the hen require a light intensity of about 20 lux on the food and water for the first three days after hatching in order to learn to find food and water. It may then be reduced to as low as 2 lux during rearing.
- 5.2 Sudden increases in light intensity should be avoided as it may cause flight reaction in some strains of birds.
- 5.3 During inspection of poultry the light intensity on the birds must be adequate to allow birds to be thoroughly inspected and any problems identified. During inspection of poultry the light intensity may need to be supplemented (eg. by use of a torch or by turning up the overall lighting in the shed).

- 5.4 Where young poultry are housed in enclosed sheds using continuous light, a 'blackout' training period should be implemented to prevent panic should lighting fail. A suitable method is to commence with 15 minutes blackout and increase over a few days to one hour in each 24 hours.
- Where poultry do not have access to daylight they should be given lighting over a total period of at least 8 hours per day. Photo-periods in excess of 20 hours per day may be detrimental to the adult laying bird.
- 5.6 All enterprises must have access to equipment to measure light intensities and must keep appropriate records.

6. VENTILATION

- 6.1 Ventilation is required at all times to provide fresh air and is one means of controlling shed temperature and humidity (see Section 7). The accumulation of water vapour, heat, noxious gases and dust particles may cause discomfort or distress and predispose to the development of disease. Poultry should be protected from extreme weather conditions including strong draughts in cold weather.
- Recognising the possibility of extremes of weather conditions, ventilation facilities and equipment should aim to maintain shed relative humidity below 80% especially at temperatures above 30°C.
- 6.3 The housing facilities of free-range hens must be designed to ensure adequate airflow and temperature control at maximum stocking densities when birds cluster or perch at night or during extreme weather conditions.
- 6.4 The presence of ammonia is usually a reliable indicator of the build-up of noxious gases. A level of 10-15 ppm of ammonia in the air can be detected by smell, and once reached corrective action should be taken. If ammonia levels reach 20 parts per million at bird level in enclosed buildings immediate corrective action must be taken. Ammonia levels from 25-35 ppm will cause eye and nasal irritation in humans.
- 6.5 Hydrogen sulphide levels should be kept below 5 ppm and carbon dioxide below 3,000 ppm (0.3%).
- 6.6 For rearing layer pullets and breeder birds in indoor non-cage systems, the maximum acceptable live weight densities for various ventilation systems are given in Appendix 2 (A2.1.2). For meat chickens these are given in A2.1.3.
- 6.7 Mechanically ventilated sheds must have a backup power supply or alternative equivalent ventilation system and automatic alarm systems that warn immediately of power or temperature problems. The alarm system must have battery backup and must operate on a system independent of the shed ventilation, heating and cooling controller and temperature sensors. The alarm system must sense if the shed temperature is too high or too low and if there is a power failure in any power supply phase. Alarms must be sited so that they are easily heard and response to them must be available at all times with restoration of power or emergency ventilation within 15 minutes.

7. TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY

7.1 Newly Hatched Birds

- 7.1.1 Newly hatched birds have a poor ability to control body temperature and require supplementary heat to bring their environmental temperature up to the comfort range as evidenced by alert and active behaviour. Optimum temperatures vary for different species and operators must know and adhere to the specific requirements for the species under their care.
- 7.1.2 Subject to species and seasonal variations supplementary heat at gradually reducing levels may be required up to about 5 weeks of age. The behaviour of the birds is the best indicator of discomfort if insufficient or excessive heat is being provided.

7.2 Growing and Adult Poultry

- 7.2.1 Adequate precautions should be taken to minimise stress produced by temperatures high enough to cause prolonged panting, particularly when accompanied by high humidity. In hot weather provision of adequate cool water and ventilation is essential and birds must have access to shade. Under adverse weather conditions birds must be monitored more frequently.
- 7.2.2 Where high temperatures are causing distress, foggers, roof sprinklers, fans or other systems should be used to control heat build-up within buildings. Foggers are less effective if relative humidity reaches 80% and temperature rises above 30°C. In these conditions mechanical ventilation must be provided for meat chickens. Where air speeds are greater than 1.5 m/s on the birds, and there is an air change rate of at least three-quarters of the shed volume per minute, then the wind chill effect on reducing effective temperature may permit the use of foggers until the humidity reaches 90%.
- 7.2.3 To prevent birds from overheating in hot weather space must be available to facilitate body heat loss, such as panting, vibrating the floor of the mouth cavity ('gular flutter'), standing erect with wings held away from the body and raising of the scapular feathers. For housed meat chickens temperature control systems must be in place aimed to prevent ambient temperature at bird level exceeding 33°C.
- 7.2.4 In the case of layers and where no mechanical ventilation is provided, if the conditions are such or likely that the liveability and welfare of the birds is or would be adversely affected, then the facility must be upgraded to provide mechanical ventilation and cooling. Temperature control systems in layer sheds should aim to prevent ambient temperature at bird level exceeding 33°C.
- 7.2.5 The construction and positioning of nest boxes should be such that they do not become heat traps.
- 7.2.6 Birds can adapt to a wide range of temperature (approximately 5–33°C) however certain classes of birds may experience high levels of mortality if exposed to a large and sudden increase in temperature, especially if combined with high humidity. These classes are meat chickens towards the end of the growing period and breeder birds. Procedures must be put in place to deal with these at risk classes in case of climatic extremes.

