



Victoria Government Gazette

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No. G 13 Thursday 31 March 2022

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GENERAL

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As from 31 March 2022

The last Special Gazette was No. 160 dated 30 March 2022.

The last Periodical Gazette was No. 1 dated 9 June 2021.

How To Submit Copy

- See our webpage www.gazette.vic.gov.au
 - or contact our office on 8523 4601
between 8.30 am and 5.30 pm Monday to Friday
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**PUBLICATION OF THE VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE (GENERAL)
EASTER WEEK 2022**

Please Note New Deadlines for General Gazette G16/22

The Victoria Government Gazette (General) for **EASTER** week (G16/22) will be published on **Thursday 21 April 2022**.

Copy Deadlines:

Private Advertisements **9.30 am on Thursday 14 April 2022**

Government and Outer
Budget Sector Agencies Notices **9.30 am on Thursday 14 April 2022**

Office Hours:

The Victoria Government Gazette Office is open during normal office hours over the holiday period, i.e. 8.30 am to 5.30 pm Monday to Friday, excluding public holidays.

Where urgent gazettal is required after hours, arrangements should be made with the Government Gazette Officer on 0419 327 321.

KIM BURNES
Government Gazette Officer

**PUBLICATION OF THE VICTORIA GOVERNMENT GAZETTE (GENERAL)
ANZAC DAY WEEK 2022 (Monday 25 April 2018)**

Please Note New Deadlines for General Gazette G17/22:

The Victoria Government Gazette (General) for ANZAC DAY week (G17/22) will be published on **Thursday 28 April 2022**.

Copy deadlines:

Private Advertisements **9.30 am on Friday 22 April 2022**

Government and Outer
Budget Sector Agencies Notices **9.30 am on Tuesday 26 April 2022**

Office Hours:

The Victoria Government Gazette Office is open during normal office hours over the holiday period, i.e. 8.30 am to 5.30 pm Monday to Friday, excluding public holidays.

Where urgent gazettal is required after hours, arrangements should be made with the Government Gazette Officer on 0419 327 321.

KIM BURNES
Government Gazette Officer

PRIVATE ADVERTISEMENTS

VICTORIA

State Aid To Religion Abolition Act 1871

Act No: 391/1871

THE FIRST SCHEDULE

Section 4

I, Peter William Phillips, of 156 Collins Street, Melbourne, authorised representative of the denomination known as The Presbyterian Church of Victoria, with the consent of The Presbyterian Church of Victoria Trusts Corporation, trustees of the land described in the subjoined Statement of Trusts being the person entitled to minister in or occupy a building or buildings upon the said land hereby apply to the Governor of the State of Victoria for leave to dispose of the said land by the means and for the purposes mentioned in the said Statement of Trusts, and I hereby certify that the said land was reserved pursuant to Order in Council on 12 June 1865: That the only trustee of the said land resident in the State of Victoria is The Presbyterian Church of Victoria Trusts Corporation, 156 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000.

That the only building upon the said land is the Church building and Church hall, and that the only person entitled to minister or occupy the land and said buildings is the abovenamed.

Dated 1 March 2022

PETER WILLIAM PHILLIPS

Moderator

Signature of head or authorised representative

We consent to this application: (Seal).

The Common Seal of
The Presbyterian Church of
Victoria Trusts Corporation
was hereto affixed in the
presence of – signatures of
trustees:

ADAM LAWRENCE FOSTER

Trustee

DENNIS K. WRIGHT

Trustee

Attested by MICHAEL EDGAR ELLISON

General Manager

and by GEOFFREY CHARLES COX,

Law Agent.

STATEMENT OF TRUSTS

Description of land: Site for Presbyterian Church purposes temporarily reserved by Order in Council of the 12 June 1865.

2023 square metres, Township of Benalla, Parish of Benalla, County of Delatite, being Crown Allotment 12 section G.

Commencing at the north angle of the allotment; bounded thence by allotment 11, bearing 154° 00' 00" 40.23 metres; thence by Church Street, bearing 244° 00' 00" 50.29 metres; thence by Mitchell Street, bearing 334° 00' 00" 40.23 metres; and thence by part of allotment 13, bearing 64° 00' 00" 50.29 metres to the point of commencement.

Name of Trustee: The Presbyterian Church of Victoria Trusts Corporation.

Powers of Disposition: **Presbyterian Trusts Act 1890** as amended by the **Presbyterian (Common Fund) Act 1965** and the **Presbyterian Church of Australia Act 1971**.

Purposes to which Proceeds of Disposition are to be applied: The Presbyterian Church of Victoria.

Re: DANILLO ANGELO ZANON, late of 355 Stud Road, Wantirna, Victoria, retired, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 11 February 2022, are required by the trustee, Stephen Paul Zanon, to send particulars to the trustees, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by a date not later than two months from the date of publication hereof, after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he has notice.

A. B. NATOLI PTY, solicitors,
24 Cotham Road, Kew 3101.

Re: STEWART JOHN HIBBERT, late of 8 William Street, Abbotsford, Victoria, technical author, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and all others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 25 May 2021, are required by the executrix, Tram Thi Cao Mai, to send particulars to the executrix, care of the lawyers named below, by 31 May 2022, after which date the executrix will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she has notice.

ALAN WAINWRIGHT J. OKNO & CO.,
lawyers,
Level 1, 8 Market Street, Melbourne 3000.

VALMA MARY COX, late of Mercy Place Fernhill, 18–22 Fernhill Road, Sandringham, Victoria 3191, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 8 January 2022, are required by the trustee, Rodger Thomas Smith, care of Level 10, 114 William Street, Melbourne 3000, to send particulars of their claims to him, care of the undermentioned lawyers, by 10 June 2022, after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he has notice.

Dated 21 March 2022

CORNWALLS, lawyers,
Level 10, 114 William Street,
Melbourne, Victoria 3000.

GEORGE EMMANUEL BRYANT DE NIESE, late of 21 Rosalind Street, Blackburn, Victoria 3130, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 23 October 2021, are required by the trustee, David Antony Kreltszheim, care of Level 10, 114 William Street, Melbourne 3000, to send particulars of their claims to him, care of the undermentioned lawyers, by 10 June 2022, after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he has notice.

Dated 21 March 2022

CORNWALLS, lawyers,
Level 10, 114 William Street,
Melbourne, Victoria 3000.

JOAN BUSH, late of the Weary Dunlop Retirement Village, Glen Waverley, Victoria 3150, deceased.

Creditors and others having claims in respect of the deceased, who died on 23 October 2021, are required by the executor, Richard Bush, to send the particulars to him, care of the undersigned, by 21 April 2022, after which date the executor may distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims that have been notified.

CUMBERBATCH & WILLIAMS, lawyers,
PO Box 1634, Waverley Gardens, Victoria 3170.

ESME BERTHA ANDREWS, late of 76/31–43 Victoria Street, Doncaster, Victoria, secretary, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 24 September 2021, are required by the executors, Gregory Stuart Andrews and Susan Verna Silvester, both care of Level 1, 276 High Street, Kew, Victoria, to send particulars of their claims to the undermentioned solicitors within 60 days from the date of publication of this notice, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the executors then have notice.

DANAHER MOULTON, lawyers,
Level 1, 276 High Street, Kew, Victoria 3101.
Tel: 1300 363 314. Ref: NG SJM211864.

JULIE LORRAINE SIMKIN, late of 32 Roderick Street, Doncaster East, Victoria, merchandiser, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 18 December 2021, are required by the executor, Rosemary Julie Nancarrow, care of Level 1, 276 High Street, Kew, Victoria, to send particulars of their claims to the undermentioned solicitors, within 60 days from the date of publication of this notice, after which date the executor may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the executor then has notice.

DANAHER MOULTON, lawyers,
Level 1, 276 High Street, Kew, Victoria 3101.
Tel: 1300 363 314. Ref: NG SJM220212.

KONSTANTINOS VOUTHOUNIS, late of Elouera Aged Care Hostel, Korrunga Place, Torquay, Victoria, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 18 June 2021, are required by the executor, Kalliopi Crawford, care of Level 1, 276 High Street, Kew, Victoria, to send particulars of their claims to the undermentioned solicitors, within 60 days from the date of publication of this notice, after which date the executor may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the executor then has notice.

DANAHER MOULTON, lawyers,
Level 1, 276 High Street, Kew, Victoria 3101.
Tel: 1300 363 314. Ref: NG SJM211018.

Re: THOMAS EDWARD ABRAHAM, late of Colton Close, 1–19 York Street, Glenroy, Victoria, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 3 November 2021, are required by the trustees, Terrence John Abraham and Brett Edward Abraham, to send particulars to the trustees, care of the undermentioned solicitors, within 60 days from the publication hereof, after which date the trustees may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the trustees have notice.

DE MARCO LAWYERS,
794A Pascoe Vale Road, Glenroy 3046.

Re: KATHLEEN FISCHER-IVANCSY, also known as Katalin Fischer Von Ivancsy, Katalin Fischer-Ivancsy, Katherine Fischer-Ivancsy and Katalin Ivancsy, late of 1/488 Glen Huntly Road, Elsternwick, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 5 April 2021, are required by the trustee, Elizabeth Margaret McCrae, to send particulars to her, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by a date not later than two months from the date of publication hereof, after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

FISCHER McCRAE LAWYERS,
Level 3, 389 Lonsdale Street, Melbourne,
Victoria 3000.
Email: ac@fischerMcCrae.com.au

ANGELO GOMIERO, deceased, late of Napier Street Aged Care Services, 179 Napier Street, South Melbourne, Victoria 3205, Australia.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 16 July 2021, are required by the executor and trustee, Darren Stephen Goldsmith, to send particulars to him, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by 16 August 2022, after which date the executor and trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he then has notice.

FRENKEL PARTNERS LAWYERS,
Level 11, 140 William Street, Melbourne 3000.

MARILYN GAIL PORTER, also known as Marilyn Gail Hemphill, late of 25 Hillside Parade, Strathmore, Victoria, consultant.

Creditors, next-of-kin and all others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 28 August 2021, are required by the administrator, Elise May Imbessi, to send particulars of their claims to the administrator, care of the undermentioned solicitors, within 60 days from the publication hereof, after which date the administrator may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the administrator then has notice.

I. GLENISTER & ASSOCIATES, solicitors,
421 Bell Street, Pascoe Vale, Victoria 3044.

KEVIN WILLIAM GOURLEY, late of 25 Cassinia Drive, Junortoun, Victoria, retired, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 29 August 2021, are required by Belinda Jayne Cain and Alison Rae Barrett, the executors of the Will of the deceased, to send particulars of their claims to them, care of the undermentioned address, by 28 May 2022, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice,

J. A. MIDDLEMIS, barrister and solicitor,
30 Myers Street, Bendigo, Victoria 3550.

Re: Estate of SANDRA FAY HANNIG, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin or others having claims in respect of the estate of SANDRA FAY HANNIG, in the State of Victoria, retired, deceased, who died on 22 January 2022, are to send particulars of their claim to the executors, care of the undermentioned legal practitioners, by 30 May 2022, after which the executors will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

JOLIMAN LAWYERS,
42 McCallum Street, Swan Hill, Victoria 3585.

Re: Estate of STELLA ANN TURNER, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin or others having claims in respect of the estate of STELLA ANN TURNER, late of 61 Gray Street, Swan Hill, in the State of Victoria, pensioner, deceased, who died on 23 January 2022, are to send particulars of their claim to the executors, care of the undermentioned legal practitioners, by 30 May 2022, after which the executors will distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

JOLIMAN LAWYERS,
42 McCallum Street, Swan Hill, Victoria 3585.

Re: KIM ANDREW CAMPBELL, late of 910 Ord Street, Laramie, Wyoming, USA, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 15 March 2020, are required by the trustee, Ryan Andrew Campbell, care of Level 4, 600 Bourke Street, Melbourne, Victoria, to send particulars to the trustee, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by 3 June 2022, after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the trustee then has notice.

KHQ LAWYERS,
Level 4, 600 Bourke Street, Melbourne,
Victoria 3000.

Re: JAMES HENDERSON ERSKINE, late of 123–127 Whalley Drive, Wheelers Hill, Victoria, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 6 September 2021, are required by the trustee, Robert Erskine, care of Level 4, 600 Bourke Street, Melbourne, Victoria, to send particulars to the trustee, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by 3 June 2022, after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the trustee then has notice.

KHQ LAWYERS,
Level 4, 600 Bourke Street, Melbourne,
Victoria 3000.

PAUL SPITERI, late of 190 Calder Highway, Wedderburn, Victoria 3518, previously known as 15 Calder Highway, Wedderburn, retired, labourer, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 7 September 2021, are required by the executor, Andrew Spiteri, to send particulars of their claims to him, care of the undermentioned solicitor, within two months of the date of publication of this notice, after which date the executor may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he then has notice.

KAREN LEE PROBST, solicitor,
116 Napier Street, St Arnaud 3478.

Re: IVY GEORGINA JOY STANIFORTH, deceased, late of 53–59 Broadway, Bonbeach, Victoria, retired, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in the respect of the estate of IVY GEORGINA JOY STANIFORTH, deceased, who died on 27 August 2021, are required by the trustee, Melton Roderick William Staniforth, to send particulars of their claim to the undermentioned firm by a date not later than two months from the date of publication hereof, after which date the trustee will convey or distribute assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

KINGSTON LAWYERS PTY LTD,
barristers and solicitors,
8 Station Road, Cheltenham, Victoria 3192.

ELWYN BLIGHT, late of Manor Court, 5 Hogan Grove, Werribee 3030, retired, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 19 December 2021, are required by Ian Blight and Narelle Bullen, the executors of the Will of the deceased, to send particulars of their claims to them, care of the undermentioned solicitor, within 60 days from the date of publication of this notice, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

LE BRUN & ASSOCIATES LAWYERS,
4/5 Wedge Street South, Werribee, Victoria 3030.

Re: GEMMA MARIA VENIER, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 22 December 2021, are required by the trustees, Nadia Juanita Venier and Andrea Maree Venier, to send particulars to their solicitors at the address below by 31 May 2022, after which date the trustees may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the trustees have notice.

MST LAWYERS,
315 Ferntree Gully Road, Mount Waverley 3149.

Re: DORIS EILEEN WILLMOTT, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased,

who died on 4 December 2021, are required by the trustee, Patricia McKenna, to send particulars to her solicitors at the address below by 31 May 2022, after which date the trustee may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the trustee has notice.

MST LAWYERS,
315 Ferntree Gully Road, Mount Waverley 3149.

Estate of KENNETH JOHN COOKE, late of 93 Couch Street, Sunshine, Victoria.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 26 June 2021, are required by the executor, Anne Elizabeth Cooke, to send particulars to her, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by 2 June 2022, after which date the executor may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice.

MAHONS with Yuncken & Yuncken, solicitors,
177 Surrey Road, Blackburn 3130.
SWM:2211209.

Estate of BRIAN MEREDITH HILL, late of 7 Torwood Avenue, Glen Waverley, Victoria.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 12 December 2021, are required by the executors, Dale Elizabeth Hill and Darren Brian Hill, to send particulars to them, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by 2 June 2022, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

MAHONS with Yuncken & Yuncken, solicitors,
177 Surrey Road, Blackburn 3130.
SWM:2212065.

AUDREY GRENFELL, late of 2 Lawrence Street, Gosnells, Western Australia, dressmaker, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 3 September 2021, are required by the executors, Lynette Ann Lane and Jan Elizabeth De Worboies, care of Marshalls & Dent & Wilmoth, Level 21, 570 Bourke Street, Melbourne, Victoria, to send particulars to them

by 30 May 2022, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the executors then have notice.

MARSHALLS & DENT & WILMOTH,
Level 21, 570 Bourke Street, Melbourne,
Victoria 3000.

JANET ELSPETH GRIFFIN, late of
250 Waterdale Road, Ivanhoe, Victoria,
deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 15 October 2021, are required by the executors to send particulars of their claims to them, care of the undermentioned solicitors, within two months from the date of publication of this notice, after which the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

MELLING LEGAL,
1/486 Lower Heidelberg Road,
Heidelberg, Victoria 3084.

Re: JOHN PHILIP AMIET, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 30 September 2021, are required by the legal representatives, Christopher Charles Amiet and Wendy Louise Fullerton, to send particulars to the legal representatives, care of Moores, Level 1, 5 Burwood Road, Hawthorn, Victoria, by 6 June 2022, after which date the legal representatives may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the legal representatives have notice.

MOORES,
Level 1, 5 Burwood Road, Hawthorn,
Victoria 3122.

Re: YUKIKO SODERLUND, late of
27 Linton Court, Foster, Victoria 3960.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 22 January 2022, are required by the executor, Clive William White, care of the undermentioned firm, to send particulars to the

executor by a date not later than two months from the date of publication hereof, after which date the executor may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the executor has notice.

OAKLEYS WHITE LAWYERS,
65 Main Street, Foster 3960.

LINLEY JOAN COURTS, late of
2, 85 Livingstone Street, Victoria, retired,
deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 7 April 2021, are required by Perpetual Trustee Company Limited ACN 000 001 007 of Level 29, 525 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, and Ian Ralph Courts, care of Level 29, 525 Collins Street, Melbourne, Victoria, the executors, to send particulars to them by 10 June 2022, after which date they may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

PERPETUAL TRUSTEE COMPANY
LIMITED,
Level 29, 525 Collins Street, Melbourne,
Victoria 3000.

BEVERLEY MERLE PIPER, late of
629 Riversdale Road, Camberwell, Victoria 3124,
home duties, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the Will/estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 2 December 2021, are required by the executors, Virginia Anne Loveless and Christopher Bayard Piper, care of Level 11, 456 Lonsdale Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000, to send particulars of their claims to them by 3 June 2022, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets and distribute the estate, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice. Probate was granted in Victoria on 21 March 2022.

PERPETUITY LEGAL,
Level 11, 456 Lonsdale Street, Melbourne,
Victoria 3000.
Ph: (03) 9070 9883.
Contact: Lav Chhabra.

Re: JOHN WILLIAM NEWCOMBE, also known as John Newcombe, late of Waverley Valley Aged Care, 29–33 Chesterville Road, Glen Waverley, Victoria 3150, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 30 December 2021, are required by the executor, Daniel Leslie Minogue, to send particulars of their claims to him, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by 2 June 2022, after which date he may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which he then has notice.

RENNICK & GAYNOR, solicitors,
431 Riversdale Road, Hawthorn East, Victoria.
Ref: AE: 222762.

SUSI BREIT-LEARMONT, also known as Susi Breit, late of 58 Lynch Crescent, Brighton, Victoria, designer, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 4 June 2020, are required by the legal personal representatives ('LPRs'), Michael James Pharr and Gary Breit, care of Rogers & Gaylard Lawyers, Suite 2, 245 Bay Street, Brighton, Victoria, to send particulars to them by 30 May 2022, after which date the LPRs may convey or distribute the assets, having regards only to claims to which they have notice. Probate was granted in Victoria on 6 September 2021.

Dated 31 March 2022

ROGERS & GAYLARD LAWYERS,
Suite 2, 245 Bay Street, Brighton, Victoria 3186.

MELISA JAYNE BENNETT, late of 34 Grampian Boulevard, Cowes, Victoria, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the Will/estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 25 November 2021, are required by the executor, Karen Grace Keene, care of 145 High Street, Nagambie, Victoria 3608, to send particulars of their claims to her by 10 September 2022, after which date the executor may convey or distribute the estate, having regard only to the claims of which she then has notice. Probate was granted in Victoria on 10 March 2022.

TBA LAW,
145 High Street, Nagambie, Victoria 3608.
Ph: (03) 5794 2334. JRB:220013.
Contact: Jacqueline Brauman.

Re: JOSEPHINE NANCE COYLE, late of 69 Regent Street, Elsternwick, Victoria 3185, travel agent, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 30 January 2022, are required by the executors, John Leslie Coyle and Martin Andrew Coyle, to send particulars to them, care of the undermentioned solicitors, by 3 June 2022, after which date the executors may convey and distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice.

TRAGEAR & HARRIS LAWYERS,
1/23 Melrose Street, Sandringham 3191.

ISOBEL KATHERINE BOYD, late of 'Green Hills', 481 Minhamite–Caramut Road, Minhamite, Victoria 3287, farmer, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 27 June 2021, are required by the executors, Dimitrios Beroukas and Aaron Martin Jolly, care of 27 Malop Street, Geelong, Victoria 3220, to send particulars of their claims to them by 31 May 2022, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which they have notice.

WHYTE, JUST & MOORE, solicitors
27 Malop Street, Geelong, Victoria 3220.

Re: NORMAN BRUCE CURTIS, late of Benetas St George's Aged Care, 13 Howard Street, Altona Meadows, Victoria 3028, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on 31 January 2021, are required by the executors, Gary John Nolan and Wayne Jeffrey Nolan, to send particulars of their claims to Wilckens Roche Lawyers, legal representatives for the estate, 43 Ferguson Street, Williamstown, Victoria 3016, by 31 May 2022, after which date the executors may convey or distribute the assets and distribute the estate,

having regard only to the claims of which they then have notice. Probate was granted in Victoria on 14 October 2021.

WILCKENS ROCHE LAWYERS,
43 Ferguson Street, Williamstown,
Victoria 3016.

PO Box 18, Williamstown, Victoria 3016.

Ph: (03) 8383 5999.

Email: lawyers@wrl.com.au

LK:NA:200343.

Contact: Nikolija Arnaut.

Re: Estate of ROBERT ALAN CARGILL,
late of 305 Smythes Road, Delacombe, Victoria,
mechanic, deceased.

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims in respect of the estate of the deceased, who died on 11 January 2022, are required by the trustees, Jennette Joy Young and Susan Irene Giles, to send particulars to the trustees in care of the undersigned by 1 June 2022, after which date the trustees may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which the trustees have notice.

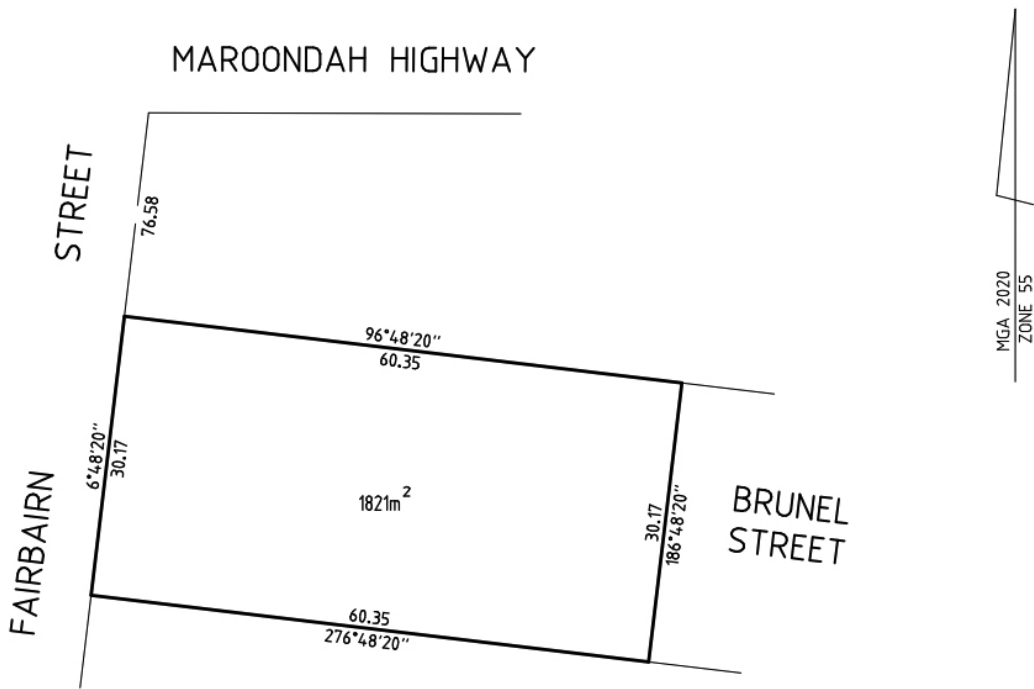
WILLETT LAWYERS PTY LTD,
PO Box 2196, Spotswood, Victoria 3015.

**GOVERNMENT AND OUTER BUDGET
SECTOR AGENCIES NOTICES**



DISCONTINUANCE OF PART OF ROAD

At its meeting on 23 March 2022 and acting under Clause 3 of Schedule 10 of the **Local Government Act 1989**, the Murrindindi Shire Council resolved to discontinue the road shown in bold outline on the plan below:



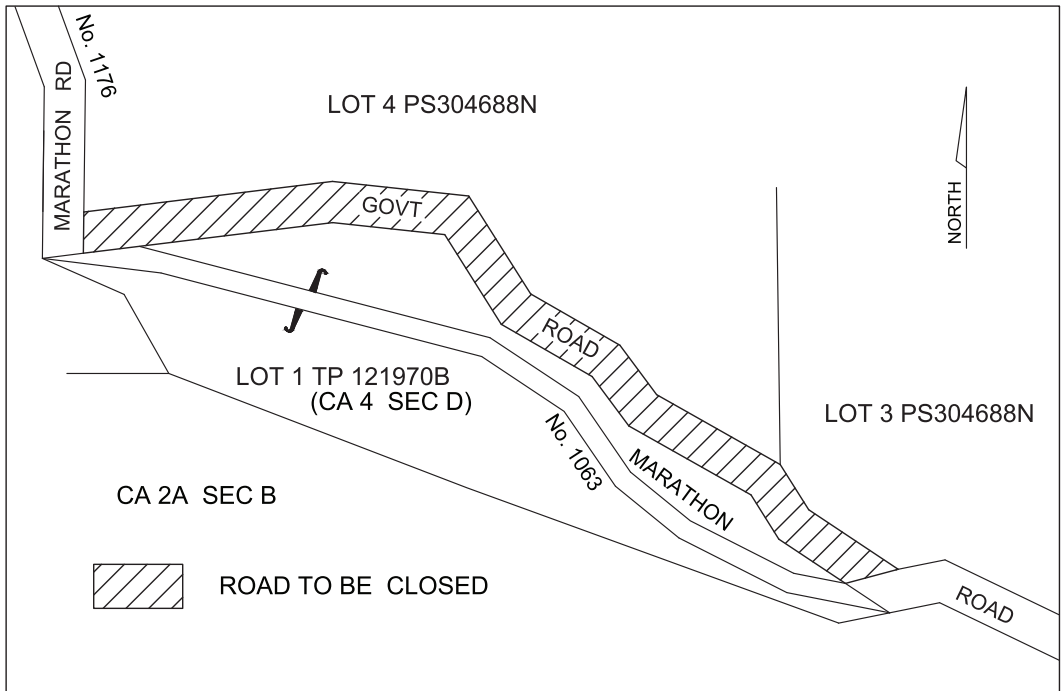
LIVIA BONAZZI
Chief Executive Officer

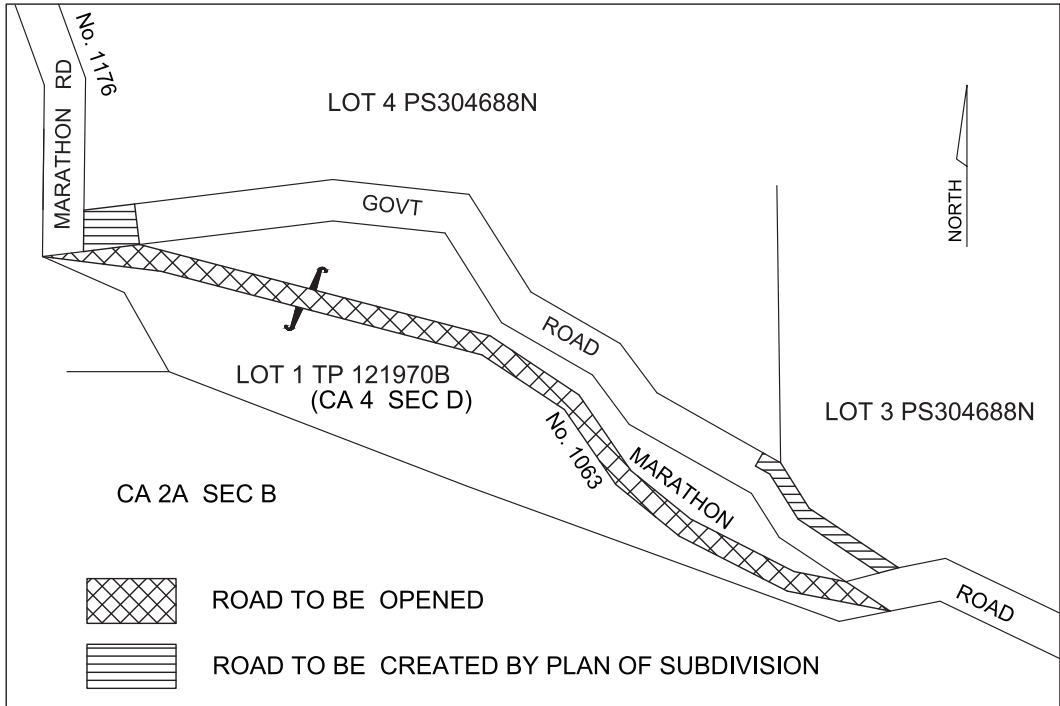


ROAD DEVIATION (ROAD EXCHANGE)

Pursuant to section 206 including Clause 2 of Schedule 10 of the **Local Government Act 1989** (the Act), the Wellington Shire Council at its meeting of 16 November 2021, resolved that the Government Road shown hatched on the plans below is not reasonably required as a road and has resolved to deviate this road over the land shown cross-hatched on the plan hereunder, being Lot 1 TP121970B (Crown Allotment 4A Section D) in the Parish of Woolenook and having obtained the consent of the Minister for Energy, Environment and Climate Change for such deviation, now declares such deviation for the purposes of the Act on and from the publication of this notice in the Government Gazette.