7.3 Records

7.3.1 Temperature and humidity must be measured and recorded when appropriate.

8. PROTECTION

- 8.1 Every reasonable effort must be taken to provide protection from predators.
- 8.2 Poultry accommodation should be sited to be safe from the effects of fires and floods.
- 8.3 Adequate fire-fighting equipment including alarms should be available to control a fire in any part of a poultry house. Alarms should be situated outside the poultry shed to prevent bird panic. Response to alarms must be available at all times.
- 8.4 If flooding occurs in litter sheds, where practical the wet litter should be replaced with dry.
- 8.5 When planning new buildings, consideration should be given to the use of construction materials with a high fire resistance, and all electrical and fuel installations should be planned and fitted to minimise the fire risk.
- 8.6 Sufficient exits should be accessible, especially in new buildings, to facilitate the evacuation of birds from the building in an emergency.

9. FOOD

9.1 Poultry, other than newly hatched birds, must have access to food at least once in each 24- hour period. The complete withholding of food for longer periods is not acceptable

- except in the case of broiler breeder birds or layer pullets, where 'skip-a-day' feeding is an acceptable industry practice for maintaining bird health and productivity. Newly hatched birds must be provided with food within 60 hours of hatching.
- 9.2 Poultry must receive a diet containing adequate nutrients to meet their requirements for good health and vitality. Poultry must not be provided with food that is deleterious to their health. Poultry must not be force fed for any purpose except for therapeutic reasons.
- 9.3 When using mechanical systems for delivery of food alternative methods of feeding should be available. There should be enough food on hand, or ready means of obtaining food, in the event of failure of supply.
 - 9.3.1 For fowls in laying cages a trough length of not less than 10 cm per bird must be provided.
 - 9.3.2 For fowls in non-cage systems, there is a range of feeder types in use, and manufacturer's recommendations should be referred to in this respect and not exceeded. A guide to minimum feed and water space specifications is provided in Appendix 2.
- 9.4 Adequate feed must be supplied in the feeding systems of free-range sheds taking into account the level of nutrients available in the range area.
- 9.5 Moult Inducement and Controlled Feeding
 - 9.5.1 Moult inducement or controlled feeding practices should be carried out only on healthy birds under close management supervision and under conditions that will not cause cold stress. Substitution of a high fibre diet, for example, whole barley or oats is acceptable provided birds eat 40-60 gm/day. Diets that the birds will not eat must not be used. Adequate feeding space is necessary during such practices.
 - 9.5.2 Electric pulse wires should not be used to control feeding. Wires to deter birds from perching over feed or water containers or to prevent egg pecking must be live only for necessary training periods.
 - 9.5.3 Methods of moult inducement and controlled feeding which totally deprive birds of food or water for more than 24 hours must not be used.

10. WATER

- 10.1 Poultry must have access to sufficient potable water to meet their physiological requirements. Measures must be taken to ensure poultry, other than those newly hatched, are not deprived of water for more than 24 hours. Newly hatched birds require water within 60 hours. Lesser periods apply during hot weather.
- 10.2 Water should be cool in summer, and maintained below a temperature at which birds refuse to drink.
- 10.3 Water must be provided which is not deleterious to health.
- 10.4 A minimum of one day's calculated water requirements should be available in storage or auxiliary supply in case of breaks, repairs or failure of pumping equipment.
- 10.5 When a poultry enterprise is first established, or when a new water source is obtained, the water should be tested for salt content and microbiological contamination and advice obtained on its suitability for poultry. As the composition of water from bores, dams or water holes may change with changes in flow or evaporation, the water may require more frequent monitoring for suitability for use. Information on water testing can be obtained from the local office of the Department of Primary Industries.
- 10.6 Each bird must have access to at least two independent drinking points. The splash cup under a nipple drinker is not an independent drinking point. The number of drinking points/drinking space provided per bird must be such that competition does not result, leading to water deprivation of some individuals in the flock, while at the same time not being so excessive as to lead to water wastage, with consequential detrimental impacts on

overall shed environment. The manufacturer's recommendation on number of birds per drinker should be used as a guide.