The bearings and distances to define the alignment of the road to be open and created are to be verified by survey and subject to plan of subdivision prepared under section 35 of the **Subdivision Act 1988**.





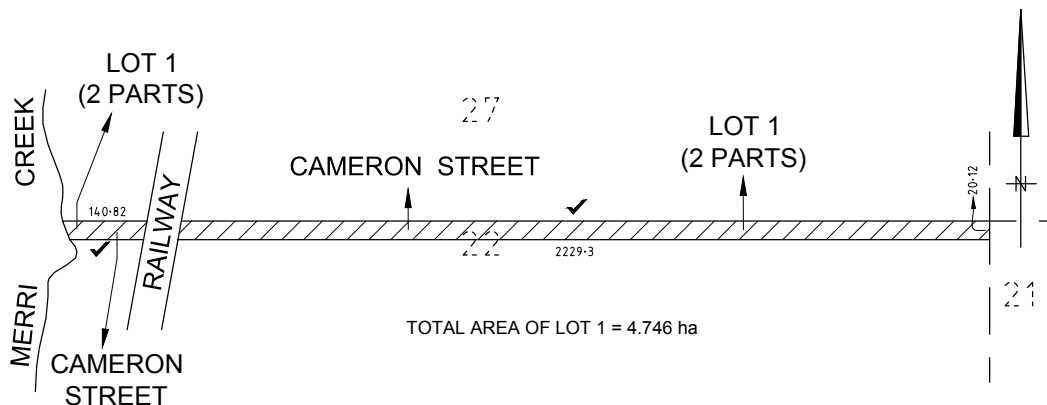
DAVID MORCOM
Chief Executive Officer



City of Whittlesea

PUBLIC HIGHWAY DECLARATION

At its meeting on 21 February 2022, acting under section 204(1) of the **Local Government Act 1989** (Act), Whittlesea City Council resolved to declare the land shown hatched on the plan below, being the whole of the land contained in Certificate of Title 12260 Folio 394, to be a public highway for the purposes of the Act from the date of publication of this notice.



CRAIG LLOYD
Chief Executive Officer
Whittlesea City Council



COUNCIL ORDER MADE UNDER SECTION 26 OF THE **DOMESTIC ANIMALS ACT 1994**

At its meeting on 22 March 2022 the City of Greater Geelong Council resolved to make the following Order pursuant to section 26(2) of the **Domestic Animals Act 1994** to be effective until 30 November 2022.

1. **Application of orders**

This order applies to the Barwon Coast Committee of Management area.

2. **Definitions**

In this Order:

Area F;
47W – 44W

refers to the beach running between 47W and 44W, that starts adjacent to Breamlea Surf Lifesaving Club (Walkway Entrance) running to the Whittington and Blyth Street intersection, south to the low water mark

Area G;
50W – 47W

refers to the beach running between 50W and 47W, that starts opposite to the Whittington and Blyth Street intersection running to the beach end of the access track opposite the intersection of Scott and Blyth Streets (Walkway Entrance) south to the low water mark

<i>Area H; 52W – 50W</i>	refers to the beach running between Point Impossible (52W) and 50W
<i>Off-Leash Supervised Area</i>	means an area (including an area at or between specified times and on or between specified dates) described as such in the Schedule.
<i>On-Leash Controlled Area</i>	means any area (including an area at or between specified times and on or between specified dates) described as such in the Schedule.
<i>Prohibited Area</i>	means an area (including an area on or between specified times and on or between specified dates) described as such in the Schedule.
<i>Owner</i>	has the same meaning as in the Domestic Animals Act 1994 .

3. Owner obligations within an On-Leash Controlled Area

- (1) The Owner of any dog must keep the dog under effective control by means of a chain, cord or leash (not exceeding 2 metres in length) held by the Owner and attached to the dog while the dog is in an On-Leash Controlled Area.

4. Owner obligations within an Off-Leash Supervised Area

- (1) A dog may be exercised off a chain, cord or leash in an Off-Leash Supervised Area if:
 - (a) the Owner has a leash in their possession and places their dog back on the leash when leaving the Off-Leash Supervised Area;
 - (b) the Owner is able to demonstrate audible control of the dog;
 - (c) the dog remains in visual and audible range of its Owner to allow it to be effectively recalled at any time;
 - (d) the Owner applies necessary recall and restraint to the dog when the dog interacts with other dogs or persons within an Off-Leash Supervised Area, unless permitted otherwise by the Owner of the other dog(s) or the person(s) to enable the safe socialisation of dogs;
 - (e) dogs do not enter water habitats that contain wildlife or beach nesting birds, or chase wildlife in these areas;
 - (f) dogs which are attracted to the motion of wheels are controlled at all times; and
 - (g) the Owner has means to pick up and appropriately dispose of dog droppings in an approved receptacle.
- (2) Dogs that are aggressive to people or other dogs, behave in an anti-social manner must be muzzled and are not permitted to be off-leash.
- (3) Dogs that are over-excitabile and provide unwanted attention towards people, wildlife or other animals should be kept on-leash.
- (4) Dogs declared menacing, dangerous, or a restricted breed are not permitted to be off-leash.

SCHEDULE**1. On-Leash Controlled Areas**

The following areas are On-Leash Controlled Areas:

AREA	TIME
In-land shared trails and paths throughout the Barwon Coast Committee of Management catchment area.	Always
Caravan Park – transit only	Always
Within 10 metres of a barbeque area.	Always
Carparks	Always

2. Off-Leash Supervised Areas

The following areas are Off-Leash Supervised Areas:

AREA	TIME
Area G (50W–47W to low water mark)	Always

3. Conditional On-Leash Controlled Areas

The following areas are On-Leash Controlled Areas:

AREA	TIME
Area F (47W–44W to low water mark)	Allow dogs on leash during specified periods as designated by signage including periods during the hooded plover nesting season and/or other periods dedicated to protecting other wildlife (i.e. seals, penguins). Dogs are permitted to be off leash and supervised at other times/periods.
Area H (52W–50W to low water mark)	Allow dogs on leash during specified periods as designated by signage including periods during the hooded plover nesting season and/or other periods dedicated to protecting other wildlife (i.e. seals, penguins). Dogs are permitted to be off leash and supervised at other times/periods.





Planning and Environment Act 1987

BRIMBANK PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of the Preparation of an Amendment Amendment C217brim

The Brimbank City Council has prepared Amendment C217brim to the Brimbank Planning Scheme (the Amendment).

The land affected by the Amendment is:

Albion:

- 29B, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 43A Perth Avenue, Albion;
- 100 Furlong Road, Cairnlea.

Deer Park:

- North west corner of Neale and Station Roads, Deer Park;
- 1A and 2 Burnside Street, 837A and 837B Ballarat Road, Deer Park;
- 1, 3 and 5 Porter Court, Deer Park.

Delahey:

- 171–179, 181–183, 262, 1–9, 11–15/264, 1–2/266, 23/268, 20/268, and 24/268 Taylors Road, Delahey;
- 181, 183, 185 and 191 Kings Road, Delahey.

Kealba:

- 2–8 Stenson Road, Kealba.

Keilor:

- 33–43 Overnewton Close, Keilor;
- Road reserve to the south of 51 Overnewton Road, Keilor;
- 658A Old Calder Highway, Keilor;
- 23 Hunter Street, Keilor and 1–21/19–23 and 25 Arabin Street, Keilor.

Keilor Downs:

- 80 Taylors Road, Keilor Downs.

Keilor Park:

- 100 Harrick Road, Keilor Park.

St Albans:

- 49 Conrad Street, St Albans;
- 29A, 27A Disraeli Street, St Albans;

- 110, 112–120, 202, 202A, 204, 204A, 206 and 206A Main Road East, St Albans;
- 61, 61A, 63 and 63A Theodore Street, St Albans;
- All land zoned Commercial 1 Zone and Mixed Use Zone within the St Albans Major Activity Centre.

Sunshine:

- 2, and 24 Stanford Street, Sunshine;
- 92, 92A, 1–7/94–98, 324–328, 330A and 332 Hampshire Road, Sunshine;
- 457–461 (odd numbers), 2/459, 461A, 461B, 463 and 2/465 Ballarat Road, Sunshine;
- 80 Harvester Road, Sunshine;
- All land in the Activity Centre Zone Schedule (1) within the Sunshine Metropolitan Activity Centre.

Sunshine North:

- Metherall Street Road Reserve, located to the south of 38–66 Camperdown Avenue, Sunshine North;
- 57 Berkshire Road, Sunshine North.

Sunshine West:

- 445A, 1M/475, 475 Fitzgerald Road, Sunshine West;
- Land to the north of 445A Fitzgerald Road, Sunshine West;
- 88, 79A, 1–3/142, 214, 287, 287A, 287B, and 289 Glengala Road, Sunshine West;
- 1, 1A, 1B, 1C and 1D Bell Street, Sunshine West;
- 2, 2A, 2T, 4, 6, 10, 14, 16, 18, 18A, 20, 22 Talintyre Road, Sunshine West;
- 2A Drinkwater Crescent, Sunshine West.

Sydenham:

- 71–79 Victoria Road, Sydenham (Pioneer Park).

Taylors Lakes:

- 1, 1A, 3, 35, 39, 45, 65 and 399 Melton Highway, Taylors Lakes;
- 85 and 100 Village Avenue, and 1A and 58–70 Shoppers Lane, and 555 and 565 Sunshine Avenue, Taylors Lakes.

The Amendment corrects various provisions of the Brimbank Planning Scheme including mapping and ordinance corrections. The Amendment will not result in any different or

new land use or development outcomes, and does not change or introduce new policy.

You may inspect the Amendment, any documents that support the Amendment and the explanatory report about the Amendment, free of charge, at: the office of the planning authority, Brimbank City Council, 301 Hampshire Road, Sunshine, during office hours, (subject to Government COVID-19 restrictions); the Brimbank City Council website <https://www.brimbank.vic.gov.au/building-and-planning/strategic-planning-and-development/planning-scheme-amendments>; or the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website, www.delwp.vic.gov.au/public-inspection

Any person who may be affected by the Amendment may make a submission to the planning authority about the Amendment. Submissions must be made in writing giving the submitter's name and contact address, clearly stating the grounds on which the Amendment is supported or opposed and indicating what changes (if any) the submitter wishes to make.

Name and contact details of submitters are required for Council to consider submissions and to notify such persons of the opportunity to attend and/or watch Council meetings and any public hearing held to consider submissions. The closing date for submissions is close of business 4 May 2022. A submission must be sent to the Brimbank City Council, Strategic Planning Unit, PO Box 70, Sunshine, Victoria 3020; or by email to: strategicplanning@brimbank.vic.gov.au

The planning authority must make a copy of every submission available at its office and/or on its website for any person to inspect, free of charge, for two months after the Amendment comes into operation or lapses.

KELVIN WALSH
Director City Planning

Planning and Environment Act 1987

MELBOURNE PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of the Preparation of an Amendment Amendment C379melb

The Melbourne City Council has prepared Amendment C379melb to the Melbourne Planning Scheme.

The Amendment affects land located in East Melbourne, North Melbourne, Kensington, Flemington, Parkville, Carlton, South Yarra, East Melbourne and Melbourne CBD.

The Amendment proposes to protect an additional 119 exceptional trees located on privately owned or privately managed land across the municipality by listing the additional trees in Schedule 2 to the Environmental Significance Overlay (ESO2). The Amendment also proposes to amend the ESO2 by expanding four existing tree groups to list each tree with an individual tree protection zone, removing the listing for seven trees which have been removed due to poor physical health, making minor listing corrections and referencing the recently updated Exceptional Tree Register 2019 as a background document.

Interim protection of the additional 119 exceptional trees was approved via Ministerial Planning Scheme Amendment C378melb and is in place until 27 April 2023.

You may inspect the Amendment, any documents that support the Amendment and the explanatory report about the Amendment, free of charge, at the following locations: during office hours, at the office of the planning authority, the City of Melbourne in the Melbourne Town Hall, Administration Building, Ground Floor, 120 Swanston Street, Melbourne; at the City of Melbourne website at <https://participate.melbourne.vic.gov.au/Amendment-c379>; and/or at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website, www.delwp.vic.gov.au/public-inspection

Any person who may be affected by the Amendment may make a submission to the planning authority about the Amendment. Submissions must be made in writing giving the submitter's name and contact address, clearly stating the grounds on which the Amendment is supported or opposed and indicating what changes (if any) the submitter wishes to make.

Name and contact details of submitters are required for Council to consider submissions and to notify such persons of the opportunity to attend Council meetings and any public hearing held to consider submissions. The closing date for submissions is 2 May 2022. A submission must be made online at: <https://participate.melbourne.vic.gov.au/Amendment-c379>

The planning authority must make a copy of every submission available at its office and/or on its website for any person to inspect, free of charge, for two months after the Amendment comes into operation or lapses.

SOPHIE HANDLEY
Director City Strategy

Creditors, next-of-kin and others having claims against the estate of any of the undermentioned deceased persons are required to send particulars of their claims to State Trustees Limited, ABN 68 064 593 148, of 1 McNab Avenue, Footscray, Victoria 3011, the personal representative, on or before 2 June 2022, after which date State Trustees Limited may convey or distribute the assets, having regard only to the claims of which State Trustees Limited then has notice.

CHAPPLE, Suzette Marie, late of Apartment 1304, 250 Elizabeth Street, Melbourne, Victoria 3000, deceased, who died on 29 September 2021.

DEWS, Peter, late of Unit 10, 16 Normanby Street, Windsor, Victoria 3181, deceased, who died on 6 January 2022.

HANSEN, Leif Milton, late of 32–34 Potter Street, Dandenong, Victoria 3175, deceased, who died on 2 November 2021.

LEOPOLDO, Anna, late of Meadowglen Nursing Home, 202 McDonalds Road, Epping, Victoria 3076, deceased, who died on 13 September 2021.

ROBB, Glenn Richard, late of Unit 1, 18 Balaclava Avenue, Altona Meadows, Victoria 3028, deceased, who died on 17 July 2020.

SOFIJANOVIC, Mihajlo, late of Central Park Residential Care, 101 Punt Road, Windsor, Victoria 3181, deceased, who died on 11 November 2021.

Dated 24 March 2022

HUMAN RIGHTS LIST EXEMPTION

Application No. H343/2021

The Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal has considered an application pursuant to section 89 of the **Equal Opportunity Act 2010** (the Act) by Westbourne Grammar School (the Applicant). The application for exemption is to enable the Applicant to continue to structure and manage enrolment waitlists to allow preferential consideration to prospective female students as appropriate, maintaining a balanced gender ratio of the student cohort in bulk intake years, Prep and Year 7 (the exempt conduct).

Upon reading the material filed in support of this application, including the affidavit of

James Egan, and having taken oral evidence from Karen Cooke, Ann Bright and James Egan during the hearings, and having had regard to written submissions from interested persons, for the reasons published today, the Tribunal is satisfied that it is appropriate to grant an exemption from sections 38, 44, 105, 107, and 182 of the Act to enable the Applicant to engage in the exempt conduct.

The Tribunal hereby grants an exemption from the operation of sections 38, 44, 105, 107, and 182 of the Act to enable the Applicant to engage in the exempt conduct.

This exemption is to remain in force from the day on which notice of the exemption is published in the Government Gazette until 31 March 2027.

Dated 31 March 2022

C. THWAITES
Member

HUMAN RIGHTS LIST EXEMPTION

Application No. H14/2022

The Victorian Civil and Administrative Tribunal has considered an application pursuant to section 89 of the **Equal Opportunity Act 2010** (the Act) by P B Activate Pty Ltd trading as Laird Hotel (the Applicant). The application for exemption is to enable the Applicant to advertise for and employ males only and to operate an all-male venue at the Laird Hotel, 149 Gipps Street, Abbotsford (the Hotel), and to advertise in connection with those purposes (the exempt conduct).

Upon reading the material filed in support of this application, including the Affidavit and oral evidence of Brett Lasham who is the Director of the Applicant, and the letters of support from community members and organisation, the Tribunal is satisfied that it is appropriate to grant an exemption from sections 16, 44, 107 and 182 of the Act to enable the applicant to engage in the exempt conduct.

In granting this exemption the Tribunal noted:

- A copy of the application was sent by the Tribunal to the Victorian Equal Opportunity and Human Rights Commission (the Commission). The Commission did not seek leave to intervene in the proceeding.

- Previous exemptions have been granted in respect of the same conduct since 1998 and the circumstances have not significantly changed in that time.
 - The Applicant prefers to employ only males, whether or not they are homosexual, and the venue has progressed over the years to provide a safe meeting and party space for men and trans men. Three to four times per year the venue is opened to all members of the gay, lesbian, bisexual, transgender and intersex community.
 - Letters of support were provided by relevant groups. Simon Ruth, Chief Executive Officer of Thorne Harbour Health, said his organisation was founded at a meeting at the Hotel in 1983 in response to the HIV/AIDS epidemic. He said the Hotel provides a unique opportunity for health services to engage openly and frankly in educational messages and health campaigns for and with the male same sex attracted population. The Hotel provides an intersection of the male population, gay, bisexual, trans men and more broadly men who have sex with men. This is particularly important as the venue offers a secure location for men to participate in their annual survey which then informs priority areas for public health.
 - Men's sexual health educator, LGBTIQ+ advocate, Michael Whelan wrote that the Laird Hotel has played an important role in shaping identity of gay, bisexual and other queer men, trans men and men who have sex with men. The Hotel's importance in the community has increase as many similar venues have closed in recent years. Events which support the wider LGBTIQ+ community are hosted at the Hotel and the operation of a male-only venue improves the cultural standing of that community.
 - Aaron Jensen President of VicBears noted the importance of a space where men can socialise and learn to socialise together to form relationships beyond the stereotypical impersonal and often anonymous sex encounters that those who disparage the community are keen to emphasise. He stated the value of the Hotel to VicBears cannot be overestimated and during the year, VicBears uses the venue to meet socially, plan events and fundraise within the LGBTIQ+ community. Working in partnership with the Hotel over the last 20 years, VicBears has raised and dispersed over \$200,000 to various charities and benevolent groups.
 - Richard Keane, CEO of Living Positive Victoria, states the exemption the Hotel holds as a male-only venue continues to be important by providing a safe space to allow male same sex attracted people to exist in places without fear of ostracisation, discrimination or stigma. Living Positive Victoria recognises the importance of connecting with people who have similar or shared life experiences to provide a meaningful support network. The welcoming non-judgemental safe space the Hotel provides facilitates meaningful connection and support within the male same sex attracted community.
 - No exception already applies to the exempt conduct. In the absence of an exemption the exempt conduct would amount to prohibited discrimination.
 - When making decisions about exemptions, the Tribunal is required to give proper consideration to relevant human rights as set out in the **Charter of Human Rights and Responsibilities Act 2006** (Charter). Arguably, this exemption limits the right to equality and in particular the right to equal and effective protection against discrimination of persons who are not male and who may wish to be a patron or employed by the Applicant. I am satisfied that, in the circumstances discussed above, the limit imposed by this exemption is reasonable and justified under the Charter.
- The Tribunal hereby grants an exemption from the operation of sections 16, 44, 107 and 182 of the Act to enable the Applicant to engage in the exempt conduct.
- This exemption is to remain in force until 31 March 2027.
- Dated 31 March 2022
- C. THWAITES
Member

Drugs, Poisons and Controlled Substances Act 1981

REVOCATION OF APPROVAL UNDER SECTION 14A(4)

Pursuant to section 14A(4) of the **Drugs, Poisons and Controlled Substances Act 1981** (the Act), I, Martin Foley, Minister for Health, revoke the approval made on 11 February 2020 under section 14A(1) of the Act, and published in the Victoria Government Gazette G7 on 20 February 2020, for the purposes of an authorisation under section 13(1)(bb) of the Act.

The revocation takes effect from the date of publication in the Victorian Government Gazette.
Dated 17 March 2022

MARTIN FOLEY MP
Minister for Health

Geographic Place Names Act 1998

CORRIGENDUM

In the Victoria Government Gazette, Notice of Registration, G48, 2 December 2021 under **Geographic Place Names Act 1998** feature naming, the name Arbuckle Road Park is no longer applicable and is to be deregistered.

Land Use Victoria
2 Lonsdale Street
Melbourne 3000

CRAIG L. SANDY
Registrar of Geographic Names

Geographic Place Names Act 1998

ERRATUM

In the Victoria Government Gazette, Notice of Registration, G10, 10 March 2022 under **Geographic Place Names Act 1998** feature naming, the name Bembit Bag-rook Community Centre should not have a hyphen inserted. The name should read Bembit Bag rook.

Land Use Victoria
2 Lonsdale Street
Melbourne 3000

CRAIG L. SANDY
Registrar of Geographic Names

Geographic Place Names Act 1998

NOTICE OF REGISTRATION OF GEOGRAPHIC NAMES

The Registrar of Geographic Names hereby gives notice of the registration of the undermentioned place names.

Naming:

Change Request Number	Place Name	Authority	Location
147701	Franklin Bridge	City of Ballarat	The Bridge crosses over the Yarrowee River on Scotchmans Lead Road in Scotchmans Lead. For further details see map at: www.land.vic.gov.au/place-naming

Locality:

Change Request Number	Naming Authority	Affected Localities	Location
145660	Melbourne City Council	Docklands, Port Melbourne, West Melbourne	To modify the Docklands locality boundary from the centre of Footscray Road to Lorimer Street along Western Link Road and the west side of the Bolte Bridge with corresponding changes to West Melbourne and Port Melbourne on the north and south sides of the Yarra River respectively. For further details see map at: www.land.vic.gov.au/place-naming

Geographic Names Victoria

Land Use Victoria

2 Lonsdale Street

Melbourne 3000

CRAIG L. SANDY
Registrar of Geographic Names

Housing Act 1983

LAND THE DIRECTOR OF HOUSING IS DEEMED TO HAVE AN INTEREST IN UNDER SECTION 107 OF THE **HOUSING ACT 1983**

Womens Housing Ltd

I, Ben Rimmer, Director of Housing (the Director), hereby issue the following declaration pursuant to section 107 of the **Housing Act 1983** (the Act).

The Director and Womens Housing Ltd have agreed in writing that the following land of which Womens Housing Ltd is registered as proprietor is land to which section 107 of the Act should apply and is therefore land in which the Director is deemed to have an interest under section 107.

Volume	Folio	Address
12229	882	G07/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	897	302/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	876	G01/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	877	G02/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	878	G03/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	879	G04/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	880	G05/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	881	G06/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	883	101/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	884	102/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	885	103/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153

12229	886	104/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	887	105/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	888	106/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	889	107/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	890	201/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	891	202/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	892	203/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	893	204/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	894	205/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	895	206/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	896	301/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	898	303/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153
12229	899	304/658 Mountain Highway, Bayswater, Victoria 3153

Dated 24 March 2022

Signed at Melbourne in the State of Victoria
 BEN RIMMER
 Director of Housing

Human Tissue Act 1982

AMENDMENT TO AN AUTHORISATION OF A SCHOOL OF ANATOMY UNDER SECTION 35(4)

I, Martin Foley, Minister for Health, under section 35(4) of the **Human Tissue Act 1982**, and under section 27 of the **Interpretation of Legislation Act 1984**, amend the authorisation of the carrying out of anatomical examinations and the teaching and study of anatomy concerning only parts of the human body as required and not the anatomy of the whole body, at the Vasculab Surgical Skills Laboratory, Building 183, Level 6, Howard Florey Laboratories, Gate 11, Royal Parade, Parkville 3052, not being a place within a prescribed institution.

The authorisation, which came into effect on 21 February 2019 when published in the Victoria Government Gazette G8, is amended to authorise the conduct of a school of anatomy at the Vasculab Surgical Skills Laboratory above mentioned, for the carrying out of anatomical examinations, the teaching and study of anatomy and for the practice of the anatomy of the whole human body.

This amending authorisation will commence operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

FORM 7

Regulation 16

Land Acquisition and Compensation Act 1986

Notice of Acquisition

Compulsory Acquisition of Interest in Land

Manningham City Council declares that by this notice it acquires the following interest in the land described as:

Title Particulars: Part of the Common Property on Strata Plan SP24724T, being part of the land contained in Certificate of Title Volume 10339 Folio 965 ('the Land') and shown as 'Road R-1' on the below plan.

Interest Acquired: Estate in fee simple together with all interests in the Land including that of:

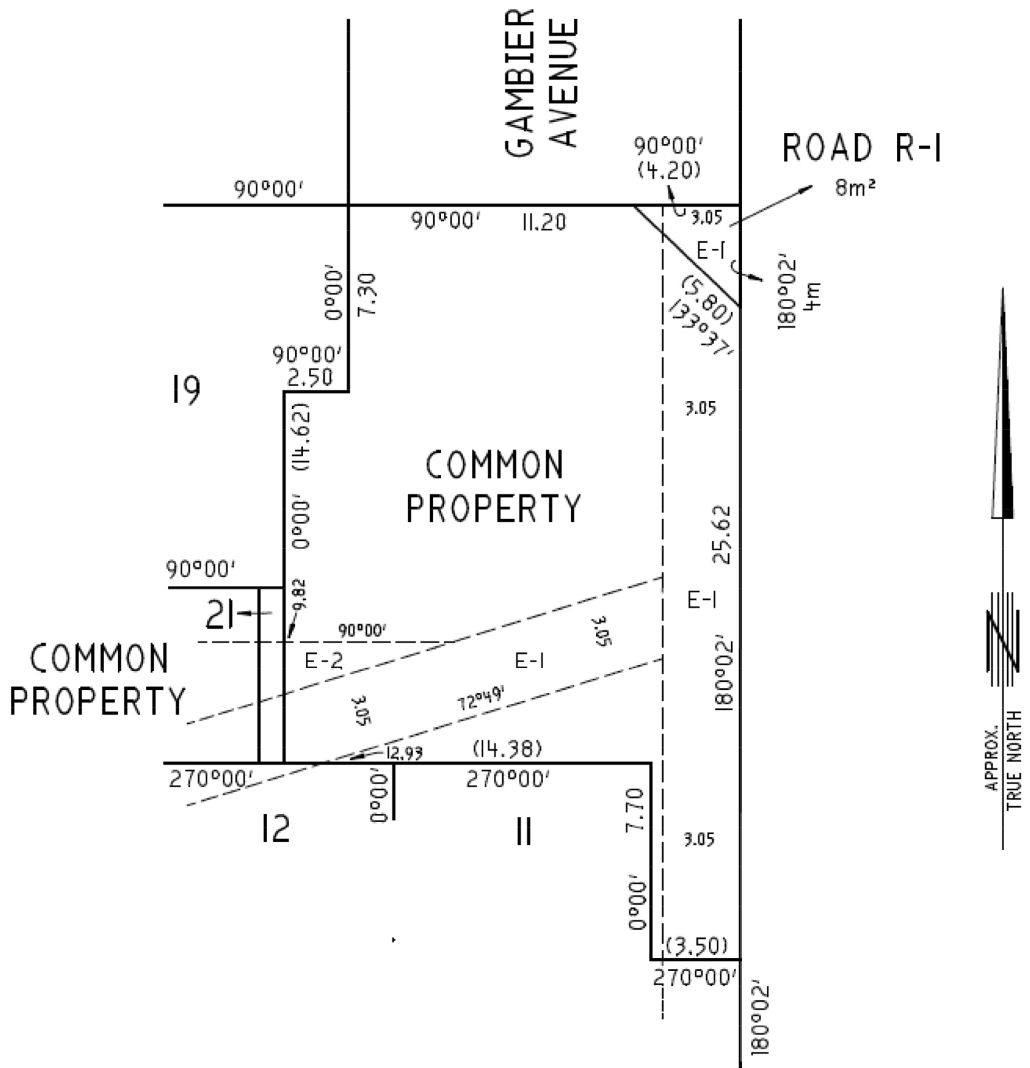
1. Owners Corporation Plan No. SP024724T;
2. all lot owners and occupiers of land in Plan No. SP024724T;
3. all mortgagees having an interest in land in Plan No. SP024724T; and
4. all and any interests in the Land,

but excluding any interest in the Land pursuant to the drainage and sewerage easement benefiting Certificate of Title Volume 6624 Folio 629 and shown as 'E-1' on Strata Plan SP24724T.

The acquisition is made pursuant to section 112 of the **Local Government Act 2020** for the purpose of providing formal pedestrian access from Gambier Avenue, Doncaster East into the adjoining Ironbark Reserve.

A notice of intention to acquire the interest in the land was served on Owners Corporation Plan No. SP024724T, lot owners and occupiers of land in Plan No. SP024724T and all mortgagees having an interest in land in Plan No. SP024724T on 22 December 2021.

Published with the authority of Manningham City Council.



For and on behalf of Manningham City Council

Signed: ANDREW DAY
Name: Andrew Day
Chief Executive Officer
Date 24 March 2022

FORM 7

Regulation 16

Land Acquisition and Compensation Act 1986

Notice of Acquisition

Compulsory Acquisition of Interest in Land

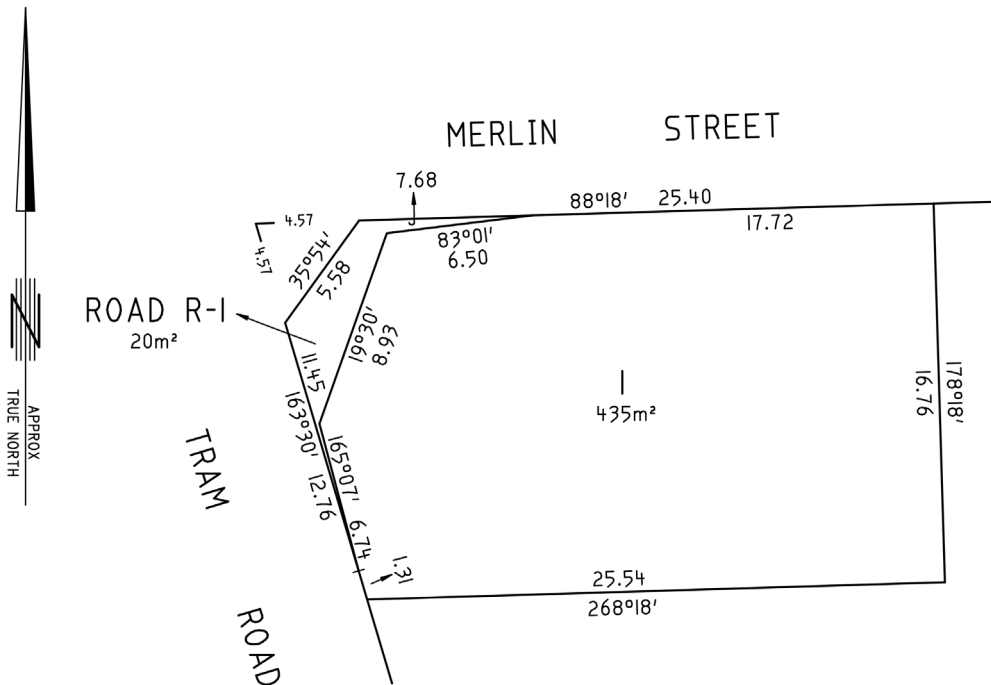
The Manningham City Council (ABN 61 498 471 081) of 699 Doncaster Road, Doncaster, Victoria 3108 (Council) declares that by this notice the Council acquires all interests in part of the land described as Lot 1 on Plan of Subdivision PS321283U contained in Certificate of Title Volume 10144 Folio 621 shown as Road R-1 on proposed Plan of Subdivision PS817418J:

Interests Acquired: That of Avinash Adusumalli and Shruti Koduri Adusumalli (registered proprietors) and all other interests.

The acquisition is made pursuant to section 112 of the **Local Government Act 2020** for the purpose of road upgrade works.

A notice of intention to acquire the interest in the land was served on 16 November 2021.

Published with the authority of the Council.



For and on behalf of the Council

Signed: ANDREW DAY

Name: Andrew Day

Date 31 March 2022

FORM 7

Regulation 16

Land Acquisition and Compensation Act 1986

Notice of Acquisition

Compulsory Acquisition of Interest in Land

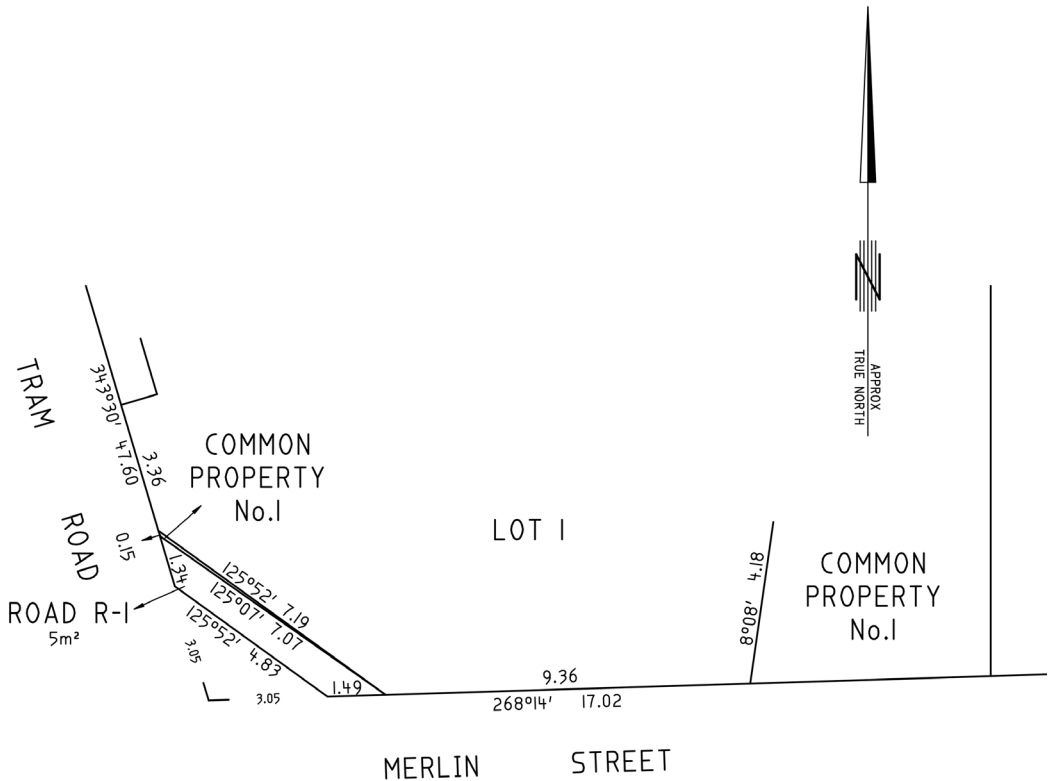
The Manningham City Council (ABN 61 498 471 081) of 699 Doncaster Road, Doncaster, Victoria 3108 (Council) declares that by this notice the Council acquires all interests in part of the land described as Common Property on Plan of Subdivision 339100G contained in Certificate of Title Volume 10247 Folio 059 shown as Road R-1 on proposed Plan of Subdivision PS339100G:

Interests Acquired: That of Owners Corporation Plan No. PS339100G (registered proprietor) and all other interests.

The acquisition is made pursuant to section 112 of the **Local Government Act 2020** for the purpose of road upgrade works.

A notice of intention to acquire the interest in the land was served on 16 November 2021.

Published with the authority of the Council.



For and on behalf of the Council

Signed: ANDREW DAY

Name: Andrew Day

Date 31 March 2022

Major Transport Projects Facilitation Act 2009

(Section 10)

DECLARATION OF A MAJOR TRANSPORT PROJECT

I, Daniel Andrews, Premier of the State of Victoria, in accordance with section 10(1)(b) of the **Major Transport Projects Facilitation Act 2009** ('the Act'), declare the transport project known as Mickleham Road Upgrade Stage 1 to be a declared project to which the Act (other than Parts 3 and 8) applies.

This declaration comes into effect on the date it is published in the Government Gazette.

Dated 24 March 2022

HON. DANIEL ANDREWS MP
Premier of Victoria

Major Transport Projects Facilitation Act 2009

(Section 14)

APPOINTMENT OF MINISTER TO BE THE PROJECT MINISTER FOR A DECLARED PROJECT

I, Daniel Andrews, Premier of the State of Victoria, in accordance with section 14 of the **Major Transport Projects Facilitation Act 2009**, appoint Hon. Jacinta Allan, Minister for Transport Infrastructure, to be the Project Minister for Mickleham Road Upgrade Stage 1.

This declaration comes into effect on the date it is published in the Government Gazette.

Dated 24 March 2022

HON. DANIEL ANDREWS MP
Premier of Victoria

Plant Biosecurity Act 2010

ORDER PROHIBITING OR RESTRICTING THE ENTRY OR IMPORTATION INTO VICTORIA OF MATERIALS WHICH ARE HOSTS OF ANNUAL RYEGRASS TOXICITY

I, Rosa Crnov, as delegate of the Minister for Agriculture, being of the reasonable suspicion that the exotic disease annual ryegrass toxicity exists within Australia but outside Victoria, make the following Order.

1 Objective

The objective of this Order is to prohibit, restrict or impose conditions upon the entry or importation into Victoria of materials which are hosts of annual ryegrass toxicity.

2 Authorising provision

This Order is made under section 36(1) of the **Plant Biosecurity Act 2010**.

3 Commencement

This Order comes into force on the day of making.

4 Revocation

The Order entitled *Order prohibiting or restricting the entry or importation into Victoria of materials which are hosts of annual ryegrass toxicity* made under section 36(1) of the **Plant Biosecurity Act 2010**, and published in Victoria Government Gazette G13 on 1 April 2021 at pages 676–677 is revoked.

5 Definitions

In this Order –

annual ryegrass toxicity means the disease of livestock caused by eating annual ryegrass plant material infected jointly with the nematode (*Anguina funesta*) and the bacterium (*Rathayibacter toxicus*).

host material means any plant or plant product on or in which annual ryegrass seeds may be present, including cereal grain, lucerne hay (except second or subsequent cut for the season), pasture hay, stockfeed or plant waste and used agricultural equipment and used packaging associated with any annual ryegrass toxicity host plants or plant products.

6 Prohibitions, restrictions and conditions

The following prohibitions, restrictions and conditions are specified in relation to the entry or importation of host material.

- (a) The entry or importation into Victoria of any host material is prohibited.
- (b) Sub-clause (a) does not apply if the host material –
 - (i) originates from an area for which there is currently in place an area freedom certificate issued by an officer responsible for agriculture in the State or Territory from which the material originated, certifying that the area from which the material originated is known to be free of annual ryegrass toxicity; or
 - (ii) is accompanied by a plant health certificate, assurance certificate or plant health declaration, certifying or declaring that the material has been treated in a manner described in the Schedule to this Order; or
 - (iii) enters Victoria under and in accordance with a permit issued by an inspector and there is compliance with any conditions or requirements set out in the permit.

7 Verification of Consignments

Where requested by an inspector, host material imported into Victoria which is required by Clause 6(b)(ii) to be accompanied by a certificate or declaration must be presented to an Inspector for inspection.

8 Expiry

This Order remains in force for a period of 12 months from the date of making.

Schedule

- (1) Cereal grain must be –
 - (a) sampled at the rate of –
 - (i) 100 g from every tenth bag, up to a maximum of 400 bags; or
 - (ii) in the case of bulk loads, 100 g from 4 sample points per 25 t, up to a maximum of 500 t; and
 - (b) analysed for the presence of annual ryegrass seeds; and
 - (i) no annual ryegrass seeds are detected; or
 - (ii) where annual ryegrass seeds are detected, the seeds are examined for the presence of galls, and
 - (A) in the case of seed for processing, less than one gall per kilogram of sample is detected; and
 - (B) in the case of seed for planting, no galls detected.
- (2) Hay must be –
 - (a) sampled at the rate of 80–100 g per each 10 bales, up to a maximum of 400 bales; and
 - (b) analysed for the presence of annual ryegrass seeds; and
 - (i) no annual ryegrass seeds are detected; or
 - (ii) where annual ryegrass seeds are detected, the seeds are examined for the presence of galls, and less than one gall per kilogram of sample is detected.
- (3) Agricultural equipment must be –
 - (a) cleaned free of plant materials and earth material by –
 - (i) brushing; or

- (ii) high pressure hot water; or
- (iii) steam; and
- (b) inspected and found free of earth material and organic matter.
- (4) Used packaging must be disinfected by dipping or spray rinsing for one minute with –
 - (a) a solution of phenolic disinfectant (e.g. Biogram or Phensol) followed by rinsing with water; or
 - (b) a solution of at least 50 ppm available chlorine, where the pH is maintained between 6.5 and 7.0.

Dated 23 March 2022

ROSA CRNOV
Chief Plant Health Officer

Plant Biosecurity Act 2010

ORDER PROHIBITING OR RESTRICTING THE ENTRY OR IMPORTATION INTO VICTORIA OF MATERIALS WHICH ARE HOSTS OF CITRUS RED MITE

I, Rosa Crnov, as delegate of the Minister for Agriculture, being of the reasonable suspicion that the exotic pest citrus red mite exists within Australia but outside Victoria, make the following Order.

1 Objective

The objective of this Order is to prohibit, restrict or impose conditions upon the entry or importation into Victoria of materials which are hosts of citrus red mite.

2 Authorising provision

This Order is made under section 36(1) of the **Plant Biosecurity Act 2010**.

3 Commencement

This Order comes into force on the day of making.

4 Revocation

The Order entitled *Order prohibiting or restricting the entry or importation into Victoria of materials which are hosts of citrus red mite* made under section 36(1) of the **Plant Biosecurity Act 2010**, and published in Victoria Government Gazette G13 on 1 April 2021 at pages 678–679 is revoked.

5 Definitions

In this Order –

citrus red mite means the exotic pest *Panonychus citri* (McGregor).

host material means any plant or plant product, excluding fruit, of the genus *Citrus*, *Eremocitrus*, *Microcitrus*, *Monanthocitrus*, *Fortunella* or *Poncirus*.

6 Prohibitions, restrictions and conditions

The following prohibitions, restrictions and conditions are specified in relation to the entry or importation of host material.

- (a) The entry or importation into Victoria of any host material is prohibited.
- (b) Sub-clause (a) does not apply if the host material –
 - (i) originates from an area for which there is currently in place an area freedom certificate issued by an officer responsible for agriculture in the State or Territory from the material originated, certifying that the area from which the material originated is known to be free of citrus red mite; or
 - (ii) is accompanied by a plant health certificate, assurance certificate or plant health declaration, certifying or declaring that the material has been treated in a manner described in the Schedule to this Order; or

- (iii) enters Victoria under and in accordance with a permit issued by an inspector and there is compliance with any conditions or requirements set out in the permit.

7 Verification of Consignments

Where requested by an inspector, host material imported into Victoria which is required by Clause 6(b)(ii) to be accompanied by a certificate or declaration, must be presented to an Inspector for inspection.

8 Expiry

This Order remains in force for a period of 12 months from the date of making.

Schedule

Host material must –

- (1) be grown on a property inspected by an officer of the department responsible for agriculture in the State or Territory where the host material is grown, and found free from citrus red mite; or
- (2) in the case of bare-rooted or potted plants, be treated within the previous 12 months with a drenching spray using mixture containing 25 mL of 18 g/L of Abamectin per 100 L water; and
 - (a) 30 mL of 500 g/L of Clofentezine per 100 L water; or
 - (b) 5 mL of 200 g/L of Amitraz per 100 L water; or
- (3) in the case of budwood, be treated within the previous 12 months by dipping for at least two minutes in mixture containing 25 mL of 18 g/L of Abamectin per 100 L water; and
 - (a) 30 mL of 500 g/L of Clofentezine per 100 L water; or
 - (b) 5 mL of 200 g/L of Amitraz per 100 L water.

Dated 23 March 2022

ROSA CRNOV
Chief Plant Health Officer

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

**GUIDANCE FOR THE PANDEMIC (ADDITIONAL INDUSTRY OBLIGATIONS)
ORDER 2022 (No. 9)**

The presence of a person with a positive diagnosis for COVID-19 at a work premises is considered to pose an immediate risk of transmission to persons who attend, or may attend, the work premises. This Order imposes additional specific obligations on employers and workers in specific industries in relation to managing the risk associated with COVID-19.

The following industries must comply with this Order:

- (1) poultry processing facilities;
- (2) abattoirs and meat processing facilities;
- (3) seafood processing facilities;
- (4) supermarket work premises and perishable food work premises;
- (5) warehousing and distribution centres;
- (6) commercial cleaning services;
- (7) care facilities;
- (8) ports of entry servicing international arrivals;
- (9) hotel quarantine;
- (10) hospitals;
- (11) schools;
- (12) childcare or early childhood services;
- (13) construction sites.

An authorised officer or inspector may conduct an inspection of the work premises and audit the records of the employer.

An employer must consult with health and safety representatives, together with workers who are likely to be directly affected in relation to the implementation of the Additional Industry Obligations.

Failure to comply with this Order may result in penalties.

This explanatory guidance does not form part of the Pandemic (Additional Industry Obligations) Order 2022 (No. 9) and is for explanatory purposes only.

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

PANDEMIC (ADDITIONAL INDUSTRY OBLIGATIONS) ORDER 2022 (No. 9)

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Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

PANDEMIC (ADDITIONAL INDUSTRY OBLIGATIONS) ORDER 2022 (No. 9)

I, Martin Foley, Minister for Health, make the following Order under the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** in the belief that this Order is reasonably necessary to protect public health throughout Victoria from the serious risk arising from the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic disease.

PART 1 – PRELIMINARY**1. Objective**

- (1) The purpose of this Order is to establish additional specific obligations on employers and workers in specific industries in relation to managing the risk associated with COVID-19 transmission in the work premises.
- (2) This Order must be read together with the pandemic orders in force.
- (3) This Order is intended to supplement any obligations an employer may have under the **Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004** and the **Workplace Orders** and is not intended to derogate from any such obligations.

2. Citation

This Order may be referred to as the **Pandemic (Additional Industry Obligations) Order 2022 (No. 9)**.

3. Authorising provision

This Order is made under section 165AI of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**.

4. Commencement and revocation

- (1) This Order commences at 11:59:00 pm on 18 March 2022 and ends at 11:59:00 pm on 12 April 2022.
- (2) The **Pandemic (Additional Industry Obligations) Order 2022 (No. 8)** is revoked at 11:59:00 pm on 18 March 2022.

5. Definitions

Terms used in the Order have meanings set out in Schedule 2.

6. Application of this Order

This Order applies to the whole State of Victoria.

PART 2 – ADDITIONAL INDUSTRY OBLIGATIONS**7. Application of this Order to certain employers and roles**

- (1) This Order applies to Additional Obligation Industries, namely:
 - (a) poultry processing facilities;
 - (b) abattoirs and meat processing facilities;
 - (c) seafood processing facilities;
 - (d) supermarket work premises and perishable food work premises;
 - (e) warehousing and distribution centres;
 - (f) commercial cleaning services;
 - (g) care facilities;
 - (h) ports of entry servicing international arrivals;
 - (i) hotel quarantine;
 - (j) hospitals;
 - (k) schools;
 - (l) childcare or early childhood services;
 - (m) construction sites.

- (2) This Order applies to Additional Obligation Industries work premises that are located:
 - (a) in relation to supermarket work premises and perishable food work premises, and warehousing and distribution centres, in Metropolitan Melbourne; and
 - (b) in relation to all other Additional Obligation Industries not referred to in paragraph (a), anywhere in Victoria, unless this Order indicates otherwise.

8. General obligations

Clauses 9 and 10 apply to high-risk hospital work premises.

Note: the exception of care facilities and hospitals (except for high-risk hospital work premises) as being exempt from the requirements in clause 8 does not exempt care facilities from satisfying equivalent requirements imposed under other regulatory arrangements.

9. Compliance

To assess an employer's compliance with this Order, an authorised officer or inspector (or their nominated representative) may conduct:

- (1) an inspection of a work premises; or
- (2) an inspection or audit of the records of an employer.

10. Consultation

An employer in relation to a high-risk hospital work premises must, to the extent reasonably practicable, consult with health and safety representatives, together with workers who are, or are likely to be, directly affected:

- (1) to identify or assess risks to health or safety at a work premises; and
- (2) to make decisions about the measures to be taken to control risks to health and safety; and
- (3) to determine if any risk identified under subclause (1) is either under the employer's management and control or arises from the employer's conduct; and
- (4) to make decisions about the adequacy of facilities for the welfare of workers; and
- (5) in making decisions about procedures to resolve health and safety issues, including (but not limited to):
 - (a) procedures around health and safety consultation itself;
 - (b) procedures to monitor the health of workers and the conditions of the work premises;
 - (c) procedures to provide information and training to workers; and
- (6) by a change to:
 - (a) a work premises; or
 - (b) the plant, substances, or other things used at a work premises; or
 - (c) the conduct of work performed at a work premises.

11. Additional Industry Obligations

- (1) An employer in relation to an Additional Obligation Industry work premises must:
 - (a) where the employer's work premises is an industry that is listed in the Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements (as amended from time to time on the advice of the Chief Health Officer):
 - (i) carry out surveillance testing for COVID-19 on its workers in relation to the work premises in accordance with the requirements of the Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements (as amended from time to time on the advice of the Chief Health Officer), including:
 - (A) those sections of its workforce required to be tested under the Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements;

- (B) a weekly surveillance testing target of the percentage of workers that are to be tested; and
- (ii) for industries that require workers to undergo a COVID-19 rapid antigen test, if a worker receives an invalid test result from the COVID-19 rapid antigen test, the employer must direct the worker to undertake a second COVID-19 rapid antigen test as soon as possible; and
- (iii) for industries that require workers to undergo a COVID-19 rapid antigen test, if a worker receives:
 - (A) a positive test result from the COVID-19 rapid antigen test, the employer must direct the worker to immediately self-isolate in accordance with the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**; or
 - (B) two successive invalid COVID-19 rapid antigen test results, the employer must direct the worker to:
 - (1) undertake a COVID-19 PCR test as soon as possible; and
 - (2) immediately self-isolate until a negative COVID-19 PCR test result is received; and
- (iv) keep records of surveillance testing of workers for COVID-19, which demonstrate that the employer has complied with its obligations under subparagraph (i) in relation to the work premises; and
- (v) provide the records required to be kept by the employer under subparagraph (iv) to the Department upon request by the Department for those records.

Note: the industries and requirements included in the Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements may be amended on the advice of the Chief Health Officer.

- (2) An employer is not required to carry out surveillance testing for COVID-19 pursuant to subparagraph (1)(a)(i) in relation to a worker who is a confirmed case for a period of 30 days commencing from the date the diagnosis of COVID-19 is confirmed through a COVID-19 PCR test.

12. Care facilities

- (1) An employer in relation to a work premises that is a care facility in Victoria must require care facility workers in relation to a care facility to wear a face covering while working in any indoor space at the care facility if the worker is performing a resident-facing role at the care facility, unless an exception under the **Movement and Gathering Order** applies to that worker.

Example: where a care facility worker is communicating with a resident who is hard of hearing or deaf and visibility of the mouth is essential for communication, that care facility worker may remove their face covering whilst communicating with the resident.

Note: a care facility worker working in a resident-facing role at a care facility must wear a mask at all times while working in an indoor space including when they are not interacting with residents.

- (2) If a care facility worker is working at more than one work premises for two or more different employers:
 - (a) the care facility worker must provide a written declaration to each employer to advise them that the worker is working at more than one work premises and must provide details of the other work premises to each employer; and
 - (b) each employer must maintain a record of all care facility workers who have disclosed to the employer under paragraph (a) that they are working across more than one work premises.
- (3) Despite the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**, an employer in relation to a work premises that is a care facility in Victoria must not permit an employee or contractor (excluding a visiting health care professional) to enter the care facility where:
 - (a) the employee or contractor has, on or after 4 October 2020, worked at another care facility; and

- (b) at the time the employee or contractor worked at that other care facility, a confirmed case was present at that other facility, unless the employee or contractor is fully vaccinated or is an excepted person and either:
- (c) the following applies:
- (i) at least 7 days have elapsed since the last time the employee or contractor worked at that other facility while a confirmed case was present; and
 - (ii) the employee or contractor:
 - (A) has undertaken a COVID-19 rapid antigen test on or after 6 days from the day that the employee or contractor last worked at that other facility while a confirmed case was present; and
 - (B) received confirmation that the results of the test undertaken pursuant to subsubparagraph (A) were negative; or
- (d) the following applies:
- (i) their attendance at the care facility is reasonably necessary to address a significant actual or potential decline in the quality of care delivered by the operator of that care facility; and
 - (ii) the employee or contractor is not experiencing COVID-19 symptoms; and
 - (iii) the employee or contractor:
 - (A) undertakes a COVID-19 rapid antigen test each day prior to working at the care facility for a period of 5 days from the day after that the employee or contractor last worked at that other facility while a confirmed case was present; and
 - (B) receives confirmation that the results of the tests undertaken pursuant to subsubparagraph (A) were negative.
- (4) For the avoidance of any doubt, the obligations on an employer in subclause (3) do not apply to a visiting health care professional entering the care facility.
- (5) An employer in relation to a work premises that is a care facility in Victoria must comply with personal protective equipment requirements in accordance with the requirements of the Department.
- (6) The Chief Health Officer may grant an exemption in writing to the requirements of subclause (3).

Note: an exemption may only be granted where it is necessary to ensure that residents are provided with a reasonable standard of care.

13. Ports of entry

- (1) Subject to subclause (2), a port of entry worker means:
- (a) any airport or maritime port worker who has direct contact (including occasional contact or interactions) with international passengers or crew, at the international port of entry; or
 - (b) a worker or person who interacts with the environment within the international port of entry (including any worker or person who boards a vessel, ship or aircraft) where international passengers and crew are or have been.
- Note: interacting with the 'environment' within the international port of entry refers to handling items and/or using or being in communal facilities (such as toilets, waiting areas and seating) that have been used by or are being used by international passengers and crew. It also refers to boarding or entering a vessel, ship or aircraft where international passengers and crew are or have been.*
- (2) Despite subclause (1), a port of entry worker does not include any worker who works in an international departures area of an airport.

- (3) In relation to a work premises that is a port of entry work premises servicing international arrivals, an employer must:

Note: a work premises which is a port of entry servicing international arrivals is a port or airport at which port of entry workers provide services in relation to, or encounter, passengers, crew members, shipping vessels or aircraft arriving in Victoria from outside of Australia, subject to the definition of 'port of entry workers' above.

- (a) make available an adequate supply of personal protective equipment free of charge to port of entry workers; and
- (b) ensure that all port of entry workers wear appropriate personal protective equipment in accordance with the requirements of the Department; and
- (c) if they are an employer of an international aircrew service worker, keep, and provide to the Department upon request by the Department, records of:
 - (i) the date and time each COVID-19 rapid antigen test is administered to an international aircrew service worker; and
 - (ii) the result of each COVID-19 rapid antigen test administered to an international aircrew service worker; and
 - (iii) in the event that the result of the COVID-19 rapid antigen test is positive for an international aircrew service worker, the date, time and result of a COVID-19 PCR test undertaken on that worker.

14. Hotel quarantine

In relation to a work premises that is a hotel quarantine work premises, an employer must provide regular training to workers (including, but not limited to, an induction for all workers commencing at, or returning to, the work premises) that covers:

- (1) good hygiene practices; and
- (2) advising workers not to attend the work premises when unwell.

15. Hospitals

In relation to a work premises identified in Column 1 of Schedule 1, an employer must comply with the restrictions and requirements outlined in Column 2 of Schedule 1, except in relation to:

- (1) an in vitro fertilisation (IVF) procedure performed at a work premises that is a registered facility; or
- (2) a procedure for the surgical termination of pregnancy.

PART 3 – GENERAL PROVISIONS

16. Relationship with other Orders

- (1) If there is any inconsistency between this Order and a pandemic order in force or other requirement contained in a Detention Notice, this Order is inoperative to the extent of the inconsistency.
- (2) If there is any inconsistency between this Order and a requirement contained in the **Workplace Order**, the **Workplace Order** is inoperative to the extent of the inconsistency.

17. Severability

To the extent that any part of this Order is held to be in excess of power or otherwise invalid it is intended that it is to be taken to be valid to the extent to which it is not in excess of that power.

18. Transitional provisions

- (1) A reference in any pandemic order in force to a Revoked Additional Industry Obligations Order is taken on and after the commencement of this Order to be a reference to this Order.

- (2) Any act, matter or thing that had effect under a Revoked Additional Industry Obligations Order immediately before it was revoked continues to have effect under this Order.
- (3) Without limiting subclause (2), this Order is subject to any exemption, benefit, requirement or entitlement (however described) to which a Revoked Additional Industry Obligations Order was subject immediately before it was revoked.
- (4) This clause is subject to any express provision to the contrary in this Order.

PART 4 – PENALTIES

19. Penalties

Section 165BN of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** provides:

Failure to comply with pandemic order, direction or other requirement

- (1) A person commits an offence if the person refuses or fails to comply with a pandemic order, or with a direction given to the person, or a requirement made of the person, in the exercise of a pandemic management power.
Penalty: In the case of a natural person, 60 penalty units;
Penalty: In the case of a body corporate, 300 penalty units.
- (2) A person is not guilty of an offence against subsection (1) if the person had a reasonable excuse for refusing or failing to comply.