- 10.6.1 For adult fowls in laying cages at least 10 cm of water trough must be provided for each bird or no less than two independent drinkers or cup drinkers must be provided within reach of each cage.
- 10.6.2 For birds in non-cage systems there is a range of waterer types, and manufacturers' recommendations should be used as a guide. A guide to minimum feed and water space specifications is provided in Appendix 2.

11. INSPECTIONS

- 11.1 Young birds in brooders should be inspected at least twice every 24 hours and action taken to correct deficiencies in husbandry should such occur.
- 11.2 The frequency and level of inspection should be appropriate to the welfare risk of the birds, but a thorough welfare inspection must be performed at least once each day. Inspections are best made separately to other management practices. Under certain circumstances more frequent inspections may be required, such as during hot weather or during outbreaks of disease or cannibalism.
- 11.3 At a welfare inspection the following areas require thorough attention bird health, injury, behaviours indicative of a problem, feed, water, ventilation and lighting. Dead and injured birds should be removed for disposal or appropriate treatment without delay. In the case of poultry in cages the daily inspection must specifically include checking for entrapment and checking of the manure areas under cages for escaped birds. Checks should also be made of the effectiveness of any automated feeding or watering systems where these have been installed.
- Where cages are installed in multiple tiers it must be possible to inspect birds in all tiers easily and routinely. Equipment must be available to allow inspection and handling of birds in all levels of cages.
- Poultry should be checked regularly for evidence of parasites and effective treatment should be instituted. Poultry must also be checked regularly for signs of infectious disease and appropriate action taken promptly.

12. HEALTH AND DISTRESS

- 12.1 Those responsible for the care of domestic poultry should be aware of the signs of ill-health or distress. Signs of ill-health in poultry include reduced food and water intake, reduced production, changes in the nature and level of their activity, abnormal condition of their feathers or droppings, or other physical features. Evidence of behavioural changes may indicate ill-health or distress or both.
- 12.2 If persons in charge are not able to identify the causes of ill-health or distress or to correct these, they should seek advice from those having training and experience in such matters. Such persons may be specialist poultry veterinarians or other qualified advisers in private or government employment.
- Poultry producers should also operate an effective program to prevent infectious disease and internal and external parasitism. Vaccinations and other treatments applied to poultry should be undertaken by people skilled in the procedures.
- 12.4 To prevent or reduce behavioural or other problems, poultry producers should consider selection of the most appropriate bird strain and the method of rearing used to suit the type of housing and management practices employed.
- 12.5 Should an outbreak of feather picking or cannibalism occur, or an outbreak appear imminent, environmental factors that may aggravate it should be examined and if appropriate, adjustments made, such as reducing the stocking density, light intensity, temperature, humidity or disturbances to the pecking order, removing injured birds,

removing birds observed to be instigating pecking, or eliminating shafts of bright sunlight. If these measures fail to control the problem then appropriate beak trimming of the birds should be considered in consultation with an expert in animal welfare to prevent further injury or mortality in the flock.

- Where birds are found to be entrapped they must be freed (from entrapment) immediately and where appropriate, corrective action taken to prevent this situation recurring.
- 12.7 Where birds are found to have escaped into the manure area under cages they must be captured as soon as practicable on the day of observation and returned to cages or destroyed humanely.
- 12.8 Dead birds must be removed and disposed of promptly and hygienically. Records of morbidities, mortalities, treatment given and response to treatment must be maintained to assist disease investigations.
- Medication must be used only in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions unless professional advice has been given to vary the directions.
- 12.10 Birds with an incurable sickness or a significant deformity should be removed from the flock and humanely destroyed as soon as possible. Neck dislocation is an acceptable method of humane destruction provided it is carried out competently.
- 12.11 It is recommended that premises and equipment should be thoroughly cleaned and disinfected before restocking to prevent the carry-over of disease-causing organisms to incoming birds.
- 12.12 Buildings should be constructed and maintained to restrict the entry of wild birds, rodents and predators that are capable of causing disease and/or distress.
- 12.13 Sick and injured birds should be humanely destroyed, unless suitable isolation and treatment facilities are available, there is a good chance of recovery without unreasonable pain, and where the health of the overall flock is not compromised.

13. MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

Some of the following management practices may occur only in commercial enterprises and some may only apply to fowls under free-range conditions.