*Note: the **Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019** provide for infringement notices to be served on any person who has refused or failed to comply (without a reasonable excuse) with a pandemic order, or a direction given or a requirement made in the exercise of a pandemic management power. The amount payable pursuant to the infringement notice varies depending on the nature of the failure or refusal and the age of the person.*

SCHEDULE 1 – RESTRICTIONS ON ELECTIVE SURGERY

Work premises (Column 1)	Current elective surgery restrictions (Column 2)
<p>Private hospitals (excluding day procedure centres) in the local government area of the City of Ballarat, the City of Greater Shepparton, the City of Greater Bendigo, the City of Latrobe, the Rural City of Wangaratta and the City of Greater Geelong.</p> <p>Private hospitals and day procedure centres in Metropolitan Melbourne.</p>	<p>(a) An employer may only permit elective surgery (including multi-day surgery and non-urgent surgery) to be performed if the employer does not exceed the volume cap on elective surgery procedures in paragraph (b).</p> <p>(b) An employer must ensure that the volume of elective surgery procedures performed per week at each registered facility does not exceed 100 per cent of the usual volume of allocated list time prior to the introduction of restrictions on elective surgery procedures under the revoked Workplace (Additional Industry Obligations) Directions (No. 51).</p> <p>(c) An employer must work in partnership with public hospitals to support system response to the COVID-19 pandemic, as required, including hospital capacity and workforce.</p> <p>(d) The following services provided by an employer do not count towards the volume cap in place at each registered facility in accordance with paragraph (b):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) all activity undertaken on behalf of public health services or public hospitals; and (ii) emergency surgery.
<p>All public health services in Victoria.</p>	<p>(a) Subject to (b), an employer may permit an elective surgery procedure to be performed that is a Category 1, Category 2, Category 3 or non-urgent non-ESIS elective surgery procedure.</p> <p>(b) An employer must ensure:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) the volume of elective surgery activity is determined by the employer's assessment of capacity in consultation with the Department and in line with agreed Health Service Partnership bed plans; and (ii) all patients requiring elective surgery must be prioritised based on clinical need; and (iii) COVID-19 demand is met; and (iv) workforce pressures are manageable to support the resumption of non-urgent elective surgery. <p>(c) If an employer intends to reduce the volume of non-urgent elective surgery, the employer must notify the Department.</p> <p>(d) If paragraph (c) applies, an employer should ensure elective surgery procedures that are not urgent elective surgery procedures, including Category 2 elective surgery procedures, Category 3 elective surgery procedures and non-urgent non-ESIS procedures, are reduced in the first instance.</p>

Work premises (Column 1)	Current elective surgery restrictions (Column 2)
	<p>(e) An employer of a public health service operating a COVID-19 streaming area must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) continue to focus on supporting patients with COVID-19; and(ii) establish local partnerships with public and private hospitals with a focus on treating Category 1 and Category 2 patients within the clinically recommended time. <p>(f) An employer of a public health service that is not operating a COVID-19 streaming area must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(i) provide required capacity to support the COVID-19 pandemic response; and(ii) support requests by other public health services operating a COVID-19 streaming area to treat Category 1 and Category 2 patients within clinically recommended time.

SCHEDULE 2 – DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Order:

abattoir has the meaning under the PrimeSafe licence categories ‘abattoirs (domestic)’ and ‘abattoirs (exports)’;

Additional Obligation Industries has the meaning in clause 7(1);

aircraft means an aircraft that is mainly used for the purpose of, or is engaged, or is intended or likely to be engaged, in a flight wholly within Australia;

airport means a facility that receives scheduled international passenger air transport services and / or passenger charter air services from international markets;

authorised officer has the same meaning as in the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

care facility has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

care facility worker has the same meaning as ‘care facility worker’ in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

Category 1 elective surgery procedure means a procedure that is clinically indicated within 30 days and where the patient’s condition has the potential to deteriorate quickly to the point where the patient’s condition may become an emergency;

Category 2 elective surgery procedure means procedure that is clinically indicated within 90 days and is unlikely to deteriorate quickly or become an emergency during that period;

Category 3 elective surgery procedure means a procedure that is clinically indicated within 365 days but is unlikely to deteriorate quickly;

childcare or early childhood service means onsite early childhood education and care services or children’s services provided under the:

- (1) **Education and Care Services National Law 2010** and the **Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011**, including long day care services, kindergartens and/or preschool and family daycare services, but not including outside school hours care services; and
- (2) **Children’s Services Act 1996**, including limited hours services, budget based funded services, occasional care services, early childhood intervention services, mobile services and (if applicable) school holiday care programs;

confirmed case means a worker or person diagnosed with COVID-19 and includes the period of time prior to the diagnosis during which the worker is considered infectious;

Note: the period during which a person is considered infectious is generally considered to be 48 hours prior to the onset of COVID-19 symptoms, however, alternative infectious periods may be determined at the discretion of an officer or nominated representative of the Department (for instance, in high-risk settings or if the confirmed case is asymptomatic).

construction site means a work premises at which civil works, building or construction activities take place;

COVID-19 means the contagious disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2;

COVID-19 PCR test means a COVID-19 polymerase chain reaction test;

COVID-19 symptoms has the same meaning as in the **Workplace Order**;

COVID streaming area means any patient treatment area nominated by the relevant health service as an area dedicated to treating a confirmed case or confirmed cases, including negative pressure rooms for COVID-19 patients;

day procedure centre has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

density quotient has the same meaning as in the **Workplace Order**;

Department means the Department of Health;

Detention Notice means a notice given to a person requiring the person to be detained for a specified period under the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

elective surgery procedure means an urgent elective surgery procedure, urgent non-ESIS procedures, Category 1 elective surgery procedure, Category 2 elective surgery procedure, Category 3 elective surgery procedure or non-urgent non-ESIS procedure;

employee includes a person who is self-employed;

employer means a person who owns, operates or controls a work premises and includes a person who is self-employed or a sole-trader;

excepted person has the same meaning as in the **Open Premises Order**;

face covering has the same meaning as in the **Workplace Order**;

fully vaccinated has the same meaning as in the **Open Premises Order**;

high-risk hospital work premises means any hospital ward treating a confirmed case or cases of COVID-19;

high-risk hospital work premises worker means any worker involved in the direct care of patients, and those who interact with a high-risk hospital work premises;

hospital has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

hotel quarantine means a place (being a hotel or other facility or class of facility), designated by the Attorney-General and published in the Government Gazette, where people are detained in or directed to remain in, or are staying in, quarantine, isolation or emergency accommodation at, for the purpose of eliminating or reducing the serious risk to public health posed by the COVID-19 pandemic;

inspector has the same meaning as in the **Occupational Health and Safety Act 2004**;

meat processing facility has the meaning under the PrimeSafe licence category ‘further meat processing facilities’;

Metropolitan Melbourne means the area within the municipal districts under the local government of the municipal councils set out in Schedule 2 of the **Planning and Environment Act 1987**;

Movement and Gathering Order means the **Pandemic (Movement and Gathering) Order 2022 (No. 4)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

non-urgent non-ESIS procedure means a non-time critical procedure that is not reported via the Elective Surgery Information System where the patient’s condition is unlikely to deteriorate quickly;

Open Premises Order means the **Pandemic (Open Premises) Order 2022 (No. 5)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

outbreak has the same meaning as in the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**;

pandemic orders in force has the same meaning as in the **Movement and Gathering Order**;

patient has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

perishable food work premises means a work premises that is predominantly a perishable food facility that is a chilled distribution facility;

personal protective equipment has the same meaning as in the **Occupational Health and Safety Regulations 2017**;

port means the port of Melbourne, the port of Geelong, the port of Portland, the port of Hastings and any other port declared under section 6 of the **Port Management Act 1995** in relation to which port lands or port waters or both port lands and port waters have been declared under section 5 of the **Port Management Act 1995**;

port of entry means a port or airport;

port of entry worker has the meaning in clause 13(1);

poultry processing facility has the meaning under the PrimeSafe licence category ‘poultry meat processing facilities’;

premises has the same meaning as in the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

private hospital has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

public health service has the same meaning as in the **Health Services Act 1988**;

public hospital has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order means the **Pandemic (Quarantine, Isolation and Testing) Order 2022 (No. 6)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

reasonably practicable is to have its ordinary and common sense meaning;

Regional Victoria means the areas within the State of Victoria that are not part of Metropolitan Melbourne;

registered facility means a private hospital or a day procedure centre that is registered with the Department as a ‘private hospital’ or a ‘day procedure centre’;

representative in relation to the operator of a construction site means the site manager, the duty holder or a registered builder;

Revoked Additional Industry Obligations Order means the **Workplace (Additional Industry Obligations) Directions (No. 58)** or the **Pandemic (Additional Industry Obligations) Order 2022 (No. 8)**, or their predecessors;

school means a registered school as defined in the **Education and Training Reform Act 2006**;

seafood processing facility has the meaning under the PrimeSafe licence category ‘seafood processing facilities’;

supermarket has the same meaning as ‘supermarket business’ in the **Food Act 1984**, and includes supermarket distribution and warehousing (including in relation to liquor products) but excludes retail facilities;

supermarket work premises means the total of all supermarket distribution facilities;

Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements means the Department document that lists the industries (as amended from time to time on the advice of the Chief Health Officer) that are required to carry out surveillance testing on their workers, and also sets out the surveillance testing requirements for those listed industries;

Note: the Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements are available at www.health.vic.gov.au/covid-19/surveillance-testing-industry-list-covid-19 as amended from time to time by the Victorian Government.

urgent elective surgery procedure means:

- (1) a procedure where admission within 30 days is clinically indicated for a condition that has the potential to deteriorate quickly to the point that it might become an emergency;
- (2) an urgent non-ESIS procedure including a procedure undertaken for the purposes of cancer diagnosis and early or overdue cancer surveillance;

urgent non-ESIS procedure means a procedure that is a time critical procedure that is not reported via the Elective Surgery Information System where the patient’s condition is likely to deteriorate quickly including procedures undertaken for the purposes of cancer diagnosis and early or overdue cancer surveillance;

vehicle has the same meaning as in the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

*Note: under the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**, vehicle includes any means of transport, whether used on land, sea or in the air.*

visiting health care professional means a health care worker whose usual place of work is not the facility but who attends to provide health care services to a resident or facility;

Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order means the **Pandemic (Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities) Order 2022 (No. 4)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

Workplace Order means the **Pandemic (Workplace) Order 2022 (No. 6)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

work premises means the premises of an employer in which work is undertaken, including any vehicle whilst being used for work purposes, and including a seasonal work premises;

Note: a work premises does not include an employee's ordinary place of residence.

worker includes employees, labour hire, subcontractors (and their employees), volunteers and any other person engaged or permitted by an employer to perform work.

Dated 18 March 2022

MARTIN FOLEY MP
Minister for Health

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

GUIDANCE FOR THE PANDEMIC (QUARANTINE, ISOLATION AND TESTING)
ORDER 2022 (No. 6)

This Order requires persons to limit the spread of COVID-19 including by requiring persons who are:

- (1) diagnosed with COVID-19 or probable cases to self-isolate; or
- (2) close contacts to self-quarantine and undertake testing; or
- (3) exposed persons, social contacts or symptomatic persons in the community to observe relevant testing requirements issued by the Department.

There are different requirements for self-quarantine and testing depending on the level of exposure to someone diagnosed with COVID-19.

Failure to comply with this Order may result in penalties.

This guidance does not form part of the Pandemic (Quarantine Isolation and Testing) Order 2022 (No. 6) and it is for explanatory purposes only.

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

PANDEMIC (QUARANTINE, ISOLATION AND TESTING) ORDER 2022 (No. 6)

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Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

PANDEMIC (QUARANTINE, ISOLATION AND TESTING) ORDER 2022 (No. 6)

I, Martin Foley, Minister for Health, make the following Order under the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** in the belief that this Order is reasonably necessary to protect public health throughout Victoria from the serious risk arising from the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic disease.

PART 1 – PRELIMINARY**1. Objective**

The objective of this Order is to require persons to limit the spread of COVID-19 including by requiring persons:

- (1) diagnosed with COVID-19 or who are probable cases to self-isolate;
- (2) who are living with a diagnosed person or a probable case or who have been in close contact with a diagnosed person or a probable case, to self-quarantine and undertake testing;
- (3) who are exposed persons, social contacts or symptomatic persons in the community to observe relevant testing requirements issued by the Department.

2. Citation

This Order may be referred to as the **Pandemic (Quarantine, Isolation and Testing) Order 2022 (No. 6)**.

3. Authorising provision

This Order is made under section 165AI of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**.

4. Commencement and revocation

- (1) This Order commences at 11:59:00 pm on 18 March 2022 and ends at 11:59:00 pm on 12 April 2022.
- (2) The **Pandemic (Quarantine, Isolation and Testing) Order 2022 (No. 5)** is revoked at 11:59:00 pm on 18 March 2022.

5. Definitions

Terms used in this Order have the meanings set out in Schedule 1.

6. Application of this Order

- (1) This Order applies to the whole State of Victoria.
- (2) This Order does not apply to a person during the period in which they are detained pursuant to a direction given by an authorised officer under section 165BA of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**.

PART 2 – SELF-ISOLATION FOR DIAGNOSED PERSONS**7. Who is a diagnosed person?**

- (1) A person is a diagnosed person if the person at any time before, on or after the commencement of this Order, has received a positive result from a COVID-19 PCR test and is not a recent confirmed case.
- (2) A person ceases to be a diagnosed person when they have completed self-isolation in accordance with this Part 2 or a Revoked Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order.

8. Requirement to self-isolate

A diagnosed person must self-isolate under this Order:

- (1) if the diagnosis is communicated to the person on or after the commencement of this Order; or
- (2) if the diagnosis was communicated to the person before the commencement of this Order.

Note: the requirements of self-isolation are specified in clause 34. A diagnosed person can still leave the premises at which they are self-isolating to obtain medical care.

9. Location of self-isolation

- (1) A diagnosed person must self-isolate:
 - (a) if clause 8(1) applies, at the premises chosen by the person under subclause (2); or
 - (b) if clause 8(2) applies, at the premises at which the person was required to reside under a Revoked Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order.
- (2) For the purposes of subclause (1)(a), the diagnosed person may choose to self-isolate at:
 - (a) a premises at which they ordinarily reside; or
 - (b) another premises that is suitable for the person to reside in for the purpose of self-isolation.

Note 1: a person can decide to self-isolate at a hotel or other suitable location, instead of self-isolating at their ordinary place of residence.

Note 2: once a person has chosen the premises at which to self-isolate, the person must reside at that premises for the entirety of the period of self-isolation unless an exemption to move to and self-isolate at an alternate premises has been given: see clauses 34(2)(a) and 34(4).

- (3) If a diagnosed person who has chosen a premises under subclause (2) is not at the premises at the time when the choice is made, the person must immediately and directly travel to that premises, unless the person is admitted to a hospital or other facility for the purposes of receiving medical care.

10. Self-isolation period

- (1) For the purposes of clause 8, the period of self-isolation begins:
 - (a) if clause 8(1) applies, when the diagnosis is communicated to the person; or
 - (b) if clause 8(2) applies, upon the commencement of this Order.
- (2) For the purposes of clause 8 and subject to clause 37, the period of self-isolation ends seven days from the date on which the person undertook a COVID-19 PCR test, from which they were diagnosed with COVID-19.

Note: if a person's period of self-isolation ends before the commencement of this Order, they are not required to self-isolate on the commencement of this Order. If a person's period of self-isolation begins but does not end before the commencement of this Order, they are only required to self-isolate for the remainder of their self-isolation period on the commencement of this Order.

11. Notifications by the diagnosed person

- (1) Immediately after choosing a premises under clause 9(2), the diagnosed person must:
 - (a) if any other person is residing at the premises chosen by the diagnosed person, notify the other person that:
 - (i) the diagnosed person has been diagnosed with COVID-19; and
 - (ii) the diagnosed person has chosen to self-isolate at the premises; and
 - (b) notify the Department of the address of the premises chosen by the diagnosed person.
- (2) If, during the period that a diagnosed person is self-isolating at a premises for the purposes of clause 8, another person informs the diagnosed person that they intend to commence residing at the premises chosen by the diagnosed person, the diagnosed person must inform the other person of their diagnosis.
- (3) The diagnosed person must as soon as practicable notify the persons listed below that the diagnosed person has been diagnosed with COVID-19, and of the diagnosed person's infectious period:
 - (a) the operator of any education facility at which they are enrolled, if the diagnosed person attended an indoor space at the education facility during their infectious period; and

Note: the diagnosed person's parent, guardian or carer may notify the operator of the education facility on behalf of the diagnosed person for the purpose of paragraph (a).

- (b) any person who is a close contact or a social contact of the diagnosed person, to the extent the diagnosed person is able to reasonably ascertain and notify such person.

PART 3 – SELF-ISOLATION FOR PROBABLE CASES

12. Who is a probable case?

- (1) A person is a probable case if the person at any time before, on or after the commencement of this Order, has received a positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test and is not a recent confirmed case.
- (2) A person ceases to be a probable case after the person has completed self-isolation in accordance with this Part 3.

13. Requirement to self-isolate

A probable case must self-isolate under this Order:

- (1) if the person received the positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test on or after the commencement of this Order; or
- (2) if the person received the positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test before the commencement of this Order.

Note: the requirements of self-isolation are specified in clause 34. A probable case can still leave the premises at which they are self-isolating to obtain medical care.

14. Location of self-isolation

- (1) A probable case must self-isolate:
 - (a) if clause 13(1) applies, at the premises chosen by the person under subclause 9(2); or
 - (b) if clause 13(2) applies, at the premises at which the person was required to reside under a Revoked Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order.
- (2) For the purposes of subclause (1)(a), the probable case may choose to self-isolate at:
 - (a) a premises at which they ordinarily reside; or
 - (b) another premises that is suitable for the person to reside in for the purpose of self-isolation.

Note 1: a person can decide to self-isolate at a hotel or other suitable location, instead of self-isolating at their ordinary place of residence.

Note 2: once a person has chosen the premises at which to self-isolate, the person must reside at that premises for the entirety of the period of self-isolation unless an exemption to move to and self-isolate at an alternative premises has been given: see clauses 34(2)(a) and 34(4).

- (3) If a probable case who has chosen a premises under subclause (2) is not at the premises at the time when the choice is made, the person must immediately and directly travel to that premises, unless the person is admitted to a hospital or other facility for the purposes of receiving medical care.

15. Self-isolation period

- (1) For the purposes of clause 13, the period of self-isolation begins:
 - (a) if clause 13(1) applies, when the probable case received a positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test; or
 - (b) if clause 13(2) applies, upon the commencement of this Order.
- (2) For the purposes of clause 13 and subject to clause 37, the period of self-isolation ends on the earlier of:
 - (a) seven days from the date on which the probable case received a positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test; or
 - (b) the day on which a negative result is received by the probable case from a COVID-19 PCR test that was undertaken within 48 hours after the COVID-19 rapid antigen test from which the person became a probable case.

Note 1: if the probable case undertakes a COVID-19 PCR test within 48 hours after receiving the positive result from the COVID-19 rapid antigen test and receives a positive result from the

COVID-19 PCR test, the probable case is not required to restart their self-isolation period; that period still begins from the relevant date under subclause (1).

Note 2: if a person's period of self-isolation ends before the commencement of this Order, they are not required to self-isolate on the commencement of this Order. If a person's period of self-isolation begins but does not end before the commencement of this Order, they are only required to self-isolate for the remainder of their self-isolation period on the commencement of this Order.

16. Notification by the probable case

- (1) Immediately after choosing a premises under clause 14(2), the probable case must:
 - (a) if any other person is residing at the premises chosen by the probable case, notify the other person that:
 - (i) the probable case has received a positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test; and
 - (ii) the probable case has chosen to self-isolate at the premises; and
 - (b) notify the Department of the positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test by submitting a COVID-19 Positive Rapid Antigen Test Self-Reporting Form or by calling the Department's COVID-19 hotline and providing:
 - (i) the positive result from the COVID-19 Rapid antigen test; and
 - (ii) the address of the premises chosen by the probable case.

Note: notification to the Department is to occur by the submission of the COVID-19 Positive Rapid Antigen Test Self-Reporting Form online at dhvicgovau.powerappsportals.com/rapid-antigen-tests/ as amended or reissued from time to time by the Secretary of the Department or by calling the Department's COVID-19 hotline on 1300 651 160.

- (2) If, during the period that a probable case is self-isolating at a premises for the purposes of clause 13, another person informs the probable case that they intend to commence residing at the premises chosen by the probable case, the probable case must inform the other person of their positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test.
- (3) The probable case must as soon as practicable notify the persons listed below that the probable case has received a positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test, and of the probable case's infectious period:
 - (a) the operator of any education facility at which they are enrolled, if the probable case attended an indoor space at the education facility during their infectious period; and

Note: the probable case's parent, guardian or carer may notify the operator of the education facility on behalf of the probable case for the purpose of paragraph (a).

 - (b) any person who is a close contact or a social contact of the probable case, to the extent the probable case is able to reasonably ascertain and notify such person.

PART 4 – SELF-QUARANTINE FOR CLOSE CONTACTS

17. Who is a close contact?

- (1) A person is a close contact if the person is not a recent confirmed case and before, on or after the commencement of this Order:
 - (a) an officer or nominated representative of the Department makes a determination that the person is a close contact of a diagnosed person or a probable case, including in the event of an outbreak, and has given that person a notice of the determination in accordance with subclause (2); or
 - (b) the person has spent more than four hours in an indoor space at a private residence, accommodation premises or care facility with a diagnosed person or a probable case during their infectious period.
- (2) For the purposes of subclause (1)(a), the notice:
 - (a) may be given orally or in writing, and, if given orally, must be confirmed in writing as soon as reasonably practicable; and
 - (b) is not required to be in a particular form.

18. Requirement to self-quarantine

Subject to clause 22, a close contact must self-quarantine under this Order:

- (1) if the person becomes a close contact on or after the commencement of this Order; or
- (2) if the person became a close contact before the commencement of this Order.

Note: the requirements of self-quarantine are specified in clause 34.

19. Location of self-quarantine

- (1) A close contact may choose to self-quarantine:
 - (a) if clause 18(1) applies, at:
 - (i) a premises at which they ordinarily reside; or
 - (ii) another premises that is suitable for the person to reside in for the purpose of self-quarantine; or

Note 1: a person can decide to self-quarantine at a hotel or other suitable location, instead of self-quarantining at their ordinary place of residence.

Note 2: once a person has chosen the premises at which to self-quarantine, the person must reside at that premises for the entirety of the period of self-quarantine unless an exemption to move to and self-quarantine at an alternate premises has been given: see clauses 34(2)(a) and 34(4).

- (b) if clause 18(2) applies, at a premises at which the person was permitted to reside under a Revoked Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order.
- (2) If, at the time a person becomes aware or is given notice that they are a close contact, the person is not at the premises chosen by the person under subclause (1), the person must immediately and directly travel to those premises.

20. Self-quarantine period

- (1) Subject to clause 21 and if clause 18(1) applies, if a close contact self-quarantines at the same premises where the diagnosed person or the probable case is self-isolating, the close contact's period of self-quarantine begins:
 - (a) on the date the diagnosed person undertook a COVID-19 PCR test, from which they were diagnosed with COVID-19; or
 - (b) on the date the probable case received a positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test.
- (2) Subject to clause 21 and if clause 18(1) applies, if a close contact self-quarantines at a different premises from where the diagnosed person or the probable case is self-isolating, the close contact's period of self-quarantine begins from the date the close contact most recently had in-person contact with the diagnosed person or the probable case.
- (3) Subject to clause 21 and if clause 18(2) applies, a close contact period of self-quarantine begins upon the commencement of this Order.

21. End of period of self-quarantine

For the purposes of this clause, the period of self-quarantine ends on the earlier of:

- (1) subject to subclauses (2) to (5), seven days from the relevant date specified under clause 20(1) or 20(2) or as varied or revoked under clause 23; or
- (2) if the notice given to the person under clause 17(1)(a) is revoked under clause 23, at the time that revocation takes effect; or
- (3) if the person becomes a diagnosed person, when the diagnosis is communicated to the person; or
- (4) if the person becomes a probable case, the date the person receives a positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test; or

Note: a close contact who becomes a diagnosed person will then be required to self-isolate under clause 8.

Note: a close contact who becomes a probable case will then be required to self-isolate under clause 13.

- (5) if the person is a close contact of a probable case, the date the probable case receives a negative test result from a COVID-19 PCR test that was undertaken within 48 hours after the COVID-19 rapid antigen test from which the person became a probable case.

Note: a close contact of a probable case may end self-quarantine early if the probable case receives a negative COVID-19 PCR test result before the seven day self-isolation period provided that the COVID-19 PCR test is undertaken within 48 hours of the COVID-19 rapid antigen test.

Note: if a person's period of self-quarantine ends before the commencement of this Order, they are not required to self-quarantine on the commencement of this Order. If a person's period of self-quarantine begins but does not end before the commencement of this Order, they are only required to self-quarantine for the remainder of their self-quarantine period on the commencement of this Order.

22. Exception – previous clearance

- (1) A close contact is not required to self-quarantine under this clause if the person has been given clearance from self-quarantine by the Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit in accordance with subclause (2).
- (2) For the purposes of subclause (1):
- (a) the Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit may make a determination in relation to a person if the Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit is satisfied that the person is at negligible risk of infection of COVID-19, on the basis that the person has previously been a diagnosed person or probable case and has since been given clearance from self-isolation and must give the person notice of the decision; and
 - (b) for the purposes of paragraph (a), the notice must be in writing but is not required to be in a particular form.

23. Review of determination and notice

- (1) The Chief Health Officer, a Deputy Chief Health Officer, a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit or an authorised officer who is authorised to exercise the pandemic management powers under section 165AW(2) of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**, may review a determination made under clause 17(1)(a) and, if satisfied that it is appropriate, having regard to Departmental Requirements, may vary or revoke the notice given to the person under clause 17(1)(a) and must give the person notice of the decision.
- (2) For the purposes of subclause (1), the notice must be given in writing but is not required to be in a particular form.

24. Notifications by the close contact

If a close contact is required to self-quarantine under clause 18 and, during the period of self-quarantine, another person informs the close contact that they intend to commence residing at the premises chosen by the close contact, the close contact must inform the other person of their self-quarantine.

25. Testing of persons in self-quarantine

- (1) A close contact must comply with the relevant requirements set out in the Testing Requirements for Contacts and Exposed Persons and, where applicable, follow the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure.
- (2) If a close contact is required to self-quarantine under clause 18 and, during the period of self-quarantine, the person receives a COVID-19 PCR test result stating that they have been diagnosed with COVID-19, the person becomes a diagnosed person and must self-isolate under clause 8.
- (3) If a close contact is required to self-quarantine under clause 18 and, during the period of self-quarantine, the person receives a positive result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test, the person becomes a probable case and must self-isolate under clause 13.

- (4) If a close contact of a diagnosed person or a probable case is required to self-quarantine under clause 18 and, during the period of self-quarantine, the person receives a negative result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test or a COVID-19 PCR test result stating that they have not been diagnosed with COVID-19, the person must, if the period of self-quarantine has not expired, continue to self-quarantine under clause 18 for the remainder of the self-quarantine period.

PART 5 – EXPOSED PERSONS

26. Who is an exposed person?

For the purposes of this clause, a person is an exposed person if:

- (1) the person is a worker who has attended a work premises; and
- (2) the worker is not a close contact or a recent confirmed case; and
- (3) the worker has spent at least:
 - (a) 15 minutes of face-to-face contact; or
 - (b) two hours in an indoor space,
at the work premises with a diagnosed person or a probable case during the diagnosed person's or the probable case's infectious period.

27. Testing Requirements of exposed persons

A person who is an exposed person must comply with the relevant requirements set out in the Testing Requirements for Contacts and Exposed Persons and, where applicable, follow the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure.

PART 6 – EDUCATION FACILITY OBLIGATIONS

28. Notifications by the operator of an education facility

An operator of an education facility who has been informed under clause 11(3)(a) or 16(3)(a) that a diagnosed person or a probable case attended that education facility during the diagnosed person's or the probable case's infectious period must take reasonable steps to notify the parents, guardians and carers of the persons enrolled at the education facility during the relevant infectious period:

- (1) that a diagnosed person or probable case has attended the education facility during the diagnosed person's or probable case's infectious period; and
- (2) to monitor if the person enrolled at the education facility begins to experience COVID-19 symptoms; and
- (3) that the person enrolled at the education facility must, if they begin to experience COVID-19 symptoms, comply with the relevant requirements set out in the Testing Requirements for Contacts and Exposed Persons and, where applicable, follow the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure.

29. Collection of information by operators of an education facility

- (1) The operator of an education facility must collect, record and store the following information:
 - (a) the dates on which they were notified under clause 11(3)(a) or 16(3)(a) of any diagnosed persons or probable cases who attended the education facility during their infectious period; and
 - (b) the dates that any diagnosed persons or probable cases attended the education facility during their infectious period.
- (2) For the purposes of complying with this clause, an operator of an education facility is authorised to use any information that it holds under subclause (1).

PART 7 – SOCIAL CONTACTS AND SYMPTOMATIC PERSONS IN THE COMMUNITY**30. Who is a social contact?**

A person is a social contact if:

- (1) the person has spent more than 15 minutes of face-to-face contact with a diagnosed person or a probable case during the diagnosed person's or a probable case's infectious period; or
- (2) the person has spent more than two hours in an indoor space with a diagnosed person or a probable case during the diagnosed person's or the probable case's infectious period; and the person is not a close contact, exposed person or recent confirmed case.

31. Testing of social contacts

A social contact must comply with the relevant requirements set out in the Testing Requirements for Contacts and Exposed Persons and, where applicable, follow the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure.

32. Who is a symptomatic person in the community?

A person is a symptomatic person in the community if:

- (1) the person is experiencing one or more COVID-19 symptoms, unless those symptoms are caused by an underlying health condition or medication; and
- (2) the person is not a close contact, exposed person, social contact or a recent confirmed case.

33. Testing of symptomatic person in the community

A symptomatic person in the community must comply with the relevant requirements set out in the Testing Requirements for Contacts and Exposed Persons and, where applicable, follow the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure.

PART 8 – GENERAL PROVISIONS**34. Requirements of self-isolation and self-quarantine**

- (1) This clause applies to a person who is required to:
 - (a) self-isolate at a premises under clauses 8 or 13; or
 - (b) self-quarantine at a premises under clause 18.
- (2) The person identified in subclause (1):
 - (a) must reside at the premises for the entirety of the period of self-isolation or self-quarantine, as the case requires, except for any period that the person is admitted to a hospital or other facility for the purposes of receiving medical care; and
 - (b) must not leave the premises, except:
 - (i) for the purposes of obtaining medical care or medical supplies; or
 - (ii) for the purposes of transporting another person with whom they reside to or from a hospital if the person identified in subclause (1) is asymptomatic for COVID-19; or
 - (iii) for the purposes of getting tested for COVID-19; or
 - (iv) in any emergency situation; or
 - (v) if required to do so by law; or
 - (vi) for the purposes of visiting a patient in hospital if permitted to do so under the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**; or
 - (vii) for the purposes of working in a care facility if permitted to do so under the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**; or
 - (viii) for the purpose of sitting a Senior Secondary examination provided that the person is not a diagnosed person or a probable case; and

- (c) must not permit any other person to enter the premises unless:
 - (i) that other person:
 - (A) ordinarily resides at the premises; or
 - (B) is required to self-isolate or self-quarantine at the premises under this Order; or
 - (ii) it is necessary for the other person to enter for medical or emergency purposes; or
 - (iii) the other person is a disability worker, and it is necessary for the disability worker to enter for the purpose of providing a disability service to a person with a disability; or
 - (iv) it is necessary for the other person to enter for the purpose of providing personal care or household assistance to the person as a result of that person's age, disability or chronic health condition; or
Examples: personal care includes assistance with showering, toileting, eating; household assistance includes help with cooking, house cleaning, laundry and gardening.
 - (v) the entry is otherwise required or authorised by law.
- (3) Subclause (2)(c) does not apply to a person who is a resident of a care facility.
Note: the Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order governs who can enter a care facility.
- (4) Despite subclause (2)(a):
 - (a) a diagnosed person or a probable case who is required to self-isolate; or
 - (b) a close contact who is required to self-quarantine,may apply under clause 38(2) to the Chief Health Officer, a Deputy Chief Health Officer, a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit for an exemption from the requirement to remain at the premises chosen for the purposes of subclause (2)(a) for the purpose of moving to an alternate premises for the remainder of the period of self-quarantine or self-isolation.
- (5) Despite subclause (2)(a), a healthcare worker who is a close contact and required to self-quarantine, may apply to the Chief Health Officer, a Deputy Chief Health Officer or a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit under clause 39(2) for an exemption from the requirement to remain at the premises chosen for the purposes of subclause (2)(a) for the purpose of a healthcare worker who is a close contact returning to work.

35. Service Victoria authorisation

- (1) The Service Victoria CEO may:
 - (a) collect and display information to demonstrate a rapid antigen test result using the Service Victoria Platform; and
 - (b) collect and display other information relating to the rapid antigen test result, including related personal information and health information, using the Service Victoria Platform; and
 - (c) share information collected under paragraph (a) and (b) with the Department; and
 - (d) store and display the history of rapid antigen test results and enable the sharing of this information by a person using the Service Victoria Platform; and
 - (e) provide exposure notifications to persons through the Service Victoria Platform advising that they may have been exposed to COVID-19 in accordance with data managed by the Department.
- (2) Where a person is unable to use the Service Victoria Platform to demonstrate their rapid antigen test result, that information may be collected from another person on behalf of the person who is unable to use the Service Victoria Platform, using the Service Victoria Platform.

- (3) The Service Victoria CEO must delete any rapid antigen test result and related information collected under subclause (1)(a) and (1)(b) as soon as practicable after seven days of it being collected using the Service Victoria Platform.
- (4) Persons who receive a notification under subclause (1)(e) must follow any direction contained in the notification received through the Service Victoria Platform.

36. General exemption power

- (1) A person is not required to comply with a requirement of this Order if the person is granted an exemption from that requirement under subclause (2).
- (2) The Chief Health Officer or Deputy Chief Health Officer may exempt a person or a group of persons, from any or all requirements contained in this Order, if satisfied that an exemption is appropriate, having regard to the:
 - (a) need to protect public health; and
 - (b) principles in sections 5 to 10 of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**, as appropriate.
- (3) An exemption under subclause (2) must:
 - (a) be given, in writing, to the person or a group of persons the subject of the exemption; and
 - (b) specify the requirement or requirements that the person or a group of persons need not comply with.
- (4) An exemption granted to a person or group of persons under this clause does not prevent an authorised officer from exercising a pandemic management power to give a person or a group of persons a different order or impose a different requirement on the person or group of persons.

37. Exemption power – variation to the period of self-isolation for a diagnosed person or a probable case

- (1) If a person is granted an exemption from the requirement under subclause 38(2), they:
 - (a) are not required to comply with the requirement to remain in self-isolation for the period specified in clause 10 (if the person is a diagnosed person) or clause 15 (if the person is a probable case); and
 - (b) must comply with the period of self-isolation specified in the exemption.
- (2) The Chief Health Officer, a Deputy Chief Health Officer or a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit may:
 - (a) exempt a person or group of persons from requirement to remain in self-isolation for the period specified in clause 10 (if the person is a diagnosed person) or clause 15 (if the person is a probable case); and
 - (b) require the person or group of persons to self-isolate for a shorter period of time, if satisfied that an exemption is appropriate having regard to the:
 - (c) need to protect public health; and
 - (d) principles in sections 5 to 10 of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**, as appropriate.
- (3) An exemption under subclause (2) must:
 - (a) be given, in writing, to the person the subject of the exemption; and
 - (b) specify the requirement or requirements that the person need not comply with; and
 - (c) the period of time during which they must self-isolate.
- (4) An exemption granted to a person under subclause (2) does not prevent an authorised officer from exercising a pandemic management power to give the person a different order or impose a different requirement on the person.

38. Exemption power – alternate premises for self-quarantine or self-isolation

- (1) A person is not required to comply with the requirement to remain at the premises chosen for the purposes of clause 34(2)(a) for the purpose of moving to an alternate premises for the remainder of the period of self-isolation or self-quarantine if the person is granted an exemption from the requirement under subclause (2).
- (2) The Chief Health Officer, a Deputy Chief Health Officer or a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit may exempt a person or group of persons from any or all requirements in clauses 9(1), 9(2), 14(1), 14(2) (location of self-isolation) or 19 (location of self-quarantine) or 34(2)(a), if satisfied that an exemption from a requirement is appropriate having regard to the:
 - (a) need to protect public health; and
 - (b) principles in sections 5 to 10 of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**, as appropriate.
- (3) An exemption under subclause (2) must:
 - (a) be given, in writing, to the person the subject of the exemption; and
 - (b) specify the requirement or requirements that the person need not comply with.
- (4) An exemption granted to a person under subclause (2) does not prevent an authorised officer from exercising a pandemic management power to give the person a different order or impose a different requirement on the person.

39. Exemption power – healthcare worker who is a close contact – return to work

- (1) A healthcare worker who is a close contact is not required to comply with a requirement to remain at the premises chosen for the purposes of clause 34(2)(a) for the purpose of the healthcare worker returning to work if the person is granted an exemption from the requirement under subclause (2).
- (2) The Chief Health Officer, a Deputy Chief Health Officer, a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit may exempt a person from any or all of the requirements of clause 19 (location of self-quarantine) or clause 34(2)(a), if satisfied that an exemption from that requirement is appropriate having regard to the:
 - (a) need to protect public health; and
 - (b) principles in sections 5 to 10 of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**, as appropriate.
- (3) An exemption under subclause (2) must:
 - (a) be given, in writing, to the person the subject of the exemption; and
 - (b) specify the requirement or requirements that the person need not comply with.
- (4) An exemption granted to a person under subclause (2) does not prevent an authorised officer from exercising a pandemic management power to give the person a different order or impose a different requirement on the person.

40. Severability

To the extent that any part of this Order is held to be in excess of power or otherwise invalid it is intended that it is to be taken to be valid to the extent to which it is not in excess of that power.

41. Transitional provisions

- (1) A reference in any pandemic order in force to a Revoked Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order is taken on and after the commencement of this Order to be a reference to this Order.
- (2) Any act, matter or thing that had effect under a Revoked Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order immediately before it was revoked continues to have effect under this Order.

- (3) Without limiting subclause (2), this Order is subject to any exemption, benefit, requirement or entitlement (however described) to which a Revoked Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order was subject immediately before it was revoked.
- (4) This clause is subject to any express provision to the contrary in this Order.

PART 9 – PENALTIES

42. Penalties

Section 165BN of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** provides:

Failure to comply with pandemic order, direction or other requirement

- (1) A person commits an offence if the person refuses or fails to comply with a pandemic order, or with a direction given to the person, or a requirement made of the person, in the exercise of a pandemic management power.
Penalty: In the case of a natural person, 60 penalty units;
Penalty: In the case of a body corporate, 300 penalty units.
- (2) A person is not guilty of an offence against subsection (1) if the person had a reasonable excuse for refusing or failing to comply.

*Note: the **Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019** provide for infringement notices to be served on any person who has refused or failed to comply (without a reasonable excuse) with a pandemic order, or a direction given or a requirement made in the exercise of a pandemic management power. The amount payable pursuant to the infringement notice varies depending on the nature of the failure or refusal and the age of the person.*

SCHEDULE 1 – DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Order:

accommodation premises has the same meaning as in the **Open Premises Order**;

authorised officer has the same meaning as in the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

care facility has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

childcare or early childhood service means onsite early childhood education and care services or children’s services provided under the:

- (a) **Education and Care Services National Law 2010** and the **Education and Care Services National Regulations 2011**, including long day care services, kindergartens and/or preschool and family daycare services, but not including outside school hours care services; and
- (b) **Children’s Services Act 1996**, including limited hours services, budget based funded services, occasional care services, early childhood intervention services, mobile services and (if applicable) school holiday care programs;

close contact has the meaning in clause 17(1);

COVID-19 means the contagious disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2;

COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Workers) Order means the **Pandemic COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Workers) Order 2022 (No. 5)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

COVID-19 PCR test means a COVID-19 polymerase chain reaction test;

COVID-19 Positive Rapid Antigen Test Self-Reporting Form means the form titled ‘COVID-19 Positive Rapid Antigen Test Self-Reporting Form’, as amended or reissued from time to time by the Secretary of the Department and available at dhvicgov.au.powerappsportals.com/rapid-antigen-test/

COVID-19 rapid antigen test means a COVID-19 rapid antigen test;

COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure means if a person completed a COVID-19 rapid antigen test:

- (a) the person must undertake a second COVID-19 rapid antigen test as soon as possible if the person receives an invalid test result from the first COVID-19 rapid antigen test, such that it is not possible to conclude that the result is a negative test result; and
- (b) if the result of the second COVID-19 rapid antigen test is invalid such that it is not possible to conclude that the result is negative, the person must complete a COVID-19 PCR test within 24 hours and remain in self-quarantine until the person receives a negative test result;

COVID-19 symptoms means the following symptoms that a person may experience:

- (a) fever;
- (b) chills or sweats;
- (c) cough;
- (d) sore throat;
- (e) shortness of breath;
- (f) runny nose;
- (g) loss of or change in sense of smell or taste;

COVID-19 vaccine means either a one dose COVID-19 vaccine or a two dose COVID-19 vaccine;

Department means the Victorian Department of Health;

Departmental Requirements means the document titled ‘Case, Contact and Outbreak Management Policy’, as amended or reissued from time to time by the Victorian Government with the approval of the Chief Health Officer or a Deputy Chief Health Officer;

designated Local Public Health Unit means:

- (a) Western Public Health Unit;
- (b) South Eastern Public Health Unit;
- (c) North Eastern Public Health Unit;
- (d) Barwon South West Public Health Unit;
- (e) Grampians Wimmera Southern Mallee Public Health Unit;
- (f) Loddon–Mallee Public Health Unit;
- (g) (Hume) Goulburn Valley Public Health Unit;
- (h) (Hume) Albury–Wodonga Public Health Unit;
- (i) Gippsland Public Health Unit;

diagnosed person has the meaning in clause 7;

Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit means a person with the title of Director or Medical Lead in a designated Local Public Health Unit who is authorised under section 165AW(2)(a) of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** to exercise the pandemic management powers or to exercise public health risk powers;

disability has the same meaning as in the **Disability Service Safeguards Act 2018**;

disability service has the same meaning as in the **Disability Service Safeguards Act 2018**;

disability worker has the same meaning as in the **Disability Service Safeguards Act 2018**;

education facility means:

- (a) premises at which a childcare or early childhood service is provided;
- (b) premises at which an outside school hours care service is provided;
- (c) a school;
- (d) school boarding premises;

employee includes a person who is self-employed;

employer means a person who owns, operates or controls work premises (or a work premises) and includes a person who is self-employed;

excepted person has the same meaning as in the **Open Premises Order**;

exemption means an exemption granted by the Chief Health Officer or the Deputy Chief Health Officer, or a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit under clause 36(2), 37(2), 38(2), 39(2) of these directions;

exposed person has the meaning in clause 26;

healthcare worker means a worker of a health service managed by a designated Local Public Health Unit;

hospital has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

indoor space means an area, room or premises that is or are substantially enclosed by a roof and walls that are either floor to ceiling high or are at least 2.1 metres high, regardless of whether the roof or walls or any part of them are:

- (a) permanent or temporary; or
- (b) open or closed;

infectious period means the period:

- (a) commencing:
 - (i) if the person undertook a COVID-19 PCR test or COVID-19 rapid antigen test (from which they were diagnosed with COVID-19) without experiencing symptoms of COVID-19, 48 hours before the person undertook the COVID-19 PCR test or COVID-19 rapid antigen test; or

- (ii) if the person was experiencing symptoms of COVID-19 at the time they undertook a COVID-19 PCR test or COVID-19 rapid antigen test (from which they were diagnosed with COVID-19), 48 hours before the person first experienced symptoms; and
- (b) concluding:
 - (i) seven days from the date on which the person undertook the COVID-19 PCR test or COVID-19 rapid antigen test (from which they were diagnosed with COVID-19); or
 - (ii) where a person is a probable case, on the date which the probable case undertook the COVID-19 PCR test from which a negative result was received; or
 - (iii) such other time as specified by an officer or nominated representative of the Department;

one dose COVID-19 vaccine means ‘COVID-19 Vaccine Janssen’ (Janssen-Cilag);

Open Premises Order means the **Pandemic (Open Premises) Order 2022 (No. 5)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

outbreak means a declaration made by the Chief Health Officer, a Deputy Chief Health Officer, a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit in relation to a specific location at which diagnosed persons or probable cases were present at a specific time, which presents a public health risk of the transmission of COVID-19;

pandemic management powers has the same meaning as in the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

premises means:

- (a) a building, or part of a building; and
- (b) any land on which the building is located, other than land that is available for communal use;

probable case has the meaning in clause 12;

rapid antigen test result means the result of COVID-19 rapid antigen test, whether positive, negative or invalid;

recent confirmed case means a person who:

- (a) has already commenced but has not completed a period of self-isolation in accordance with Part 2 or Part 3 of this Order; or
- (b) has completed a period of self-isolation in accordance with Part 2 or Part 3 of this Order and the period of self-isolation ended within the previous 8 weeks;

resident of a care facility has the same meaning as in the **Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order**;

Revoked Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order means the **Diagnosed Persons and Close Contacts Directions (No. 35)** or the **Pandemic (Quarantine, Isolation and Testing) Order 2022 (No. 5)**, or their predecessors;

school means a registered school as defined in the **Education and Training Reform Act 2006**;

school boarding premises means a registered school boarding premises, as defined in the **Education and Training Reform Act 2006**;

Senior Secondary examination means an examination relating to a senior secondary certificate;

Service Victoria has the same meaning as in the **Service Victoria Act 2018**;

Service Victoria CEO has the same meaning as in the **Service Victoria Act 2018**;

Service Victoria Platform means the digital system provided by the Service Victoria CEO and other parts of the Victorian Government;

social contact has the meaning in clause 30;

symptomatic person in the community has the meaning in clause 32;

Testing Requirements for Contacts and Exposed Persons means the document titled ‘Testing Requirements for Contacts and Exposed Persons’ as amended or reissued from time to time by the Secretary of the Department of Health;

two dose COVID-19 vaccine means any of the following:

- (a) Vaxzevria (AstraZeneca);
- (b) Comirnaty (Pfizer);
- (c) Spikevax (Moderna);
- (d) Coronavac (Sinovac);
- (e) Covishield (Astrazeneca/Serum Institute of India);
- (f) Covaxin (Bharat Biotech);
- (g) BBIP-CorV (Sinopharm);
- (h) Sputnik V (Gamaleva Research Institute);
- (i) Nuvaxovid (Bioelect on behalf of Novavax);

Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order means the **Pandemic (Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities) Order 2022 (No. 4)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

work premises means the premises of an employer in which work is undertaken, including any vehicle whilst being used for work purposes, but excluding a worker’s ordinary place of residence;

worker includes employees, subcontractors (and their employees), volunteers and any other person engaged or permitted by an employer to perform work.

Dated 18 March 2022

MARTIN FOLEY MP
Minister for Health

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

**GUIDANCE FOR THE PANDEMIC (VICTORIAN BORDER CROSSING)
ORDER 2022 (No. 6)**

This Order provides for persons entering Australia as an international passenger arrival or as international aircrew services workers to limit the spread of COVID-19.

International arrivals must:

- (1) comply with the general post-entry conditions;
- (2) carry and present specific documents on the request of an authorised officer; and
- (3) if applicable, complete prescribed COVID-19 PCR tests or COVID-19 rapid antigen tests.

International passenger arrivals who are adolescents and are not fully vaccinated and not a medically exempt person must travel immediately to the residence in Victoria where they will remain in self-quarantine for a prescribed period of time, unless undertaking essential activities.

International aircrew arrivals who are not fully vaccinated and not a medically exempt person must self-quarantine for a prescribed period of time, unless undertaking essential activities.

This Order also sets out the conditions under which a person may be granted an exemption from this Order. Failure to comply with this Order may result in penalties.

This guidance does not form part of the Pandemic (Victorian Border Crossing) Order 2022 (No. 6) and is for explanatory purposes only.

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

PANDEMIC (VICTORIAN BORDER CROSSING) ORDER 2022 (No. 6)

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Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

PANDEMIC (VICTORIAN BORDER CROSSING) ORDER 2022 (No. 6)

I, Martin Foley, Minister for Health, make the following Order under the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** in the belief that this Order is reasonably necessary to protect public health throughout Victoria from the serious risk arising from the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic disease.

PART 1 – PRELIMINARY**1. Objective**

The objective of this Order is to provide a scheme for persons arriving in Australia as an international passenger arrival or international aircrew services worker, to limit the spread of COVID-19.

2. Citation

This Order may be referred to as the **Pandemic (Victorian Border Crossing) Order 2022 (No. 6)**.

3. Authorising Provision

This Order is made under section 165AI of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**.

4. Commencement and revocation

(1) This Order commences at 11:59:00 pm on 18 March 2022 and ends at 11:59:00 pm on 12 April 2022.

(2) The **Pandemic (Victorian Border Crossing) Order 2022 (No. 5)** is revoked at 11:59:00 pm on 18 March 2022.

5. Definitions

Terms used in this Order have the meanings set out in Schedule 1.

6. Application of this Order

This Order applies to the whole State of Victoria.

PART 2 – REQUIREMENTS FOR INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLERS**Division 1 – Restrictions on entry****7. Restrictions on persons entering Victoria**

(1) A person who has been in another country in the 7 days prior to arrival in Victoria, may only enter Victoria under this Order if the person is an:

- (a) international aircrew services worker and meets all of the requirements in clause 8; or
- (b) international passenger arrival and meets all of the requirements in clause 10.

(2) This Order does not apply to a person who enters Victoria from another country who is not a person specified in subclause (1)(a) or (b).

*Note: a person who is not covered as an international passenger arrival under clause 10 or an international aircrew services worker under clause 8 is not excluded from entering Victoria but is not governed by this Order and may instead be governed by the **Pandemic (Detention) Order**.*

Division 2 – International aircrew services worker**8. Eligibility**

(1) Subject to subclause (2), a person who is an international aircrew services worker may enter Victoria if the person:

- (a) is fully vaccinated; or
- (b) is a medically exempt person; or
- (c) is not fully vaccinated or a medically exempt person but is an Australian based international aircrew services worker.

- (2) A person who enters Victoria as an international aircrew services worker under subclause (1)(c) and remains for a period of 48 hours or longer in Victoria must have completed either:
- (a) a pre-departure COVID-19 rapid antigen test within 24 hours of their scheduled departure for Victoria and comply with the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure; or
 - (b) a pre-departure COVID-19 PCR test within 3 days of their scheduled departure for Victoria.

9. International aircrew services worker – Obligations after entry

- (1) A person who enters Victoria as an international aircrew services worker under subclause 8(1)(a) or 8(1)(b) must, for the period between when they arrive in Victoria and until the day that is 7 days after the person arrived in Australia or when they leave Victoria (whichever occurs first):
- (a) comply with the general post-entry conditions; and
 - (b) carry and present on request to an authorised officer, a Victoria Police member or a Protective Services Officer (or other person under such person's direction):
 - (i) an acceptable form of identification; and
 - (ii) international acceptable evidence to show that they are fully vaccinated or international acceptable certification to show they are a medically exempt person.
- (2) A person who enters Victoria as an international aircrew services worker under subclause 8(1)(c) must, for a period 7 days after arrival in Victoria or until their next scheduled international flight (whichever is sooner):
- (a) comply with the general post-entry conditions; and
 - (b) travel immediately and directly to the residence in Victoria where they will self-quarantine; and
 - (c) while in direct transit to their place of self-quarantine in Victoria, leave their vehicle only for the purposes of:
 - (i) obtaining medical care or medical supplies; or
 - (ii) accessing toilet and bathroom facilities; or
 - (iii) paying for fuel; or
 - (iv) purchasing essential items; or
 - (v) purchasing takeaway food or drink; and
 - (d) if leaving their vehicle for a permitted reason in paragraph (c) :
 - (i) wear a face covering at all times unless, in accordance with the pandemic orders in force, an exception from the requirement to wear a face covering applies to the person; and
 - (ii) practise physical distancing; and
 - (iii) keep detailed records of each place they stop; and
 - (e) must:
 - (i) remain in self-quarantine, unless undertaking essential activities, for a period 7 days after arrival in Victoria or until their next scheduled international flight (whichever is sooner); and
 - (ii) if leaving self-quarantine to undertake essential activities as permitted under subparagraph (i):
 - (A) wear a face covering at all times unless, in accordance with the pandemic orders in force, an exception from the requirement to wear a face covering applies to the person; and
 - (B) practise physical distancing; and

- (iii) complete:
 - (A) a COVID-19 PCR test within 24 hours of arrival in Victoria and remain in self-quarantine as required under subparagraph (i); or
 - (B) a COVID-19 rapid antigen test within 24 hours of arrival in Victoria, and comply with the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure and remain in self-quarantine as required under subparagraph (i); and
- (f) must carry and present on request to an authorised officer, a Victoria Police member or a Protective Services Officer (or other person under such person's direction) an acceptable form of identification.

Division 3 – International passenger arrival

10. Eligibility

- (1) A person may enter Victoria as an international passenger arrival if the person, at the time they enter in Victoria, is:
 - (a) 12 years and 2 months of age or above and is fully vaccinated or a medically exempt person; or
 - (b) younger than 12 years and 2 months of age and is either:
 - (i) travelling with at least one parent or guardian who is fully vaccinated or is a medically exempt person; or
 - (ii) travelling unaccompanied; or
 - (c) at least 12 years and 2 months of age and less than 18 years of age and is not fully vaccinated or a medically exempt person and is either:
 - (i) travelling with at least one parent or guardian who is fully vaccinated or is a medically exempt person; or
 - (ii) travelling unaccompanied.

11. Conditions after arrival – all international passenger arrivals

- (1) An international passenger arrival who enters Victoria under clause 10(1) must, for the period between when they arrive in Victoria and until the day that is 7 days after the person arrived in Australia:
 - (a) comply with all general post-entry conditions; and
 - (b) carry and present on request to an authorised officer, Victoria Police member or a Protective Services Officer (or other person under such person's direction):
 - (i) an acceptable form of identification; and
 - (ii) if applicable, evidence of their COVID-19 PCR test results in accordance with clause 12(1) or clause 13(1); and
 - (iii) international acceptable evidence or international acceptable certification to show that:
 - (A) they are fully vaccinated or a medically exempt person; or
 - (B) if younger than 12 years and 2 months of age, at least one of their parents or guardians is fully vaccinated or is a medically exempt person; or
 - (C) if at least 12 years and 2 months of age and less than 18 years of age and not:
 - 1. fully vaccinated or a medically exempt person; or
 - 2. travelling unaccompanied,at least one of their parents or guardians is fully vaccinated or is a medically exempt person.

12. Additional conditions after arrival – all international passenger arrivals except adolescents who are not fully vaccinated and are not a medically exempt person

- (1) An international passenger arrival who enters Victoria under clause 10(1) (other than under clause 10(1)(c)) must:
- (a) if they are required to self-quarantine under paragraph (e), travel immediately and directly to the premises in Victoria where they will self-quarantine; and
 - (b) if they are required to self-quarantine under paragraph (e), whilst in direct transit to their place of self-quarantine in Victoria, only leave their vehicle for the purposes of:
 - (i) obtaining medical care or medical supplies; or
 - (ii) accessing toilet and bathroom facilities; or
 - (iii) paying for fuel; or
 - (iv) purchasing essential items; or
 - (v) purchasing takeaway food or drink; and
 - (c) if leaving their vehicle for a permitted reason in paragraph (b):
 - (i) wear a face covering at all times unless, in accordance with the pandemic orders in force, an exception from the requirement to wear a face covering applies to the person; and
 - (ii) practise physical distancing; and
 - (iii) keep detailed records of each place they stop; and
 - (d) complete:
 - (i) a COVID-19 PCR test; or
 - (ii) if specified in the International Arrivals and Aircrew Testing Requirements, a COVID-19 rapid antigen test and comply with the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure, within 24 hours of arrival in Victoria if the person is in Victoria at any time within 24 hours of arrival in Australia and has not already taken either a COVID-19 PCR test or if applicable, a COVID-19 rapid antigen test and complied with the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure, within 24 hours of arrival in Australia; and
 - (e) remain in self-quarantine, unless undertaking essential activities, until they receive a negative result from their COVID-19 test carried out within 24 hours of arrival in Victoria in accordance with paragraph (d) or until their next scheduled international flight (whichever is sooner); and
 - (f) if leaving self-quarantine to undertake essential activities as permitted under paragraph (e):
 - (i) wear a face covering at all times unless, in accordance with the pandemic orders in force, an exception from the requirement to wear a face covering applies to the person; and
 - (ii) practise physical distancing; and
 - (g) if they are required to self-quarantine under paragraph (e), not share spaces or facilities at the premises at which they are self-quarantining, including a bedroom, bathroom or kitchen, with any other person who is not self-quarantining.