- 13.1 Artificial Insemination
 - 13.1.1 Artificial insemination is a highly skilled procedure that should be carried out only by competent, trained personnel maintaining a high standard of hygiene and taking care to avoid injury or unnecessary disturbance to the birds.
- 13.2 Beak Trimming
 - 13.2.1 Every effort should be made to avoid beak trimming by selecting chickens for reduced feather pecking and cannibalism. The use of housing systems and lighting levels which reduce the tendency for these traits to arise should also be used.
 - 13.2.2 Beak trimming must be performed only by an accredited operator or under the direct supervision of an accredited trainer as part of an accreditation training program and must be performed only in accordance with agreed accreditation standards.
- 13.3 Dubbing (Fowls) or Desnooding (Turkeys)
 - 13.3.1 Dubbing and desnooding should be carried out by a competent operator soon after hatching. Dubbing must not be performed on broiler birds.
- 13.4 Toe Removal
 - 13.4.1 To avoid injury to hens during mating, the terminal segment of each inward pointing toe of male breeding birds may be removed within 3 days of hatching.
- 13.5 Toenail Trimming
 - 13.5.1 For all classes of birds, except male breeding birds, toe trimming if necessary should be limited to the nail of the toe.

- 13.5.2 Sharp spurs on adult males may be trimmed to prevent injury to other birds.
- 13.6 Blinkers ('Spectacles')
 - 13.6.1 The use of blinkers and other vision impairing equipment should not be used without veterinary advice. Blinkers are not to be used in caged birds as they get caught on the wire and interfere with the bird eating and drinking.
 - 13.6.2 Blinkers should be applied by a competent operator and those which damage the nasal septum must not be used.
 - 13.6.3 Blinkers which may injure the bird if they become entangled must not be used.
 - 13.6.4 Blinkers must not be applied to poultry unless any nest boxes provided are situated only at ground level.
 - 13.6.5 Contact lenses must not be used in poultry as they cause eye irritation and infections and abnormal behaviour.
 - 13.6.6 The use of biting devices in poultry should not be used as they prevent complete closure of the mandibles.
- 13.7 Castration ('Surgical Caponising')
 - 13.6.1 This is an unacceptable practice and must not be undertaken.
- 13.8 Devoicing
 - 13.8.1 This is an unacceptable practice and must not be undertaken.
- 13.9 Flight Restriction
 - 13.9.1 Pinioning (which includes de-winging, notching or tendon severing) is a procedure which permanently restricts flight in birds and must not be performed. The exception is day-old pheasants provided the operation, which involves the removal of the distal or terminal segment of the wing, is carried out on one wing only and by a trained competent operator.
 - 13.9.2 Feather clipping, where the primary flight feathers are cut, is an acceptable means of temporarily restricting flight.
- 13.10 Identification
 - 13.10.1 Wing and leg bands used for bird identification must be checked regularly and where necessary loosened or removed to avoid injury to the bird. Webbing between the toes may also be used for identification by marks made soon after hatching.

14. HATCHERY MANAGEMENT

- 14.1 Culled or surplus hatchlings awaiting disposal must be treated as humanely as those intended for retention or sale. They must be destroyed humanely by a recommended method such as carbon dioxide gassing or quick maceration and thoroughly inspected to ensure that all are dead.
- 14.2 Hatchery waste, including unhatched embryos, should be destroyed quickly and effectively.
- 14.3 Hatchlings should be brooded within 48 hours of hatching. Weak, deformed and unthrifty birds should be culled and destroyed humanely.

15. TRANSPORT OF POULTRY

Transporting birds is stressful for them. Care must be exercised to ensure that poultry are not subjected to unnecessary stress during catching, loading, transportation and unloading. Information on transport of day-old birds, growing and adult poultry is available in the 'Victorian Code of Practice for the Land Transport of Poultry'.

16. SALE OF POULTRY

16.1 The sale of poultry through saleyards may cause stress and should be avoided. Where poultry are sold at saleyards they should be unloaded without delay from transports and placed in pens or cages with access to feed, water and shelter.

- 16.2 Stocking densities at saleyards or markets should not exceed those densities recommended in the appendices by more than 50% for more than 12 hours.
- 16.3 Poultry should not be held at saleyards for more than 24 hours.
- Food and water must not be withheld from birds for more than 24 hours during the entire sale process including transport to and from the place of sale.
- Birds must not be carried or held in the boot of a car. Birds must not be held inside a vehicle under conditions when the temperature may exceed 33°C.

17. POULTRY AT SLAUGHTERING ESTABLISHMENTS

- 17.1 Care must be exercised to ensure that poultry are not subjected to unnecessary stress while awaiting slaughter.
- 17.2 Contingency plans for slaughter or accommodation should be available in the event of an industrial dispute or processing plant failure or closure.
- 17.3 Birds must be slaughtered in a manner which minimises handling and stress. Acceptable slaughter methods include electrical stunning followed by bleeding out, neck dislocation or decapitation. Poultry must be slaughtered according to the license conditions issued by PrimeSafe which incorporates the 'Australian Standard for the Construction of Premises for the Hygienic Production of Poultry Meat for Human Consumption' as approved by the Minister for Agriculture.