13. Additional conditions after arrival – adolescents who are not fully vaccinated and are not a medically exempt person

- (1) If a person enters Victoria under clause 10(1)(c), that person must, in addition to the obligations specified in clause 11(1):
 - (a) travel immediately and directly to, and self-quarantine at, the premises at which the person will reside for the purposes of self-quarantine for the period when they arrive in Victoria until the day that is 8 days after the person arrived in Australia. If the person arrived in Victoria after the end of the self-quarantine period, the person is not required to self-quarantine; and
 - (b) whilst in direct transit to their place of self-quarantine in Victoria, only leave their vehicle for the purposes of:
 - (i) obtaining medical care or medical supplies; or
 - (ii) accessing toilet and bathroom facilities; or
 - (iii) paying for fuel; or
 - (iv) purchasing essential items; or
 - (v) purchasing takeaway food or drink; and
 - (c) if leaving their vehicle for a permitted reason in paragraph (b):
 - (i) wear a face covering at all times unless, in accordance with the pandemic orders in force, an exception from the requirement to wear a face covering applies to the person; and
 - (ii) practise physical distancing; and
 - (iii) keep detailed records of each place they stop; and
 - (d) complete:
 - (i) a COVID-19 PCR test; or
 - (ii) if specified in the International Arrivals and Aircrew Testing Requirements, a COVID-19 rapid antigen test and comply with the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure, within 24 hours of arrival in Victoria if the person is in Victoria at any time within 24 hours of arrival in Australia and has not already taken either a COVID-19 PCR test or if applicable, a COVID-19 rapid antigen test and complied with the COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure, within 24 hours of arrival in Australia; and
 - (e) remain in self-quarantine unless undertaking essential activities for the period specified in paragraph (a); and
 - (f) if leaving self-quarantine to undertake essential activities under paragraph (e):
 - (i) wear a face covering at all times unless, in accordance with the pandemic orders in force, an exception from the requirement to wear a face covering applies to the person; and
 - (ii) practise physical distancing; and
 - (g) not share spaces or facilities at the premises at which they are self-quarantining, including a bedroom, bathroom or kitchen, with any other person who is not self-quarantining.

PART 3 – EXEMPTIONS**14. Request for exemption**

- (1) A person is not required to comply with a requirement of this Order if the person is granted an exemption from that requirement under clause 15(2).
- (2) A person may request an exemption:
 - (a) by contacting the Department by phone; or

- (b) in any form as determined by the Department from time to time.

Note: an exemption request under paragraph (b) is to occur by the submission of the COVID-19 Exemption Smart Form online at djscswms.powerappsportals.com/covid-19-exemption-smart-form/ as amended or reissued from time to time by the Secretary of the Department.

- (3) A request for exemption must contain all information reasonably required by the Department from time to time, for the purpose of protecting public health.

15. Power to grant exemptions

- (1) A person may request an exemption from any or all requirements contained in this Order.
- (2) The Chief Health Officer or Deputy Chief Health Officer (or the Secretary or a Deputy Secretary to the Department or an Executive Director or Director in the COVID-19 Response Division of the Department) may exempt a person or group of persons from any or all requirements contained in these directions, if satisfied that an exemption is appropriate, having regard to the:
- (a) need to protect public health; and
 - (b) principles in sections 5 to 10 of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**, as appropriate.
- (3) Before granting any exemption under subclause (2), the Chief Health Officer or Deputy Chief Health Officer (or the Secretary or a Deputy Secretary to the Department or an Executive Director or Director in the COVID-19 Response Division of the Department) must consider:
- (a) the circumstances set out in any request; and
 - (b) any documentary evidence provided by the person, including test results or other medical information in relation to the person; and
 - (c) any further documentary evidence requested by the Chief Health Officer or Deputy Chief Health Officer (or the Secretary or a Deputy Secretary to the Department or an Executive Director or Director in the COVID-19 Response Division of the Department) and provided by the person.
- (4) An exemption under subclause (2):
- (a) must:
 - (i) be given by the Department, in writing, to the person who is the subject of the exemption; or
 - (ii) be published by the Department, in writing, for the purpose of any group of persons who are the subject of the exemption; and
 - (iii) specify the requirement or requirements that the person or group of persons need not comply with; and
 - (b) may be subject to additional or different conditions approved by the Chief Health Officer or Deputy Chief Health Officer.
- (5) An exemption granted under subclause (2) does not prevent an authorised officer from exercising an emergency power or a pandemic management power to give the person or group of persons a different direction or impose a different requirement on the person or group of persons.

16. Conditions of exemption

- (1) A person who receives an exemption under clause 15(2) must:
- (a) enter Victoria within 72 hours of the time set out in the exemption, if applicable; and

Note 1: an exemption will expire if the person does not enter Victoria within 72 hours of the time set out in the exemption and the person will need to re-apply for a new exemption.

Note 2: an exemption may be subject to a condition to enter a particular point of entry into Victoria under clause 15(4)(b).

- (b) carry, and present on request to an authorised officer, a Victoria Police member or a Protective Services Officer (or other person under their direction):
 - (i) the exemption; and
 - (ii) documentary evidence supporting the grounds for the exemption, if applicable; and
 - (iii) an acceptable form of identification; and
 - (c) comply with any conditions imposed on the exemption.
- (2) Nothing in clauses 14(1) to 16(1) prevents an authorised officer from exercising an emergency power or a pandemic management power to give a person a different direction or impose a different requirement or condition of exemption on the person.

PART 4 – GENERAL PROVISIONS

17. Severability

To the extent that any part of this Order is held to be in excess of power or otherwise invalid it is intended that it is to be taken to be valid to the extent to which it is not in excess of that power.

18. Transitional provisions

- (1) A reference in any pandemic order in force to a Revoked Victorian Border Crossing Order is taken on and after the commencement of this Order to be a reference to this Order.
- (2) Any act, matter or thing that had effect under a Revoked Victorian Border Crossing Order immediately before it was revoked continues to have effect under this Order.
- (3) Without limiting subclause (2), this Order is subject to any exemption, benefit, requirement or entitlement (however described) to which a Revoked Victorian Border Crossing Order was subject immediately before it was revoked.
- (4) This clause is subject to any express provision to the contrary in this Order.

PART 5 – PENALTIES

19. Penalties

Section 165BN of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** provides:

Failure to comply with pandemic order, direction or other requirement

- (1) A person commits an offence if the person refuses or fails to comply with a pandemic order, or with a direction given to the person, or a requirement made of the person, in the exercise of a pandemic management power.
 - Penalty: In the case of a natural person, 60 penalty units;
 - Penalty: In the case of a body corporate, 300 penalty units.
- (2) A person is not guilty of an offence against section (1) if the person had a reasonable excuse for refusing or failing to comply.

*Note: the **Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019** provide for infringement notices to be served on any person who has refused or failed to comply (without a reasonable excuse) with a pandemic order, or a direction given or a requirement made in the exercise of a pandemic management power. The amount payable pursuant to the infringement notice varies depending on the nature of the failure or refusal and the age of the person.*

SCHEDULE 1 – DEFINITIONS

For the purposes of this Order:

acceptable certification has the same meaning as in the **Open Premises Order**;

acceptable form of identification means:

- (1) subject to subclauses (2) and (3), photographic personal identification and evidence of the current address where the person ordinarily resides (unless the person is under the age of 18); and

Example: photographic personal identification includes a driver's licence issued by any State or Territory or a passport issued by Australia. Evidence of the current address where the person ordinarily resides includes a driver's licence or any other document issued by any State or Territory or any municipal district, local government area, unincorporated local government area (not including Lord Howe Island) or local authority, including a rates notice.

- (2) if the person is unable to provide photographic personal identification in accordance with subclause (1), two forms of documentary evidence satisfactory to the authorised officer, Victoria Police member or Protective Services Officer (or other person under such person's direction) to prove the person's identity (unless the person is under the age of 18); and

Example: documentary evidence includes Medicare card, Australian, State or Territory government correspondence, credit card or utility bill.

- (3) if the person is unable to provide evidence of the current address where the person ordinarily resides in accordance with subclause (1), other documentary evidence satisfactory to the authorised officer, Victoria Police member or Protective Services Officer (or other person under such person's direction) of the person's address (unless the person is under the age of 18);

Example: a letter from an Indigenous community leader or community services provider confirming the person's identity and confirming the person's address or other place of residence arrangements.

aircrew services worker means a pilot or a member of cabin crew who:

- (1) is undertaking operational flying duties or proficiency training on an aircraft that is not an aircraft of any part of the Australian Defence Force (including any aircraft that is commanded by a member of that Force in the course of duties as such a member); or
- (2) is required by their employer to attend facilities in Victoria for the purpose of undertaking simulator training or emergency procedures training;

authorised officer has the same meaning as in the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

COVID-19 means the contagious disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2;

COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (General Workers) Order means the **Pandemic COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (General Workers) Order 2022 (No. 3)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Facilities) Order means the **Pandemic COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Facilities) Order 2022 (No. 6)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Workers) Order means the **Pandemic COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Workers) Order 2022 (No. 5)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

COVID-19 PCR test means a COVID-19 polymerase chain reaction test;

COVID-19 rapid antigen test procedure means if a person completed a COVID-19 rapid antigen test:

- (1) the person must undertake a second COVID-19 rapid antigen test as soon as possible if the person receives an invalid test result from the first COVID-19 rapid antigen test, such that it is not possible to conclude that the result is a negative test result; and

- (2) if the result of the second COVID-19 rapid antigen test is invalid such that it is not possible to conclude that the result is negative, the person must complete a COVID-19 PCR test within 24 hours and remain in self-quarantine until the person receives a negative test result;

COVID-19 symptoms means symptoms consistent with **COVID-19**, including but not limited to the following:

- (1) a fever ($\geq 37.5^{\circ}\text{C}$) or consistent fever of less than 37.5°C (such as night sweats or chills);
- (2) acute respiratory infection (such as cough, shortness of breath, sore throat);
- (3) loss of smell;
- (4) loss of taste;

COVID-19 vaccine means a vaccine to protect a person against COVID-19 that:

- (1) has been registered, provisionally registered or recognised by the Therapeutic Goods Administration; or
- (2) has been approved by a comparable overseas regulator, as determined by the Therapeutic Goods Administration, under regulation 16DA(3) of the Therapeutic Goods Regulation 1990 of the Commonwealth;

COVIDSafe Plan has the same meaning as in the **Workplace Order**;

Department means the Victorian Department of Health;

emergency powers has the same meaning as in the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

essential activities means;

- (1) obtaining medical care or medical supplies; or
- (2) obtaining a COVID-19 PCR test or COVID-19 rapid antigen test; or
- (3) responding to an emergency situation; or
- (4) activities required to comply with any law; or
- (5) departing the State of Victoria;

face covering means a fitted face mask that covers the nose and mouth to provide the wearer protection against infection (but does not include a face shield);

fully vaccinated means a person who has received either one dose of a one dose COVID-19 vaccine or two doses of a two dose COVID-19 vaccine, including a dose of two different types of a two dose COVID-19 vaccine;

general post-entry conditions means that a person must:

- (1) comply with all of the pandemic orders in force; and
- (2) monitor for COVID-19 symptoms; and
- (3) obtain a test for COVID-19 as soon as possible after experiencing any COVID-19 symptoms; and
- (4) comply with the International Arrivals and Aircrew Testing Requirements (as applicable).

international acceptable certification means the person has a certificate issued by a medical practitioner who is authorised by an overseas government authority or an accredited vaccination provider (a vaccination provider that is accredited in or by the overseas government authority in the country which the person received the vaccination), that is written in English or accompanied by a certified translation and contains:

- (1) the person's name as it appears on their passport; and
 - (2) the person's date of birth or passport number; and
- either
- (3) a certification from the medical practitioner that the person is unable to receive a dose, or a further dose, of a COVID-19 vaccine due to:
 - (a) a medical contraindication; or

- (b) an acute medical illness (including where the person has been diagnosed with COVID-19); or
- (4) a documented diagnosed COVID-19 infection confirmed by a COVID-19 PCR test within the previous 4 months.

Note: a person who enters Victoria as an international passenger arrival has a temporary medical exemption pursuant to subclause (4) and will not meet the definition for a medical exemption in other relevant pandemic orders in force, including the COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Facilities) Order, COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (General Workers) Order, COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Workers) Order and the Open Premises Order, unless they also meet the criteria at subclause (3)(a) or (3)(b).

international acceptable evidence means information about a person's vaccination status:

- (1) information that is derived from a record of information that was made under, or in accordance with, the **Australian Immunisation Register Act 2015** of the Commonwealth; or
- (2) in relation to a person who is fully vaccinated and ordinarily resides outside Australia, is a copy of a paper or digital certificate issued by an overseas government authority or an accredited overseas government vaccination provider that shows the person is fully vaccinated, is written in English or accompanied by a certified translation, and contains:
 - (a) the person's name as it appears in their passport;
 - (b) the person's date of birth or passport number;
 - (c) the vaccine brand name; and
 - (d) the date of each dose or the date on which a full course of immunisation was completed; or
- (3) an Australian International COVID-19 Vaccination Certificate.

international aircrew services worker means:

- (1) an aircrew services worker who is entering or departing Victoria on a flight to or from an international port; or
- (2) an aircrew services worker who is entering Victoria from another State or Territory of Australia for the purpose of undertaking operational flying duties on a flight from Victoria to an international port; or
- (3) an aircrew services worker who is entering Victoria on a flight from another State or Territory of Australia on which they are undertaking operational flying duties and has been in another country in the 7 days prior to entering Victoria;

International Arrivals and Aircrew Testing Requirements means the document titled 'International Arrivals and Aircrew Testing Requirements' as amended or reissued from time to time by the Victorian Government with the approval of the Chief Health Officer or a Deputy Chief Health Officer;

international maritime arrival means a person who is arriving from another country and disembarking a maritime vessel at a Victorian maritime port;

international passenger arrival means a person who is entering Victoria, has been in another country in the 7 days prior to entering, and is not an international aircrew services worker or an international maritime arrival;

international passenger arrival conditions means all of the conditions set out in clause 11(1);

medical contraindication has the same meaning as in the **COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Facilities) Order**;

medical practitioner has the same meaning as in the **COVID-19 Mandatory Vaccination (Specified Facilities) Order**;

medically exempt person means a person who holds an international acceptable certification that the person is unable to receive a dose, or a further dose, of a COVID-19 vaccine due to:

- (1) a medical contraindication; or

- (2) an acute medical illness (including where the person has been diagnosed with COVID-19);

Movement and Gathering Order means the **Pandemic (Movement and Gathering) Order 2022 (No. 4)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

one dose COVID-19 vaccine means ‘COVID-19 Vaccine Janssen’ (Janssen-Cilag);

Open Premises Order means the **Pandemic (Open Premises) Order 2022 (No. 5)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

Pandemic (Detention) Order means the **Pandemic (Detention) Order 2022 (No. 4)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

pandemic management power has the same meaning as in the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**;

pandemic orders in force has the same meaning as in the **Movement and Gathering Order**;

Revoked Victorian Border Crossing Order means the **Victorian Border Crossing Permit Directions (No. 44)** or the **Pandemic (Victorian Border Crossing) Order 2022 (No. 5)**, or their predecessors;

two dose COVID-19 vaccine means any of the following:

- (1) Vaxzevria (AstraZeneca);
- (2) Comirnaty (Pfizer);
- (3) Spikevax (Moderna);
- (4) Coronavac (Sinovac);
- (5) Covishield (Astrazeneca/Serum Institute of India);
- (6) Covaxin (Bharat Biotech);
- (7) BBIP-CorV (Sinopharm);
- (8) Sputnik V (Gamaleya Research Institute);
- (9) Nuvaxovid (Bioclect on behalf of Novavax);

vaccination status means whether a person is fully vaccinated, received one dose of a two dose COVID-19 vaccine or has not received any dose of a **COVID-19 vaccine**;

Victorian maritime port means the authorised first points of entry for international maritime vessels including seaports of Geelong, Melbourne, Portland and Western point;

Workplace Order means the **Pandemic (Workplace) Order 2022 (No. 6)** as amended or replaced from time to time.

Dated 18 March 2022

MARTIN FOLEY MP
Minister for Health

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

GUIDANCE FOR THE PANDEMIC (VISITORS TO HOSPITALS AND CARE FACILITIES) ORDER 2022 (No. 4)

This Order prohibits certain visitors and workers attending hospitals and care facilities to protect vulnerable persons from harm caused by the transmission of COVID-19. A care facility includes residential services, assistance dwellings, residential aged care facilities and the Thomas Embling Hospital.

An operator of a hospital or care facility must not permit an excluded person to visit the premises except in limited circumstances.

An operator of a hospital must not permit visitors to enter the premises unless they are fully vaccinated, provide evidence of a negative result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test or fall under a relevant exception.

An operator of a care facility must not permit visitors to enter the premises unless they provide evidence of a negative result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test or fall under a relevant exception.

The operator of a hospital or care facility is required to:

- (1) restrict the number of visitors per patient or resident per day; and
- (2) restrict the number of visitors with prospective residents.

A child or dependant accompanying a parent, carer or guardian may not be counted in the restrictions on the number of visitors per day, in certain circumstances.

An operator of a hospital or care facility is also required to take all reasonable steps to:

- (1) facilitate telephone, video or other electronic communication with patients and family and support persons to ensure the physical, emotional and social wellbeing of patients and residents;
- (2) ensure that an excluded person does not enter the premises; and
- (3) keep records all visitor details and times of entry and exit for at least 28 days from the day of entry.

Failure to comply with this Order may result in penalties.

This guidance does not form part of the Pandemic (Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities) Order 2022 (No.4) and is for explanatory purposes only.

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

PANDEMIC (VISITORS TO HOSPITALS AND CARE FACILITIES) ORDER 2022 (No. 4)

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Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008

Section 165AI

PANDEMIC (VISITORS TO HOSPITALS AND CARE FACILITIES) ORDER 2022 (No. 4)

I, Martin Foley, Minister for Health, make the following Order under the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** in the belief that this Order is reasonably necessary to protect public health throughout Victoria from the serious risk arising from the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic disease.

PART 1 – PRELIMINARY**1. Objective**

The objective of this Order is to restrict access to hospitals and care facilities in order to limit the spread of COVID-19 within a particularly vulnerable population, balancing the need to limit the spread of COVID-19 against the broader responsibilities of operators to the physical, emotional and psychological wellbeing of their clients.

2. Citation

This Order may be referred to as the **Pandemic (Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities) Order 2022 (No. 4)**.

3. Authorising provision

This Order is made under section 165AI of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**.

4. Commencement and revocation

- (1) The **Pandemic (Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities) Order 2022 (No. 4)** commences at 11:59:00 pm on 18 March 2022 and ends at 11:59:00 pm on 12 April 2022.
- (2) The **Pandemic (Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities) Order 2022 (No. 3)** is revoked at 11:59:00 pm on 18 March 2022.

5. Definitions

Terms used in this Order have the meanings set out in Schedule 1.

6. Application of this Order

This Order applies to the whole State of Victoria.

PART 2 – ENTRY REQUIREMENTS FOR HOSPITALS**7. Prohibition on entry**

A person must not enter, or remain at, a hospital unless:

- (1) the person is a patient of the hospital; or
- (2) the person is a hospital worker, as defined in Schedule 1, and the entry is not otherwise prohibited under this Order; or
- (3) the person is a visitor of a patient of the hospital and the visit is not otherwise prohibited under this Order; or
- (4) the person is present in an area of the hospital in respect of which an exemption under clause 17 is in force.

Note: hospitals also set visiting rules separate to this Order that may include additional requirements, conditions or restrictions that apply to visitors.

8. Entry Requirements

An operator of a hospital must not permit a visitor of a patient to enter, or remain at, the hospital for the purpose of having in-person contact with any patient except if:

- (1) for visitors who are aged 18 years or over:
 - (a) they are fully vaccinated; or
 - (b) they are not fully vaccinated and:
 - (i) present acceptable evidence of a negative result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test undertaken on the same day that the visitor attends the hospital; and
 - (ii) wear an N95 face covering for the duration of their visit; or

*Note: for visitors under subclause (a), face covering requirements contained within the **Movement and Gathering order** continue to apply.*

- (2) for visitors who are aged under 18 years:
 - (a) they are fully vaccinated; or
 - (b) they are not fully vaccinated and present evidence of a negative result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test undertaken on the same day that the visitor attends the hospital.

*Note: for all visitors aged under 18 years, face covering requirements contained within the **Movement and Gathering Order** continue to apply.*

9. Exceptions to Entry Requirements

- (1) The obligations in clause 8 do not apply to an operator of a hospital in relation to the following persons:
 - (a) a person who is visiting for the purpose of providing end-of-life support to a patient of the hospital; or
 - (b) a person who is an essential carer of a patient, where undertaking a COVID-19 rapid antigen test prior to entry is not practicable; or
 - (c) a person who has undertaken a COVID-19 PCR test within 24 hours prior to visiting the hospital and provided acceptable evidence of a negative result from that test to the operator of the hospital; or
 - (d) a person providing professional patient care, including but not limited to:
 - (i) emergency workers in the event of an emergency; and
 - (ii) ambulance workers; and
 - (iii) visiting healthcare professionals; or
 - (e) a person who has a physical or mental health illness or condition, or disability, which makes both vaccination and COVID-19 rapid antigen testing unsuitable; or
 - (f) a person for whom both vaccination and COVID-19 rapid antigen testing are not safe in all the circumstances.
- (2) The obligation in clause 8(1)(b)(ii) does not apply to an operator of a hospital in relation to a person who is not required to wear a face covering under the **Movement and Gathering Order**.

10. Hospital excluded persons

Despite clauses 7, 8 and 9, a hospital worker or a visitor to a patient, or a person referred to in clause 7(4), as applicable, must not enter or remain at a hospital if the person is an excluded person.

11. Hospital may permit certain hospital excluded persons to visit

- (1) Despite clause 10, a person referred to in paragraphs (1), (5) or (6) of the definition of hospital excluded person may enter or remain at a hospital if the person is authorised to enter or remain at the hospital by:
 - (a) an officer of the hospital with the position of Executive Director of Nursing and Midwifery or equivalent; and
 - (b) either:
 - (i) the Chief Health Officer or Deputy Chief Health Officer; or
 - (ii) a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit.
- Note: a person who has been diagnosed with COVID-19 and has not yet been given, or taken to have been given, clearance from self-isolation under the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order** may be authorised to visit the hospital under this subclause. Such authorisation has to be given by the hospital and the Chief Health Officer or the Deputy Chief Health Officer or a Director or Medical lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit, and can be subject to conditions: see subclause (2).*
- (2) A person permitted to enter or remain at a hospital under subclause (1) must comply with any directions or conditions imposed in relation to their visit by either or both of:
 - (a) the officer of the hospital who authorised their visit under subclause (1)(a); and
 - (b) the person who authorised their visit under subclause (1)(b).

- (3) Despite clause 10, a person referred to in paragraphs (2), (3) or (4) of the definition of hospital excluded person may enter or remain at a hospital if:
- (a) the person is:
 - (i) the parent, carer or guardian of the patient, or has temporary care of the patient; or
 - (ii) the partner or support person of a pregnant patient of the hospital, and the purpose of the visit is to attend the birth of the patient's child; or
 - (iii) a person whose presence at the hospital is for the purposes of end of life support for a patient of the hospital; or
 - (iv) an immediate family member of a patient whose medical condition is life threatening; and
 - (b) the person is authorised to enter or remain at the hospital by an officer of the hospital with the position of Executive Director of Nursing and Midwifery or equivalent.

Note: a hospital may determine whether it will allow a person who has been in close contact with a person who has been diagnosed with COVID-19, who has recently arrived from overseas or who has been tested for COVID-19 and has not yet received the results of their test to visit the hospital in certain specified circumstances, and what conditions it will impose on such visits.
- (4) A person permitted to enter or remain at a hospital under subclause (3) must comply with any directions or conditions imposed in relation to their visit by the officer of the hospital who authorised their visit under subclause (3)(b).
- (5) An officer of the hospital referred to in subclause (1)(a) or subclause (3)(b), as the case may be, must keep, in relation to each person to whom they give authorisation under that subclause, a record of:
- (a) the contact details of the person; and
 - (b) the date and time at which that person entered and left the hospital.
- (6) A record under subclause (5) must be kept for at least 28 days from the day the authorisation is given.

12. Restrictions on visitors of patients (end of life)

Where a visitor is visiting for the purposes of providing end of life support to a patient, the operator of a hospital must not permit more than two visitors of a patient to enter or remain on the premises at any one time in relation to that patient.

13. Restrictions on visitors of patients (other)

- (1) A person may visit a patient in a hospital if:
- (a) the person's presence at the hospital is for the purposes of providing essential care and support necessary for the patient's immediate emotional or physical wellbeing (including mental health support and support for people living with dementia); or
 - (b) in the case of a patient of the hospital aged under 18 years – the person is the parent, carer or guardian of the patient or has temporary care of the patient; or
 - (c) in the case of a patient of the hospital who has a mental illness or is living with dementia – the person is the patient's nominated person and the person's presence at the hospital is for the purposes of matters relating to their role as nominated person; or
 - (d) the person's presence at the hospital is for the purposes of providing interpreter or informal language support to enable the delivery of care by hospital workers; or
 - (e) the person's presence at the hospital is for the purposes of the person learning to support the patient's care upon the patient's discharge; or

- (f) in the case of a pregnant patient of the hospital whose status as a patient relates to the pregnancy – the person is the patient’s partner or support person; or
 - (g) in the case of a patient of the hospital who is in a maternity ward whose status as a patient relates to pregnancy or childbirth – the person is the patient’s partner or support person; or
 - (h) in the case of a patient of the hospital attending at the hospital’s emergency department – the person is accompanying the patient; or
 - (i) in the case of a patient of the hospital attending an outpatient appointment – the person is accompanying the patient.
- (2) Where a visitor is visiting for a purpose specified in subclause (1), the operator of a hospital must not permit:
- (a) more than two visitors of a patient to enter or remain on the premises at any one time in relation to that patient; and
 - (b) more than two visitors of a patient to enter or remain on the premises per day in relation to that patient.

14. Child or dependant visitors

- (1) If a person is visiting a hospital for the purposes of providing end of life support to a patient or for a purpose specified in clause 13(1) and they are a parent, carer or guardian of a child or dependant, the child or dependant may accompany that person when attending the hospital and they are not counted in a visitor limit under clause 12 or clause 13 if the visitor cannot be present at the hospital without the child or dependant because the visitor cannot –
- (a) access alternative care arrangements for the child or dependant (whether on a paid or voluntary basis); or
 - (b) leave the child or dependant unattended.
- (2) If a child or dependant is visiting a hospital and the patient they are visiting is their carer, parent or guardian, the child or dependant may be present at the hospital and they are not counted in a visitor limit under clause 12 or 13 if the patient cannot:
- (a) access alternative care arrangements for the child or dependant (whether on a paid or voluntary basis); or
 - (b) leave the child or dependant unattended.

15. Operator of hospital to facilitate communication

The operator of a hospital must take all reasonable steps to facilitate telephone, video or other means of electronic communication with the parents, guardians, partners, carers, support persons and family members of patients to support the physical, emotional and social wellbeing (including mental health) of patients.

16. Operator to take all reasonable steps

- (1) The operator of a hospital must take all reasonable steps to ensure that:
- (a) a person does not enter or remain on the premises of the hospital if the person is prohibited from doing so by this Order; and
 - (b) a record is kept, in relation to each person who enters or remains at the hospital as a visitor under this Order of:
 - (i) the contact details of the person; and
 - (ii) the date and time at which that person entered and left the hospital.
- (2) A record under subclause (1)(b) must be kept for at least 28 days from the day of the entry.

17. Exemption power

The Chief Health Officer or the Deputy Chief Health Officer may, in writing, grant an exemption from this Order in respect of a specified area of a hospital if the Chief Health Officer or the Deputy Chief Health Officer, as the case requires, is satisfied, having regard to the need to limit the spread of COVID-19, that an exemption is appropriate due to:

- (1) the nature of the area; or
- (2) the existing limits on the number of people that may be present in the area (whether because of the operation of an Order under the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008**, or otherwise).

PART 3 – ENTRY REQUIREMENTS FOR CARE FACILITIES**18. Prohibition on entry**

A person must not enter, or remain on, the premises of a care facility unless:

- (1) the person is a resident of the facility; or
- (2) the person is a care facility worker in relation to the facility, as defined in clause 2 of Schedule 1, and the entry is not otherwise prohibited under this Order; or
- (3) the person is a visitor of a resident of the facility and the visit is not otherwise prohibited under this Order; or
- (4) the person is visiting as a prospective resident of the facility, or a visitor that is a support person to a prospective resident of the facility, and the visit is not otherwise prohibited under this Order.

19. Entry Requirement

- (1) An operator of a care facility must not permit:
 - (a) a visitor of a resident of the care facility; or
 - (b) a visitor who is visiting as a prospective resident of the care facility; or
 - (c) a visitor that is a support person to a prospective resident of the care facility,
 to enter, or remain at, the care facility except if they present acceptable evidence of a negative result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test undertaken at the care facility on the same day the visitor attends the care facility.

*Note: for all visitors, face covering requirements contained within the **Movement and Gathering Order** continue to apply.*

- (2) If a visitor listed in subclause (1) cannot, after making reasonable attempts, obtain a COVID-19 rapid antigen test and there are no rapid antigen tests available at the care facility, then the obligation in subclause (1) does not apply to the operator in relation to that visitor only if:
 - (a) in the case of a visitor of a resident of the care facility:
 - (i) the resident who is being visited has had one or no visitors on that day; and
 - (ii) if no other visitors have visited the relevant resident that day, the operator only permits one other visitor to enter, or remain on, the premises to visit the relevant resident on that day; and
 - (b) in the case of a visitor who is visiting as a prospective resident of the care facility, or a visitor that is a support person to a prospective resident of the care facility:
 - (i) the operator only permits one other person accompanying the prospective resident to enter or remain on the premises.

20. Exceptions to Entry Requirements

- (1) The obligations in clause 19 do not apply to an operator of a care facility in relation to the following persons:
- (a) a person who is visiting for the purpose of providing end-of-life support to a resident of the care facility; or
 - (b) a person who is an essential carer of a resident, where undertaking a COVID-19 rapid antigen test prior to entry is not practicable; or
 - (c) a person who has been nominated by an officer of the care facility with the position of Director of the facility or equivalent, where it is not practicable for the person to undertake a COVID-19 rapid antigen test prior to entering the care facility for the purpose of having in-person contact with a resident; or
Example: a person providing urgent assistance to settle a resident experiencing severe symptoms related to dementia.
 - (d) a person who has undertaken a COVID-19 PCR test within 24 hours prior to visiting the care facility and provided acceptable evidence of a negative result from that test to the operator of the care facility; or
 - (e) a person providing professional patient care, including but not limited to:
 - (i) emergency workers in the event of an emergency; and
 - (ii) ambulance workers; and
 - (iii) visiting healthcare professionals.

21. Care facility excluded persons

Despite clause 18, a person who is a care facility worker or a visitor of a resident of the care facility, or a prospective resident of the care facility, or a visitor that is a support person to a prospective resident of the facility, must not enter, or remain on, the premises of the facility if the person is a care facility excluded person.

22. Certain care facility excluded persons may be permitted to visit a care facility

- (1) Despite clause 21, a person referred to in paragraph (3) of the definition of care facility excluded person may enter, or remain on, the premises of the care facility if:
- (a) the person's presence at the facility is for the purposes of providing end of life support to a resident of the care facility; and
 - (b) the person is authorised to enter or remain at the care facility by:
 - (i) an officer of the care facility with the position of Director of the facility or equivalent; and
 - (ii) either;
 - (A) the Chief Health Officer or Deputy Chief Health Officer; or
 - (B) a Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit.
- (2) A person authorised to enter or remain at the care facility under subclause (1) must comply with any directions or conditions to which that authorisation is subject.
- (3) An officer of a care facility referred to in subclause (1)(b)(i) must keep, in relation to each person to whom they give authorisation under that subclause, a record of:
- (a) the contact details of the person; and
 - (b) the date and time at which that person entered and left the care facility.
- (4) A record under subclause (3) must be kept for at least 28 days from the day the authorisation is given.

23. Restrictions on visitors of residents (end of life)

Where a visitor of a resident of the care facility is visiting for the purposes of providing end of life support to a resident, the operator of a care facility in Victoria must not permit more than five visitors of a resident to enter or remain on the premises at any one time in relation to that resident.

Note: the definition of end of life support includes where a patient is at risk of dying from a sudden acute event (life-threatening condition).

24. Restrictions on visitors of residents (other)

- (1) Subject to clause 19(2), where a visitor of a resident of the care facility is visiting, the operator of the care facility must not permit:
 - (a) more than five visitors of a resident to enter or remain on the premises at any one time in relation to a resident; and
 - (b) more than five visitors of a resident to enter or remain on the premises per day in relation to a resident.

25. Restrictions on visitors as prospective residents

- (1) Subject to clause 19(2), if a prospective resident of a care facility visits the care facility, the operator of the care facility must not permit:
 - (a) more than four other persons accompanying the prospective resident to enter or remain on the premises; and
 - (b) more than one visit at the facility for this purpose at any one time.

Note: the care facility may allow multiple visits from prospective residents of the facility over the course of a day, however only one prospective resident and a maximum of four persons accompanying the prospective resident may occur at any one time.

26. Operator to take all reasonable steps

The operator of a care facility must take all reasonable steps to ensure that:

- (1) a person does not enter or remain on the premises of the care facility if the person is prohibited from doing so by clause 18; and
- (2) the care facility facilitates telephone, video or other means of electronic communication with the parents, guardians, partners, carers, support persons and family members of residents to support the physical, emotional and social wellbeing (including mental health) of residents.

27. Visitor declarations

- (1) The operator of a care facility must require visitors in relation to the care facility to declare in writing at the start of each visit, but before entering any area of the care facility that is freely accessible to residents, whether the visitor:
 - (a) is free of COVID-19 symptoms other than symptoms caused by an underlying health condition or medication; and
 - (b) either:
 - (i) has received a negative result from a COVID-19 rapid antigen test on the same day that they attend the care facility; or
 - (ii) after making reasonable attempts, has not been able to obtain a COVID-19 rapid antigen test; and
 - (c) has been in contact with a confirmed case (except in the course of their employment while wearing the appropriate level of personal protective equipment in the circumstances) in the:
 - (i) preceding 7 days if the person is fully vaccinated and is not a close contact; or
 - (ii) preceding 14 days if the person is not fully vaccinated or is a close contact; and

- (d) is currently required to self-isolate or self-quarantine in accordance with the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**.

*Note: operators of care facilities are subject to additional obligations under the **Additional Industry Obligations Order**.*

- (2) Where a visitor of a resident of a care facility is aged under 18 years, a parent, carer or guardian of the visitor may make the declaration required of the visitor by the operator of a care facility under subclause (1) on the visitor's behalf.

PART 4 – GENERAL PROVISIONS

28. Relationship with other Orders

- (1) Where the premises of a care facility are located within the premises of a hospital, the care facilities requirements in this Order apply, in relation to the premises of the care facility and to matters that relate to the care facility.
- (2) This Order operates alongside, and is not intended to derogate from, obligations imposed on operators of care facilities under the **Workplace Order** and **Additional Industry Obligations Order**.

29. Transitional provisions

- (1) A reference in any pandemic order in force to a Revoked Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order is taken on and after the commencement of this Order to be a reference to this Order.
- (2) Any act, matter or thing that had effect under a Revoked Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order immediately before it was revoked continues to have effect under this Order.
- (3) Without limiting subclause (2), this Order is subject to any exemption, benefit, requirement or entitlement (however described) to which a Revoked Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order was subject immediately before it was revoked.
- (4) This clause is subject to any express provision to the contrary in this Order.

30. Severability

To the extent that any part of this Order is held to be in excess of power or otherwise invalid it is intended that it is to be taken to be valid to the extent to which it is not in excess of that power.

PART 5 – PENALTIES

31. Penalties

Section 165BN of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** provides:

Failure to comply with pandemic order, direction or other requirement

- (1) A person commits an offence if the person refuses or fails to comply with a pandemic order, or with a direction given to the person, or a requirement made of the person, in the exercise of a pandemic management power.

Penalty: In the case of a natural person, 60 penalty units;

Penalty: In the case of a body corporate, 300 *penalty units*.

- (2) A person is not guilty of an offence against subsection (1) if the person had a reasonable excuse for refusing or failing to comply.

*Note: the **Public Health and Wellbeing Regulations 2019** provide for infringement notices to be served on any person who has refused or failed to comply (without a reasonable excuse) with a pandemic order, or a direction given or a requirement made in the exercise of a pandemic management power. The amount payable pursuant to the infringement notice varies depending on the nature of the failure or refusal and the age of the person.*

SCHEDULE 1 – DEFINITIONS**1. Definition of care facility**

A **care facility** is a facility in Victoria that is:

- (1) an alcohol and drug residential service;
- (2) a homelessness residential service;
- (3) a residential aged care facility;
- (4) a disability residential service;
- (5) an eligible SDA enrolled dwelling;
- (6) a secure welfare service;
- (7) a short-term accommodation and assistance dwelling;
- (8) a supported residential service;
- (9) the Thomas Embling Hospital.

2. Definition of care facility worker

A person is a **care facility worker** in relation to a care facility if:

- (1) the person is the operator of a care facility or an employee or contractor in relation to the care facility; or
- (2) the person is a student under the supervision of an employee or contractor in relation to the care facility; or
- (3) the person's presence at the premises of the care facility is for the purposes of providing goods or services that are necessary for the effective operation of the care facility, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
- (4) the person's presence at the premises of the care facility is for the purposes of providing any of the following goods or services to a resident of the care facility, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis:
 - (a) health, medical, or pharmaceutical goods or services; or
 - (b) behavioural support services; or
 - (c) functional and well-being support services; or
 - (d) other support services; or
- (5) in the case of a disability residential service or an eligible SDA enrolled dwelling – the person's presence at the premises of the facility is for the purposes of providing treatment under a treatment plan to a resident of the facility, whether the treatment is provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
- (6) in the case of a secure welfare service – the person's presence at the premises of the facility is for the purposes of providing educational services to a resident of the facility, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
- (7) the person's presence at the premises of the care facility is authorised or required for the purposes of emergency management, law enforcement, or the performance of a duty, function or power under a law.

Note: this includes advocates with a legislated role such as the National Aged Care Advocacy Program and the Community Visitors Scheme.

3. Definition of hospital worker

A person is a **hospital worker** in relation to a hospital if:

- (1) the person is an employee or contractor of the hospital or a student under the supervision of an employee or contractor of the hospital; or

- (2) the person's presence at the hospital:
 - (a) is for the purposes of providing health, medical or pharmaceutical goods or services to a patient of the hospital, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; and
 - (b) has been arranged by appointment in advance; and
 - (c) is approved by an officer of the hospital with the position of Chief Medical Officer, Chief Operating Officer, or equivalent; or
- (3) the person is a disability worker and the person's presence at the hospital is for the purposes of providing a disability service to a patient with a disability; or
- (4) the person's presence at the hospital is for the purposes of providing goods or services that are necessary for the effective operation of the hospital, whether the goods or services are provided for consideration or on a voluntary basis; or
Note: union and employer representatives are covered by this subclause (4).
- (5) the person's presence at the hospital is authorised or required for the purposes of emergency management, law enforcement, or the performance of a duty, function or power under a law.

4. Other definitions

For the purposes of this Order:

Additional Industry Obligations Order means the **Pandemic (Additional Industry Obligations) Order 2022 (No. 9)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

alcohol and drug residential service means any of the following:

- (1) a treatment centre within the meaning of the **Severe Substance Dependence Treatment Act 2010**;
- (2) a residential treatment service (however described) that provides drug or alcohol withdrawal or rehabilitation services in a residential setting to people dependent on alcohol or other drugs;
- (3) a service that provides supported accommodation to a person after the person has received residential treatment services of the kind referred to in subclause (2);

care facility has the meaning in clause 1 of this Schedule;

care facility excluded person means a person who:

- (1) is required to self-isolate under the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**; or
- (2) is required to self-quarantine under the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**; or
- (3) had known contact with a confirmed case (except in the course of their employment while wearing the appropriate level of personal protective equipment in the circumstances) in the:
 - (a) 7 days immediately preceding entry if the person is fully vaccinated and is not a close contact and has not returned a negative COVID-19 PCR test; or
 - (b) 14 days immediately preceding entry if the person is not fully vaccinated or is a close contact and has not returned a negative COVID-19 PCR test; or

*Note: a person who has had known contact with a person who has been diagnosed with COVID-19 may also be required to self-quarantine under the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**.*

- (4) has COVID-19 symptoms unless those symptoms are caused by an underlying health condition or medication; or

Note: for the purposes of this Order, COVID-19 symptoms, including but not limited to acute respiratory infection (such as cough, shortness of breath, sore throat), loss of smell, and loss of taste do not include those symptoms where caused by an underlying health condition or medication.

- (5) in the case of a visitor – has been tested for COVID-19, and has not yet received the results of that test;

*Note: subclause (5) does not include a person who is required to be tested for COVID-19 in accordance with the requirements of the **Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements**.*

care facility worker has the meaning in clause 2 of this Schedule;

close contact has the same meaning as in the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**;

confirmed case means a person who has been diagnosed with COVID-19 and includes the period of time prior to the diagnosis during which the confirmed case is considered infectious;

Note: the period during which a person is considered infectious is generally considered to be 48 hours prior to the onset of COVID-19 symptoms, however, alternative infectious periods may be determined at the discretion of an officer or nominated representative of the Department (for instance, in high-risk settings or if the confirmed case is asymptomatic).

contractor in relation to a hospital means a person engaged as a contractor by the operator of the hospital in relation to the provision of health, medical or pharmaceutical services by the hospital;

Examples: visiting medical officers, locum doctors.

COVID-19 means the contagious disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2;

COVID-19 PCR test means a COVID-19 polymerase chain reaction test;

COVID-19 symptoms means symptoms consistent with COVID-19, including but not limited to the following:

- (1) a fever ($\geq 37.5^{\circ}\text{C}$) or consistent fever of less than 37.5°C (such as night sweats or chills);
- (2) acute respiratory infection (such as cough, shortness of breath, sore throat);
- (3) loss of smell;
- (4) loss of taste;

day procedure centre has the same meaning as in the **Health Services Act 1988**;

denominational hospital has the same meaning as in the **Health Services Act 1988**;

designated Local Public Health Unit means:

- (a) Western Public Health Unit;
- (b) South Eastern Public Health Unit;
- (c) North Eastern Public Health Unit;
- (d) Barwon South West Public Health Unit;
- (e) Grampians Wimmera Southern Mallee Public Health Unit;
- (f) Loddon-Mallee Public Health Unit;
- (g) (Hume) Goulburn Valley Public Health Unit;
- (h) (Hume) Albury-Wodonga Public Health Unit;
- (i) Gippsland Public Health Unit;

Director or Medical Lead of a designated Local Public Health Unit means a person with the title of Director or Medical Lead in a designated Local Public Health Unit who is authorised under section 165AW(2)(a) of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** to exercise the pandemic management powers or to exercise public health risk powers;

disability has the same meaning as in the **Disability Service Safeguards Act 2018**;

disability residential service means a residential service within the meaning of the **Disability Act 2006** and to avoid doubt, includes the facility called the Intensive Residential Treatment Program of the Statewide Forensic Service;

Note: the Intensive Residential Treatment Program of the Statewide Forensic Service is often referred to as 'DFATS'.

disability service has the same meaning as in the **Disability Service Safeguards Act 2018**;

disability service provider has the same meaning as in the **Disability Act 2006**;

disability worker has the same meaning as in the **Disability Service Safeguards Act 2018**;

eligible SDA enrolled dwelling means a Specialist Disability Accommodation (SDA) enrolled dwelling that is provided under an SDA residency agreement within the meaning of section 498B of the **Residential Tenancies Act 1997**;

employee or contractor in relation to a care facility, means a person employed or engaged as a contractor by the operator of a care facility, and includes a person who provides labour hire services to the operator of a care facility;

end of life in relation to a patient or a resident:

- (1) means a situation where the person's death is expected within days (including periods of 28 days or less), or where the person, with or without existing conditions, is at risk of dying from a sudden acute event;
- (2) does not mean a situation where a person has an advanced, progressive, incurable condition, or general frailty and co-existing conditions, that mean that the person is expected to die within 12 months (except where the situation also falls within subclause (1));

flexible care subsidy has the same meaning as in the **Aged Care Act 1997** of the Commonwealth;

fully vaccinated has the same meaning as in the **Open Premises Order**;

homelessness residential service means a service that is funded by government to provide a staffed residential service to people who are homeless or at risk of being homeless;

hospital means:

- (1) a public hospital;
- (2) a denominational hospital;
- (3) a multi-purpose service;
- (4) a private hospital;
- (5) a day procedure centre;

hospital excluded person means a person who:

- (1) has been diagnosed with COVID-19, and has not yet been given, or been taken to have been given, clearance from self-isolation under **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**; or
- (2) is required to self-quarantine under the **Victorian Border Crossing Order** ; or
- (3) had known contact with a person who has been diagnosed with COVID-19 in the:
 - (a) 7 days immediately preceding entry if the person is fully vaccinated and is not a close contact and has not returned a negative COVID-19 PCR test; or
 - (b) 14 days immediately preceding entry if the person is not fully vaccinated or is a close contact and has not returned a negative COVID-19 PCR test; or

*Note: a person who has had known contact with a person who has been diagnosed with COVID-19 may also be required to self-quarantine under the **Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order**.*

- (4) the person has a temperature higher than 37.5 degrees or symptoms of acute respiratory infection unless the temperature or symptoms are caused by an underlying health condition or medication; or

Note: for the purposes of this Order, the symptoms described within subclause (4), including but not limited to acute respiratory infection (such as cough, shortness of breath, sore throat) and a temperature higher than 37.5 degrees do not include those symptoms where caused by an underlying health condition or medication.

- (5) the person is aged under 16 years, other than in circumstances where:
 - (a) either:
 - (i) the person's presence at the hospital is for the purposes of end of life support for a patient; or

- (ii) the person is visiting a patient who has a life-threatening medical condition; and
- (b) either:
 - (i) the person aged under 16 years is a child, grandchild or sibling of the patient, or has a kinship relation to the patient; or
 - (ii) clause 14 applies.
- (6) in the case of a visitor – the person has been tested for COVID-19 and has not yet received the results of that test.

Note: subclause (6) does not include a person who is required to be tested for COVID-19 in accordance with the requirements of the Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements.

hospital worker has the meaning in clause 3 of this Schedule;

international aircrew services worker has the same meaning as in the **Victorian Border Crossing Order**;

Movement and Gathering Order means the **Pandemic (Movement and Gathering Order) 2022 (No. 4)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

multi-purpose service has the same meaning as in the **Health Services Act 1988**;

nominated person in relation to a patient has the same meaning as in the **Mental Health Act 2014**;

Open Premises Order means the **Pandemic (Open Premises) Order 2022 (No. 5)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

operator of a care facility means:

- (1) for an alcohol and drug treatment facility – the operator of the facility;
- (2) for a homelessness residential service – the entity that receives government funding to provide the service;
- (3) for a residential aged care facility – the operator of the facility;
- (4) for a disability residential service – the disability service provider that operates the service;
- (5) for an eligible SDA enrolled dwelling – the disability service provider or the registered NDIS provider that operates the service;
- (6) for a short-term accommodation and assistance dwelling – the registered NDIS provider or the disability service provider that operates the service;
- (7) for a secure welfare service – the Secretary to the Department of Families, Fairness and Housing;
- (8) for a supported residential service – the proprietor of the supported residential service;
- (9) for the Thomas Embling Hospital – the Victorian Institute of Forensic Mental Health;

operator of a hospital means a person who owns, controls or operates the hospital;

parent, carer or guardian in relation to a patient aged under 18 means an adult in a significant primary caring role, including biological, adoptive, or foster parents, kinship carers, step-parents and legal guardians;

patient of a hospital means a person who requests or is being provided with health, medical or pharmaceutical services by the hospital;

private hospital has the same meaning as in the **Health Services Act 1988**;

proprietor of a supported residential service has the same meaning as in the **Supported Residential Services (Private Proprietors) Act 2010**;

provides labour hire services has the same meaning as in the **Labour Hire Licensing Act 2018**;

public hospital has the same meaning given in the **Health Services Act 1988**;

Quarantine, Isolation and Testing Order means the **Pandemic (Quarantine, Isolation and Testing) Order 2022 (No. 6)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

registered NDIS provider has the same meaning as in the **National Disability Insurance Scheme Act 2013** of the Commonwealth;

resident of a care facility includes a patient of the care facility;

residential aged care facility means premises at which accommodation and personal care or nursing care or both are provided to a person in respect of whom a residential care subsidy or a flexible care subsidy is payable under the **Aged Care Act 1997** of the Commonwealth;

residential care subsidy has the same meaning as in the **Aged Care Act 1997** of the Commonwealth;

Revoked Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities Order means the **Care Facilities Directions (No. 50)**, the **Hospital Visitor Directions (No. 40)** or the **Pandemic (Visitors to Hospitals and Care Facilities) Order 2022 (No. 3)**, or their predecessors;

SDA enrolled dwelling has the same meaning as in the **Disability Act 2006**;

SDA provider has the same meaning as in the **Disability Act 2006**;

secure welfare service has the same meaning as in the **Children, Youth and Families Act 2005**;

short-term accommodation and assistance dwelling has the same meaning as in the **Disability Act 2006**;

supported residential service has the same meaning as in the **Supported Residential Services (Private Proprietors) Act 2010**;

Surveillance Testing Industry List and Requirements has the same meaning as in the **Additional Industry Obligations Order**;

Thomas Embling Hospital means the hospital of that name operated by the Victorian Institute of Forensic Mental Health;

treatment plan has the same meaning as in the **Disability Act 2006**;

Victorian Border Crossing Order means the **Pandemic (Victorian Border Crossing) Order 2022 (No. 6)** as amended or replaced from time to time;

Workplace Order means the **Pandemic (Workplace) Order 2022 (No. 6)** as amended or replaced from time to time.

Dated 18 March 2022

MARTIN FOLEY MP
Minister for Health

Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008
ORDER UNDER SECTION 165CE(2) OF THE
PUBLIC HEALTH AND WELLBEING ACT 2008

Independent Pandemic Management Advisory Committee

I, Hon. Martin Foley MP, Minister for Health, acting under section 165CE(2) of the **Public Health and Wellbeing Act 2008** (the Act), by Order:

Appoint in accordance with section 165CE(2) of the Act the following persons as members of the Independent Pandemic Management Advisory Committee from 15 March 2022 to the earlier of 28 February 2023 or the date on which the relevant pandemic declaration ceases to be in force or is revoked by the Premier (all dates inclusive) to receive the following remuneration:

Name	Title	Remuneration
Michael Graham	Member	\$1,000 per full day session

Daily sessional payments are exclusive of superannuation. Superannuation contributions will be paid by the employer in accordance with the Commonwealth's **Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992**.

In accordance with section 165CE(7) of the Act, a member of an Independent Pandemic Management Advisory Committee, other than a member who is an employee of the public service, is entitled to receive the fees, travelling and other allowances from time to time fixed by the Minister in respect of their appointment.

Dated 17 March 2022

MARTIN FOLEY MP
Minister for Health

Public Holidays Act 1993

I, Hon. Jaala Pulford MP, Minister for Small Business, under section 8 of the **Public Holidays Act 1993**, declare –

- Tuesday 1 November 2022 is not a full day public holiday for the area westerly from and including the township Bonika and south of Murray Sunset National Park.
- Wednesday 5 October 2022 is a full day public holiday for the area westerly from and including the township of Bonika and south of Murray Sunset National Park.

24 March 2022

HON. JAALA PULFORD MP
Minister for Small Business



Subordinate Legislation Act 1994

NOTICE OF AMENDMENTS TO AUSTRALIAN RULES OF HARNESS RACING (ARHR)/ VICTORIAN LOCAL RULES (VLR)

Notice is hereby given under section 16A(2) of the **Subordinate Legislation Act 1994** of the making of amendments to the VLR made by Harness Racing Victoria under section 49 of the **Racing Act 1958**.

The Victorian Local Rules (VLR) updated to include a new local rule, VLR 155A which reads –

VLR 155A. (1) Notwithstanding the provisions of Rules 154 and 155 any horse which has broken gait free of interference, and remains in the incorrect gait when its nose reaches the finish line, and is covered by any other horse or horses in the correct gait it shall be placed behind such horse or horses.

(2) For the purposes of sub-rule (1) ‘covered’ means when a horse has its nose in line with any part of the breaking horse’s body excluding its tail or extended hind legs when the nose of the horse which has broken gait reaches the finish line.

Details of the amendments to the ARHR/VLR may be obtained by contacting: Harness Racing Victoria, Integrity Department: (in person) 400 Epsom Road, Flemington; or (by mail) PO Box 184, Moonee Ponds 3039.

Water Act 1989

GOULBURN–MURRAY RURAL WATER CORPORATION – WATER EFFICIENCY PROJECT

Notice of Adoption of a Reconfiguration Plan

RO21 RP02

On 4 March 2022, the Water Efficiency Project Reconfiguration Committee, being a committee established by Goulburn–Murray Rural Water Corporation under the **Water Act 1989**, determined to adopt Reconfiguration Plan RO21 RP02.

A copy of the Reconfiguration Plan map can be inspected, free of charge, at the Water Efficiency Project website at www.waterefficiencyproject.com.au

FRANK FISSELER
Project Director
Water Efficiency Project
Goulburn–Murray Rural Water Corporation

Water Act 1989**DECLARATION OF SERVICED PROPERTIES**

For the purposes of section 144 of the **Water Act 1989** Goulburn Valley Region Water Corporation (trading as Goulburn Valley Water), declares it has made provision for water and/or sewerage services to the following lots commencing 30 April 2022:

Potable Water and Sewerage

Lots 1–3, PS900114S; 136–162 Maude Street, Shepparton

Lots 138–160, 208–210, PS837361Y; 135 Sandringham Street, Shepparton

Lots 64–70, PS840871F; 26 Harvard Drive, Shepparton North

Lots 1356–1362, 1376–1383, 1403–1418, PS844312X; 7720 Goulburn Valley Highway, Kialla

Lots 1–2, PS812902F; 158 Malcolm Street, Mansfield

Lots 1–2, PS842684T; 1 Kitchen Street, Bonnie Doon

Lots 1–2, PS834673U; 79 Hamilton Street, Kilmore

Lots 52–82, PS834675Q; 34 Yea Springs Drive, Yea

Lots 1–5, PS842623Q; 27 River Street, Nagambie

Lots 44–76, PS837372T; 175 High Street, Nagambie

PC381050U; 76–80 Anderson Street, Euroa

Sewerage only

Lot 12, PS745739L; 100–110 Packham Street, Shepparton

For more information, telephone Goulburn Valley Water on 1800 45 45 00.

Water Act 1989**YARRA VALLEY WATER – DECLARATION OF SERVICED PROPERTIES**

Pursuant to section 144 of the **Water Act 1989**, Yarra Valley Water declares the following land to be serviced property for the listed services from 31 March 2022.

Development Address/Estate Name	Stage/s	Plan of Subdivision Number	Suburb	Drinking Water	Recycled Water	Sewerage Services
Donnybrae	9	PS813982Y	Donnybrook	Y	Y	Y
Trijena	11	PS832981T	Mickleham	Y	Y	Y
True North	22	PS837845A	Greenvale	Y	N	N
Wallanbrae	1	PS827457R	Wallan	N	Y	N

Wildlife Regulations 2013**NOTICE OF APPROVED WILDLIFE EVENTS**

I, Jennifer Cane, Manager Permissions Delivery as delegate of the Secretary to the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning (DELWP), give notice under regulation 39A of the Wildlife Regulations 2013 of my approval for the following wildlife events, at which the holder of a category of wildlife licence specified may display, buy, sell, acquire, receive, keep, or possess wildlife in accordance with that licence, subject to the following conditions:

Date	10 April 2022
Event	Geelong Bird Expo
Place	Geelong Showgrounds, 79 Breakwater Road, Breakwater, Victoria 3219
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	1 May 2022
Event	Melbourne Bird Expo
Place	I. W. Dole Reserve Hall, Corner Dole Avenue and Cheddar Road West, Keon Park, Victoria 3073
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	7 May 2022
Event	Wimmera Bird Sale
Place	SES Hall, 33 Sloane Street, Stawell, Victoria 3380
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	15 May 2022
Event	Goulburn Valley Bird Expo
Place	Shepparton Showgrounds, Corner High Street and Archer Street, Shepparton, Victoria 3630
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	22 May 2022
Event	Gippsland Bird Expo
Place	Exhibition Hall, Howitt Street, Warragul, Victoria 3820
Organisation	Gippsland Cage Bird Society
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	5 June 2022
Event	Western District Bird Expo
Place	Exhibition Hall, Hamilton Showgrounds, Horner Street, Hamilton, Victoria 3300
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	9 July 2022
Event	Centre West Bird Expo
Place	Cobden Civic Hall, Victoria Street, Cobden, Victoria 3266
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	17 July 2022
Event	Gippsland Bird Expo
Place	Lardner Park, 155 Burnt Store Road, Lardner Park, Victoria 3821
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	6 August 2022
Event	Ballarat Bird Expo
Place	Ballarat Showgrounds, Corner Creswick Road and Howitt Street, Wendouree, Victoria 3355
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Date	21 August 2022
Event	Bendigo Bird Expo
Place	Exhibition Centre, Bendigo Showgrounds, Swan Street, Bendigo, Victoria 3550
Organisation	Avicultural Society of Australia
Category of Wildlife Licence	Wildlife Basic Licence Wildlife Advanced Licence Wildlife Dealer Licence Wildlife Demonstrator Licence Wildlife Displayer Licence
Conditions	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Eligible wildlife licence holders must meet and comply with the rules stipulated by the Organisation. 2. This approval is only valid when the event organiser maintains current and appropriate public liability insurance for not less than \$10 million for the specified events. Proof of this insurance must be provided upon request by any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning. 3. The direction of any authorised officer of the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning, in relation to this approval, must be followed.

Planning and Environment Act 1987

ARARAT PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of Approval of Amendment

Amendment C40arat

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C40arat to the Ararat Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment updates the local schedules in zones, overlays, particular provisions and general provisions of the Ararat Planning Scheme to remove technical errors and inconsistencies with:

- The Victoria Planning Provisions as a result of Amendment VC142 and Amendment VC148, and
- The Ministerial Direction – The Form and Content of Planning Schemes.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment documentation and free of charge, at the Ararat Rural City Council website, at www.ararat.vic.gov.au and/or during office hours, at the offices of the Ararat Rural City Council, 59 Vincent Street, Ararat.