APPENDIX 1

FOWLS

Stocking Densities for Cage Systems – Minimum Acceptable Standards

A1 Stocking Density

It is not possible to relate stocking density to welfare in a simple manner. Adequate welfare involves consideration of group size, the housing system, the feeding and watering system, the breed and strain of fowl, temperature, ventilation, lighting and other husbandry factors. The observance of any particular stocking density on its own cannot ensure the welfare of birds. This appendix supplements material in Section 2 — Housing and Section 3 — Space Allowances.

- A1.1 All new cage systems commissioned (ie. point when the contract to purchase or lease the cages was signed) from 1 January 2001 (ie post 1 Jan 2001 cages) must provide a minimum floor space allowance of 550 cm² per layer for cages with three or more birds per cage where the birds weigh less than 2.4 kg.
- A1.2 Where a producer signed a contract to purchase or lease cages before 1 January 2001, to provide a space allowance of less than 550 cm² per bird, installation of these cages must be completed by 30 June 2001, or when legislation is operative after 1 January 2001, within six months of the legislation becoming operative. If these deadlines are not met, the cages will be designated as 'post 1 Jan 01 cages' for the purposes of stocking density.
- A1.3 Cages other than 'post 1 Jan 01' cages are designated as 'pre 1 Jan 01' cages and must provide a minimum floor space allowance of 450 cm² per layer for cages with three or more birds per cage.
- A1.4 Minimal acceptable space allowances for caged laying or breeding fowls weighing up to 4.5 kg live weight are presented in the table.

Pre January 2001 cages	Post 1 January 2001 cages
minimum cag	e floor area/bird
3 or more fowls	(<2.4 kg) per cage
450 cm ²	550 cm ²
3 or more fowls	(> 2.4 kg) per cage
600 cm ²	$600 \mathrm{~cm^2}$
2 fowls	s per cage
675 cm ²	675 cm ²
Single	fowl cages
1000 cm ²	1000 cm ²

A1.5 Minimal acceptable space allowances for laying or breeding fowls weighing more than 4.5 kg live weight are presented in the table.

Birds per Cage	Maximum live weight per unit of floor area from 1 January 1995
3 or more fowls per cage	46 kg/m^2
2 fowls per cage	40 kg/m^2
Single fowl cages	26 kg/m^2

- Floor area is measured in a horizontal plane and includes the area under the egg/ A1.6 waste baffle and the area under the drinking nipples and vee-trough for water.
- Maximum acceptable live weight density for rearing layer pullets or layer breeders A1.7 is 40kg live weight per m² cage floor area.

APPENDIX 2

FOWLS

Minimal Acceptable Standards for Non-Cage Systems

It is not possible to relate stocking density to welfare in a simple manner. Adequate welfare involves consideration of group size, the housing system, the feeding and watering system, the breed and strain of fowl, temperature, ventilation, lighting and other husbandry factors. The observance of any particular stocking density on its own cannot ensure the welfare of birds. This appendix supplements material in Section 2 — Housing and Section 3 — Space Allowances.

A2.1 Stocking Density

A2.1.1 Indoor

Useable area may include any slatted or metal mesh area and any area occupied by feeding and watering equipment and nest boxes, on one or more levels provided that:

- each level is easily accessible to the hens;
- headroom between the levels is at least 45 cm;
- all levels are accessible to stock workers to observe and reach birds which are sick or injured.
- feeding and watering facilities are distributed to provide equal and ready access to all hens; and
- levels are sited so as not to foul birds below.

A2.1.2 Maximum acceptable live weight densities for rearing layer and breeder birds and adult birds

These maximum densities may be used only if there are cooling systems and ventilation fans in place to ensure temperature control during extreme conditions. Lower densities should be targeted, and will frequently be lower than the maximum stated here. When planning bird replacements growers must take into account prevailing seasonal conditions. In the case of birds kept for breeding, live weight to include the weight of cockerels.

	Class of Birds	Bird Density in useable area
Rearing	Layer pullets	30 kg/m ² at 16 weeks of age
	Layer breeders	30 kg/m ²
	Meat chicken breeders	30 kg/m ²
Adult birds	Laying fowls	30 kg/m ²
	Layer breeders	30 kg/m ²
	Meat chicken breeders	30 kg/m ²

A2.1.3 Maximum Acceptable Live Weight Densities for Meat Chickens.

In managing meat chickens to avoid the effects of heat stress, the combination of potential weather patterns, shed design, temperature and humidity control capabilities, and the grower's management record, must be considered by processors and growers when determining stocking densities and pick up dates. These must be planned to ensure that birds are not put at risk of death from the effects of heat stress. Increased mortalities that can be attributed to heat related causes are not acceptable.

High stocking densities restrict the birds' abilities to move and may result in increased leg weakness. This should be monitored and stocking densities decreased if leg weakness occurs.

The following table sets maximum acceptable stocking densities for different types of shedding and must not be exceeded.

Housing type	Minimum requirements	Maximum density
Tunnel ventilated or other extractive systems	Evaporative cooling systemCapable of 1 air exchange per minute	40kg/m ² year-round
Other mechanically ventilated	Stirring fansWater-based cooling system	40kg/m ² in winter ^α 36kg/m ² in summer ^β
Non-mechanically ventilated		28kg/m ² year-round

^αWinter is pick up occurring between 1 April and 30 September

A2.1.4 Maximum Acceptable Live Weight Densities for Free-Range Birds

Indoors As for A2.1 Indoor

Outdoors For layer hens a maximum of 1,500 birds per hectare.

When meat chickens use only some weeks of the 10 week cycle on pasture (eg. 4 weeks) a proportionately higher stocking density than for layers may be used.

NB: Any higher bird density is acceptable only where regular rotation of birds onto fresh range areas occurs and close management is undertaken which provides some continuing fodder cover.

βSummer is pick up occurring between 1 October and 31 March

A.2.2 Feed and Water Space Allowances

Sufficient feed and facilities should be available so all birds receive adequate nutrition for even growth and lack of obvious competition. In providing adequate feed and water space requirements for fowls, it is recognised there is a range of feeder and waterer types in use. Manufacturers' recommendations should be referred to and not exceeded in this respect. In some cases more space per bird should be allowed. For example, when meat breeder birds are on heavy feed restriction, significantly more feeder space should be provided.

A2.2.1 Guidelines for acceptable feed and water space for fowls in non-cage housing systems are provided below.

Meat & Layer Breeders

Feeder Space

max 80 birds/pan feeder

01

min 10 cm/bird of flat chain feeder• (meat breeders)

min 4 cm/bird of flat chain feeder (layer breeders)

Waterer Space

max 110 birds/bell drinker

or

max 15 birds/nipple

Meat Chickens

Feeder Space

max 85 birds/pan feeder

Waterer Space

max 120 birds/bell drinker

or

max 50 birds/nipple during brooding

max 25 birds/nipple during grow-out

or

max 40 birds/swish cup

Pullet Rearing and Adult Layers

Feeder Space

max 100 birds/pan feeder

or

min 2 cm/bird of flat chain feeder

Waterer Space

max 120 birds/bell drinker

or

max 40 birds/nipple during brooding

max 20 birds/nipple

[•] In determining the length of a flat chain feeder, both sides of the trough are available for the birds to feed (ie. 1 metre length of flat chain feeder provides 2 metres of bird feeding space).

THIS APPENDIX IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MAIN BODY OF THE CODE

TURKEYS

A3.1 Housing

A3.1.1 Floors and other surfaces

Part of the floor area for adult birds should be solid and, in the case of adult breeding stock, the whole of the floor area should be solid. The floor surface should be covered with a litter material that is absorbent and protects the birds from damage.

A3.1.2 Nests

A nesting area of at least 1900cm² should be provided for each five breeding females.

A3.1.3 Temperature

During brooding at day old, a temperature of 37°C measured 8 cm above the floor just under the rim of the brooder is required with a general shed temperature of at least 21°C. With space-heated brooding systems, an environmental temperature of 33°C at day old should be provided. Brooding temperature may be reduced by 3°C/week until a shed temperature of 21°C is reached.

A3.2 Space Allowances

Maximum recommended stocking densities according to housing type under good management conditions.

Age

0–6 weeks:	Brooding	110 birds/m ² within surrounds decreasing to 8–10 birds/m ² of total area at 6 weeks
6–12 weeks: Intensive Extensive	Growing	46 kg/m ² 1.5 kg/m ²
12 weeks to market: <i>Intensive Extensive</i>		46 kg/m ² 2.5 kg/m ²
Breeding Stock: Intensive Extensive		30 kg/m ² 2.5 kg/m ²

If a shed area is provided, a maximum density of 46 kg/m² of shed area is recommended.

Note:

- Intensive sheds to be equipped with fans and foggers.
- Density of open-sided sheds should be less than the above intensive densities.
- Range or runs in extensive systems to be spelled for every second cycle.
- Sheds or shelter to be provided with extensive systems

A3.3 Management Practices

A3.3.1 Beak Trimming

Every effort should be made to avoid beak trimming by the appropriate selection of birds and the provision of conditions which reduce the tendency for adverse traits, such as cannibalism, to occur.

Beak trimming should be performed only by an experienced operator or under the direct supervision of an experienced operator. The development of an accreditation training program for the industry is strongly encouraged.

Not more than one-third of the top beak measured from the tip towards the entrance of the nostrils may be removed.

A3.3.2 Toenail trimming

To prevent damage to other birds all broiler and breeder turkeys should have their toenails trimmed.