STUART MENZIES

Director, State Planning Services
Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning**Planning and Environment Act 1987**

BASS COAST PLANNING SCHEME

Notice of Approval of Amendment

Amendment C161basc

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C161basc to the Bass Coast Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment rezones land at 2295 Loch Wonthaggi Road, Ryanston (Lot 3 on Plan of Subdivision 305196F) from the Public Use Zone to the Farming Zone.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment documentation. A copy of the Amendment can also be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the offices of the Bass Coast Shire Council, 76 McBride Avenue, Wonthaggi and on the Bass Coast Shire Council website, at www.basscoast.vic.gov.au

STUART MENZIES

Director, State Planning Services
Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

Planning and Environment Act 1987
COLAC OTWAY PLANNING SCHEME
Notice of Approval of Amendment
Amendment C113cola

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C113cola to the Colac Otway Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment rezones a surplus school site in Cressy from Public Use Zone 2 – Education to Township Zone, applies a Design and Development Overlay and amends the requirement for a public open space contribution.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment documentation. A copy of the Amendment can also be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the offices of the Colac Otway Shire Council, 2–6 Rae Street, Colac and on the Council website, at www.colacotway.vic.gov.au

STUART MENZIES
Director, State Planning Services
Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

Planning and Environment Act 1987
GLEN EIRA PLANNING SCHEME
Notice of Approval of Amendment
Amendment C228glen

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C228glen to the Glen Eira Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment extends the interim Design and Development Overlays (DDO Schedules 8, 9, and 10) over the Carnegie, Bentleigh, and Elsternwick Structure Plan Areas to 30 June 2023; and applies them to land in the commercial cores only (Commercial 1 and Mixed Use zones).

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment documentation and free of charge, at the Glen Eira City Council website, www.gleneira.vic.gov.au and/or during office hours, at the offices of the Glen Eira City Council, Corner Glen Eira and Hawthorn Roads, Caulfield.

STUART MENZIES
Director, State Planning Services
Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

Planning and Environment Act 1987

CASEY, MANNINGHAM, MARIBYRNONG, MAROONDAH, MELBOURNE,
MONASH, MORELAND, MURRINDINDI, STONNINGTON, WHITEHORSE,
WYNDHAM, YARRA PLANNING SCHEMES

Notice of Approval of Amendment

Amendment GC192

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment GC192 to the Casey, Manningham, Maribyrnong, Maroondah, Melbourne, Monash, Moreland, Murrindindi, Stonnington, Whitehorse, Wyndham and Yarra Planning Schemes.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment amends the Casey, Manningham, Maribyrnong, Maroondah, Melbourne, Monash, Moreland, Murrindindi, Stonnington, Whitehorse and Yarra planning schemes to transfer the responsible authority status of 16 sites from the Minister for Planning to the relevant municipal Council, amends the Wyndham Planning Scheme to remove the Victorian Planning Authority as the collecting agency and referral authority for the East Werribee Employment Precinct, and amends the Monash Planning Scheme to replace the M-City: Cambro Road Loading Bay Facility incorporated document with an updated version to remove the Minister for Planning as the responsible authority.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment documentation. A copy of the Amendment can also be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the offices of: Casey City Council, Bunjil Place, 2 Patrick North East Drive, Narre Warren, www.casey.vic.gov.au; Manningham City Council, 699 Doncaster Road, Doncaster, www.manningham.vic.gov.au; Maribyrnong City Council, 61 Napier Street, Footscray, www.maribyrnong.vic.gov.au; Maroondah City Council, 179 Maroondah Highway, Ringwood, www.maroondah.vic.gov.au; Melbourne City Council, 120 Swanston Street, Melbourne, www.melbourne.vic.gov.au; Monash City Council, 293 Springvale Road, Glen Waverley, www.monash.vic.gov.au; Moreland City Council, 90 Bell Street, Coburg, www.moreland.vic.gov.au; Murrindindi Shire Council, 28 Perkins Street, Alexandra, www.murrindindi.vic.gov.au; Stonnington City Council, 311 Glenferrie Road, Malvern, www.stonnington.vic.gov.au; Whitehorse City Council, 379–397 Whitehorse Road, Nunawading, www.whitehorse.vic.gov.au; Wyndham City Council, 45 Princes Highway, Werribee, www.wyndham.vic.gov.au; Yarra City Council, 333 Bridge Road, Richmond, www.yarracity.vic.gov.au

STUART MENZIES

Director, State Planning Services
Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

Planning and Environment Act 1987**HEPBURN PLANNING SCHEME****Notice of Approval of Amendment****Amendment C77hepb**

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C77hepb to the Hepburn Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment implements updated flood provisions within Hepburn Shire in response to the Creswick Flood Mitigation and Urban Drainage Plan 2012 and the Clunes Flood Mitigation and Urban Drainage Plan 2013 by updating the application of the Land Subject to Inundation Overlay across the Hepburn Shire.

Specifically, the Amendment:

- deletes the existing Schedule to the Land Subject to Inundation Overlay from the planning scheme and associated mapping;
- applies a new Land Subject to Inundation Overlay Schedule 1, Schedule 2 and Schedule 3 to affected land within the Shire;
- updates Clause 2.01 Context and 2.03 Strategic Directions to include additional flooding-related content;
- amends the schedule to Clause 72.03 to update the list of maps comprising the planning scheme; and
- amends the schedule to Clause 72.08 to list the flood reports as Background Documents.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment documentation. A copy of the Amendment can also be inspected, free of charge, at the Hepburn Shire Council website, at www.hepburn.vic.gov.au and/or during office hours, at the offices of the Hepburn Shire Council, 76 Vincent Street, Daylesford.

STUART MENZIES

Director, State Planning Services

Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

Planning and Environment Act 1987
MANSFIELD PLANNING SCHEME
 Notice of Approval of Amendment
 Amendment C49mans

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C49mans to the Mansfield Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment rezones part of 2–4 New Street and part of 25 Ailsa Street, Mansfield from Urban Floodway Zone to General Residential Zone (Schedule 1) and applies the Floodway Overlay.

The Minister has granted the following permit(s) under Division 5 Part 4 of the Act:

Permit No.	Description of Land
P014/21	2 New Street, Mansfield

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment and permit documentation. A copy of the Amendment and permit can also be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the offices of the Mansfield Shire Council, 33 Highbury Street, Mansfield or on the Council website, at www.mansfield.vic.gov.au

STUART MENZIES
 Director, State Planning Services
 Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

Planning and Environment Act 1987
MORNINGTON PENINSULA PLANNING SCHEME
 Notice of Approval of Amendment
 Amendment C288morn

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C288morn to the Mornington Peninsula Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment corrects obvious and technical errors that occurred during the approval of Amendments C287morn and C255morn.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment documentation. A copy of the Amendment can also be inspected, free of charge, at the Morning Peninsula Shire Council website at www.mornpen.vic.gov.au and/or during office hours, at the offices of the Mornington Peninsula Shire Council at the following places: Hastings Office – 21 Marine Parade, Hastings; Mornington Office – 2 Queen Street, Mornington; and Rosebud Office – 90 Besgrove Street, Rosebud.

STUART MENZIES
 Director, State Planning Services
 Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

Planning and Environment Act 1987
WARRNAMBOOL PLANNING SCHEME
Notice of Approval of Amendment
Amendment C209warr

The Minister for Planning has approved Amendment C209warr to the Warrnambool Planning Scheme.

The Amendment comes into operation on the date this notice is published in the Victoria Government Gazette.

The Amendment rezones the eastern-most part of the Deakin University Warrnambool Campus at 10635 Princes Highway, Warrnambool from the Farming Zone to the Public Use Zone 2 (Education); applies Category 2 signage controls to the Deakin University Warrnambool Campus (excluding the sports oval complex) in the Schedule to the Public Use Zone; deletes the Specific Controls Overlay (SCO2) and associated incorporated document reference; and includes the entire Deakin University Warrnambool Campus within Warrnambool's urban settlement boundary.

A copy of the Amendment can be inspected, free of charge, at the Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning website at www.planning.vic.gov.au/public-inspection or by contacting 1800 789 386 to arrange a time to view the Amendment documentation. A copy of the Amendment can also be inspected, free of charge, during office hours, at the offices of the Warrnambool City Council, Warrnambool Civic Centre, 25 Liebig Street, Warrnambool and on the Warrnambool City Council website, at www.warrnambool.vic.gov.au/planning-scheme-amendments

STUART MENZIES
Director, State Planning Services
Department of Environment, Land, Water and Planning

ORDERS IN COUNCIL**Drugs, Poisons and Controlled Substances Act 1981****ORDER FURTHER EXTENDING THE PERIOD OF RESTRICTION ON THE SALE OR SUPPLY OR USE OF THE POISON OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IVERMECTIN**

Order in Council

The Governor in Council under section 55(3)(a) of the **Drugs, Poisons and Controlled Substances Act 1981** further extends the period during which the restriction on the sale or supply or use of the poison or controlled substance Ivermectin in Victoria set out in the Order dated 21 December 2021 is in force, and in accordance with terms and conditions attached in the Schedule to this Order, for a period of 12 weeks from 7 April 2022 until 29 June 2022 (dates inclusive).

Dated: 29 March 2022

Responsible Minister:

HON MARTIN FOLEY

Minister for Health

ALEXANDRA DEBELJAKOVIC
Clerk of the Executive Council

Drugs, Poisons and Controlled Substances Act 1981**ORDER FURTHER EXTENDING THE PERIOD OF RESTRICTION ON THE SALE OR SUPPLY OR USE OF THE POISON OR CONTROLLED SUBSTANCE IVERMECTIN**

Schedule to the Order in Council

A product containing IVERMECTIN for oral administration for human use is currently registered on the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods (ARTG) for the treatment of:

- a) Onchocerciasis and intestinal strongyloidiasis (anguillulosis).
- b) Crusted scabies in conjunction with topical therapy.
- c) Human sarcoptic scabies when prior topical treatment has failed or is contraindicated.

Treatment is only justified when the diagnosis of scabies has been established clinically and/or by parasitological examination. Without formal diagnosis, treatment is not justified in case of pruritus alone.¹

The sale or supply or use of IVERMECTIN, including the writing of a prescription, by a health practitioner authorised under section 13(1) of the **Drugs, Poisons, and Controlled Substances Act 1981** is restricted to the circumstances listed below:

1. IVERMECTIN is in preparations for oral administration for human use.
2. Treatment by sale, supply or use of IVERMECTIN is restricted to:
 - a) an indication that is accepted by the Secretary of the Australian Government Department of Health in relation to the inclusion of IVERMECTIN in tablet dosage form in the Australian Register of Therapeutic Goods (an **approved indication**);
OR
 - b) an indication that is not an **approved indication**, when the preparation is prescribed or authorised by a medical practitioner registered under State or Territory legislation that forms part of the Health Practitioner Regulation National Law, as a specialist in any of the following specialties or fields of specialty practices:
 - i. dermatology;
 - ii. gastroenterology and hepatology;

¹ Specific Indications as shown on the public ARTG summary of ARTG ID 181338 at www.tga.gov.au

- iii. infectious diseases;
 - iv. paediatric gastroenterology and hepatology;
 - v. paediatric infectious diseases;
- OR
- c) use in a clinical trial that is approved by, or notified to, the Secretary of the Australian Government Department of Health under the **Therapeutic Goods Act 1989** (Cth).
3. A health practitioner means a person registered under the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* (other than as a student).
 4. Treatment means for the health practitioner to sell or supply or use, including issuing a prescription to, a person under their care and for whom the practitioner has taken all reasonable steps to ensure a therapeutic need exists for that treatment.
 5. The Order applies to health practitioners who treat with IVERMECTIN in Victoria.
-

Education and Training Reform Act 2006

APPOINTMENTS OF MEMBERS TO THE ADULT, COMMUNITY AND FURTHER EDUCATION BOARD

Order in Council

The Governor in Council, under section 3.3.10(1) of the **Education and Training Reform Act 2006**, appoints to the Adult, Community and Further Education Board:

- Penelope Wilson as a member, from 1 May 2022 to 30 June 2022 (both dates inclusive)
- Margaret Lewis as a member, from 13 May 2022 to 30 June 2022 (both dates inclusive)

The terms and conditions of the appointments are contained in the attached Schedule.

Dated: 29 March 2022

Responsible Minister:

THE HON GAYLE TIERNEY MP
Minister for Training and Skills
Minister for Higher Education

ALEXANDRA DEBELJAKOVIC
Clerk of the Executive Council

Education and Training Reform Act 2006

APPOINTMENTS OF MEMBERS TO THE ADULT, COMMUNITY AND FURTHER EDUCATION BOARD

Schedule to the Order in Council

1. Appointment Arrangements

Members are appointed on a part-time basis.

2. Period of Appointment

The period of appointment for the following members is for the below terms:

- Penelope Wilson as a member, from 1 May 2022 to 30 June 2022 (both dates inclusive)
- Margaret Lewis as a member, from 13 May 2022 to 30 June 2022 (both dates inclusive)

3. Duties and responsibilities of the position

The performance of duties and responsibilities of a member of the Adult, Community and Further Education Board (ACFE), the functions and powers of which are provided under Division 2 of Part 3.3 of the **Education and Training Reform Act 2006** (the Act).

4. Termination Arrangements

Under clause 2(3) of Schedule 2 to the Act, the office of a member becomes vacant if the member becomes bankrupt, is found guilty of an offence which is, or which would if committed in Victoria be, an indictable offence or is absent from three consecutive meetings of the Board without the leave of the Chairperson or in the case of the Chairperson without the Minister's leave.

5. Payment Provisions

Pursuant to clause 3(1) of Schedule 2 to the Act, remuneration for members is fixed at \$439 per day.

6. Superannuation Obligations

Superannuation will be paid in accordance with the **Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992** (Cth).

7. Travel and Personal Expenses arrangements

All members of the ACFE Board are entitled to reimbursement of reasonable travelling and personal expenses in accordance with the Victorian Public Service Executive Employment Handbook.

8. Leave Arrangements

There are no leave entitlements for these part-time statutory positions.

9. Prior Service

Long service and other leave entitlements are not available. Prior service is therefore not applicable for the calculation of long service or leave entitlements.

Education and Training Reform Act 2006**APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS TO THE
VICTORIAN CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY****Order in Council**

The Governor in Council, under section 2.5.6 (1) (b) of the **Education and Training Reform Act 2006** appoints to the Victorian Curriculum and Assessment Authority:

1. Mr James Laussen as a member, for three years from 29 March 2022 to 28 March 2025 (both dates inclusive).
2. Ms Kristy Jane Keenan as a member, for three years from 29 March 2022 to 28 March 2025 (both dates inclusive).
3. Mr Terrance George Bennett as a member, for three years from 29 March 2022 to 28 March 2025 (both dates inclusive).

Terms and conditions of the appointments are contained in the attached Schedule.

Dated 29 March 2022

Responsible Minister:

THE HON. JAMES MERLINO MP,
Minister for Education

ALEXANDRA DEBELJAKOVIC
Clerk of the Executive Council

Education and Training Reform Act 2006
APPOINTMENT OF MEMBERS TO THE
VICTORIAN CURRICULUM AND ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY

Schedule to the Order in Council

1. Appointment Arrangements

Under section 2.5.6 (4) of the **Education and Training Reform Act 2006** (the Act), a member is appointed on a part-time basis.

2. Period of Appointment

Mr James Laussen as a member, for three years from 29 March 2022 to 28 March 2025 (both dates inclusive).

Ms Kristy Jane Keenan as a member, for three years from 29 March 2022 to 28 March 2025 (both dates inclusive).

Mr Terrance George Bennett as a member, for three years from 29 March 2022 to 28 March 2025 (both dates inclusive).

3. Duties and responsibilities of the position

The functions of the VCAA are contained in Section 2.5.3 of the Act and are, in summary, to develop policies, criteria and standards for curriculum, assessments and courses for learners and school students, including courses leading to recognised qualifications.

4. Termination Arrangements

Section 2.5.6 (5) of the Act states that a member may resign from office by delivering to the Governor in Council a signed letter of resignation. Section 2.5.6(6) of the Act states that the Governor in Council may at any time remove a member from office.

5. Payment Provisions

Schedule 2, item 3(1) of the Act states that a member or acting member of an authority, other than a member who holds a full-time Government office, or a full-time position in the public service, teaching service or with a statutory authority (other than a university) is entitled to receive the remuneration and fees that are fixed in the member's instrument of appointment or are fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council for that member.

Mr James Laussen and Mr Terrance George Bennett are eligible to receive annual remuneration of \$11,523. Ms Kristy Jane Keenan is not eligible for payment as she holds a full-time position in the public service and teaching service.

6. Superannuation Obligations

Superannuation will be paid in accordance with the **Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992** (Cth).

7. Travel and Personal Expenses arrangements

Schedule 2, item 3 (2) of the Act states that each member or acting member of an authority is entitled to receive the personal and travelling expenses that are fixed in the member's instrument of appointment or are fixed from time to time by the Governor in Council. Reasonable personal and travelling expenses will be paid.

8. Leave Arrangements

There are no leave provisions for these part-time positions.

9. Prior Service

Not applicable.

Livestock Disease Control Act 1994
EXEMPTION ORDER UNDER SECTION 6(3A)

Order in Council

The Governor in Council under section 6(3A) of the **Livestock Disease Control Act 1994** makes the following Order:

1. Objective

The objective of this Order is to exempt specified classes of persons from specified provisions of the **Livestock Disease Control Act 1994** and the Livestock Disease Control Regulations 2017.

2. Authorising provision

This Order is made under section 6(3A) of the **Livestock Disease Control Act 1994**.

3. Commencement

This Order comes into operation on 1 April 2022.

4. Revocations

The Exemption Order under section 6(3A) of the **Livestock Disease Control Act 1994** made by the Governor in Council on 29 January 2020 and published in Government Gazette G4 on 30 January 2020 at pages 196–198 is revoked.

5. Definitions

In this Order –

APIQ means the Australian pork industry quality assurance program, owned and managed by Australian Pork Limited;

Depot means –

- (a) a Department of Agriculture, Water and the Environment-registered establishment for preparation for live export of cattle, sheep or goats;
- (b) a transit depot, holding property or assembly point operated by a transport company at which cattle, sheep or goats are kept for no more than 7 days prior to moving to a location which is not an abattoir;
- (c) a transit depot, holding property or assembly point at which cattle, sheep or goats are held prior to moving to an abattoir; and
- (d) a saleyard when used as a transit depot or holding property or assembly point.

NLIS database means the database system managed by Integrity Systems Company Limited for the purposes of the National Livestock Identification System;

NLIS device means a device for the permanent identification of livestock that –

- (a) contains a microchip, which records information that can be retrieved electronically; and
- (b) is capable of being permanently attached to or implanted in livestock; and
- (c) is made by a manufacturer under a licence granted by Integrity Systems Company Limited (ABN 34 134 745 038);
- (d) in the case of a rumen bolus, is accompanied by an ear tag in the form of Part D of Schedule B of the Regulations;
- (e) must be applied to the correct species of livestock in accordance with Schedule 3 of the Livestock Disease Control Regulations 2017 and
- (f) is authorised by the Secretary under section 9C.

PIC means a property identification code as defined in the Act;

the Act means the **Livestock Disease Control Act 1994**;

the Regulations means the Livestock Disease Control Regulations 2017.

6. Exemptions from section 8A of the Act

- (1) An exporter of livestock, or a person acting on behalf of an exporter of livestock, is exempt from requirements under section 8A of the Act when moving, consigning, dispatching or transporting cattle, pigs, sheep or goats directly to a location that has been allocated a PIC commencing with '3PT' where livestock will be loaded onto a ship or airplane for export from Australia.
- (2) A person who moves pigs directly from one property to another is exempt from the requirements of section 8A of the Act in relation to the movement of the pigs if –
 - a. the owner of the pigs, the property from which the pigs are moved and the property to which the pigs are moved to operate under and are compliant with the APIQ program; and
 - b. the ownership of the pigs will not change when the pigs are moved; and
 - c. the owner of the pigs records the details of the movement of the pigs on the NLIS database within 48 hours of the arrival of the pigs on to the property to which they are moved; and
 - d. the owner of the pigs keeps a record of the following for 2 years, with these records able to be retrieved by the owner within 2 hours of being requested to do so by an inspector authorised under the Act –
 - i. the number of pigs moved;
 - ii. the date of the movement;
 - iii. the PIC of the property from which the pigs were moved;
 - iv. the PIC of the property to which the pigs were moved.
- (3) A person in charge of cattle at a depot, is exempt from requirements under section 8A of the Act in relation to the movement of cattle if –
 - a. the cattle have not received any treatment with any veterinary drug or chemical while being kept at the depot, and
 - b. the NLIS devices used to identify the cattle have been read electronically and the presence of the cattle on the PIC assigned to the depot has been reported to the NLIS database.
- (4) A person in charge of sheep or goats at a depot is exempt from requirements under section 8A of the Act in relation to the movement of sheep or goats and the provision of a vendor declaration if –
 - a. the sheep or goats have not received any treatment with any veterinary drug or chemical while being kept at the transit depot, holding property or assembly point, and
 - b. the NLIS devices used to identify the sheep or goats have been read electronically and the presence of the sheep or goats on the PIC assigned to the depot has been reported to the NLIS database.
- (5) An owner of cattle, sheep, goats or pigs is exempt from requirements under section 8A of the Act in relation to the movement cattle, sheep, goats or pigs to or from an agricultural show, exhibition or veterinary clinic provided each cattle, sheep, goat or pig returns within 7 days to the property from which it was dispatched to the agricultural show, exhibition or veterinary clinic.
- (6) A person who is a transporter of livestock and an owner of livestock is exempt from requirements under section 8A(7) of the Act in relation to any vendor declaration given by that person under section 8A(5) of the Act while acting as a transporter.
- (7) An owner of cattle, sheep, goats or pigs is exempt from requirements under section 8A of the Act in relation to the movement of dead cattle, sheep, goats or pigs that are to be consigned to or collected by a knackery.

7. Other exemptions

- (1) A person who owns prescribed livestock or any livestock of a prescribed species or class is exempt from section 9B of the Act to the extent it requires the person to apply for a PIC in relation to –
 - a. emus or ostriches if there are less than 10 birds kept on the property; or
 - b. other poultry (as defined in regulation 5 of the Regulations) if there are less than 50 birds kept on the property.
- (2) An abattoir operator is exempt from the operation of regulation 15 of the Regulations if the slaughter of the livestock is necessary to relieve the livestock from unreasonable pain or suffering, provided that a record is made and kept for two years of the PIC of the property or saleyard from which the livestock were dispatched and the number of livestock that were not accompanied by a correctly completed vendor declaration.
- (3) A person is exempt from the requirements of the Act to the extent it requires identification of any sheep or goat with an NLIS device provided the sheep or goat is—
 - a. a rangeland (feral) goat that has been captured from the wild and is dispatched or transported direct from the property on which it was captured to an abattoir;
 - b. a goat that is of one of the following breeds: Alpine, Anglo Nubian, Australian Brown, British Alpine, Elf, Lamancha, Melaan, Nigerian Dwarf, Saanen or Toggenburg;
 - c. a member of a miniature goat breed;
 - d. the carcass of a deceased neonatal lamb (slink lamb) or kid that is being consigned directly to a knackery; or
 - e. a sheep or goat at a depot that is to be dispatched directly to an abattoir or another depot.
- (4) A person is exempt from the requirements in regulation 23 to the extent it requires identification of any sheep or goat with a NLIS ear tag, provided a NLIS device is used.
- (5) A saleyard operator and stock agent in relation to a sheep or goat sold in a saleyard, and a manager of a depot, are exempt from the requirements in regulations 23 and 24 of the Regulations in respect of any sheep or goat that is introduced into Victoria from interstate that is transported directly to a saleyard, depot, abattoir or knackery, provided –
 - a. the sheep or goat is identified by a NLIS device or NLIS ear tag in accordance with any laws relating to identification of livestock of the State or Territory from which the sheep or goat was dispatched; and
 - b. the NLIS device can be read with a reader or the NLIS ear tag can be read visually; and
 - c. the sheep or goat is accompanied by a correctly completed vendor declaration that accurately lists the PIC present on any visually readable NLIS ear tag that is used to identify the animal.
- (6) A person is exempt from the requirements in regulations 23 and 38 to the extent that they require a NLIS ear tag to be used for any sheep or goat entering Victoria and being transported directly to an agricultural show or exhibition, provided a NLIS device is used.
- (7) A person is exempt from Division 2 of Part 10 of the Regulations to the extent it requires the person to record, provide or forward an electronic copy of any vendor declaration.

- (8) A person is exempt from regulation 84A of the Regulations to the extent it requires an advertisement to sell livestock to include or contain the PIC identifying the property at which the livestock are kept, if:
 - a. the livestock are to be sold through a livestock agent and the advertisement contains:
 - i. the company name of the livestock agent; and
 - ii. the street address or contact telephone number of the livestock agent.
 - b. a person is exempt from applying for a PIC under clause 7(1).
- (9) An owner or person in charge of a premises registered as a veterinary diagnostic laboratory is exempt from the requirement under section 16(4) of the Act to ensure compliance with the standard prescribed in regulation 59(3) of the Regulations until the laboratory is assessed by the National Association of Testing Authorities (NATA) against that standard, provided –
 - a. the laboratory has been accredited by NATA against the previous edition of the standard that was prescribed in regulation 59(3) of the Regulations immediately before 5 September 2018; and
 - b. the owner or person in charge ensures the laboratory complies with that previous edition of the standard.

Dated: 29 March 2022

Responsible Minister:

MARY-ANNE THOMAS MP

Minister for Agriculture

ALEXANDRA DEBELJAKOVIC
Clerk of the Executive Council

Major Events Act 2009**MAJOR SPORTING EVENT ORDER FOR THE ICC T20 MEN'S WORLD CUP 2022**

Order in Council

The Governor in Council under section 7 of the **Major Events Act 2009** (the Act) specifies each of the matters in Column 2 of Tables 1 and 2 in accordance with the corresponding section of the Act in Column 1 of Table 1.

Table 1: ICC T20 Men's World Cup 2022 Matches held at the MCG

Column 1 – Section and Description	Column 2 – Matter Specified
8(1)(a) Major sporting event:	ICC T20 Men's World Cup 2022 matches held on: 23 October 2022 (India v Pakistan) 26 October 2022 (England v TBD) and (New Zealand v Afghanistan) 28 October 2022 (Afghanistan v TBD) and (England v Australia) 6 November 2022 (India v TBD) 13 November 2022 (Final)
8(1)(b) Event venue:	Melbourne Cricket Ground as outlined in yellow and described on the plan LEGL/19-067 lodged in the Central Plan Office.
8(2)(a) Event organiser:	ICC T20 World Cup 2020 Ltd, ABN 14 618 113 269
8(2)(b) Event area:	The area outlined in red and described on the plan LEGL/19-067 lodged in the Central Plan Office.
8(2)(i) Parts of the Act that apply to the major sporting event specified in this table:	Part 3 (Commercial Arrangements) Part 4 (Crowd Management) Part 7 (Advertising other than Aerial Advertising)
8(2)(h) Commercial Arrangements Period	18 July 2022 until 13 December 2022
8(2)(e) Crowd Management Period	12.01 p.m. to 11.59pm on the day of each match
8(2)(g) Advertising Limitation Period:	21 days prior to the date of the first match and 10 days after the last match
8(2)(c) Aerial advertising Aerial advertising limitation period	The matches in Table 1 are aerial advertising events. 2pm until 11pm on the day of each match

Table 2: ICC T20 Men's World Cup 2022 matches held at Kardinia Park, Geelong	
Column 1 – Section and Description	Column 2 – Matter Specified
8(1)(a) Major sporting event:	ICC T20 Men's World Cup 2022 matches held on: 16 October 2022 (Sri Lanka v Namibia) and (TBD v TBD) 18 October 2022 (TBD v Namibia) and (TBD v Sri Lanka) 20 October 2022 (TBD v Sri Lanka) and (TBD v Namibia)
8(1)(b) Event venue:	Kardinia Park as outlined in yellow and described on the plan LEGL/14-004 lodged in the Central Plan Office.
8(2)(a) Event Organiser	ICC T20 World Cup 2020 Ltd, ABN 14 618 113 269
8(2)(b) Event area:	The area outlined in yellow and described on the plan LEGL/14-004 lodged in the Central Plan Office.
8(2)(i) Parts of the Act that apply to the major sporting event specified in this table:	Part 3 (Commercial Arrangements) Part 4 (Crowd Management) Part 7 (Advertising other than Aerial Advertising) Part 8 (Aerial Advertising)
8(2)(h) Commercial Arrangements Period:	18 July 2022 until 13 December 2022
8(2)(e) Crowd Management Period:	12.01 p.m. to 11.59 p.m. on the day of each major sporting event (individual matches).
8(2)(g) Advertising Limitation Period:	21 days prior to the date of the first match and 10 days after the last match.
8(2)(c) Aerial Advertising Limitation Period:	From four hours before the advertised starting time of the match until 2 hours after the actual end of the match on the day of each match.

This Order comes into effect on the date that it is published in the Government Gazette.

Dated: 29 March 2022

Responsible Minister:

THE HON MARTIN PAKULA MP

Minister for Tourism, Sport and Major Events

ALEXANDRA DEBELJAKOVIC
Clerk of the Executive Council

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