A3.3.3 Saddling of hens

Before hens are mated naturally they should be fitted with strong saddles (made from canvas, for example) to prevent injury to the backs and sides by the males.

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DUCKS

A4.1 Introduction

Maximum recommended stocking densities for ducks according to housing type under good management conditions.

In confinement Ducklings — to 10 days Ducklings — at 8 weeks	50 birds/m ² 8 birds/m ²	
Breeders	5 birds/m ²	
In runs Ducklings — at 8 weeks Breeders	5000 birds/ha 4000 birds/ha	

Note: Lighter stocking densities necessary for heavier breeds such as muscovies

A4.2 Management Practices

A4.2.1 Bill trimming

Every effort should be made to avoid bill trimming by the appropriate selection of birds and the provision of conditions which reduce the tendency for adverse traits, such as cannibalism, to occur.

It should be carried out only when it is essential to reduce damage and suffering in the flock. It must be carried out only by a skilled operator and only the rim at the front of the upper bill should be removed. The procedure should be carried out before the birds leave the brooder or rearing accommodation.

The development of an accreditation training program for the industry is strongly encouraged.

A4.2.2 Handling of birds

Care must be taken in catching ducks to avoid creating panic and subsequent injury or smothering of the birds.

The proper handling of ducks requires special skill, and it should be undertaken only by competent persons who have been appropriately trained. It should be carried out quietly and confidently, exercising care to avoid unnecessary struggling which could bruise or otherwise injure the ducks. In hot weather handling or movement of ducks should be carried out during the coolest part of the day. Day-old and young ducklings should be picked up bodily in the palm of the hand or if handling groups by the neck. Older ducks should be lifted by the neck or wings and they should be supported either by taking the weight of the bird by a hand placed under its body, or by holding the bird with a hand on either side of its body with the wings in the closed position. Once sufficiently developed, lifting by the wings is the best method, providing support is given under their body. Ducks must not be lifted by a single wing. Ducks must never be held or lifted by the legs.

THIS APPENDIX IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MAIN BODY OF THE CODE

GEESE

A5.1 Space Allowances

Shelters should provide 1m²/bird floor space.

- A5.2 Feed
 - A5.2.1 Geese are excellent grazers of grass but require food supplementation for growth and reproduction.
 - A5.2.2 Geese must not be force fed for any reason including paté production.
- A5.3 Management Practices
 - A5.3.1 Catching and Holding

At all times geese should be handled by competent experienced handlers so that they are not disturbed unduly.

Geese should always be caught by the neck and must never be caught by the legs.

A5.3.2 Moult Inducement

The usual method is by manual plucking of breast feathers by a competent person.

THIS APPENDIX IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MAIN BODY OF THE CODE

PHEASANTS

A6.1 Space Allowance

As for meat chickens (see appendix 2) except that after 8 weeks stocking density should not exceed 2.6 bird/m². Cannibalism is likely to occur at higher densities.

A6.2 Beak Trimming

Every effort should be made to avoid beak trimming by the appropriate selection of birds and the provision of conditions which reduce the tendency for adverse traits, such as cannibalism, to occur.

Beak trimming should be performed only by an experienced operator or under the direct supervision of an experienced operator. The development of an accreditation training program for the industry is strongly encouraged.

A maximum of one third of the upper beak may be removed at 4 and 8 weeks of age.

THIS APPENDIX IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MAIN BODY OF THE CODE

GUINEA FOWL

A7.1 Housing

A7.1.1 Stocking densities — maximum

Growing stock:	0–4 week 5–10 weeks 11–14 weeks	20 birds/m ² 14 birds/m ² 10 birds/m ²
Adult birds	<u>—</u>	4 birds/m ²
Adult birds — cages	_	10 birds/m ²
Range area	_	1000 birds/ha

A7.1.2 Pens and houses should be free of sharp obstructions. Small gauge wire mesh is recommended.

A7.2 Temperature

The optimum temperature for adult guinea fowl is 22°C. Guinea fowl keets are more prone to chilling than chickens, therefore a higher brooder temperature is required. A brooding temperature of 37°C for the first three weeks followed by a 1°C reduction for each of the next two weeks is recommended.

THIS APPENDIX IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MAIN BODY OF THE CODE

PARTRIDGE

A8.1 Space Allowances

A8.1.1 Intensive

Cages with floors — these should provide a minimum of 0.3m²/bird.

A8.1.2 Semi-intensive

Grassed aviaries should provide 2.5m²/bird and should enable rotational use of aviaries to provide ground cover for the birds to hide.

A8.2 Beak Trimming

Every effort should be made to avoid beak trimming by the appropriate selection of birds and the provision of conditions which reduce the tendency for adverse traits, such as cannibalism, to occur.

Beak trimming should be performed only by an experienced operator or under the direct supervision of an experienced operator. The development of an accreditation training program for the industry is strongly encouraged.

To prevent cannibalism up to one-third of the upper beak may be removed within 72 hours of hatching.

THIS APPENDIX IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MAIN BODY OF THE CODE

QUAIL

A9.1 Housing

In wire-floor systems, a 7 mm square mesh is necessary to provide secure footing and prevent leg injuries, particularly during the first 10 days of life. This may be assisted at this early age by using corrugated cardboard or coarse paper over the floor surface.

In the cage systems, a 7 mm square mesh is necessary to prevent chicks escaping through side walls.

A9.2 Space Allowances

Maximum recommended stocking densities for quail according to housing type under good management conditions

Age

0–2 weeks: 180 birds/m² deep litter

180 birds/m² deep litter 200 birds/m² wire floored brooder

2–6 weeks: 120 birds/m² deep litter

130 birds/m² wire floored grower cage

Breeders 70 birds/m² deep litter

80 birds/m² wire floored cage

THIS APPENDIX IS TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH THE MAIN BODY OF THE CODE

PIGEONS

A10.1 Housing

- A10.1.1 Flight pens for housing pigeons should be roofed to maintain dry nesting areas.
- A10.1.2 If wire floors are used, mesh should be of not less than 18 gauge and 25 mm x 50 mm or its equivalent.
- A10.1.3 Perches should be provided at several levels.
- A10.1.4 Nest boxes should be divided into 2 sections for alternate use by the hens and a single perch provided for the hen to seek refuge from the cock.
- A10.1.5 Nest bowls should be lined with a non-slip material or nesting material supplied.
- A10.1.6 Floor nesting should be discouraged as squabs on the floor are prone to cannibalism.

A10.2 Space Allowances

Each breeding pair of pigeons requires a minimum of $0.6 \mathrm{m}^2$ of floor space including $0.4 \mathrm{m}^2$ nesting area.

A10.3 Weaning

A10.3.1 Squabs should not be weaned before they are capable of feeding and drinking independently of their parents.

A10.4 Beak Trimming

Every effort should be made to avoid beak trimming by the appropriate selection of birds and the provision of conditions which reduce the tendency for adverse traits, such as cannibalism, to occur.

Beak trimming should be performed only by an experienced operator or under the direct supervision of an experienced operator. The development of an accreditation training program for the industry is strongly encouraged.

The tip of the cock bird's beak may need to be trimmed to prevent injury to a timid hen.

A10.5 Transport

- A10.5.1 Transport crates for squabs should be of a maximum height of 15 cm and should provide a minimum floor space of 200 cm²/bird.
- A10.5.2 Adult pigeons require a minimum of 450cm²/bird floor space during transit.

SUBORDINATE LEGISLATION ACT 1994 NOTICE OF MAKING OF STATUTORY RULES

Notice is hereby given under Section 17 (2) of the **Subordinate Legislation Act 1994** of the making of the following Statutory Rules:

138. Statutory Rule: County Court

(Chapter I

Amendment No. 12)

Rules 2003

Authorising Act: County Court Act

1958

Date of making: 20 November 2003

139. Statutory Rule: Police (Charges)

(Amendment) Regulations 2003

Authorising Act: Police Regulation

Act 1958

Date of making: 25 November 2003

140. Statutory Rule: Plumbing (Fees

Amendment)

Regulations 2003

Authorising Act: Building Act 1993

Date of making: 25 November 2003

141. Statutory Rule: Public Records

Regulations 2003

Authorising Act: Public Records

Act 1973

Date of making: 25 November 2003

SUBORDINATE LEGISLATION ACT 1994 NOTICE THAT STATUTORY RULES ARE OBTAINABLE

Notice is hereby given under Section 17 (3) of the Subordinate Legislation Act 1994 that the following Statutory Rules were first obtainable from Information Victoria, 356 Collins Street, Melbourne on the date specified:

134. *Statutory Rule*: Cemeteries

(Incorporation of

Trusts)

(Amendment) Regulations 2003

Authorising Act: Cemeteries Act

1958

Date first obtainable: 25 November 2003

Code A

135. Statutory Rule: Road Safety

(Vehicles) (Registration Fees

No. 2) Regulations

2003

Authorising Act: Road Safety Act

1986

Date first obtainable: 25 November 2003

Code A

136. Statutory Rule: Road Safety

(Drivers) (Demerit

Points)

Regulations 2003

Authorising Act: Road Safety Act

1986

Date first obtainable: 25 November 2003

Code A

137. *Statutory Rule*: Subordinate

Legislation (Transport (Roads and Property) Regulations 1993 – Extension of Operation) Regulations 2003

- 1

Authorising Act: Subordinate Legislation Act

1994

Date first obtainable: 25 November 2003

Code A

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